VICTORIA

Toasted by Governor Lord

At the Diamond Banquet, at Portland, June 22.

After the cessation of the meats the speechmaking began. In responding to the toast, "The Queen," Governor W. P. Lord said:

"It gives me pleasure to be present this evening and to join with our friends in the festivities of this occasion a home of the completion of the fifty year of Queen Victoria's successful reign. It is eminently fitting that this reign, covering as it does a period of progress and prosperity unmatched by any age, should be commemorated by setting apart a day as a nati nal festi—queen's j...b lee—for national rejoicing. No reign of any other English sovereign is of equal duration, or filled with so many chapters of human achievement and national advancement.

"In the last 50 years have witnessed such a world-wide activity in commercial enterprise, such territorial extension, such development of material wealth, such miracles of invention, such enlightened legislation for the betterment of man, such splendid charities for the relief of suffering humanity, such marvelous spread of knowledge and improvement of educational methods, such progress in the arts and sciences, such growth of religious toleration and political freedom, and such advance in the peaceful settlement of international disputes, as to challenge the admiration of humanity forever and place higher standards of citizenship and purer ideals of moral worth and social virtue.

"It is natural, too, that we, as Americans, though not caring for royalty as such, but tracing our language, much of our ancestry and largely our laws and institutions from England as our mother country should feel a generous interest in the queen's jubilee, and be glad to mingle our voices with yours in praise of the great queen whose wise and enlightened reign gave encouragement and support to those splendid triumphs of human progress and national achievement. One of the best gifts vouchsafed by heaven to a nation is wise leadership. The British people have a right to felicitate themselves that they have been favored with so good a ruler as Queen Victoria. The crown of state on her brow is not a courtly gewgaw, worn for vulgar display, but the symbol of executive authority and national sovereignty. She wields her scepter not to promote private ambition of greed, nor to serve selfish interests for a favored few, but to preserve public order and to assert the supremacy of the law, to the end that her subjects may enjoy equally its advantages and benefits, and that justice may be always done. She knows that the prerogative powers of the crown must be exercised in subordination to those great franchises of civil liberty, now deeply imbedded in English law and custom, which secure to every freeman within her realm equal rights and impartial justice. Guided by such knowledge and animated by a sense of duty, she has administered the functions of her office with fairness and equity and sought to make her country prosperous and powerful—loved at home and respected abroad.

"Mistakes in policy doubtless have been made, that have brought temporary disaster to the public interests and exposed her government to criticism and animadversion, but neither her own people, nor those of other countries have, on this account, doubted her integrity of purpose and absolute devotion to the public good. It takes a ruler of elevated character and superior wisdom to retain public confidence and support, in the midst of suffering or distress arising from mistakes of judgment or ill-advised policy, and yet I doubt not that Queen Victoria has undergone such an experience without loss of the respect or loyalty of her subjects or faith in her good sense and judgment. Nor does it matter how her political leaders or statesmen—whether Gladstones or Salisburys—disagree upon public questions or about matters of public concern, they are agreed in loyal attachment to her, and ready to serve and defend her rightful prerogatives. In fact, I believe that the success of her reign is quite as much attributable to her practical good sense and purity of character as to the wisdom of her statesmen and chief of her political advisers. It is true, the country has had other queens whose reigns have been illustrious and constitute an important epoch in human affairs, but their lives have not been so exemplary, nor their public conduct so dignified and circumspect.

"The reigns of Mary and Elizabeth were marked by intense bitterness of religious feeling and by acts of intolerance that were a disgrace to the civilization of the age. So is this all. There were times when the character of the so-called 'Virgin Queen' suffered from the vices and dissolute manners that prevailed at court. Aside from these naval victories—the destruction of the Spanish Armada and the French fleet in the harbors of Cherbourg and La Hague—that made her reign memorable and her country mistress of the seas, there was a marvelous development of literary and dramatic talent—represented by that illustrious group, Shakespeare and his contemporaries—that gave additional lustre and renown to her reign, hastening posterity to forgive and forget her faults and enshrine her name in lasting remembrance as 'Good Queen Bess.' Neither Queen Mary nor Queen Anne was strong of character, though their reigns are memorable for events of great and lasting significance. The former left the administration of public affairs wholly to her husband—the Prince of Orange—and the policy of the latter was directed by the dominating mind of the Duke of Marlborough.

