



Shoes! Shoes!

Still they come. Now it is misses and children's lace goods. To be had at

Krausse Bros.,

NEW BOOK JUST OUT.

The Lost SHACKLE

OR SEVEN YEARS WITH THE INDIANS.

Price 25c. Postpaid. Agents Wanted [Apply to Owen P. Dabney, 274 Commercial St, Salem, Or.]

Go to the Fair Store

for shoes, tinware, graniteware, suspenders, hosiery, gloves, towels, table linen, overalls, shirts, underwear. A fine line of window shades, oil cloth, notions of all kinds, Everything cheap for spot cash. Call and be convinced.

74 Commercial st. OWEN P. DABNEY, Prop.

STOVES AND TINWARE

The greatest variety and best stock in the city, Northwest corner State and Liberty streets.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate Work On the Tariff.

Reorganization Plan Rejected—Another Conference.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The committee appointed by the Republican caucus of the senate to arrange with the opposition a plan for the reorganization of the senate committees decided to reject the proposition made by the committee representing the alliance of Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans, and ask for another conference with a view of reaching a more satisfactory understanding.

The first skirmish on the tariff question occurred in the senate. It was followed by a vote which served as a test of the strength of the various elements of the senate. The vote occurred on a motion by Morrill, chairman of the committee on finance, to refer a resolution by Vest, one of the Democratic leaders of that committee. This made an issue between the two leading elements of the senate. Aside from this the resolution was in the nature of a criticism of Secretary Gage, and declared illegal his recent order relative to goods imported after April 10th when according to the retroactive clause of the pending Dingley bill, the new tariff rates are to apply.

Morrill's motion prevailed by the close vote of 24 to 23.

The first step toward the acceptance of the invitation from France to participate in the Paris exposition, of 1900, has been taken by the government in the following action:

Senator Mason, of Illinois, offered in the senate a joint resolution accepting the invitation and providing for the appointment of a commissioner general and nine scientific experts. The sum of \$70,000 is appropriated to meet the expenses of the exhibit. The salary of the commissioner-general is fixed at \$10,000 a year; of the assistant commissioner-general at \$7,500 and of the nine experts at \$1,500 a year each.

The expenses of the commissioners and his assistants are also to be met with the sums set aside for their salaries, but a separate appropriation of \$27,000 is made to provide for the clerical assistance to the experts. It is provided that all appointees shall be named by the president and confirmed by the senate.

The resolution provides for a committee to wait upon governors of the states to notify them of the desire of the government to take part in the exhibition, and for them to take proper steps for the representation of all states and territories in the United States exhibit.

The resolution provides that the exhibit assigned to the department of agriculture shall begin at the earliest possible moment to arrange for the collection of a suitable agricultural exhibit.

The house was in session ten minutes and then adjourned until Saturday without transacting any business. The session was long enough, however, to furnish an occasion for the display of the division among the Democratic members which the recent caucus has not been able to heal. Dearmond, of Missouri, appeared as the leader of the opposition to the leadership of Bailey.

As soon as the journal had been

A grocer that sells *Schilling's Best* tea and is glad to sell it is a good grocer—so far as tea goes.

He sells you the best he can find for the money, and he returns your money if you don't like the tea.

A Schilling & Company San Francisco

read, Dingley made a motion that when the house adjourn it be until Saturday. Dearmond and Simpson immediately demanded a division. The vote on the motion was 131 to 38. Bailey and his followers voted with the Republicans, while Dearmond and the other Democrats and Populists opposed the motion.

Representative Riddleey, of Kansas, introduced in the house yesterday a bill "to enable unemployed to earn a living; to utilize industry, and produce general prosperity." His plan is much like the one advocated by "General" Coxe, of Ohio. It authorizes each state, territory, county, city, town, township, or civil district, to raise money for giving employment on public work by issuing non-interest bearing bonds for twenty-five years, payable only to the United States, not to exceed half the assessed value of the state or municipality. In return for the bonds the United States treasury is to issue treasury notes.

