

Cold Facts for Advertisers!

"The Capital Journal," daily and weekly, is credited with the largest circulation accorded any paper in Salem, in Marion county, or in the First congressional district. —Printer's Ink, July 28, '97.

Salem, Oregon, Feb. 25, 1897,

B. F. Bonham, P. M., Salem, Or.

Dear Sir: Will you please to advise us if the weights of mails now received from the Daily Journal are fully 75 per cent more than a year ago at this time. As we have not increased the size of the Daily Journal during the past year, we wish to estimate the comparative increase in circulation by the increase weight mailed.

Yours very truly,

HOFER BROS., Editors,

Editors Daily Journal:

Dear Sir: The weights of mails now received from the Daily Journal are fully 75 per cent more than a year ago this time. Respectfully,

B. F. BONHAM, Postmaster.

By J. A. Sellwood, Asst. P. M.

Well Begun Is Half Won.

We began business on the cash basis and have not fallen a victim to the credit monster.

Cash Buys Cheap.

Best oil cloth in the market 15c a yard.
Double handle lever spring curling irons, any size, 3c.
Folding handle, lever spring, curling iron 8c.
Ladies' white sleeveless rib vests, extra large sizes, 5c.
Full width mosquito bar, any color, 5c per yard.
All dress straw hats for men reduced to close out.
Men's cotton worsted "Bull Breeches" neat patterns, \$1.25. You can't rip them.
Ladies' cool summer corsets 30c.

New York Racket.

Post Office Grocery

Fresh sweet fruit and vegetables.
Choice table peaches 10c a can.
Choice table Apricots 10c a can.
Choice Petite Prunes 34c a pound.
World Beater soap 20 oz for 5c.

HARRITT & LAWRENCE

THE MARKETS.

Portland, Aug 10. Wheat valley, 81c; Walls, 78c.
Flour—Portland, 4.15@superfine, 2.25 per bbl.
Oats—White, 38@40c; grey, 37@39c.
Potatoes, New 35@40c per sack.
Hay, Good, 10@12.50 per ton.
Hops—10@11c.
Wool, Valley, 11@13c; Eastern Oregon 7@9c.
Mohair, 10@20c.
Millstuffs, 1 an, 13.50; shorts 15.50.
Poultry—Chickens, mixed, 3.00@3.50; broilers, 1.50@2.75; turkeys, live 10c.
Eggs, Oregon, 12 1/2 per doz.
Hides, green, salted 60 lbs 7c; under 60 lbs 6 1/2c; sheep pelts, 10@70c.
Tallow—2 1/2c@3c.
Onions—1 1/2c@1.50 per sack.
Wheat Rags—California 25 per 100.
Beans—small white, 1 1/2c@1 5/8c; Lima 3@3 1/2c.
Hogs Heavy, 4.00.
Butter, Best dairy, 25@30; fancy creamery 35@40c per roll.
Cheese, 11 1/2c.
Dried Fruit—Apples, evaporated, bleached 6 1/2c@7c; unbleached 3 1/2c@4c; sundried 8 1/2c.
Pears—5c@6c.
Plums—pitless, 3c@4c.
Prunes—4 1/2c@6c.
Veal—small 13@14c per 10.
Mutton—Weathers 22 1/2c; dressed mutton, 4 1/2c; spring lambs 5 1/2c per lb.
Beef—Steers 3; cows 2.25.
Dressed 4@5 1/2c.
Cured Meats—Hams 10 1/2c@10 3/4c; bacon 7 1/2c.
Lard—in pails, 7 1/2c.
SALEM MARKET
Wheat—71.
Oats—22.
Hay—stacked, cheat, 6@7.
Flour—in wholesale lots, 3.85; retail 4.20; bran, bulk 12@13; shorts, 15.50@17.75; chop, feed, 15.00@16.00.
Poultry—Chicken, 6; spring 10.
Veal—Dressed, 3 1/2c.
Hogs—Dressed, 4.50.
Live Cattle, 7@2 1/2c.
Sheep, Live, 1.50.
Spring lambs, 1 1/2c.
Wool, Best, 12c.
Hops—Best, 9 a 10c.
Eggs—.10 in trade.
Farm Smoked Meats—Bacon, 7c; hams 10c; shoulders, 5 1/2c.
Potatoes 25c trade.
Dried Fruit—Apples, evaporated bleached, 7c—8c; unbleached 4c@5c.
Plums—.4c.
Butter—Dairy 12@15c; creamery 20

O. C. & E. R. R.

Sunday Seaside Excursion Will Run Sunday August 15.

