

Daily Capital Journal.

BY HOFER BROTHERS.

FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1897.

GOOD TIMES NOT COMING.

During the presidential campaign the Republican speakers and the Republican press gave the people assurance that, as soon as confidence should be restored by the decisive defeat of Bryan and the Democratic party, we would have good times and a revival of prosperity. Bryan and the Democratic party suffered the required defeat and we all looked—the Republicans expectantly and even many Democrats hopefully—for the promised revival of business.

The revival not being prompt in its appearance, we were told to look for its arrival during the holiday season, and again the Republicans looked hopefully and the Democrats curiously to greet it upon its entrance. Prosperity failing to put in its appearance during the holiday season, we were next told to wait until McKinley became president, when the revival would surely come. And now the Republicans are looking curiously, and the Democrats derisively, for the ship that hasn't returned. Those of us who saw no foundation upon which to build up a business revival, with such material as the Republican party had on hand for the purpose, have been curious to see what the excuse would be when finally the good times failed to come,—knowing, as we did, that prosperity could not come without some radical change in our industrial system.

The excuse is now at hand several weeks before we expected it. Its early arrival is an acknowledgment in advance that the promised wane of prosperity is to be indefinitely postponed. F. V. Smalley, editor of the Northwest Magazine, has announced the fact in an article in the March number of the Forum. The gist of the article, which was entitled, "What are normal times?" is that since 1890 we have been living during abnormal times, and that now we have about reached normal conditions above which we are not likely to rise to any great extent.

In his summing up appears the following: "It is not on the whole probable that we shall have to make up our minds to plod along in a slow-going way of older nations, and to be satisfied with moderate profits, and a slow accumulation of wealth? If these be our reasonable expectations, would it not be sane and wholesome for people to cease dreaming of a golden age, which is gone forever?"

So now we are told that we must not expect a return of the good times that are "gone forever." This must be disheartening to those Republicans who really want and expect something better than we now have. They expected so much, and now are coolly told there is nothing for them. They must settle right down among good things they have remaining and expect no more. We cannot help feeling in sympathy with them, because their loss is our loss, but their condition strongly resembles that of the man we read of, who went merrily forth to observe the rainbow and was struck by lightning.

Mr. Smalley's article is perhaps the first in its line, but, during the next four years, many more will appear and be given the widest circulation possible by those who will at the same time advocate the maintenance of the gold standard. Mr. Smalley may not write more on the subject, but this is the cue, and people will be asked to be content with present conditions.

Will you buy a package of Schilling's Best tea and have your money back if you don't like it?

Your grocer will do that. We pay him to do it. He makes his profit, whether you like it or not.

You see we know beforehand whether you're going to like it or not.

A Schilling & Company San Francisco

because they are they are the best possible.

The Republican party has restricted itself to one remedy for the depression, namely, the tariff. Already they are beginning to doubt the efficiency of this, and since it is the sole remedy in their medicine chest, the only thing that remains to be done is to convince the people that there is no other remedy for our national ills.

So we must bid a long farewell to the "golden age" of the past. The farmer must never expect good times; the manufacturer must never again expect a market; the laborer must expect continuously falling wages; those driven to idleness by the force of circumstances, must never expect another job; and we must all expect a continually growing army of tramps and criminals.

My Republican friends, read this article by Mr. Smalley. Look for more of them during the next four years from him and other writers. See if they do not appear with exasperating regularity, until they are pronounced sound by the plutocratic press. And when depressed by the pessimism contained therein ask yourselves if there is no way to put the millions, now idle, to work, so that they will lift part of the burden from the shoulders of those who are now working. Ask yourselves a great many questions you have never thought of asking before. Read and ponder, but never settle down, contented in mind, under the present conditions, made permanent.—S. M. Jones in Springfield Republican.

FROM PORTLAND.