"With due deference to their merits and virtues, the life of none of these queens rivals Victoria's in true worth or moral excellence, or in the observance of social duties, or in toleration of differing opinions, or in honest methods of doing public business, or in patriotic devotion to civil liberty.

"Conservative in character, Victoria has nevertheless kept abreast of the progress of the age, usually encouraging and never obstructing its upward and onward movement, always deporting herself with the dignity of a queen and the modesty of true womanhood, and never disregarding the rights or neglecting the interests of her subjects. Strong of will, but kindly in feeling; just, generous and courageous, wise in council and determined in action, she has demonstrated the ability of woman to comprehend and manage matters of state policy, and her fitness to fill an exalted station with wisdom and dignity. A good wife, a fond mother and a true Christian, she has shown that a wise ruler and faithful wife may be united in the same character; that the duties of a public station have made her none the less a loving mother and a devoted parent; and that the cares of state have not absorbed her attention to the exclusion of religious meditation and Christian worship.

"The force of her personality and the effect of her example have been potential factors in elevating the public conscience and in stimulating patriotic sentiment, and in improving the tone of domestic life, and bettering social conditions, illustrating the truth of Ben Johnson's line that 'A virtuous court, a word to virtue draws.'

"To this great queen, ruling over this famous land—this land of Magna Charta of habeas corpus, of trial by jury and home of commons; this home of poetry and eloquence, this paradise of art and science, learning philosophy—no eulogium can add to the brightness of her fame or the splendor of her reign. Her virtues and merits have endeared her to the hearts of the British people, and her long and beneficent reign will live through the coming ages.

Gentlemen, the distinguished honor is conferred on me to propose the toast, 'The Queen.'"

All through the governor's address applause of a deafening character was scattered, and when he had finished the air was fairly rent.

STATE NEWS

Albert Francis is the new postmaster at Mingo.

The celebration at Eugene has been abandoned.

Mrs. Cynthia Ann Hall, died at Butteville, last Sunday, at the age of 91.

The fourth annual meeting of the Friends church is in session in Woodburn.

G. H. Herblick of Buxton, died at his home last Monday, at the age of 61. He leaves a widow and 8 children.

The salaries of the Albany and Pendleton postmasters have been reduced to $1900 a year, a reduction of $100.

Owing to rain, the Knights of Pythias could not, to be held at Forest Grove, has been postponed till Saturday, the 30th.

The valuation of all property in Eugene, according to the assessor, is $1,502,900, and in school district No. 4, in Lane county, is $1,611,572.

Samuel Hughes and A. Hinman, the assignees of the Bank of Forest Grove, have given the $200,000 bond, and did not go outside of the city limits for endorsers.

The Soldiers' Home board at Roseburg concluded its labors. Rules 13 and 14 were neither rescinded nor modified. A steam laundry will be added to the home.

The Rogue River Courier, of Josephine county, has been sold to Price & Voorhies, who will be its future publishers. Its politics will be strictly independent.

The county court of Lane county, has agreed to give $600 to the one who agrees to build the most road for that amount. Grade to be 8 feet wide, level and smooth.

Mrs. A. A. Davis, of Medford, was struck by the step of a passing car and knocked down. She was picked up unconscious and taken to her home. Her hip was badly fractured. Several persons saw her on the track and dared not call to her for fear she would stop there, and in that case she would surely have been killed.

Henry Mathews has a three legged and four footed young goose at his home near Goshen that is somewhat a curiosity. The surplus leg comes out back of the others and has two feet attached to it. The leg and feet have ordinary development except the leg is short and lacks about an inch of being long enough to allow the feet to touch the ground.

Warrants for the arrest of Dr. Scruggs, of Flounce Rock precinct, Jackson county, who killed L. C. Quisling, and Newbank, who is charged with being an accessory, have been issued by Justice Jacobs, of Central Point. B. W. Dean and J. Clements have gone from Jacksonville to apprehend the parties. Many people are of the opinion that a crime has been committed, hence this action. The coroner's jury found that Dr. Scruggs acted in self-defense.

The Bandon lighthouse is being recemented on the outside,

Hood's Pills

Cleanse the stomach, revive the liver, cure biliousness, headache, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"GREATEST ON EARTH."

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

Mr. E. T. Caldwell, is book-keeper in the First National Bank of Fulton, Ky.

