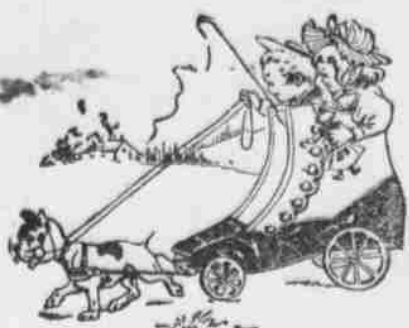


DAILY CAPITAL JOURNAL.

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SALEM, OREGON, THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1897.

NO. 135



IT IS

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You hear it on the streets and you hear it everywhere, that the place to buy your shoes is at

..Krausse Bros..

They have the stock, styles and prices that tell the whole story. Call and you will easily solve the problem why they sell more shoes than all the rest combined.

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Reliable Farm Machinery,

Wagons, Buggies and supplies.

254 Commercial street, opposite Capital National bank. "Buckeye," and "Mitchell" buggies. "Osborne" binders and mowers. All kinds of latest farm machinery.

GRECO-TURKISH.

The Sultan's Terms of Peace.

White Flag Hoisted Between the Armies of Greece and Turkey.

LONDON, May 20.—The Telegraph's correspondent at Constantinople says that the sultan has stated to baron von Calice, the Austrian ambassador, that he is willing to modify the terms of peace which were formulated under the pressure of irritation at the fresh Greek attack in Epirus.

KNEW HIS MASTER.

BERLIN, May 20.—The Frankfort Zeitung says that on receipt of the czar's dispatch the sultan, before conferring with the council of ministers, telegraphed to Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander in Thessaly, ordering him to stop the further advance of the Turkish troops operating against the Greeks, and also replied to the dispatch of the czar, saying he was happy to fulfill his wish.

The Turkish minister of war contracted for 160,000 Mauser rifles.

THE WILL OF ALLAH.

LONDON, May 20.—According to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Vienna, the Tagblatt says the sultan has consulted the Shiekhul Islam, who has declared it to be the will of Allah that Thessaly should be reunited to Turkey. Should he act upon this religious prompting, it may be extremely difficult for the powers to prevent his purpose from being carried out.

TURKISH DESIGNS.

LONDON, May 20.—The correspondent of the Standard at Constantinople says: An imperial irade, just issued, orders immediate dispatch of a commission, including the German engineer of the Anatolian railway, to inspect the railway in Thessaly, to repair it and to draw plans for its junction with the Turkish line to Monastir.

This indicates an intention to transfer the line to the Deutsche bank syndicate, and to take a permanent hold on Thessaly.

GERMAN PRESSURE.

LONDON, May 20.—The Daily Mail correspondent at Athens says that Emperor William wired the German ambassador at Constantinople, on Tuesday, to obtain an immediate audience with the sultan and press him strongly to agree to an armistice.

PRELIMINARY NEGOTIATIONS.

PARIS, May 20.—It is semi-officially announced that the ambassadors at Constantinople are drafting counter-proposals to the reply received to their last note to the Turkish government, to serve as a basis for preliminary peace negotiations.

TURKISH STATEMENT.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 20.—An official statement was published, which, after briefly reciting the Turkish side of the war up to the battle of Domokos, says:

The czar sent to the sultan a special telegram, expressing his sincere sentiments, reaffirming the pacific views of the powers and noting with appreciation the success of the imperial troops. The capture of Demokos forming the natural limit of the defensive operations, and the government being desirous of giving fresh proof of its pacific intention, the cabinet decided, and its decision was confirmed by an irade, to cease hostilities upon conditions to be arranged by the respective commanders.

Funny way to get tea.

Buy of your grocer a package of *Schilling's Best*. If you don't like it, tell him so. Here's your money.

The explanation is: we pay him to do it.

The explanation of that is: you like the tea.

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DEMANDS.

ATHENS, May 20.—Turkey demands, as a condition of the armistice, that all Turkish territory in Epirus shall be vacated and the bridges of the Arta neutralized.

FORTIFYING.

ATHENS, May 20.—The government has ordered General Smolenski to occupy and defend Thermopylae and Neros (Malos) which will constitute the chief line of Greek defense.

POSITIONS OF THE GREEK.

ATHENS, May 20.—A Lama dispatch says the bulk of the Greek army occupies Pharoika, and the crown prince is at Tararanzin.

Oriental Loan.

It is stated in Peking that Germany is endeavoring to obtain the financing of a loan of 100,000,000 tael to China. German financiers, it is stated, have offered to negotiate the loan at 15 per cent. The Russians and French are also said to be in the field with the salt revenue as security. The rumor that the Hong Kong bank and the Deutsche Asiatische, who jointly financed the last loan, were anxious to obtain the financing of this loan, is denied, apparently with some authority.

Bimetallists.

PARIS, May 20.—The United States bimetallic commission, consisting of Senator Wolcott, ex-Vice-President Stevenson and General Payne, arrived here. The commission will not take any steps officially until General Horace Porter, the new United States ambassador to France, has presented his credentials.

