

Prices Reduced!

All lines of

Shoes!

TIES AND

Slippers!

for the next 30 days
in order to make
room for heavy fall
stock we will

Cut Prices

on all lines for 30
days. Call and get
the benefit.

KRAUSSE BROS.

285 Commercial st.

E. F. PARKHURST.

Reliable Farm Machinery,
Wagons, Buggies and supplies.254 Commercial street, opposite Capital National bank. "Buckeye," and
"Methell" buggies, "Osborne" binders and mowers. All kinds of latest farm
machinery.

CHAS. GOODE'S HOUSE BURNS.

A Thousand Dollars Loss With Fair In-
surance.

Sunday morning about 1 o'clock the house and contents of Chas. Goode's cottage in north Salem burned to the ground. Mr. Goode and family were at Newport, and the house had been closed several days, hence it is supposed the fire was incendiary. L. W. Benson, a near neighbor, was the first to discover the fire and gave the alarm in the neighborhood, but it was too late, as the building was a mass of flames before help arrived. Mr. Goode possessed some fine furniture, and the loss is estimated at about \$1,000. There was insurance of \$700 on the building with the Beeler agency. As Mr. Benson gave the alarm he saw a man going north shouting "fire," but as he did not return he thinks the man had probably set the house on fire.

TO HUBBARD SPRINGS.—About sixteen Salem wheelmen, among whom were two lady cyclists, visited the Hubbard Mineral Springs Sunday. Those going were highly pleased with the trip. It was expected that these Sunday excursions would occur every week in case there was enough interest manifested and a fair representation of Salem's cyclists would participate in each of the runs. The attendance Sunday somewhat discouraged those who have been arranging the trips. It is understood another run will be had next Sunday, the objective point not yet having been decided upon.

DOING NICELY.—In regard to the man Henry Franklin, of Roseburg, who was placed in the hospital Friday, it is learned that the county court refused assistance of any kind, and that Dr. Lee Steiner has volunteered his services free. The man is doing nicely, and it is thought no trouble will be experienced in securing the hospital fee.

A RARE PRESENT.—Mrs. Ashley White has the thanks of THE JOURNAL for a choice bouquet of phlox of different varieties, and some of exceptionally rare makings.

Wheat today is 64 cents at Salem mills.

UNION PARTY PLATFORM

Adopted at Albany, Oregon, June 2,
1897.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of the action of any other nation. That the government shall issue all money without the intervention of banks, and in quantity adequate to the needs of the people. That all money issued by the government, whether gold, silver or paper, shall be legal tender for all debts, public or private. That no contract, or law shall discriminate against any kind of money issued by the government.

We are opposed to the issue of United States interest-bearing bonds in time of peace.

We demand the redemption of Oregon from rings, commissions and corrupt methods, and demand honest elections and election laws, including stringent registration laws.

We demand that the people shall have the veto power over all legislative enactments by the use of the referendum.

We demand the election of all officers by a direct vote of the people.

We favor and advise that all nominations for municipal and county officers, including members of the legislature, shall be made by primary elections.

TO DIG A WELL.—At a recent meeting of the congregation of St. Joseph's Catholic church, a committee consisting of J. G. Barr, A. Hucklestein, Mrs. J. B. Benoit and Mrs. R. A. Kirk was appointed to consider the advisability of providing for a well at the Catholic cemetery south of this city. At a meeting held Sunday afternoon the committee reported favorably on the proposition and the work of digging the same will commence in the near future. This will provide water for the plants and shrubbery in the many lots.

APPEAL ALLOWED.—A certificate has been granted by Justice Charles E. Wolverton, of the supreme court, on the application of George Bartmes, of La Grande, convicted of manslaughter, in the state circuit court for Union county, permitting him to appeal to the supreme court.

CONTINUED.—City Recorder Ed N. Edes was to have rendered a decision in the motion for change of venue argued on Saturday last in the case of O. A. Neal vs. Jos. Meyers & Sons, but not having had time to look the matter up thoroughly, Recorder Edes will not render a decision until 1 p. m. Tuesday.