"I was completely run down. My nerves became so unstrung through loss of sleep and worry that I felt sure I would be compelled to give up my position. I would lie awake all night long, and in took but little

E. T. CALDWELL.

to shake me up so that I could not possibly attend to my business as I should. In connection with this I had liver trouble, heaviness about the stomach, and pains in different parts of my body. I was also much reduced in flesh. I was persuaded to try

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

I first procured a trial bottle from a local druggist and good results quickly followed. I then procured a dollar bottle, and by the time I had used this up I was a different man. I am now on my third bottle and am able to sleep soundly and eat regularly, something I could not possibly do before taking your Nervine. I am now fully restored, and do not hesitate to pronounce Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine the greatest nervine on earth."

Fulton, Ky. E. T. CALDWELL.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores ...Health

A GREAT CURSE.

PROTECTION PAMPERS AND ENERVATES INDUSTRIES AND DEBAUCHES POLITICS.

The Whole System Severely Arraigned by Franklin Pierce—With Free Raw Materials Our Machine Made Goods Would Soon Capture the World—Increasing Cost of Government — But Protection Must Will Soon Be Over.

The principal speaker at the annual dinner of the New England Free Trade league, held on May 4, was Mr. Franklin Pierce of New York. He handled the subject without gloves. He said in part as follows:

"Not only are the farmers beginning to appreciate the truth that protection robs them and their families, but our manufacturers, as the products of their looms exceed the demand of the home market, are understanding that a protective tariff, especially upon their raw material, is against their interests.

"The present population of the world is about 1,400,000,000, and only 400,000,000 use machinery at all. The rest do their work by rude tools guided by the hands, and we, the Yankee nation, who have revolutionized the world by our inventions, who use machinery to a greater extent than any other people, we refuse to allow the raw material which these 1,000,000,000 of unmachine using people create, to enter our ports in exchange for machine made products, except upon the payment of excessive duties, while the more intelligent of our manufacturers are clamoring for free raw material and saying, 'Give us free raw material, and we will conquer the markets of the world.'

"Instead of seeking the markets of the world, employing millions of men now lying idle, making the margin of profits less but the output several times greater than at present, getting thereby a steady market and continued service for our laboring classes, our trusts and combinations are hiring their competitors to close their factories and throw tens of thousands of laboring men out of employment.

"We have only to get freedom of trade and we can capture the markets of the world in many lines. What the Englishman is to the German the American is to the Englishman, and just as the German is crying out against competition with the machine made goods and high priced labor of England, just so would England cry out against competition with the machine made goods and the high priced labor of America, were duties upon all raw materials removed.

"We Americans walk faster, talk faster, work faster, do everything faster than any other people on the face of the earth. A people of the greatest natural vigor and the greatest enterprise in the world, we have pampered our life and emasculated our strength and largely impaired the virility of our national life by a protective tariff. Manliness asserts its mastery in the same way in manufacturing as it does in every walk of life. The men in professions who ask no favors, but get out upon the dusty arena and fight for a head, are the men who gain strength by every effort. Give us 10 years of free trade, and we would capture from England one-fourth of her vast trade. Give us 20 years of free trade, and we will lead the world in exporters.

"The protective system has debauched public men and corrupted public life. Give any body of men, however pure, the power to take $200,000,000 from the pockets of the millions and transfer it to the pockets of a few men through an act of legislation, and you have created a corrupting power which will destroy the virtue and the patriotism of that body of men.

"We shall never get rid of the evils which I have described until every dollar raised by taxation is paid into the national treasury; until we stop entirely this practice of allowing the right of government to tax property to be used for the purpose of allowing the manufacturer to prohibit importations, form trusts and rob our people of hundreds of millions of dollars each year.

"The remedy is in direct taxation. Every man has a right to know exactly what he pays toward the expenses of government, and direct taxation is the only means of stopping the lavish expenditure of public money.

"For a period of ten years between 1791 and 1800 inclusive, with a tariff of 8½ per cent upon foreign imports, and at the very time when we were going to the great expense of establishing our government, the cost of government was only $18.68 per capita for the ten years. From 1851 to 1860 inclusive, under a tariff for revenue only, the cost of government was only $21.88 per capita for the ten years. From 1871 to 1880 inclusive the actual running expenses of government had risen to $106.41 per capita, more than six times the amount required under a tariff for revenue only, and during the last ten years the cost of government has been increasing.