Representative Shannon, of New York, introduced in the house a bill to amend the antitrust law so it will not prevent railroad traffic agreements. Shannon's bill is much less complete than Senator Foraker's.

An experimental tank in which miniature warships will be tested will soon be constructed at the Washington navy-yard. The tank is the first of the kind in this country and the largest under cover. Its dimensions approach those of the big dry-docks, and will be sufficient to float any of the smaller cruisers. On all sides it will be covered. It will be 500 feet long, fifty feet across and fourteen feet deep.

Running across and close to the water will be a carriage upon which will be attached a dynamo-meter to register the resistance due to towing a model through the basin. Models, varying in length from ten to twenty feet, of every new ship will be attached to this machinery, and drawn through the water, when the wave motion will be noted and the resistance carefully calculated. The models will be plain affairs and constructed only with a view to presenting closely the actual lines of the ships.

Through the experiments it is estimated that the plans of all the proposed vessels can be removed, and valuable information gathered. The cost of the tank will be \$10,000. The use of such tanks abroad is common. The tanks will be ready for use in about ten months.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Rear-Admiral Bunce has been detached from command of the North Atlantic squadron and assigned to duty as commandant of the New York navy-yard, in place of Commodore Seward, who takes command of the North Atlantic squadron. Rear-Admiral Beardslee has been detached from command of the Pacific station and ordered to duty as president of the naval examining board at Washington.

Rear-Admiral Miller, from command of the Boston navy-yard, May 5, to the command of the Pacific station.

A Free Man. SIOUX FALLS, S. D., April 15.—South Dakota's erring state treasurer, William A. Taylor, was released from the penitentiary, after an imprisonment of one year and a half. Good behavior reduced his two years' sentence some six months. He leaves at once to his old home, at Redfield, where he will stay a few days, and then go to Indiana to visit friends.

Bears Killed. TAGOMA, Wash., April 15.—Three bears escaped from their inclosure at Point Defiance Park, April 1, and have since been roaming at large in the woods of the park, eluding all attempts at capture. Yesterday Keeper Roberts came across them, when they attacked and chased him, even following him into the house, when he shot two, capturing the third alive.

AIRSHIP.

Many People See the Flyer.

Multitude of Testimony Ought to Be Conclusive Evidence.

CEDAR RAPIDS, April 15.—There is the greatest excitement here over the appearance of what was termed the air ship, which was first seen in Kansas some two or three weeks ago. The people here have heretofore regarded the many stories published in regard to the mysterious object as fakes of the first water. But now all doubts which have existed have been swept away. Hundreds of people know for a certainty that some mysterious object is sweeping through the heavens, but whether it is an air ship, carrying an immense beacon, or what it is they do not know.

It was first discovered at Vinton about 8 o'clock in the evening. The Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern operator at that place notified the dispatcher at the general office in this city, and more than a score of people here watched the mysterious object until it sank behind the horizon. When first seen here it was in the northwest heavens at an angle of about 40 degrees. It was soon noticeable that it was moving in a northerly direction and evidently at a rapid rate. It was like an immense star, only it was twice as large as the largest and brightest star in the firmament. With the naked eye it could be seen without trouble that it was swaying out of its direct course, first a little to the right and then a little to the left. For the larger part of the time it gave a clear white light like a star; but at times the color would change and it would become a bright red. At 10 o'clock it had sunk behind the horizon.

Operators along the line of the Burlington Cedar Rapids & Northern and other railways were notified, and track was kept of the mysterious airship until along after midnight. At 10:30 o'clock, after it has disappeared from view it was visible at Northwood, a town in the northern tier of Iowa counties, near the Minnesota state line. At that time it was directly west, it evidently having changed its course slightly after leaving here. At Waseca it was seen about midnight, and at that time was traveling west. Further communication along the Minneapolis & St. Louis road was then abandoned, as the sky north of there was overcast with clouds.