And continue to run each Sunday thereafter during the season. Trains leave Albany 7:00 a. m.; Corvallis 7:30 a. m. Returning leaves Newport 5:30 p. m.

Fare, Albany, Corvallis and Philomath, \$1.50 for round trip. Points west usual rates.

CHAMPIONS.—Salem undoubtedly has the championship baseball nine of the state but she also possesses the champion grocery store, so far as high grade goods are concerned. It is Branson & Co's, of course.

Feed Drops "Mucky." Bran and shorts are cheaper than corn. Price of mill feed greatly reduced. Call at the mill for quotations. Delivered, free in ton lots. SALEM FLOURING MILLS CO. 9-18-dtd.

DECISION

Of Oregon's Supreme Court.

Opinions of the Public Concerning Its Effect.

The supreme court opinion commanding Secretary Kincaid to audit bills and draw warrants, is attracting general attention. The general belief seems to be that the secretary will now issue the warrants, but that Treasurer Meteschan will refuse to pay them, except where there are special funds. Thus the money will still remain in the treasury, and claimants will simply hold warrants instead of duplicate vouchers.

All eyes seem to center on Mr. Kincaid, and all seem to be anxious to know what he is going to do. If he obeys the mandate of the highest court he still has the most difficult task imaginable in distinguishing between claims and in determining what claims come within the decision. Every person with a claim will insist that his particular claim is within the meaning of the decision, which is indeed indefinite in some respects. Mr. Kincaid has no end of trouble ahead and today was not prepared to make any definite statement as to what he will do.

The attorneys for the secretary of state will file a rehearing. Attorney N. B. Knight was in consultation with the secretary this afternoon and although nothing definite has been decided upon at the hour of going to press, it is authoritatively understood that this will be the method of procedure.

Should the motion for a rehearing fail the secretary of state will begin the arduous and almost impossible task of trying to audit claims and draw warrants for all that class of claims covered by the decision.

The most difficult cases will be those where the legislature of 1895 made special appropriation for the two ensuing years for certain things not otherwise authorized by law. That particular appropriation having died or determined by expiration of time, and there being now no standing statute or law to cover the cases the secretary will be in a quandary as to whether he can draw warrants. This is only one of the almost innumerable difficulties now confronting the state auditing department.

The state treasurer is out of the state but it is generally believed that he will not pay claims or warrants when drawn by the secretary of state. With almost millions of dollars in the state treasury he will stamp the warrants "Not paid for the want of funds" and the money sharks and brokers will have a harvest.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Kincaid, is acting with his characteristic painstaking and care, and no doubt will continue his stubborn fight for the rights of the people, but in the present case about all that he will be able to do is to carefully consider all claims and only audit those which are clearly authorized under the decision of the court.

COL. KNIGHTS OPINION.

The attorney making the defence says he does not believe the state treasurer will not pay the warrants if they should be issued, but stamp them "not paid for want of funds." He continued: "The opinion means, in substance, that wherever a law of the state provides for the incurring of a liability or obligation the secretary of state, under the statute defining his duties, is required to audit the claim and draw his warrant upon the treasurer for the same."

"The court further holds that all taxes or money paid into the treasury goes into the general fund for the payment of the current expenses of the state, except in cases where the law providing for the tax appropriates it to a special purpose, as for instance, the common school, university, military and state university funds; those monies do not go into general fund."

"Claims for salaries of public officers, commissioners and for the support of all public institutions of the state the secretary is required to audit and draw his warrant upon the treasurer for payment out of the general fund, and the treasurer, under the decision, would be obliged to pay these warrants."

"If the motion for rehearing, in course of preparation, should be denied, the secretary of state will, without doubt, draw his warrants for the three claims here litigated, but there is no certainty that he will

do that in a general way, unless upon the mandate of the court."

MR. MOODY'S OPINION.

Ralph E. Moody, who prosecuted the cases, offers the following conclusions and statement:

"By the supreme court's determination that public expenditures are provided for by continuous appropriations, it will avoid to a great extent legislation, in future passage of a general appropriation bill, purporting on its face to provide for public expenses, but incorporating therein appropriations for private, charitable and other institutions. Appropriations for these will hereafter be compelled to come up by separate bills to be passed or defeated by virtue of their own merits."

