

ONE PRICE!

SPOT CASH AND SMALL PROFITS

ENABLE THE New York Racket

To undersell all competitors.

★5★ SHOES

Wear well, fit well and are made in the latest styles. We have a large assortment of best spring and summer styles in men's toys and children's

CLOTHING

Hosiery and underwear and Ladies and gents furnishing goods.

E. T. BARNES.

JUST RECEIVED!

A NEW LINE OF

CLOTHING!

Call around and we will show you something "nobby" at a price that defies competition. We are here to sell goods, not to stack them away on the shelves to look at. "Quick sales and small profits" is our motto. We are prepared to give you better returns for your cash than any place in the city. Don't forget to call at

G. W. JOHNSON & CO.

120 State street.

STEEVENS' FRUIT DRYER!

PATENT PENDING.

Fruit growers are invited to investigate before buying or building a drier. My claim are: 1. Unlimited capacity. 2. Cheapness of construction. 3. Rapid production. 4. Easy cheapness and simplicity of process. Write me for testimonials and experience of growers who are using the Steevens since two years. Estimates and specifications furnished on driers built. Address G. A. STEEVENS, Salem, Or.

E. F. PARKHURST.

Reliable Farm Machinery, Wagons, Buggies and supplies.

254 Commercial street, opposite Capital National bank. "Buckeye," and "Mitchell" buggies. "Osborne" binders and mowers. All kinds of latest farm machinery.

WRECK.

Oregon Railroad Collision.

Nine Killed and Eight Severly Injured.

POCATELLO, Idaho, May 28.—A headend collision between a freight and a passenger train, at American Falls twenty-five miles west of here, caused the deaths, so far as known, of nine men, and the serious injury of eight others. It is the worst wreck that has occurred on the Short Line in many years. The westbound passenger was waiting for the freight at American Falls, standing in front of the station building, when the freight coming east, ran away on the hill west of American Falls. It is thought the air was tampered with. The freight, running fifty miles an hour, crashed into the passenger train, which was already backing up, right in front of the station.

Two men were on the platform, one of whom was killed and the other fatally injured, and the station building was shattered. Both engines were converted into scrap iron, and twenty of the freight cars were piled up in a heap. Eight box-car passengers, sheep shearers and tramps, were crushed to death. George Moore, engineer of the freight, is seriously injured, sustaining a compound fracture. Fireman Dick Cosgrove, had a leg broken, and C. E. Heckman, the engineer of the passenger train sustained slight injuries. He stayed with his engine until he reversed it. The conductor and brakeman were on top of the freight setting the brakes, and Fireman Cosgrove had climbed back to help when the crash came.

The first warning of any danger was when Engineer Heckman heard the freight whistle to back up. He at once reversed his engine, but the rails were wet and the grade heavy, and it was an instant or two before the train responded, and in that moment the freight train thundered around the curve and across the bridge, going at the rate of 60 miles an hour. The passenger train had hardly begun to move back before the freight dashed into it.

Both engines were demolished and the freight cars piled up one on the other, jamming in the side and demolishing one whole end of the station building.

Just as the engines met, Engineer Heckman jumped and came to the ground in the midst of flying timbers and debris.

John Cooper, Frank Burke and Night Telegraph Operator Charles Goodwin had been talking on the platform an instant before they saw the wild freight coming. Cooper ran into the depot and was killed instantly. Burke and Goodwin ran out behind the building and escaped. Brennan, who was on the platform at the same time, was buried in the wreck.

The station building was demolished to the partition between the depot and the private rooms where Agent St. Clair and his wife and three children were asleep.

The dead and mangled bodies of two of the killed were buried against this partition. Beams were forced through it and over the bed occupied by the children, but miraculously not one of them was injured, although the room was twisted and shattered almost to fragments.

The freight train had run away on the hill west of American Falls. It is thought that some of the sheep-shearers or hobos had cut off the air. The airbrakes would not work, and on the hill the train was found unmanageable. Conductor Cook and Brakeman Davis and Weston were on top setting the brakes, but they proved of no avail. The train shot down the grade and across the bridge into the passenger train.

AT MARION'S CAPITOL.

The Day's Transactions at the Local "White House"—New Suits.

J. B. Nye, through his attorney, W. J. D'Arcy, of this city, has instituted a suit against A. I. Wagner, proprietor of the Hotel Willamette, whereby he seeks to recover possession of the bar room furniture and fixtures in the hotel in this city. In case the goods are not returned plaintiff prays for a judgment for \$600 and \$100 damages. In case of James McCourt vs. G. W. Johns et al. Sheriff F. T. Wrightman conducted an execution sale to satisfy a judgment held by John Hughes, whereby a large piece of real estate was bid in by Mr. Hughes for \$4,525.