The dispatchers at the general offices of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern did not give up the chase, however, and at 1 o'clock were rewarded by having it reported from Madison, S. D., that the airship was visible from there and that it was in the western heavens and traveling westward. Madison is in the southwest corner of South Dakota, and the air ship, or whatever it may be, had changed its course from almost due north, when it was seen here, to directly westward.

No one here can offer any explanation whatever. They know that some mysterious object is floating through the heavens in a rather reckless, haphazard manner, quite out of ordinary, but further than this it is all conjecture. There is positively no fake about it, a fact which can be attested to by hundreds.

No Japs Wanted. HONOLULU, April 15.—The government has issued a call for tenders for a new road that is unique in that it discriminates in favor of the Hawaiian, American and European laborers. The conditions read: "The tenders are based upon the condition that at least 50 per cent of the unskilled laborers employed on this work are to consist of Hawaiians, Americans or Europeans."

Spain and McKinley.

New York, April 15.—A World special from Madrid says:

Political and diplomatic circles in Madrid are animatedly discussing the improvement of the prospects of Spanish rule in Cuba in consequence, it is said, of an active exchange of confidential and unofficial communications between the United States and Spanish governments since McKinley and Sherman took office.

It seems that Spanish diplomacy has intimated at Washington that Spain cannot entertain any suggestion of American mediation to obtain the recognition of the Cuban insurgents and that Spain asks only that American executive continue to check and punish filibustering expeditions and separatist juntas and popagrandas whenever the Spanish legation and consuls produce sufficient evidence of their existence, as was done recently in the case of the New York separatist junta's correspondence with instructions to Cuban insurgents.

Spanish diplomacy was authorized to give unofficial, confidential verbal assurances that if the American government did that much Spain considered herself quite equal to the task of shortly reducing the rebellion to such a pass that the Madrid government would be justified in the eyes of public opinion in Spain and the colonies to carry West Indian home rule in a very liberal spirit, and in its wake extensive tariff reforms that would make very easy afterwards a treaty of commerce between the United States and Cuba and Porto Rico.

In this way the American state department was given to understand that Spain will in the future deal more leniently with the separatists, and that when home rule is put in force, a general amnesty will be arranged to include all rebels submitting within a certain period and all political convicts, prisoners and suspects, exiled or transported to Spanish fortresses and penal settlements without trial.

THE MARKETS.

Talkington, Bottger & Co's, circular today says: CHICAGO, April 15.—May wheat opened at 68¢ and closed at 69¢; Liverpool was selling at 58 1/4d. Cash wheat sold at 69¢.

PORTLAND MARKET.

Portland, April 15. Wheat valley, 72c, Walla Walla, 71. Flour—Portland, 3.85@4.10; Graham, 3.40 superline, \$2.75 per bbl. Oats—White, 38@40c; grey, 37@39c; rolled in bags, \$4.25@5.25, barrels, 4.50@7.00 cases, 3.75. Potatoes, Oregon, 60a70c per sack. Hay, Good, 15.00 per ton. Hops—7@9c. Wool, Valley, 10@11c; Eastern Oregon 7@9c. Mohair, 15@17c. Millstuffs, Bran, \$14.50; shorts \$16.50. Poultry—Chicken, mixed, \$2.50@3.00; turkeys, dressed, 12 1/2@14c. Eggs—Oregon, 11@12c per doz. Hides—green, salted 60 lbs 6 1/2c; under 60 lbs 5c; sheep pelts, 10@70c. Tallow—2 1/2@3c. Onions—2.50@3.00 per 100. Wheat Bags—Calcutta 25 per 100. Beans—small white, 1 1/2c@1 1/4c; lima 3 1/2c. Hogs Heavy, 4.25. Butter, Best dairy, 30@32 1/2c; fancy creamery 40c. Cheese, 10c. Dried Fruit—Apples, evaporated, bleached 6 1/2@7c; unbleached 3 1/2@4c; sundried 6 1/2c. Peas—50@60c. Plums—pitless, 30@40c. Prunes—4 1/2@6c. Veal—small, 4 1/2@5 1/2c; large, 4 1/2c per lb. Mutton—Weathers 3.50@3.75 dressed mutton, 6c. Beef—Steers 3.50; cows 2.25@2.50; dressed 4@6. Cured Meats—Hams 10c—10 1/2c; bacon 6c. Lard—in pails, 7c.