According to the French premier, M. Melne, there is not the remotest likelihood of France taking the initiative in calling a monetary conference, until England agrees to take part in such conference, if called.

Waiting on the United States.

NEW YORK, May 20.—A special to the World from Caracas, Venezuela, says:

A resolution recognizing the belligerency of the Cubans was presented to congress. The resolution was opposed by the government. It was strongly supported by the blacks. After a lengthy debate it was decided that the resolution was contrary legislation, and that congress has not the power to recognize the belligerency of Cuba, even if so disposed. Thereupon a resolution of sympathy was unanimously adopted.

The City Liable.

VANCOUVER, B. C., May 20.—The first of the trials arising out of the tramway disaster at Point Ellice bridge, Victoria, last May, was concluded yesterday, when jury decided that the city was liable for the disaster. The plaintiff, Mrs. Gordon, whose husband was killed, was awarded \$10,000 damages—\$7,000 for herself, \$1,000 for her eldest son, \$1,500 for the youngest child and \$500 for a stepson. Judgment was given to the tramway company, with costs.

Killed.

MURRAY, Idaho, May 20.—Frank Cammeron, night amalgamator of the Golden Chest upper mill, two miles above here, was instantly killed. He was in the act of throwing off the crusher belt to change shifts in the evening. He stepped upon the engine block and slipped, falling between the engine and the pump. Some moving part of the machinery struck him, cutting the top of his head entirely off.

Badly Burned.

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash., May 20.—Word has been received here of the death of Mrs. Reed, of the Upper Ahtanum. Mrs. Reed was setting fire to brush on a ranch, Thursday last. Her clothing caught fire and she was horribly burned. She died on Monday night. She was 50 years old.

The Reichstag.

BERLIN, May 20.—The reichstag passed the immigration bill. It becomes operative April 1, 1898. The reichstag also passed the oleomargarine bill, the vote being 186 to 101.

CUBA.

Very Important Information.

Reports Making Clear the Conditions on the Island.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The archives of the state department, which have held the consular reports of the Cuban war from the public, were practically disclosed by Senator Foraker. During the past week the debate in the senate has been pregnant with intimations and innuendoes of reports of United States officials in Cuba held at the state department, which, if published, would disclose a condition on Cuban soil which would influence opinion in a decided manner.

The facts, therefore, which Senator Foraker announced, without stating from whom they came, caused a decided stir. Especially startling was a letter from Secretary Olney, in which this country offered mediation to Spain, and the refusal of that country to accept the proffered aid.

While one of the consular reports was read, without the name of the author being disclosed, it is stated to be a communication from General Lee, which fully sets forth his idea of the conditions which exist in Cuba: An extract was quoted as follows, no date being given:

"I cannot understand the truth of the claim that all the provinces of the island are pacified, except that of Santiago de Cuba, because there are more insurgents under arms at this time than at the period when I first reached the island, some ten months ago, and I do not think it a fair inference to draw from existing conditions that the war is approaching its termination, because, in the pursuance of an established policy, the insurgents avoid, as far as possible, all serious engagements.

"Conclude therefore, that the war will drag its weary length along so long as the insurgents can dig sustenance from the ground on one side, or money can be obtained by the other, with the continued result of untold human suffering, the loss of human life, the murder of innocent men, women and children, by both sides, and the frightful havoc which disease makes in the ranks of the soldiers; particularly among the unacclimated Spaniards. The poverty and distress of the people are increasing, and the loss of property of all sorts is daily becoming more enormous."

FOR CUBA.

WILMINGTON, May 20.—Four tons of arms and ammunition and a cargo of dynamite were in all probability disembarked last night on the coast of Cuba, by the steam tug Alexander Jones and the pilot J. D. Long. Under the cover of darkness and with lights out, the Jones, Thursday night, at a railroad wharf, took on a cargo consisting of two carloads of rifles, cartridges, machetes, provisions and medicines. The pilot boat Long Friday took on a cargo of dynamite and was conveyed to sea, where it joined the Jones for Cuba.

CUBAN.

CHICAGO, May 20.—A special to the Times-Herald from New York says: Behind the movement for the passage of the Cuban resolution is a solemn pledge made by the Cuban junta to its supporters in congress that four effective men of war, flying the Cuban flag, are only awaiting this recognition to take to the seas. These vessels, it is declared, will be obtained in England, and it is asserted that arrangements have already been perfected by which they will be manned, thoroughly equipped and ready to sail the very day the belligerency of the Cubans is recognized.

Dangers Beseiging Spain.

MADRID, May 20.—At a meeting of liberal senators and deputies, Senor Sagasta, former premier, made an important speech, in the course of which he said:

"We have 200,000 troops in Cuba, but we are not even masters of the territory trodden by our soldiers. At the same moment Carlism is an organization itself in the peninsula and menaces us with a new war, thanks to the immunity it enjoys while the seeds of separation are germinating in some of the provinces. The picture could not be gloomier. We have war in Cuba and in the Philippines, and have attempts at civil war at home.