PORTLAND, March 25.—Having done some writing for your paper before, I will now give you some account of my trip to the big city. It has been for some time impossible to do any spring plowing. There was a gray mare's tail across the sky and the wind in the south, so I reckon its still raining up in the Waldo hills. Nothing sure in Oregon but rain and taxes and so I took the O. R. & N. boat for Portland. The first man I struck was Powers, the steamboat agent at Salem. He seems to know everybody in four counties, and we were boys together in Linn county when you could pick up hundreds of Indian arrow heads on their old battle fields. He used to have one of the largest collections on the coast. Mrs. Dr. Clara Davidson was a passenger to see her sister at Weston.

The first man I saw to know and speak to on board the boat was John Q. Wilson. I've heard my father tell that in 1854 and 1855 Mr. Wilson was the biggest grain raiser in the Willamette valley. He had what is now the Oliver Biers farm on Mission bottom, and turned off crops of 5000 to 6000 bushels, which was a great deal of grain in those days. Biers and Bent Jones and Wm. Colliard and Alex. Lafollette are about four of the most prosperous farmers in the county to be living all in a bunch. Mr. Wilson, I learned, was going to Heppner, Morrow county, where he has turned his sheep ranch into a shorthorn stock farm, but his lease has run out and he is going up to renew it. Wilson is an old settler and the only man thing he ever done in his life was to go to the legislature once and I guess he is ashamed of it, too.

Peter Kirk, the old grain buyer at St. Paul got on the boat at Champego. He has handled millions of dollars of business but he told us he had never handled anything so delightful as a six months old boy baby he is now the father of. The postoffice is in his son's store at St. Paul, and has been in his family and his father's family for over fifty years. It seems to run in his family like the sailor's wooden leg. Mr. Kirk, Mr. Wilson and young Mr. Gooding and I had a game of eucra that lasted from Butteville to the Morrison street bridge.

Some of the people I saw the first day were Judge Burnett and District Attorney Hayden. They had been up at McMinnville holding court. There were a couple of young waterspout lawyers with them, but that is all I will write this time.

Plowboy.

See Town Topics.

See Town Topics.

TARIFF.

The Long Debate Has Closed

And the Five Minute Rule Will Be in Force.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The four days' general debate, in the house, on the Dingley tariff bill closed. The bill will open for debate, under the five-minute rule, until Wednesday, when a vote will be taken.

Bailey, the opposition leader, who was to have closed the general debate for his side, was unable to make his speech, owing to a sore throat, and a mutual arrangement was made for an hour's debate just before the final vote is taken. Speechmaking was not of a lively order, but the crowds in the galleries continue.

Five members of the ways and means committee spoke, Tawney, Dalzell, Russell, Payne, and Stone. The other members of the session were Talbot, Clark, Maguire, Gunn, Cox, McBae, Grow, Simpson, Curtis, Burke, Lentz, Colson, Hawley, DeArmond and Fitzgerald.

Dalzell reviewed the results of the Wilson and McKinley laws, and denounced the ad valorem system as giving an opportunity for an immense under-valuation. "Idle men and women, busy soup-houses and starvation," had marked the period of the Wilson bill. He ridiculed the statement of the minority, that it offered no substitute for the bill because it had no time to prepare one, and inquired if the Democrats expected that the country would be willing to have them air their theories at a cost of \$1,000,000 a day. He defended the bill on the charge that it "fostered trusts."

"The political economy of Adam Smith has long since been relegated where it belongs," he said. "The industrial world has been revolutionized by the introduction of the factory system. It is no longer a single farmer or a single mechanic, but great aggregations of wealth are necessary to engage in the vast enterprises which are recognized by the laws of every state."

We would not say there were no abuses incidental to the system, but in "free trade" England there were more monstrous trusts than the United States knew anything about, and he cited the English steel-rail trust, and he read from an English paper concerning the new combination of the armament manufacturers. The cry about trusts was an exhibition of ignorance of economic conditions.

DEBATE.

This was the last day of the general debate of the tariff bill in the house. Talbot, Democrat, of South Carolina, in the presence of a scant audience, opened the debate. The house rapidly filled. Talbot talked a great deal about robber barons.

Cham Clark, Democrat, of Missouri, followed. He said as a Democratic politician he rejoiced in the passage of the pending bill, because after it had become a law every storekeeper would be obliged to make a Democratic speech every time he made a sale. The passage of this bill, he said, would give the Democrats a hundred majority in the next congressional election.