SALEM MARKET.

Wheat—61c. Oats 36c. Hay, Baled, chest, 13.00; timothy 12.50; Straw, 7.00. Flour, In wholesale lots, 3.90; retail 4.40; bran, bulk 16.50; sacked, 17.00; shorts, 17.50@18.00; chop feed, 15.00 16.00. Poultry, Chicken, 5c; Turkeys 10c. Veal—Dressed, 4-5. Hogs, Dressed, 5 1/2. Live Cattle, 2 1/2@3. Sheep, Live, 2.50. Wool, Best, 12c. Hops, Best, 9 a 10c. Eggs, weak a 5 1/2c. Fruit, Green—Apples per box 1.00@1.50. Farm Smoked Meats—Bacon, 7c; hams 11c; shoulders, 5 1/2c. Potatoes, .30c per bu. Onions—1.50 per bu. Dried Fruit—Apples, evaporated bleached, 7c—8c; unbleached 4c@5c. Plums—4c. Butter—Dairy 12@15c; creamery 18@20c.

Ex-President Harrison, General J. M. Schofield and Andrew Carnegie are all past 65 years of age, and all have baby daughters.

GREECE.

Appropriations Are Asked For

Premier Delyannis Talks Plainly to the Powers.

ATHENS, April 15.—On the re-assembling of the boule, M. Delyannis, the premier, introduced in the presence of a crowded chamber a bill granting the government a credit of 23,000,000 myns drachmas, for the ministers of war and marine. The premier asked the house to expedite the passage of the bill.

Dealing with the development of the foreign situation, he declared the powers had taken their stand on the principle of integrity of Turkey, but up to the present had not expressed an opinion with regard to the proposals Greece had made for a pacific solution of the difficulty.

A dwelling upon the right of the Cretans to settle their own destinies, he declared that in spite of all that had happened Greece still hoped that the powers would agree to a peaceful settlement. The situation on the frontier was not, he said, created by the Greeks.

Situation is Strained.

VIENNA, April 15.—The best informed diplomats here regard war as inevitable. They say the strain cannot much longer be borne by either Turkey or Greece, and that the time has passed for the powers to attempt to intervene. In view of the dangerous position assumed by Greece, the question is reiterated, whether she does not count upon some power coming to her support at the crucial moment. The situation is regarded here as analogous to the time when Serbia attacked Turkey, in 1876, when Russia and Great Britain saved defeated Serbia from annihilation.

Greek Regulars.

LONDON, April 14.—A special from Salonica, the Turkish base of operations, says the Greek irregulars have succeeded in advancing as far as Greuno, rallying the population to their cause, and threatening communication between the Turkish armies at Ellassona and Janina.

No More Raiding.

LONDON, April 15.—The Evening News this afternoon published a dispatch from its special correspondent at Athens saying the Turkish government has formally informed the Greek government that any further raid of irregulars into Turkish territory will be regarded by Turkey as a declaration of war upon the part of Greece.

Denny Recommended.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The Oregon delegation has recommended Judge Denny for minister to Hawaii. He was a candidate for minister to Japan.

Dawson's Bitters for indigestion.

LADIES OF SALEM.—Mrs. M. E. Smith has succeeded to the millinery business of Mrs. D. L. Fiester at the "Paris" and requests your inspection of her spring stock which is ample and elegant and offered at the best figures for the times. Mrs. Smith has also established a bargain-counter from which she will sell trimmed hats from 25 cents to \$1.

8-1w



Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. New York.