"During the litigation Secretary Kincaid has been guided by what he deemed to be the best and right. When the proceedings were first commenced, while defending his position, he in no way sought to hamper or delay a speedy adjustment of the question by the highest authority in the state. He was always willing to furnish me with such information as he could, not inconsistent with his position."

COMMENT.

The Oregonian of today says of the opinion: This virtually overrules and reverses a former decision of the supreme court, and substitutes a more rational interpretation of the constitution and laws for an interpretation that was forced to meet what was supposed to be a particular exigency.

"The secretary of state is directed, by the decree of the court, to audit and to draw his warrant for such claims against the state as are authorized by the constitution and laws of the state. It gives him no authority or discretion beyond the plain letter of the law, but simply means that he shall do what the law directs."

Having the former opinion of the supreme court before him, the hesitation of the secretary to audit these claims and to draw warrants upon them was natural and proper. The obstacle is now removed, and there will be no difficulty in carrying on the business of the state. When a lawful claim is presented to the secretary of state, he must pass upon it, whether an appropriation has been made, or not.

"The supreme court decision is received with great favor by all who draw salaries as officers of the state. The members of the railroad commission, the attorney-general, fish and game protector, and in fact, all others who have been holding over since last winter, but have been unable to draw their salaries, will now have a chance to secure their warrants, which can be readily disposed of at par."

The A. O. U. W. Excursion.

On excursion and other such occasions the young people are generally looked to for the provision of some pleasant entertainment. But on the A. O. U. W. Newport excursion this task fell upon the older members of the party, and no one who had the pleasure of going on this occasion will hesitate in pronouncing the older people equally as capable in providing some fun as persons not so far advanced in years. Unfortunately, at least for some members of the excursion above referred to, there are a number of tunnels on the O. C. & E. line between Albany and Yaquina. In passing through these underground passageways it was remarkable with what rapidity some members of the A. O. U. W. exchanged seats and threw their arms about most anyone within their reach and it is said some kissing was indulged in. A number of the Salem ladies, who anticipated something of this nature, insisted that their better halves should be accompanied by their sons. But one good woman placed so much confidence in her husband, who by the way is a leading elder in one of the largest churches of the city, that she did not deem it necessary to so provide a chaperone for him. But if rumor has it correct this estimable lady misplaced her confidence and now asserts that in event of another such excursion she will accompany her better half herself.

The A. O. U. W. people are a jovial lot and no little amusement was had on their recent excursion, in which, as is usually the case, the amusement was had at the expense of some innocent members of the party.

Thos. Kay, returned this morning from Eugene. Of his visit there the Guard says: "Thomas Kay, owner of the Salem and Waterloo Woolen mills, was in this city today looking after his interest in this city in connection with his agents, Howe & Rice. His company is making heavy mackinaws and blankets to fill Klondike orders."

Mrs. Collins Injured.

From a letter received in this city this morning it is learned that Mrs. Geo. Collins met with an accident while enroute to the seaside last Wednesday that will somewhat mar the pleasure of the trip. Mr. and Mrs. Collins accompanied by some young people left Salem on Tuesday evening by private conveyance for the seaside. On the following afternoon they reached Sheridan and were obliged to pass a traction engine on the road. Fearing the horses might become frightened, the ladies of the party descended from the wagon and preceded the horses until the engine had passed, when they started to return to the wagon. Accidently Mrs. Collins stepped from off the sidewalk upon which she had been walking and fell about twenty feet to the bottom of a gully over which the sidewalk passed. Mrs. Collins, who is quite corpulent, became unconscious by reason of the fall. Assistance was soon at hand and she was immediately removed to a residence near by, when her injuries, which fortunately were not serious, no bones being broken, were attended to and the journey was resumed.

Crops Near Stayton.

Treasurer G. L. Brown spent Sunday with relatives at Stayton. He reports the grain crop fully up to the average in that vicinity. Owing to the threatened rain Sunday several binders were at work throughout the day. Threshing is in progress at places in that vicinity. The work of harvesting the spring grain will probably begin next week. Mr. Brown did not visit any of the hop yards about Stayton yesterday and was not informed as to the condition of that product or the probable damage from the hoplice which are prevalent in this section of the county to a small extent.

TO STANFORD UNIVERSITY.—Miss Belle Elder, accompanied by her nephew Ralph A. Watson, left on the California overland Sunday evening for Palo Alto, California. Mr. Watson will begin a four years course at this educational institution preparatory to attending a celebrated Eastern law school. This young Salemite has made the legal profession his choice, and in the successful realization of his ambition, his many friends in this city will feel a kindly interest. A large number of his young friends were at the depot to bid him goodby.

