



## Our Spring Stock

of footwear, comprising all of the new things, is arriving daily.

### Krausse Bros.,

NEW BOOK JUST OUT.

## The Lost SHACKLE

OR SEVEN YEARS WITH THE INDIANS.

Price \$25.00 Postpaid. Agents Wanted

GO TO

## THE FAIR STORE

for shoes, tinware, graniteware, suspenders, hose, gloves, towels, table linen, overalls, shirts, underwear. A fine line of window shades, oil cloth, notions of all kinds. Everything cheap for spot cash. Call and be convinced.

274 Commercial st. OWEN P. DABNEY, Prop.

Call and see GRAY BROS, new stock of

## STOVES AND TINWARE

The greatest variety and finest stock in the city. Northwest corner State and Liberty streets.

### CYCLONE.

#### Great Desolation and Death.

#### Dead, Dying and Homeless Mingling in the Debris.

GUTHRIE, O. T., April 1.—The latest reports from Chandler say that the cyclone, which almost swept the town off the face of the earth, twenty people were killed outright or burned to death, and fully 150 injured. Of these latter it is thought fourteen will die and twenty-four others are in a dangerous condition. The remainder of the population is homeless. The Presbyterian church, Mitchell's hotel and two other buildings are all that remain standing. These have been turned into hospitals. The property loss will aggregate \$500,000. There are not half enough coffins here to bury the dead.

The people were slow to recover from the shock of the calamity, and not until day did anything like system prevail in the work of relief. Save one slow working telephone wire out of Chandler, and but one telegraph wire from Guthrie, the town is still practically cut off from the outside world.

The storm broke upon the city suddenly. The sky was clear an hour before. Shortly before six o'clock a mass of dark clouds gathered in the southeast and then whirled north. They soon developed into a funnel-shaped monster and drew down upon the outskirts of the town. The mass touched the ground and the roar was deafening. The funnel split as it struck the southwest border of Chandler, which is situated on a hill overlooking Cow Creek valley, and one-half went through the town and the other turned north. Before escape was possible the cyclone had passed through the town.

Tearing through the business district, stores were hurled right and left, or lifted high into the air and tossed in every direction. One of the occupants was killed outright, and a dozen others injured. Further down Main street the Lincoln county bank building was toppled over and was soon enveloped in flames. Here before aid could reach them, five unfortunates were burned to death, pinned down by heavy timbers. Still further down the street three children suffered a like fate. A two-days-old babe was carried four blocks and not injured, while the mother was crushed in her bed. The trail the storm left was one of wreck and ruin most complete.

But one of Chandler's physicians escaped injury, and even when aid from Guthrie arrived there was a scarcity of surgeons. Only two of these were able to do anything last night, and one of these, Dr. Walcott, with blood streaming from a sightless eye, worked until he fainted. Daylight brought hundreds of people from the surrounding towns, and women and children assisted in caring for the injured.

Queer sights greet the eye on all sides. Ten trees have a house roof on each; clothing and household goods are scattered in the streets; dead horses, cows and other animals are to be seen everywhere, while a pile of ruins has a fine piano perched on top of it. Many of the citizens wander about the streets dazed at the calamity and almost on the verge of insanity at the loss of family and homes. Two or three have gone stark mad.

By nightfall 10,000 people had flocked into the city. Many came to render aid, but the majority are there as morbid sight-seers. Great quantities of clothing, bedding and provisions have been sent in and a Guthrie club has raised \$1,500 in cash to send tomorrow. The city has put to use all its cash, about \$700, for immediate aid. Hundreds of tents have been sent from Fort Reno and Guthrie, and will provide temporary shelter for the unfortunates. All are homeless and substantial aid must follow quickly.

### FLOODS.

#### The Terrors Are Increasing.

#### Rain and Wind Add to the River Dangers.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 1.—A heavy rainfall, accompanied by a strong gale from the west, is adding to the terror of the flood situation. One hundred and fifteen miles below Memphis, in the Mississippi delta, there are four breaks, and each is letting in a stream as large as the Ohio river at Cincinnati, or the Hudson at Albany, and this tremendous outflow has caused a fall of only one-tenth of an inch at Vicksburg, immediately below the last break. The rain and wind will cause more breaks. The river is now like an inland sea, and this afternoon a telegram from a point below Rosedale, Miss., announced that the waves were pounding against the levee and that at frequent intervals the water tore itself loose from the main channel and dashed over the embankment. This being true, there will be, in all probability, more crevasses before morning.