"As a nation we can stand this lavish expenditure of the people's money, but we can never stand the luxuries, the iniquities, the lack of patriotism which great wealth, quickly acquired, is sure to bring.

"We can be robbed by a protective tariff and still live, but when the robber takes the money and buys special legislation and turns it over to campaign committees to buy votes with, the very life of free government is assailed. Nations do not go down to death in the momentous sweep of battle. They either die from the poison which the lobbyist and the vote buyer infuse into the body politic.

"The mad riot of protection will soon be over. The evidences of the revolution which shall destroy it are upon every hand. Its growth has been an evidence of what self interest and audacity and effrontery can accomplish as against the people not united by any bonds save those of the public welfare."

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

It is announced that German officers are training the army of Chili.

As regards wealth, the single state of New York is equal to Belgium and Holland put together.

The savings bank deposits average $176 per inhabitant in Massachusetts, and only $80 in New York.

The 12th annual meeting of the Western Association of Writers will be held at Winona park, Ind., June 28.

The patriot moves from 2 to 24 feet in a single stride, though it assists itself, to a certain extent, with its wings.

In 40 years the manufacturing product of the middle states increased 80 per cent, while wages increased 125 per cent.

No act of the Massachusetts Legislature, which has just adjourned, signifies a higher regard for public interests the appropriation of $600,000 for the construction of good roads.

Evidently the young man who tried to smuggle 30,000 glass eyes into this country a few days ago must have thought that the American customs inspectors were as blind as his own stock.

Wise Men Know.

It is folly to build upon a poor foundation, either in architecture or in health. A foundation of sand is insecure, and to deaden symptoms by narcotics or nerve compounds is equally dangerous and perceptive. The true way to build up health is to make your blood pure, rich and nourishing by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pillsact easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

THE MARKETS.

PORTLAND.

Portland, June 25. Wheat: valley, 70@72 Walla Walla, 69.

Flour—Portland, 3.60@3.75; graham 3.40; superfine, 2.60 per bbl.

Oats—White, 38@40c; grey, 37@38.

Potatoes—New 1.00@1.10 per sack.

Hay—Good, $10@13.50 per ton.

Hops—7c.

Wool—Valley, 10@12c; Eastern Oregon 6@8c.

Mohair—20@22c.

Millstuffs—Bran, 14.50; shorts 16.50.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed 2.50@3.00; broilers, 2.00@3.00; turkeys, live 10c.

Eggs—Oregon, 12½c per doz.

Hides—Green, salted 60 lbs 6¾c; under 60 lbs 5c; sheep pelts, 10@70c.

Tallow—2½@3c.

Onions—90c per sack.

Wheat Bags—Calcutta 5.25 per 100.

Beans—small white, 1¾@1¾; lima 3½¾.

Hops—Heavy, 4.00.

Butter—Best dairy, 20@25; fancy creamery 30@35c per roll.

Cheese—12½c.

Dried Fruit—Apples, evaporated, bleached 6¾@7c; unbleached 3¾@4c; sundried @5c.

Pears—5@6c.

Plums—pitless, 3@4c.

Prunes—4¾@6c.

Veal—small 4¾@5; large 3¾@4c per lb.

Mutton—Wethers 2½@3; dressed mutton, 4¾@5c; spring lambs 6@7c per lb.

Beef—Steers 3.50; cows 2.50@3; dressed 5@6¾.

Cured Meats—Hams 10¾@10¾c; bacon 7¾

Lard—in pails, 7¾c.

SALEM MARKET.

Wheat—60.

Oats—35c.

Hay—Baled, clear, 13.00.

Flour—In wholesale lots, 3.80; retail 4.20; bran, bulk 12@13; shorts 15.50@17.75; chop feed, 15.00@16.00.

Poultry—Chickens 5¾; spring chicken 10.

Veal—Dressed, 3¾.

Hogs—Dressed, 4.00.

Live Cattle—2@2¾.

Sheep—Live, 1.50.

Spring lambs, $1.00

Wool—Best, 12c.

Hops—Best, 9 a 10c

Eggs—10 in trade.

Firm Smoked Meats—Hams 7c; hams 10c; shoulders, 5¾c.

Potatoes 90c trade.

Dried Fruit—Apples, evaporated bleached, 7@8c; unbleached 4@5c.

Plums—4c.

Butter—Dairy 10@12½c; creamery 12½@15c.