CONGRESSIONAL

The Dingley Bill Is a Law

Signed By the President Immediately After Its Passage.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The Dingley tariff bill is now the law of the land. The last step necessary was taken at the White House when the president affixed his signature at 4:30. At 3 o'clock the vice-president directed the roll-call to begin. At 3:30 the result was announced—yeas 40, noes 30—as follows:

Yeas—Aldrich, Allison, Baker, Burrows, Carter, Clark, Davis, Deboe, Elkins, Fairbanks, Foraker, Frye, Gallinger, Gear, Hale, Hansbrough, Hawley, Hoar, Jones, of Nevada, Lodge, McBride, McHenry, McMillin, Mason, Morrill, Nelson, Penrose, Perkins, Platt, of Connecticut, Platt, of New York, Pitchard, Proctor, Quay, Sewell, Shoup, Spooner, Stewart, Thurston, Warren, Wetmore—40.

Noes—Bacon, Bate, Berry, Caffery, Chilton, E. Clay, Cockrell, Daniel, Faulkner, Gorman, Harris, Jones, of Arkansas, Lindsay, Mallory, Martin, Mills, Mitchell, Morgan, Murphy, Pasco, Pettus, Roach, Smith, Tillman, Turley, Turner, Turpie, Vest, White—30.

Present but not voting—Allen, Butler, Teller.

Absent and not paired—Kyle, Pettigrew.

The following pairs were announced the first named for, and the last against the bill.

Chandler with Cannon.

Cullum with Gray.

Wolcott with George.

Hanna with Rawlins.

Wellington with McLaurin.

Mantle with Kenny.

Wilson with Heitfeld.

Hanna voted at first, under impression that Rowles, with whom he was paired, was present, but observing his absence, withdrew his vote.

The result was announced amid applause, and an executive session followed, lasting till 4 o'clock, when the doors were reopened. A message from the house announcing the passage of a resolution to adjourn at 9 o'clock, Morgan demanded that the message go over. After a general debate, the presiding officer overruled Morgan's demand. Allen appealed. On motion of Aldrich, the appeal was tabled, 36 to 20. On motion of Bacon, the president's currency commission message was read.

White commented sarcastically on the efforts to hurry a final adjournment in the face of the president's message asking congress to act.

The vice-president gave the senate a surprise at this point by ruling that the Morgan resolution was open to debate. Hoar asked unanimous consent that the president's message be referred to the finance committee.

Allen objected, saying this was a move to bury the message.

Teller briefly discussed the message, saying it had become self-evident that the currency commission bill would not be acted on by the senate.

Hoar declared that no one had expected currency legislation at the present session. This assertion brought from Teller an inquiry whether the president had not expected it.

S100000

The missing word is rather hard to find—but the prize will be all the bigger for those who find it.

Better get a lot of *Schilling's Best* tea-tickets, and choose your words carefully and systematically.

Rules of contest published in large advertisement about the first and middle of each month.

Morgan commented on the position of the Republican senate as indicating a bad break in the Republican ranks, and expressed the opinion that the president was a poor politician.

Morgan withdrew his motion to refer the adjournment resolution, and asking unanimous consent for concurrence in the house resolution for final adjournment. There was no objection, and, after the usual resolution of thanks to the vice-president, and a happy response by him, at 7 o'clock a recess was taken until 8:45.

At 8:45 sharp the senate reassembled for a brief concluding session. Only 16 senators were present, and the waning interest were shown by unfilled galleries.

Allison and Turpie were appointed to wait upon the president. They speedily reported, Allison stating that the president extended his congratulations to the senate and house, and had no further communications to make.

Resolutions of thanks to President (protem) Frye were agreed to.

The president's message recommending the currency commission was then, on motion of Cullum, referred to the finance committee.

The house bill for an international monetary lull, and the vice-president announced the special session of the 55th congress at an end.

HOUSE.

