

Try our children's seamless black bicycle hose, sizes 7 to 8 1-2, at 20c.

Ladies' summer corsets, 30c.

Ladies' extra fine summer corsets, 40c.

Ladies' sleeveless rib vests 5c, 8c, 9c, 10c and 12c.

Ladies' black seamless hose 5c, 8c, 10c and 15c.

Boy's wash suits, ages 4 to 9, at 40c.

Men's heavy wool rib bicycle hose 35c.

Men's white pique wash ties 9, 12, 15c.

Men's good serviceable dress shoes, \$1.70.

Equal to any \$2 shoe elsewhere

Best grade fancy pattern table oil cloth

20c yard.

Men's ventilated canvas helmets 35c.

Men's, women's and children's shoes of

all grades and styles.

Our goods are the best.

Our prices are the lowest.

CASH DOES IT.

New York Racket

NO REASON

why you should wear your heavy winter suit when you can buy a good, stylish

Summer Suit

for a song and sing it yourself. To make the balance of our summer suits move lively we have

Reduced the Price

on every one of them. Our entire line of

Boys' and Children's Suits

included in the clearance sale.

G. W. JOHNSON & CO.

120 State street.

STEEVENS' FRUIT DRYER

PATENT PENDING.

Fruit growers are invited to investigate before buying or building a drier. My claim is: 1. Unlimited capacity. 2. Cheapness of construction. 3. Rapid production. 4. Easy cleaning and simplicity of process. Write me for testimonials and experience of growers who are using the Stevens since two years. Estimates and specifications furnished on request.

G. A. STEEVENS, Salem, Or.

E. F. PARKHURST.

Reliable Farm Machinery,

Wagons, Buggies and supplies.

254 Commercial street, opposite Capital National bank. "Buckeye," and "Mitchell" buggies. "Osborne" bladders and mowers. All kinds of latest farm machinery.

MISCELLANEOUS

The Casualties and Criminal.

Tragic Fate of Robert Fergus, the Veteran Printer.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Robert Fergus, 82 years of age, the veteran printer and retired newspaper man, was instantly killed by a fast suburban train on the Northwestern line at the May street crossing, Evanston, last night. In a blinding storm the sturdy pioneer octogenarian tried to cross the track in front of a fast-moving train, and was ground to death. Partial deafness was one of his afflictions, and this his son thinks was the cause of his not noticing the train.

Mr. Fergus enjoyed the distinction of having originated and printed the first Chicago directory. Among the books on which Mr. Fergus set type where he learned the trade in Glasgow, where he was born, were Walter Scott's "Marmion," the "Lay of the Last Minstrel" and "The Lady of the Lake." "Sturm's Reflections" and Professor Meadows' Italian and Spanish dictionaries.

Scheme Frustrated.

MADISON, Ind., June 25.—Joseph Briggancier went into the court house here, and, meeting County Assessor Ryther in the lobby, fired point blank at him with a revolver. Luckily, the aim was bad, and the bullet went wide of its mark. He was overpowered by the sheriff and deputies, and when searched in jail two sticks of dynamite were found on him, and he said he intended to blow up the court house.

Fiend Killed.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Crazed with drink, Fred Bergen ran amuck in Harvey, stabbing right and left and breaking and destroying objects in his path. Policeman Healy, who tried to arrest him, was stabbed three times, and Chief of Police Bates saved his own life only by putting a bullet into Bergen, from the effects of which he died at St. Luke's hospital.

Murderer at Bay.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Louis Schelmeier fatally wounded Amelia Bloden at Hammond because she would not reciprocate his love, and then escaped. At an early hour this morning he was discovered in a piece of woods near Holton, Ill. The authorities were notified, and a posse, headed by Chief of Police Malo, of Hammond, soon surrounded the place. Schelmeier was armed, and declared he would not be taken without a desperate battle. The posse is heavily armed, and a large crowd has gathered and a lynching is possible.

Rioting in Spain.

NEW YORK, June 25.—A dispatch to the Herald, from Madrid, says: Serious rioting has taken place at Mieres, in the Oyled province, which was supposed to be due to the increased taxes on food. There was heavy fighting between 8,000 miners and the Spanish troops, consisting of the civil guards and the prince's regiment. Two rioters were killed and five seriously, and many slightly wounded. Two soldiers were killed and several wounded.

In Missouri.

LAMAR, Mo., June 25.—W. J. Bryan spoke here for 10 minutes from the

If you

don't want to guess at that missing word, won't you give your Schilling's Best tea-tickets to some little boy or girl who does?

Maybe they can win enough to buy a watch—who knows?

Rules of contest published in large advertisement about the first and middle of each month.

car platform to a thousand people while en route to Carthage. He was cheered lustily. He said the people had discovered their ailment, but they had taken the wrong medicine. "What is needed," he said, "is a change of doctors."