OFFICER'S SCHOOL.—Major Percy Willis will this evening hold the regular officers' school for the National Guard commissioned officers, at the armory. These sessions will be held weekly until the encampment. The officers, of the Salem companies, will be in attendance, as also will Capt. Poorman, Lieuts. Finger and Henderson, of company "H," of Woodburn, and Capt. Grim and Lieuts. Buck and Platz, of company "E," of Hubbard.

GUBA.

Calhoun Is not Successful.

Spaniards Defeat the Purpose of the Investigation.

NEW YORK, May 28.—A dispatch to the Journal from Havana via Key West says:

The Congosto-Lee commission of inquiry into the Ruiz case has so far accomplished nothing. When the consul general, accompanied by Commissioners Calhoun and Secretary Fishback, went over to Guanabacoa, they found everything had been cut and dried by Commissioner Congosto and his Spanish coadjutors there. The prisoners, political and criminal, the jail where Ruiz met his death, who are usually kept in close confinement, were walking about the yard, promptly lined up, anxious, apparently, to earn the pardons reported to have been promised them to perjure themselves in Spain's favor if called to the witness stand by any member of the commission.

Congosto wished to pass lightly over the original and principle points raised by the Americans to the effect that whatever might be the manner in which Ruiz met his death, his end came while illegally and secretly held incommunicado in a military prison beyond the limit specified by the treaty, and therefore in violation of the same, and make the secondary question, that of his illegal assassination, the whole issue. Supported by Calhoun, Lee opposed this, the discussion with Congosto and his counsel becoming quite heated before the meeting was closed.

After returning to Havana, Lee and Calhoun sent a note to Congosto, demanding that the original evidence taken by civil as well as military authorities in the Ruiz case, including the written declarations of witnesses called in such preliminary proceedings, be supplied to Secretary Fishback for translation into English for examination by the consul and counsel before the next meeting of the commission. Congosto replied that all these original documents had gone to Madrid some time ago. Since this response came, however, by mutual agreement certified copies have been accepted and are under examination. But these are nothing but the assurance of Judge Vidal and other Spanish court officials to show that these papers supplied are genuine and verbatim extracts from the records, for the Americans have been offered no opportunity to personally examine the archives.

It is believed, in view of all this, that Lee and Calhoun will not ask to have any other witnesses summoned or put any cross-questions to others that Congosto may call, the documentary evidence on hand being regarded as quite sufficient after exceptions be noted, to justify the American contention as to violation of the treaty, and warrants Lee's original assertion that the prisoner died from harsh treatment while illegally incommunicado.

Calhoun will linger here until Thursday of next week and return per direct New York steamer.

Havana's new governor, the Marquis de Palmerola, is determined that no harm shall come to McKinley's commissioner. As a precaution, Police Inspector Escanta, and a half-dozen secret service men in citizens' clothes, dog Calhoun's footsteps all day long and watch his hotel at night. People seen talking with him are likewise spotted. Their names obtained and the gist of their conversation. If these government spies be able to catch it, reported at once to the palace. Many members of this detective force understand English and they appear specially alert when any Cuban resident or American newspaper correspondent is seen to approach Calhoun.

MAY ANNHILATE AMERICA. HAVANA, May 18.—El Diario de la

Marina in a leading editorial says:

"We see in the American newspapers evidence that there are certain social classes in the United States not sufficiently alive to the importance of the advice. Don't monkey with the lion's tail. These classes are remarkable for the eagerness with which they evade jurisdiction in affairs, which, like the Cuban war, are exclusively the affairs of Spain. The persistence with which they recognize the belligerency of the insurgents is crazy and ridiculous. The important conservative interests of the United States should not forget that the patience of Spain may soon become exhausted. The Spanish government has given abundant proofs of its good will by ignoring the many inconveniences that have been caused by resolutions in congress. Those interests ought to be thankful to us for our abnegation

"But in case the sword should be unsheathed, Spain would certainly not be the heaviest loser in the fight. Spain has sent 200,000 troops to Cuba to settle a domestic difficulty. What would she not do in the event of a foreign war, with the nation which for a century has abused our patience by ignoring Spanish honor and chivalry? President McKinley should consider this carefully, and if he is to deal with us as enemies let him take the advice of an enemy and no longer trifle with us."

ALLEGED VICTORY.

HAVANA, May 28.—It is officially announced that the Spanish forces under General Godoy and Colonel Struch, acting in conjunction with the gunboat Armendariz, has inflicted severe loss upon the river Gayaguleje, Puerto Principe, Pinar del Rio.

The Spaniards engaged the enemy at Sienceras Animas El Custeo and Brujo, destroying a number of ships, capturing 10 boats, a quantity of arms and 8000 cartridges. The insurgents lost 77 killed, and are reported to have carried away the bodies of many. The Spanish forces, it appears, lost five men killed and had 27 wounded.

Train Robber Captured.