The speaker announced the following committees:

Foreign affairs—Robert Hitt, of Illinois; Francis Newlands, Nevada. Appropriations—Joseph G. Cannon, Illinois.

Judiciary—David B. Anderson, Iowa.

Banking and currency—Joseph H. Wallack, Massachusetts; F. G. Newlands, Nevada.

Coinage, weights and measures—Charles Stone, Pennsylvania.

Interstate and foreign commerce—W. P. Hepburn, Iowa; A. J. Barham, California.

Rivers and harbors—W. B. Hooker, New York.

Agriculture—J. S. Wadsworth, New York; T. H. Tongue, Oregon.

Military affairs—J. A. Hull, Iowa; Marcus Smith, Arizona.

Naval affairs—C. A. Boutelle, Maine; S. G. Hilborn, California.

Postoffices and postroads—Eugene J. Loud, California; H. B. Ferguson, New Mexico.

Public lands—J. F. Lacey, Iowa; W. R. Ellis, Oregon; J. H. Lewis, Washington; Marion Devries, California; Marcus A. Smith, Arizona.

Indian affairs—J. A. Sherman, New York; M. A. Smith, Arizona.

Territories—W. S. Knox, Massachusetts; M. A. Smith, Arizona.

Public buildings and grounds—D. S. Mercer, Nebraska; Hilborn, California.

Pacific railroads—Powers, Vermont. Invalid pensions—Ray, New York; Castle, California.

Immigration and naturalization—Lorenzo, Sandford, Ohio.

Labor—J. J. Gardner, New Jersey; Militia—R. F. March, Illinois.

Minor committee chairmen—Elections No. 1, R. Taylor, Ohio; No. 2, Henry Johnson, Indiana; No. 3, James A. Walker.

Levee and improvement of Mississippi river—Richard Bartoldt, Missouri.

Education—G. A. Grow, Pennsylvania.

Merchant marine and fisheries—S. E. Payne, New York.

Railways and canals—Charles A. Chickering, New York.

Manufactures—George W. Garish, Indiana.

Mines and mining—Charles H. Grosvenor, Ohio.

Patents—J. N. Dicks, Pennsylvania.

Pensions—H. C. Ludenslager, New Jersey.

Claims—C. N. Brumm, Pennsylvania. War claims—T. M. Maher, Pennsylvania. Private land claims—G. W. Smith, Illinois.

(Continued on third page.)

CLONDYKE

Still the Center of Attraction.

Soon to Be Connected by Wire—No More Starvation.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—Every day new schemes are being proposed for financial investments in the land of yellow metal, and business men are conferring and considering many plans for the profitable investment of money in the northern regions. One of the latest enterprises formulated is that of the Alaska Telegraph and Telephone company, which proposes to incorporate shortly for the purpose of constructing a temporary telegraph line from Juneau to Dawson City. The capital stock to be subscribed is \$50,000, and the company is to be incorporated under the laws of California. At the head of the enterprises are J. W. Wright, a local real estate dealer; C. W. Wright, of Larkspur, and D. E. Bohannon. The last named is to act as the advance agent and chief constructor of the company.

Mr. Bohannon explained the details of the construction of the new wire. "Our method is very simple," he said.

"The line is to be constructed on the same plans as the ordinary military line used by armies for war purposes. We have a wire a quarter of an inch thick and covered with a Kerite insulation, which has proved thoroughly able to stand the rigorous climatic conditions prevailing in Alaska.

The wire is wound up on large reels the same as ordinary telegraph wire, and these reels are to be dragged over the snow and ice on dog sleds. As we go along, the reels will simply play out the loose wire and run it along the ground and thus our line will be thorough in something like six weeks, the time consumed in the ordinary tramp over the country."

Bohannon expects to leave for Juneau in the near future and will commence operations immediately on his arrival there.

75,000 in 4 Months.