Italians Excited.

TRENTON, N. J., June 25.—The situation in Morrisville, Pa., where 300 Italian laborers have threatened violence unless their money is forthcoming, is still precarious, although there is a cessation of hostilities. Sheriff Aaron arrived this morning and swore in 20 deputies.

Veterans.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 25.—The parade of United Confederate Veterans today, in which more than 10,000 veterans took part, was the largest in the history of the organization. The stars and stripes and the Confederate flag were conspicuous in the long line.

Coins For The Latin Union.

BERNE, June 25.—The federal council has authorized the Swiss minister at Paris to sign the supplementary convention concluded with the states of the Latin monetary union, increasing the proportion of silver coins to be struck by each contracting party.

Wants Cheap Beer.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Senator Spooner, acting for Senator Cullom, in the latter's absence presented a petition to the senate signed by 103,000 citizens of Chicago protesting against the proposed beer tax increase.

Robes Stolen.

BOSTON, June 25.—Three fashionable funerals, in Lynn, were postponed on Tuesday because burglars had stolen the burial robes, which were in a dressmaking establishment. An attempt was made to buy ready made vestments for the dead, but they were not satisfactory.

Cricket Match.

LONDON, June 25.—The gentlemen of Philadelphia began a cricket match against an eleven representing Oxford past and present.

PROCEEDINGS OF ANOTHER DAY.

Pres. P. L. Campbell indulges the Teachers With a Practical Lecture.

A large audience greeted Pres. P. L. Campbell yesterday to hear his address before the institute. It was full of good things from beginning to end. He tried to impress upon the teachers three results that would follow good conscientious teaching as a term or year's work. (1) The pupil would know more. (2) He would be able to do more. (3) His character would be strengthened.

Pres. Campbell is a rapid and forcible speaker and never fails to hold the attention of his audience. The address was followed by a well delivered recitation by Claud Moran. Miss Lelo Nicklin, Salem's most accomplished young violinist, then favored the institute with a beautiful violin solo which called forth so much applause that she responded with another selection. Miss Carrie Willis accompanied on the piano. The next number was a solo by Miss Nina Bushnell which was well rendered. Miss Myrtle Marsh followed with a well chosen and well rendered recitation. The closing number was a vocal solo by Miss Motta Davis. She has a very pretty voice and her solo was enjoyed greatly by the audience.

The closing day of the institute opened this morning with a good attendance. Pres. W. C. Hawley concluded his Lectures on American History this morning, his special topic being, "The Nullification Act." These lectures have been greatly enjoyed by the teachers.

Miss Cosper closed the work of her model school this morning. It was one of the most successful features of the institute and attracted not a little attention. "School Management" was quite thoroughly discussed in Prof. Durette's room this morning. Prof. Durette added new life to the institute and assisted greatly in making the institute the success that it was. Prof. Buff, of Silverton, in his talks on "Phrenology," furnished considerable amusement for the teachers. The professor is almost a necessary factor in holding a teachers' institute. The Prof. is one of the best language instructors in the state and proved a valuable acquisition to the institute. As leader of the singing, Prof. Anderson proved himself a chorister of no mean ability.

Miss Carrie Willis, very faithfully and acceptably presided at the piano throughout the institute, and the teachers feel very grateful to her for her kindly services.

DISASTER.

Terrible Kansas Hail Storm

Large Chunks of Ice Fell and Injured Many People.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 25.—The worst hail storm known in this section of Kansas struck this city shortly after 6 o'clock last night. The shower of hail was terrific.

Hailstones weighing 12 to 16 ounces stripped the trees of their foliage, smashed windows on every hand, including the finest plate-glass store fronts; cut down telegraph and telephone wire, riddled awnings, injured many persons and inflicted unprecedented damage throughout the city. So great was the weight of the falling hail that when it struck the asphalt pavement many of the hailstones rebounded to the height of 20 and 30 feet. Dogs were struck in the streets and instantly killed.

Horses were knocked to their knees, to rise again and dash away in mad fright. Many runaways occurred throughout the city. When the fury of the storm passed, those who ventured out found dead birds everywhere, and on every hand was the scene of the wreckage of the storm.

The storm came from the southwest. Dense, greenish clouds came warning of disaster, and as the day had been extremely hot and close, many foresaw a cyclone and sought shelter in their cellars. The storm came on with a heavy wind and terrific lightning, and then came rain, together with a deafening crash of hail that was paralyzing to the senses. So great was the damage to telegraph wires that the city was cut off from the outside world for several hours.