All the forces of nature are against the people. The rainfall increases, and the wind intensifies the danger. On the Arkansas side the levee from Helena to Arkansas City is as full of men as the inner wall of a besieged fortification.

There is a break at Westover, which occurred at an early hour in the morning. A thousand men were at work on the levees when the crash came. For a moment a thin thread of water began to trickle from the inner wall of the embankment. Experienced levee men saw the danger and cried out a word of warning, and the laborers rushed back but in five minutes a gap of 50 feet wide and six feet deep was torn in the wall of earth. The break grew until it is now several hundred feet wide. The crevasse is 10 miles below Helena, and the water rushing through it will destroy a dozen splendid plantations and may back up to Helena.

The Lacona circle country, a few miles below Westover, is under water. This circle is surrounded by a levee. The levee in the rear wall went to pieces at a late hour on Monday, and the water rushed in and spread itself over and across some of the most fertile land in Arkansas, cut up into plantations and giving support to no less than 5000 people.

Catarth Cannot Be Cured with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarth is a blood constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarth Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous of face. Hall's Catarth Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifier, acting directly upon the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarth. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CARMY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists.

If you want to dye use "Perfection" Dyes.

Spring Opening. At the "Leader" Millinery store on Tuesday, 30th, and following days. The ladies of Salem and vicinity are cordially invited to call at the "Leader."

WM. McLEAN, Prop. M. G. FRASER, Mgr. 29-31

SAVE YOUR GRAIN. Few realize that each squirrel destroys \$1.50 worth of grain annually. Wakelee's Squirrel and Gopher Exterminator is the most effective and economical poison known. Price reduced to 30 cents. For sale by G. W. Putnam, Steiner Drug Co., Lunn & Brooks, G. L. L. Baskett and I. C. Stone.

A HIGH CLASS COMPANY—Of Dramatic Vaudeville artists in connection with Miss Ida Fuller, sister to La Loel, the great illusion dancer, will occupy the board of the Reed, Friday night. Each and every act a novelty. Twelve people in the company. This performance given on a positive guarantee. If you want to see a good company come to Salem, pack the house and encourage Patton Bros.

### CONGRESSIONAL

#### The Dingley Bill Has Passed.

#### By a Vote of 205 to 121—21 Not Voting.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The house passed the tariff bill by a vote of 205 to 121, 21 not voting. Voting on bill had not begun until 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, but the galleries were crowded early to witness the maneuverings leading up to the climax of the ten days' battle.

Dingley and Bailey, the opposing leaders were in their places when Speaker Reed called the house to order at 1 o'clock. Richardson, of Tennessee, called attention to the fact that there was manifestly no quorum present, but declined, on account of the brief time remaining for the consideration of the bill, to make the point.

Grosvenor presented the amendment, about which there has been so much discussion during the last ten days, fixing April 1st as the date on which the bill shall go into effect. The democrats were alert. M. Bailey immediately gained the point that the amendment was out of order. It was abnoxious, he said, to the oldest and best rule of law, that no statute shall be retroactive.

As the hour for voting arrived the excitement increased. Fifteen minutes before 3 o'clock McMillin was recognized for five minutes to close the debate for his side. Dingley took the floor and closed the debate in a ten-minute speech.

Bailey demanded a special vote on the amendment fixing date when the bill goes into effect as April 1. The roll call was demanded on the amendment, and it was adopted by a vote of 200 to 140. The combined opposition of the Democrats, Populists and free silverites voted against the amendment, except Mr. Newland (silver) of Nevada, who voted for it, and Messrs. Hartman (silver) of Montana, Jones (fusionist) of Washington, Martin (Populist) of North Carolina and Stroud (Populist) of North Carolina, who did not vote. The bill was then ordered read the third time, after which Dockery offered the motion for the minority to recommit the bill with instructions.