The government is not responsible for them, but it is unfortunate in its administration. Reforms in Cuba will not solve the Cuban problem."

The speech which was greatly applauded, portends stormy sittings for both chambers. Many liberals predict that Senor Canoyas will be thrown from power within a fortnight.

Briber Arrested.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 20.—J. W. Walker, of Portland, was arrested in this city on an indictment brought by the federal grand jury of Oregon. Walker is charged with having attempted to bribe some jurors in a case in the circuit court of Oregon. The indictment sets forth that Walker on December 12 last caused I. H. Taffe to give C. S. Bratton, a juror, a note for \$2500 to stand out and try to bring in a verdict for a large sum in favor of Taffe in a suit the United States had brought against Taffe. Walker is also accused of causing Taffe to give to Edward Killfeather, another juror, another note of \$2500 for him to stand in with Bratton, and render a favorable verdict for Taffe.

Walker would not discuss the case, except to say that he came down here on a business trip, and that, as soon as he knew he was wanted, he would send word to Portland of his whereabouts.

Free Man.

LONDON, May 20.—Oscar Wilde sentenced May 19, 1895, to two years imprisonment at hard labor, after having been convicted of immoral practices, was released from prison. Wilde, who seemed to be enjoying robust health, goes to Paris immediately. He intends to return to this city to engage in literary work. He says he will write over his own signature.

The Pall Mall Gazette says one of the first acts of Oscar Wilde, on regaining freedom, was to refuse \$1000 for a story of his prison experiences.

Treasurer Will Go to Jail.

OMAHA, May 20.—The supreme court of Nebraska affirmed the finding of the district court in the case of Henry Bolln, defaulting city treasurer of Omaha. Bolln was taken into custody today, and will be taken to the penitentiary at once. He embezzled \$160,000 city funds, his shortage being discovered in June, 1895. On conviction he was sentenced to 10 years in the penitentiary and a fine of \$31,000.

Flood Losses.

ST. LOUIS, May 20.—A special to the Republic from New Orleans says: It is thought there will be no further damage done by the overflow. The losses in Louisiana are estimated at \$1,750,000; in Mississippi, \$8,500,000; and in Arkansas, at \$4,250,000, or a total of \$14,500,000; not as serious a loss as in many previous years of overflow, when the river was not nearly as high as it is now.

Train Wrecked.

COLOGNE, May 20.—A train conveying a detachment of reserves from Westphalia to Metz, was wrecked between Hilloesheim. Nine men are known to have been killed, and 35 injured. The accident was caused by the train breaking in two, the rear portion subsequently overtaking and crashing into the front part.

Says Mrs. Leutger is Alive.

CHICAGO, May 20.—Ex-Judge Vincent, attorney for Adolph Leutger, the sausage manufacturer accused of murdering his wife, has issued a statement to the public asserting that Mrs. Leutger is alive, or was four days subsequent to the date on which the police claim the murder was committed.

GHOULS.

Body Snatchers Not Found.

Detectives Working on the W. S. Ladd Case.

Nothing further has been heard from the grave-robbers who possessed themselves of the remains of the late W. S. Ladd, Monday night. Mr. Charles E. Ladd has placed the matter in the hands of the detectives, who are quietly working on the case, but as yet they have succeeded in making no further discoveries.

Mr. Ladd was buried January 6, 1893, consequently his body must be nearly resolved to dust, and might be enclosed in so small a compass that it could be easily carried about. This makes detection much more difficult.

On the street yesterday the affair was the chief subject of discussion, and it was the universal sentiment that no punishment would be too severe for the perpetrators of the atrocity, if caught. The Oregon statutes contain a penalty for grave-robbing, the limit of which is three years, which, it is conceded, is entirely inadequate to punish such a horrible crime.

There has been a great deal of conjecture as to who the probable criminals are, and in some very pointed accusations have been made, which, however, have little foundation in evidence. It is well known that there are several organized gangs of fortune seekers in the city, whose past exploits have proved them capable of any outrage if a reward is in sight, and not unnaturally, the members of these are the first to be suspected, and a careful watch is kept on their goings and comings. Whatever the probability may be that the grave was robbed by local criminals, it is very evident that they were assisted by some one of experience, who must be an importation, for grave-robbing, for the purposes of ransom is unknown in Portland.

Taking of Puerto Cortez.

MOBILE, Ala., May 20.—The Register's correspondent at Puerto Cortez writes, under date of May 9, saying that he was the only American newspaper man at the scene of the capture of Puerto Cortez on the 17th. He says nothing of the reported firing on the steamer Rover, on May 1, but tells that the British steamer Clearwater was fired upon on the 6th of the Nicaraguan commander, when the vessel was approaching Puerto Cortez.

Some 200 of the foreign residents took refuge in the lottery office. The foreign consuls hoisted their flags for protection. General Nuella landed in Puerto Cortez on the morning of the 8th. General Drummond was the only rebel leader who failed to escape. He lost both eyes, and his face is horribly disfigured. He will probably be shot. Drummond spent several months in Mobile, planning this revolution, and was one of the 20 who captured Puerto Cortez.



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