Topeka last night looked like a city that had withstood a siege of war. There are not a dozen buildings in town that are not almost windowless, and many roofs were caved in. The roofs of many structures, also, were pierced. The damage can be imagined when it is known that the hailstones ranged in size from that of a hen's egg to that of an ostrich egg, and that, 30 minutes after the storm, one hailstone was picked up which measured 14 inches in circumference.

Surgeons are busy dressing the wounds of persons injured in the storm, and reports of injuries continue to be received. Many were hurt in the runaways on the streets. The following are among the seriously hurt:

Frank Brainerd, a hackman, skull fractured; Anna Denton, head cut; J. D. Henderson, liveryman, skull fractured.

Henry White, leg broken in a runaway; Mrs. Mary Hughes, arm broken in a runaway.

D. K. Lee, bad scalp wound. Miss Anna Denton, head cut.

Fred Hoiler, head cut. George Hill, a boy, skull fractured; will die.

Charles Johnson, struck on the head and rendered unconscious.

Policeman Kinney, fingers broken in protecting his head with his hands. Miss Corrie, of Potwin, badly wounded on the head in the hospital. The damage cannot be estimated, but will amount to thousands of dollars. Window glass is already at a premium here, and three carloads have been ordered from Kansas City. Street car traffic is stopped, and electric lights are out, owing to the demoralization of the electric system.

Rape Fiend Lynched.

PADUCAH, Ky., June 25.—It is reported here that Miller, who assaulted the 5-year-old daughter of J. B. Whitters, at Eddyville, and was taken to Princeton for safe keeping, was lynched last night.

A Department Store Falls.

MANKATO, Minn., June 25.—The large department store of Longini & Thomas closed. Liabilities are estimated a \$70,000; assets, \$120,000.

THE BOHEMIAN MINES.—Contractor A. Mason returned today from the Bohemian mines. Mr. Mason filed a bid on a road to be constructed between Oakland and the mines. The bids will not be opened until July 15. Mr. Mason reports heavy rains throughout the southern portion of the state.

Wise Men Know.

It is folly to build upon a poor foundation, either in architecture or in health. A foundation of sand is insecure, and to deaden symptoms by narcotics or nerve compounds is equally dangerous and perceptible. The true way to build up health is to make your blood pure, rich and nourishing by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

EDITORIAL.

Judge Terrell escapes formal indictment by a hair's breadth on a technicality. He gets a verdict of guilty by a majority of the substantial men of the grand jury. Judge Burnett's instructions on the presentment told that a bill filed in the county clerk's office was a part of the public record. He pointed out that if such a bill was tampered with "under circumstances of concealment, with a desire to cover it up, you would consider that as showing an unlawful intent."

"The acts stated in the presentment are clearly outside of the law. There is no lawful authority for doing any act of the kind mentioned in the presentment." But both presentment and evidence are destroyed.

The majority of the grand jury have done their duty in a fearless manner and can look their fellow-citizens in the face as honest men, resting their acts upon the words of Judge Burnett. The district attorney, Mr. L. Hayden, and his deputy, John H. McNary, deserve the public thanks for so fearlessly discharging their public duty in the matter.

Judge Terrell has received a severe rebuke, and if he does not resign he and his colleagues or the county court should be compelled to completely reform their methods of transacting public business. The judge is the legal adviser of the court, but the commissioners, as representatives of the people, should not escape their individual share of the responsibility for creating an enormous county debt.

This investigation has been given a political turn by the action of the majority of the grand jury—three Republicans, who clearly admit what the majority have charged—criminal negligence and misconduct but prevent an indictment. The majority report is in the handwriting of the clerk of the grand jury. The majority report was not written by any of the jurors who signed it. It is the work of an outsider.

This action of the three jurors in no wise acquits or justifies. They give excellent advice to the county for the future in their minority report which should be acted upon, but allow the guilty to escape for the present. It is clear that at bottom they wanted to indict, but for some reason, or perhaps confused by a technicality over the question of intent, refused to sign a true bill.

The whole matter stands far advanced from where it did when Judge Terrell alone took it up. A thorough investigation has been had before a body of seven men. Their findings have received an interpretation by the circuit court. The jury is an unit with the judge and public prosecutor that the laws have been recklessly violated, and the violator is named. This should at least put a check upon such methods. But who expects that it will?

No one is satisfied that justice has been done or that the law has been enforced. No one believes that a sufficient check has been put on political jobbery and fraud on the taxpayer, or even will be, until there is a conviction and wrong-doers are sent to the penitentiary for their misdeeds.

Mr. Terrell after all that has taken place, after the indictment in both reports, after refusing to go before the grand jury as an honest man should, can take no decent course but to resign. He has no right to remain on the bench as county judge. The most charitable view to take is that Terrell is not a fit man to conduct the county business, and that he was a dupe of designing men and that his business judgment if he has any, was overruled by interested parties.