Contrary to the general expectation, no point of order was raised against the motion. Dingley, however immediately demanded the previous question on the motion, which was ordered, and, without debate, a vote was taken upon it by yeas and nays. The motion to recommit was lost. 148 to 196. The Republicans vote stolidly against the motion and the combined opposition, with the exception of Newlands for it. Hartman, of Montana, Jones of Washington, Martin of South Carolina, Shuford and Stroud of North Carolina, who did not vote on the preceding votes, were recorded in favor of the motion.

The roll on the passage of the bill was then taken and followed with interest. Not a break occurred in the Republican ranks. Five Democrats, Meyer, Brounand and Davey of Louisiana, and Kleberg and Slayden of Texas voted with the majority. Howard of Alabama was the only Populist who voted for the bill, but twenty-one of the Populists, fusionists and silverites declined to record themselves either way. Before announcing the result of the vote the speaker directed his name to be called. "Mr. Reed," shouted the clerk.

"Aye," replied the speaker.

The Republicans applauded vigorously when the speaker announced the results "Ayes 205, noes 121, absent and not voting twenty-one, and so the bill is passed," the Republicans arose en masse and cheered. The galleries joined in the demonstration. Immediately afterward, on Dingley's motion, the house adjourned until Saturday.

### CRETE.

#### The Insurgents Bombarded.

#### Caetans Driven From the Strong-Hold.

CANEA, Crete, April 1.—The insurgents, by a bold stroke, occupied the hill on the south side of Suda bay last evening. They were promptly shelled by the British, Austrian and Russian warships. At daybreak the fighting was resumed, and the Cretans were driven from their positions. As soon as the firing ceased they made another attempt to recover the ground and the warships promptly resumed the firing, which was very heavy for several hours. During the cannonade three Turks were killed and five wounded.

The Russian consul at Retimo reports that when he communicated to the Cretans at Siphonulos the proclamation of the admirals inviting them to lay down their arms, the Cretans reported that the only boon they would accept from the powers was political union with Greece.

Story of the Bombardment.

LONDON, April 1.—The Canea correspondent of the Standard will say today in describing the bombardment by the foreign warships of the position taken up by the insurgents on the hill to the south of Suda bay last evening.

When the Cretans began the attack Col. Bor proposed to the admirals that they should land a mixed force of 500 men to depose the insurgents from the post that they occupied behind a strong wall along a ravine.

Half an hour later the foreign admirals signaled their intention to bombard. The Groziastichy fired first, then H. M. S. Ardent, and finally the Austrian gunboat Tiger. Each vessel fired in its turn, aiming chiefly at the Greek flag, which was hoisted above the walls. The Ardent ceased firing at 9:30, but the Groziastichy, ranging close in shore, by degrees, pounded down the walls, yard by yard, every shot telling.

Wheat.

Talkington, Bottger & Co.'s circular today says: Chicago April 1.—May wheat opened at 70¢ and closed at 70¢; Liverpool was selling at 58 1/2¢. Cash wheat sold at 69¢.

PORTLAND MARKET.

Portland, April 1. Wheat valley, 75¢. Walls Walla, 74. Flour—Portland, 3.85. Benton county, 4.10; Graham, 4.40; superfine, \$2.75 per bu. Oats—White, 42¢@44¢; grey, 36¢@38¢; rolled; in bags, \$4.25@5.25; barrels, 4.50@7.00; cases, 3.75. Potatoes—Oregon, 50¢@55¢ per sack. Hay—Good, 15¢@13.50 per ton. Hops—60¢@100¢. Wool—Valley, 10¢@11¢; Eastern Oregon 70¢@90¢. Mohair, .15@.17¢. Millstuffs—Bran, \$15.00; shorts \$16.50. Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.00@3.50; turkeys, dressed, 12¢@14¢. Eggs—Oregon, 9¢@10¢ per doz. Hides, green, salted 60 lbs 6 1/2¢; under 60 lbs 5¢; sheep pelts, 10¢@70¢. Tallow—2 1/2¢@3¢. Onions—2.00@2.25 per 100. Wheat Bags—Calcutta 15¢ per 100. Beans—small white, 1 1/4¢@1 1/2¢; Lima 3 1/2¢. Hogs Heavy, 4.25. Mutton Weathers 3.50@3.75; dressed mutton, 6¢. Beef—Steers 34.50; cows \$2.25@2.50; dressed 6. Cured Meats—Hams 10¢—10 1/2¢; bacon 6¢. Lard—in pails, 7 1/2¢.