Very often Nature needs only a little help to get over an obstruction. When a boom of logs is floating down a river, all goes well until one single log strikes something and sticks. Then there's a "jam"—and trouble. It is just so in the progress of food through the digestive organs. Everything goes well till something sticks. Then the process of digestion stops. That's indigestion. Unless the impediment is removed, poisonous putrid matter begins to accumulate. There's a "jam"—constipation, and trouble. Sick headache, biliousness, sleeplessness, vertigo, heartburn, loss of appetite—these are some of the symptoms. Just a little help at the appearance of the first one would end the trouble. Nature is a hard worker, but she needs assistance if too much be put upon her.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets offer the best and simplest method for furnishing this assistance. They are prompt and very effective in their action, but they are not strong nor severe. They cause no violent wrench of the system. They go right to the "log" that is fast and loosen it. Nature does the rest. By and by, with a little care in dieting, Nature will do it all. That's one great advantage of the "Pleasant Pellets" over the many strongly cathartic pills—you do not become a slave to their use. They really cure the trouble they are meant to cure. Even the worst kind of chronic constipation disappears with their use.

CAUTION.—Some designing dealers do not permit their customers to have Dr. Pierce's Pellets because inferior pills afford greater profits. Such dealers are short sighted. They overlook the fact that next time you will go where you are supplied with what you ask for.

C. H. MACK.

DENTIST!

Successor to Dr. J. M. Boone, old White Corner, Salem, Or. Parties desiring superior operations at moderate fees in any branch or in especial request.

Dr. Aug. C. Schroeder

Deutscher Arzt.

Allesinger Deutscher Arzt in county. Office 201 Commercial street. Residence 422 Fifteenth street, Salem, Oregon.

Largest and Finest Line of Cut Glass Ever in the City. Direct from Libby Glass Works.

S. W. THOMPSON & CO

Jewelers.

221 Commercial St., Salem, Oregon.

WOLZ'S MARKET

WOLZ & WIESCKE Props

Dealers in all kinds of fresh and salt meats. Lard in bulk, 7c a lb. Cheapest meat in the town. Try them. 271 Commercial st.

C. H. LANE,

MERCHANT TAILOR

201 Commercial st., Salem Or

Suits $15 upwards. Pants $ upwards.

STENOGRAPHING AND TYPEWRITING.

Legal and commercial work a specialty. Telephone one-four. Office with Sherman Combs & Park, Gray block. Dictation taken at your office and work returned on short notice.

4 30 1 STELLA SHERMAN.

J. F. GILMORE,

[Successor to White & Gilmore.]

Lime, Cement, Lath, Plaster.

Coal and Coke, all kinds of feed.

144 STATE ST.

J. H HAAS,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

Makes a specialty of fine repair work. Sells Thomas clocks, etc. 211 Commercial Street

DEPOT EXPRESS.

Meets all mail and passenger trains. Baggage and express to all parts of the city. Prompt service. Telephone No. 70.

JAMES RADER.

HELLO!

SEE D. S. BENTLEY.

If you want to move or want a load of any kind hauled or want a load of manure, dirt, sand or gravel, or cement, lime, hair plaster, brick or sewer pipe, see D. S. Bentley, corner of Front and Chemeketa streets or ring up telephone 30. Also wood and coal on hands at all times. Orders promptly attended to.

J. S. FREEBURGER

NEW MARKET.

State street, near railroad. Freshest and best meats. My patrons say I keep the best meats in town. 2 25

"AT THE OLD POSTOFFICE."

A. DAGENY,

Family Wine and Liquor Store

Removed from 102 State to 199 Commercial street. Bottled goods of the best quality.

Salem Water Co.

Office in City Hall.

Irrigation hours 6 to 8 a. m. and 5 to 9 in the evening.

All irrigation bills for the summer will be due and payable the 1st of July.

Street sprinkling through lawn hose positively prohibited.

No deduction for irrigation during absence unless water is cut off the entire premises.

No allowance made for part of season as more water is needed to bring out a neglected lawn than judicious use for the entire season.

SALEM WATER CO.

Salem Steam Laundry

Please notice the cut in prices on the following:

Shirts, plain	10 cents
Under drawers	5 to 10 cents
Under shirts	5 to 10 cents
Socks, per pair	3 cents
Handkerchiefs	1 cent
Silk handkerchiefs	3 cents

Sheets and pillow slips 24 cents per dozen, and other work in proportion.