FLAGSTAFF, Ariz., May 28.—Jim Parker, the murderer and train robber, occupies a cell in the county jail. He was brought here this afternoon. His capture was made by S. S. Preston, who runs a trading post at Willow Springs, ninety miles northeast of Flagstaff. On Tuesday morning Parker took breakfast at Preston's intimating that he was after a stolen horse. Parker left immediately after eating.

Shortly afterward, Preston, believing that he had entertained the robber, went to Tuba City, twelve miles east and obtained a description of him. He was satisfied that it was Parker and, getting the services of nine Navajo Indians, he returned and started on the trail, which was followed all night, and at daybreak on Wednesday morning they came upon Parker asleep in his camp. He was surrounded, and a gun was fired to awaken him. Parker jumped up with his Winchester, ready to fire, but seeing the trap he was in, dropped his gun, on the command of Preston, and gave himself up.

After the capture Preston and the Indians started for this place with Parker and were unexpectedly met by Sheriff's Cameron and Ruffner and their posse at the Little Colorado river last night, and all came here with the outlaw. The reward offered for Parker's arrest amounts to \$25,000.

Society Note Book.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Bush entertained about a hundred friends Thursday evening with refreshments and a musical program.

Mrs. Dearborn, at her home on South Commercial Street, this afternoon gave a luncheon in honor of her daughters, Mrs. McCully and Mrs. Morgan of Portland, and Mrs. Bozorth of this city.

LADIES' ATTENTION.—A revolution in fruit canning. Mrs. R. E. Wands will have on exhibition, at the Oregon Land company's office, on Saturday afternoon, a steam fruit-canner. Housekeepers are cordially invited to call and examine.

DISCHARGED.

A Sugar King Discharged.

Jury Ordered to Acquit Havemeyer—Other News.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—Interest in the trial of Henry O. Havemeyer, president of the American Sugar Refining Company, for contumacy before the senate sugar investigating committee, was greatly intensified by the pending motion of defense to instruct the jury to bring in a verdict of not guilty. It was understood, of course, that if the court should order acquittal the case would come to an abrupt close, and the indictments against John E. Searies, secretary of the sugar refining company, and Edwards and Schriever would be quashed.

When the court opened, District Attorney Davis entered upon his reply to the motion of the defense to order an acquittal, which Havemeyer's counsel argued. Davis took up the six propositions, upon which the defense based the motion and met them seriatim, although not in the order laid down by the defense.

Johnson replied at some length to the arguments of Davis, after which the court announced a recess until 1 o'clock, during which interval he was to take the motion of the defendant's counsel under advisement.

Upon reconvening the court sustained the motion of the attorney for the defense. The jury, in accordance with the instructions of the court, returned a verdict of not guilty.

District Attorney Davis said the verdict would not effect the case of John E. Searies, secretary of the Sugar Refining Company, whose trial will be proceeded with. Davis said that Searies directly refused to answer questions, and his case was in no way parallel with that of Havemeyer. Havemeyer said: "The verdict is satisfactory to me and to every decent man in the community."

The Blind School.

The state institute for the blind is nearing the close of the year's work. Some of the pupils have already gone to their homes. The writer upon invitation of Supt., Carter spent part of the day observing the workings of the school and was very much pleased at the progress and high grade of work shown. Classes in algebra, grammar, music and industrial work were seen at their exercises, and all the teachers seem willing, patient, and devoted to their tasks. The pupils seem to be well cared for physically, morally and intellectually.

Mr. and Mrs. Carter are now on their second year in charge of this school and seem to have the confidence of the state officials and the respect of teachers and children. We have promised to make a more extended visit before the schools close for the year.

SPRINKLE THE STREETS.—It is to be hoped that South Commercial street will be sprinkled on Memorial day. Thousands will march in the procession to the cemeteries and it is to be hoped the street will not be a blinding cloud of dust. State street should also be sprinkled. It seems the inhabitants of that municipal thoroughfare, over which every person who visits Salem must travel, are waiting for the state and county authorities to do their part as has been the custom in the past.



Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against all adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. New York.

\$1000

for those who find it.

What is the missing word in the following sentence:

Schilling's Best tea is not only pure but it is-----because it is fresh-ro ted.

Get a package of Schilling's Best tea at your grocers; take out the Yellow Ticket; send it with your guess to Schilling's Best Tea, San Francisco, by August 31st.

One guess allowed for every yellow ticket. If your guess reaches us before July 1st, you are entitled to two guesses for each ticket.

If only one person finds the word he gets \$1000. If several find it, the \$1000 will be divided equally among them.

Every one sending a yellow ticket will get a set of cardboard creeping babies at the end of the contest. Those sending three or more in one envelope will receive a charming 1898 calendar, no advertisement on it.

In addition to the \$1000 offered we will pay \$100 each to the two persons who send in the largest number of Schilling's Best yellow tickets before June 15th.

Cut this out. You won't see it again for two weeks.

A Schilling & Company

San Francisco