A miner from Aniden Linn county received a letter which tells an interesting story, and directly in keeping with the wild Yukon stories. Five or six months ago his partner was obliged to go to the Sound on business connected with a law suit. From there he went to the now famous Clondyke mines. He was at the mines four months, and his letter was to inform his former partner, that he had returned, and having struck it very rich was on his way to Germany with \$75,000 as his clean up. Not very bad for four months work.

Came From Alaska.

The Rev. Fr. Cataldo is a guest of the Rev. Fr. Neate at the Catholic Indian school on the reservation near Pendleton. Fr. Cataldo, returned to the states from Alaska on the ship which bore the miners who had been in the Clondyke El Dorado and brought nearly a million dollars in gold taken out in the first rich finds. Fr. Cataldo, was himself in the mines along the Yukon, and tells the same story as the others about the enormously rich gold strike in the far north country. Among the incidents mentioned by Fr. Cataldo is one which describes how one shovel of dirt in a placer mine yielded over \$300 in gold.

"It is simply a stampede towards those fabulously rich gold districts and everyone seems possessed of the mining fever. All the towns are being deserted and men are rushing with a perfect frenzy towards the scenes of those immense strikes."

Fr. Cataldo gives the East Oregonian information concerning the appointment of the Rev. Fr. Rena as prefect apostolic for Alaska, an office gives him the entire field in that territory under his ecclesiastic authority.

Fr. Cataldo will return to Alaska next fall to continue his missionary labors in that region. The Catholic church has many missionaries in Alaska and is establishing parishes and hospitals in all parts of the territory.

Letter From an Oregonian.

J. C. Tolman, of Ashland, is now at Dawson City, in the famous Clondyke mining district and the Tidings prints a letter he wrote back to friends under the date of June 24th. He says that of 2000 men at Circle City, all but 200 have gone to the mines:

"Wages are \$15 per day and boards one's self. Clondyke is a great country. \$100 is thought no more than \$1 at Ashland. While there I saw two men come in from the mines who had worked two weeks and cleaned up and had 150 pounds.

They weighed it on the scales the same as you weigh wheat, and have it setting around in old syrup cans and old kettles. The large-t piece I saw weighed \$200. Men who never had \$500 in their lives are now worth \$150,000 and \$200,000. Three men bought a claim for \$75,000 and did not have a dollar—they borrowed \$5000 to pay down on it and 30 days in which to pay the remainder. They took the amount with the pans and paid for it in 25 days. This would be a fine country to summer in if it were not for the mosquitos and fleas—they are something fearful. Last night the sun did not set at all. It went down until the lower edge seemed to touch the trees and skipped along that way for an hour and a half and then raised. It was lowest about 12:30 a. m., and was the first time I saw it when it never shaded at all. It will remain that way for a couple of weeks and then begin to go out of sight for a little time. Eggs are worth \$6 a dozen at Clondyke, so I did not eat many while there. Moose meat was 50 cents per pound, flour \$6 per sack and no bacon to be had—one small lot sold at \$2.50 per pound, but after the boats get up it will not bring more than 50c.

Spain's Other War.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—Among the passengers on the steamer China, from the Orient, was S. D. Levinson, the representative in New Zealand of one of the larger cigar factories in Manila. Mr. Levinson has just come from Manila, where he says the insurrection of the natives is still in progress.

Weather Forecast.

PORTLAND July 26.—The signal service office reports this afternoon and Tuesday fair.

Supreme Court.

Edith Fowler, respondent vs. Joseph Fowler, appellant; former decree of this court annulled and the decree of the court below is reversed. Opinion by Bean, J.

Morris & Whitehead, appellant vs. Frank J. Taylor, et al. respondent; judgment reversed and the cause remanded with directions to issue the preceptory writ of mandamus as prayed for. Opinion by Bean, J.

Peter Conrad et al. respondents; vs. the Pacific Packing Co. et al. appellant; motion to modify the decree to conform to facts found by the court below in favor of a defendant, not a party to the appeal, denied, opinion per curiam.