A SOCIAL SESSION.—On Saturday evening Silver Bell Circle No. 43, W. O. W., gave a delightful entertainment in honor of Mrs. Helen M. Southwick, who has returned from a twelve weeks organizing tour of Oregon and Washington. Vocal and instrumental music and recitations formed a very interesting program and the evening was very pleasantly spent. Since its organization, this auxiliary of the W. O. W. has enjoyed a phenomenal growth and as a social order is not to be surpassed.

BOOND OVER.—Elmer Greene, a local morphine fiend, who was arrested Monday evening charged with burglary, was today bound over by Justice H. A. Johnson to await the action of the grand jury in the sum of \$100. In default of bonds he was placed in the county jail. The burglary with which Green is charged is that of stealing a buggy robe and a pair of rubber boots from R. H. Westcott's livery stable.

A SURVEYING PARTY.—Hon. A. Gessner accompanied by Elmer Worrick, Geo. Bradshaw, R. W. Williams, I. H. Van Winkle, Bert Frohmader, Ralph Parker and Geo. Judd, left Monday afternoon on a surveying trip in the vicinity of Table Rock. The party expects to be gone about six weeks.

A FULL HAND.—Is desirable in a game of cards but a hungry man cares more for a full plate, of substantial victuals. This is to be had at George Bros. State street lunch counter for only 15 cents.

TO SEATTLE.—Riley Waller, one of Salem's industrious and hard-working young men, left Monday for Seattle where he expects to obtain employment. His many Salem friends trust he may be successful.

THE GENTLE MIST.—This morning some sections of the valley, including Salem, were greeted by a "gentle Oregon mist," but before noon the sun was shining brightly and everybody was happy.

PARDONED.—Nat Costanzo, who was serving a 250 day sentence in the Multnomah county jail, sentenced on May 14, for assault, was today pardoned, the governor remitting the balance of his term.

ASSASSINATION.

Golli's Anarchist Crime.

Senor Canavos del Castillo Killed By an Anarchist.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—The assassination of the prime minister of Spain, Senor Canavos del Castillo, who was shot and killed by an Italian anarchist, whose name is believed to be Michelo Aageline Golli, at the baths of Santa Agueda, has caused great excitement and activity among the police of all branches in this city. All the men absent on leave have been recalled, and constant communications are going on between the British headquarters, Scotland yard, and the quarters of the Spanish police at Madrid.

In consequence of the assassination of Premier Canavos del Castillo, General Woodford, the new United States minister to Spain, will hasten his departure for Spain by next week, and will arrive in Madrid on August 21.

AN ANARCHIST.

MADRID, Aug. 10.—Golli has confessed that he killed Senor Canavos to avenge the Barcelona anarchists, and the insurgent leader, Don Jose Rizal, who was executed at Manila, Philippine Islands; on December 30th, last, as instigator of the Philippine revolution.

Dr. Rizal denied that he was a rebel leader, but he admitted that he had drawn up the statutes of the Philippine league. In Golli's room the police found a large double-barreled pistol. It appears that when he left the house yesterday he carried a parcel, which is believed to have contained a bomb. The theory is that he hid this somewhere in the fields.

A dispatch from Barcelona says that Golli arrived there in December, 1895, coming from Marseilles. He was employed in the printing office of the Review of Social Science, managed by the anarchist engineer Tarrida Marna, formerly imprisoned in Montjuich fortress at Barcelona.

Golli was implicated in the terrible crime of the celebration of Corpus Christi, although he left Barcelona a few days before it occurred. He was denounced to the police for complicity, but he had already disappeared.

It appears this evening that Golli, the assassin represented himself as a correspondent of El Populo. The prisoner cannot be tried under the laws providing for the trial and punishment of anarchists, as this law is so framed that a person prosecuted under its provisions must have used or attempted to use explosives in the commission or attempt to commit the crime charged against him. However, there is no doubt Golli will be summarily tried and sentenced. The public demands the adoption of stringent measures against anarchists and also against those who are in sympathy with them.

Excursion Rates Every Day.

The Southern Pacific now offers for sale round trip tickets from Salem to Newport, good until Oct. 1, for the price of \$4.50. Call on the Salem agent for same.

W. W. SKINNER.

Improve your temper in hot weather by eating fruit and vegetables. Meats should be boiled or broiled.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.