Flannels and other work in tellgently washed by hand.

Col. I. Olmsted Prop.

JOHN HUGHES,

Dealer in GROCERIES, PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, VARNISH, and the most complete stock of BRUSHES of all kinds in the state. Artists materials, lime, hair, cement and shingles, and finest quality of grass seed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO TRADE.—A good breech loading shot gun, high grade, for a second hand bicycle. Address "Bicycle," care Journal office. 6-24 3t

WANTED.—Work at cooking or general house work by a competent person. Address K., Journal office. 6-24 3

WANTED.—Agent for "Queen Victoria, Her Reign and Diamond Jubilee." Overflowing with latest and richest pictures. Contains the endorsed biography of Her Majesty, with authentic History of her remarkable reign, and full account of the Diamond Jubilee. Only $1 to $2. Big book. Tremendous demand. Business for agents. Commission 50 per cent. Credit given. Freight paid. Outfit free. Write quick for outfit and territory. THE DOMINION COMPANY, Dept., 7, 358 Dearborn St., Chicago. 6 24 1m

WANTED.—A good girl to work in boarding house. Inquire 322 Front st. 22 3m

PROMPT ATTENTION.—You can have your buggy tires set for $2 and other light irons. Horse shoeing, 4 new shoes for $1. First-class work guaranteed. J. M. Hill, Blacksmith. High street, next to Cook's. 6 3 m1

PUBLIC SALE.—Of dairy cows. I will sell at public sale at the Al Savage place one and three quarter miles east of the asylum, on the Fruitland road on Saturday, June 26, 30 head of dairy cows. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock sharp. Terms: A liberal discount for cash. Notes will be taken with approved security bearing 8 per cent. Interest on six years time. Mrs. S. T. Latimer. 6 2 6.

LOST.—Open faced gold watch, near Ferguson place, West Salem. Return to this office for $5 reward. 6 18 3 t

PASSAGE TO THE COAST.—I will make regular trips from Salem to the coast. Good team, covered rig and all accommodations necessary. Enquire at Wiggins' Bazar. Prices reasonable. Wm. Plass 6 16 1m

I HAVE A GOOD MONEY MAKING proposition for a party desiring to go east. Small cash payment required, or will trade for property here. Write "J" this paper. 6 15 1m.

WANTED AGENTS.—If you are a hustler, we want you. Good pay; exclusive territory, anywhere in Oregon. Address P. O. Box 15 Salem Oregon. 6 11 1m

THE "BUSINESS PRINTER".—Of Salem is Frank Conover. He is to be found at Dexter's, and when found will do your business printing quicker, more clearly and satisfactory than any one here. 5 20 tf

FOR SALE.—A small, well-paying business, located in the business center of the city, for sale cheap. A good living for the right man. Address A. B. C., care of Journal. 6 4 1m

A KNOCK DOWN.—Horses shod hereafter at $1 for four new shoes. The best stock and work. A. R. Willard, 139 State street, Salem. 5-14 tf

WANTED.—To trade, good business for property, give full description, location and price, address, W. care Journal. 6 15 1m

WANTED.—Permanent office assistant and correspondent here. Salary $780. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to W. I. BROWN, Gen'l Manager, care Daily Journal. 5 8 tf

MRS. N. B. SCOTT.—Stenographer and typewriter, room 6, over Ladd & Bush's bank. Prompt attention to all classes of work.

A map of the United States.

The new wall map issued by the Burlington Route is three feet four inches wide by four feet long; is printed in six colors; is mounted on rollers; shows every State, county, important town and railroad in the Union, and forms a very desirable and useful adjunct to any household or business establishment.

Purchased in lots of 5,000 the maps cost the Burlington Route nearly 20 cents apiece, but on receipt of 15 cents in stamps or coin the undersigned will be pleased to send you one.

Two routes east—via Billings, Mont., and St. Paul, Minn.

A. C. SHELDON, G. A., Portland, Or.

Northern Pacific Railway.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars.

Elegant Dining Cars

Tourist Sleeping Car

To St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks, Crookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and all Points East and South

For information, time cards, maps and tickets, call on or write

THOMAS, WATT & CO.

AGENTS:

265 Commercial street, Salem, Or

A. D. Charlton, Asst. Gen'l. Pass. Agt. Morrison st., corner Third Portland, Or