Judge Terrell cannot plead ignorance of the law. "Intent" to do wrong is presumed if the fact of wrong-doing is established. "Intent" may affect the extent of punishment, but does not affect criminality.

A man who commits murder with "intent" is guilty in the first degree; if he kills without "intent" it is only manslaughter. Absence of proof of "intent" will not restore money wrongfully disbursed.

THE JOURNAL cannot close this review without thanking prominent and leading Republicans for their hearty support of its labors in bringing to public justice, public wrong-doing. We congratulate the people on all that has been done thus far to correct misconduct of officials, reckless waste of public funds, and exposure of maladministration in the interest of political favorites.

Public indignation is running high at the evidences of criminal negligence and misconduct so far laid bare. The end is not yet. Efforts to drag in extraneous matters for ulterior purposes have failed. We believe with the facts developed and the records that show for themselves there should still be an effort to remove Judge Terrell.

We regret that on him must fall the whole odium of the charges made by the grand jury. But the community owes it to itself to purge itself of wrongdoing in its name by an official. The court house repairs transaction is not yet written up on the June records of the county court. It is not complimentary, it is not creditable to the common honesty and business intelligence of the people of Marion county.

Ex-Grand Juror Arrested.

Thos. Townsend, a member of the grand jury just discharged, has been on an interesting drunk all day.

Just as this paper goes to press he was placed under arrest by City Marshal Dilley and taken before Recorder Edes.

Fire Clay

for fruit dryers and other purposes—for sale at GILBERT BROS. 6-14 d&w2m0s. Salem, Or.

BURNETT'S

Ruling on the Presentment.

Admits a Wrongful Act but Raises a Technicality About "Intent."

A short time after filing their presentment in the court house, investigation the grand jury were called before Judge Burnett and he gave them the following instructions:

JUDGE BURNETT'S INSTRUCTIONS. Judge Burnett said: "In regard to this presentment, gentlemen, I will read to you the statute relating to the alteration of public records: If any person shall with intent, to injure or defraud anyone, falsify, make, alter, forge or counterfeit any public record whatever, or any certificate, return or attestation of any clerk, notary public, or other public officer, in relation to any matter wherein such certificate, return or attestation may be received as legal evidence, or any note, certificate or evidence of debt issued by any officer of this state, or any county, town or other municipal or public corporation therein, authorized to issue the same, or any contract, charter, letters, patent, deed, lease, bill of sale, will, testament, bond, writing, obligatory, undertaking, letter of attorney, policy of insurance, bill lading, bill of exchange, promissory note, evidence of debt, or any acceptance of a bill of exchange, indorsement or assignment of a promissory note, or any warrant, order or check, or money, or other property, or any receipt for money or other property, or any acquittance or discharge for money or other property, or any plat, draft or survey of land, or shall with such intent, knowingly utter or publish as true and genuine any such false, altered, forged or counterfeited record, writing, instrument, or matter whatever, such person upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by conviction in the penitentiary not less than two nor more than twenty years.

"As I am at the present time advised, and so far as I have had opportunity to give the matter consideration, it seems to me that a bill filed in the office of the county clerk against the county would be a public record within the meaning of this statute, and that any alteration of that with intent to defraud would come within the provisions of this statute.

"On the facts which you have stated in your presentment here, the principal question for you to determine would be the question of intent. On that question you would consider what occurred between the parties named on page 3 of your presentment. In determining about the intent, and you should consider in investigating the question of intent any acts done to conceal the alteration of the documents in question. If it was done openly and above board, without any attempt at concealment, with the honest belief he had the right to do it, you would have a right to consider that on the question of intent, as showing an honest intent. But if it was done under circumstances of concealment, with a desire to cover it up, you would consider that as showing an unlawful intent.

"Public records should be and are by law open to inspection of all the citizens of the state, the only exception, I believe, is the case of an indictment against a person who is not arrested, and you will be entitled to consider any efforts to conceal the acts of a public officer as to any public record as tending to show a guilty intent.

"So far as the intent to defraud is concerned, it is not necessary to show the intent to defraud any particular person; it would not be necessary to allege that in the indictment, but it is sufficient if it was for purpose of defrauding the county against claims made, and you are entitled to consider all the circumstances as showing that intent, or not, as the fact may be.

"I think the same general instruction would apply to both matters. The acts stated in the presentment are clearly outside of the law. There is no lawful authority for doing any act of the kind mentioned in the presentment. It is clearly unlawful, and the principal question is, as I have stated, as to whether it was done with intent to defraud the county, and that is the question for you to consider. There is absolutely no authority of law for any such transaction as you have stated in your presentment. The principal question is to consider the intent with which it was done, and illustrating that, consider the manner in which it was done and any circumstances of concealment."



Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against all adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. New York.