Salomon Stemmer, appellant, vs. the Scottish Union and National Ins. Co. et al. respondent, motion for leave to withdraw money on deposit in the court below; denied, opinion per curiam.

Petitions for rehearing denied in C. B. R. & E. R. R. & Nav. Co. vs. Nosler, Getty vs. Ames, et al. Wason vs. Pilz, et al. Sabin vs. Wilkins, et al. and Fratt vs. Wilson.

Ruth E. Sayre, ex respondent vs. W. D. Mohny, et al. appellant, motion to advance cause presented by J. A. Carson, attorney for respondent and taken under advisement.

Just Arrived.

Just arrived, first melons of the season, of water melons, cantalope, sweet potatoes and tomatoes at the Oregon Fruit and Produce Co.

J. D. Driver, Jr., engineer at the state house, has returned from the Alsea country.

Experts Report.

ASTORIA, Or., July 26.—The experts appointed by the county court to examine into the accounts of ex-County Treasurer Ward, and to report upon the alleged shortage, made their report.

The report shows that the default began within 10 days after Ward took office. Within that time a check for \$500 was used by the firm. The shortage at the end of the treasurer's first term was \$11,199.32. December 31, 1896 it had reached \$15,378.73. Since that time the firm of Howell & Ward has borrowed large sums of money, and the shortage was reduced until now it amounts to \$11,953.21.

The county looks to Ward's bondsmen for the amount of the shortage, but as the deficiency covers two terms, a question arises as to the amount in which the bondsmen, during the two terms, can be held responsible. Soon after the discovery of the shortage Howell & Ward turned their stock of merchandise over to the bondsmen. Suit was then brought by the creditors of firm to set aside this transfer and to have a receiver appointed. Pending this suit, which is set for hearing in Portland. Judge McBride issued an injunction restraining the bondsmen from disposing of the real estate or selling the merchandise, except at retail. The bondsmen are also restrained from turning over to the county treasurer or any other county officer the sums received from daily sales, but must keep these amounts subject to the order of the court.

The report shows the amount of the shortages at different dates as follows:

December 30, 1895.....	\$ 4,837 58
June 30, 1896.....	7,062 26
December 31, 1896.....	8,207 46
June 30, 1897.....	11,199 32
December 31, 1896.....	15,378 73
June 30, 1897.....	12,030 52
July 14, 1897.....	11,953 21

Ward's receipts from his successor, H. C. Thompson, shows that he has turned over \$6,528.65. The amount should have been \$18,481.86.

ANOTHER TAX PAYMENT.

Sheriff Wrightman Makes a Turnover of Nearly \$4,000 to Treasurer Brown.

A payment of 1896 taxes, aggregating \$3,828.92, was today made by Sheriff F. T. Wrightman to County Treasurer G. L. Brown. This makes the eleventh payment made thus far this year, and is to be credited to the following funds:

Polls.....	\$ 53 00
City of Salem.....	521 82
City of Woodburn.....	6 77
City of Stayton.....	8 80

SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

No. 24.....	\$ 445 72
No. 103.....	11 51
No. 4.....	35 23
No. 11.....	1 11
No. 22.....	7 79
No. 97.....	1 35
No. 97.....	1 35
No. 113.....	3 43
No. 118.....	40
State, county and state school	2,731 64

Total\$3,828 92

Hop Growers Attention.

"Hop Evener" something new and useful invented by A. J. Jerman, of Switzerland, on exhibition at Wm. Brown & Co., 230 Commercial street, every hop grower should have one. Call and see it. d&w 7 12 1m

Feed Drops "Mucky."

Bran and Shorts are cheaper than corn. Price of mill feed greatly reduced. Call at the mill for quotations. Delivered free in quarter ton lots. SALEM FLOURING MILLS Co. 9-18-dtd.

THE POLYTECHNIC.—Summer normal has been removed to the Little Central school building, where twenty-two teachers may be found busy from eight in the morning till five in the evening. The school will continue for two weeks, closing just before August examinations. 23 3t 2

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.