SALEM MARKET.

Wheat—64¢. Oats 40¢. Hay Baled, cheat, 12 00; timothy 12.00; Straw, 6.00. Flour—in wholesale lots, 4.20; retail 4.40; bran, bulk 16.50; sacked, 17.00; shorts, 17.50@18.00; chop feed, 15.00 16.00. Poultry, Chicken, 6¢; Turkeys 10¢. Veal—Dressed, 5. Hogs, Dressed, 4@5. Live Cattle, .25¢@.26¢. Sheep, Live, 2.50. Wool, Best, 12¢. Hops, Best, 9 a 10¢. Eggs, weak 9¢. Fruit, Green—Apples per box 1.00@1.50. Farm Smoked Meats—Hacc, 7¢; hams 11¢; shoulders, 5 1/2¢. Potatoes, .30¢ per bu. Onions—1.50 per bu. Dried Fruit—Apples evaporated bleached, 70¢—8¢; unbleached 40¢@5¢. Flams—4¢. Butter—Dairy 15¢@20¢; creamery 20¢@25¢.

### ALBERT

#### Appeals to Supreme Court.

#### An Appeal Also Filed in the Sayre-Mohney Case.

John H. Albert, through his attorneys Carson and Fleming, has filed an appeal to the supreme court. This case will be remembered as the famous Mission street boundary question. At the March term of Department No. 2 Marion county circuit court, Judge Hewitt rendered a decree in favor of the city of Salem and against the plaintiff J. H. Albert.

The undertaking of appeal is as follows.

John H. Albert, plaintiff and appellant, vs. the city of Salem and Addison Dilley, defendant and respondents: Whereas, John H. Albert, the above named plaintiff and appellant, has appealed to the supreme court of the state of Oregon, from the decree rendered, entered of record and docketed in the above entitled suit by the circuit court, on the 24th day of March, 1897, in favor of the defendants, and respondents and against the plaintiff and appellant, wherein and whereby the complaint of the plaintiff and appellant was dismissed, and the injunction heretofore granted herein dissolved, and the defendants and respondents have judgment against the plaintiff and appellant for their costs and disbursements taxed at \$72.40.

Now therefore, we, John H. Albert, plaintiff, and appellant above named, as principal, and Joseph H. Albert, as surety, hereby undertake that the said plaintiff and appellant will pay all damages, costs and disbursements that may be awarded against him on the appeal, and further, that if the said judgment or any part thereof be affirmed on appeal, he, the said plaintiff and appellant, will satisfy the same as far as affirmed.

Done at Salem, Oregon, this 31st day of March 1897.

JOHN H. ALBERT, Principal. Jos. H. Albert, Surety.

ANOTHER APPEAL FILED.

In action for money case of Ruth E. Sayre vs. W. D. Mohney et al., which was argued and submitted before Judge Geo. H. Burnett of department No. 1, Marion county circuit court, and a judgment rendered for plaintiff. The defendant, through his attorneys, Bingham and Bigler today filed an appeal to the supreme court.

The Northern Pacific Overland train will leave Portland at 11 a. m. on Sunday morning, March 28, and thereafter, making direct connection at Spokane for all points in the mining territory north of Spokane. This will save passengers laying over at Spokane and the usual expense incurred by such forced layover. If you are going to the gold fields, see that your ticket reads over this line.—Thomas & Watt, agents, Salem, Or.

Silver Meeting Tonight.

Silver Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans, and all who believe in the union of forces, are urged to attend the meeting of the Union Bi-metallic club, at Popular hall, tonight.

SEC. OF COM.

You should try Dawson's Bitters.

No pen can describe Ida Fuller's dances.

Pack the opera house, Friday night.

COMEDY—"Engaged" will be produced at Reed's opera house, Saturday night, by Salem's best talent. Miss Mason will recite that beautiful dramatic recitation "Wild Zengorilla," the story of a mad Gypsy girl. Popular prices 25 and 50 cents.

## ROYAL



## BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. New York.