After brief remarks by Maguire, Democrat, of California, and Gunn, Populist, of Idaho, Tawney, Republican, of Minneapolis, member of the ways and means committee, took the floor for twenty minutes. Tawney defended the lead schedule, which had been attacked by Gunn. The latter said he had criticism to make of the rates. He only asked that they be collected.

Tawney asserted the classification of this schedule was such the duties

If the matter pays the grocer to money-back Schilling's Best

do you think he knows his business or not?

Per sale by Harritt & Lawrence.

could not be evaded. The purpose of the farmers of the schedule was to give American labor employment in smelting Mexican and Canadian ores, and at the same time fully protect the American lead miner.

Simpson, Populist, of Kansas, entered the house for five minutes. He read from McKinley's speech at the Minneapolis convention a declaration that the foreigner paid the tax, which he ridiculed. The last congress, he said, increased the appropriation \$50,000,000, and now, according to McKinley's theory, taxes on foreigners were to be increased to pay for extravagance. The foreigner should be glad, he said, that the last congress had not been a two-billion-dollar congress. If the taxes of the taxes of the foreigner should be sufficiently increased, he observed sarcastically, the surplus would be distributed among our people and every day would be Sunday here. (Laughter.)

Simpson said he was himself a farmer, who farmed farms, not farmers. If the Republicans had desired to do something practical for the farmers, why, he asked, had they left hides on the free list. Simpson announced himself as a free-trader.

SENATE.

The senate after a discussion, referred the amended credentials of John A. Henderson, of Florida, appointed to succeed Call, to the committee on privileges and elections, and then went into executive session for the consideration of the arbitration treaty.

The senate took up the arbitration treaty immediately after going into executive session today. The Culliton amendment was still the immediate subject under discussion. Senator Chilton, author of the amendment, spoke at length. He urged that the change was necessary to protect American interests and said they were not safe under less explicit provisions.

JOURNAL "X" RAYS.

Directed Upon the Oregon Politicians and Public Men.

Salem's street car line is second to none on the coast.

Protection, like charity, should begin at home. Patronize home people.

The Salem Henchman says prosperity is already here. Of course, it's just as well to be satisfied with what we have.

Many McKinleyites now think what was meant by the promised prosperity was that things wouldn't get any worse. We should be thankful for small favors.

Blancher, the notorious criminal-murderer, had sympathy enough for the taxpayers to commit suicide. What a pity Durrant has not done likewise. What a saving it would have been to the state.

Kansas boasts of reducing the lists of mortgages on record, and thus proves that prosperity has set in. The trouble is, the mortgages are being cancelled by mortgage companies foreclosing. Great is Kansas' prosperity.

The consolidation of Salem's electric railways under one management, can not but be welcomed. The demands of the public will now be met much more satisfactorily than when the lines were being operated in competition.

It is a strange fact of history that Marion county last fall had an increased vote of 1070, while the census of school children shows a decrease of 270. Clackamas and Multnomah counties had a like experience.

A fellow, stranded in the city of Portland, one day last week, received a happy inspiration by which he could get a free ride to San Francisco. He created a sensation by confessing the murder of Blanche Lamont and was immediately turned over to San Francisco authorities. Of course he was discharged upon reaching his destination.

This morning as "Pap" Richardson started to drive up Front street near the Iron works he struck a lake of water nearly a block long. He would have ventured through, but when he read the following sign-board erected on the banks of the same, he retreated:

No Hunting or Fishing Here.

"Pap" immediately repaired to the street commissioner's office, or somewhere, to report the best streets in the world.

"CRAZED" CHINA

Is often caused by overheat. As you value your cups and saucers, your plates, your glasses, keep them out of boiling water. Warm water is equally efficient if used with GOLD DUST. This famous preparation will make everything clean, without the slightest damage.

GOLD DUST

WASHING POWDER

is sure and harmless in all departments of house cleaning. The most economical method of cleaning you can employ. Made only by

The N. K. Fairbank Company,
St. Louis, Chicago, New York,
Boston, Philadelphia,
San Francisco.

Scurvy stricken Crew.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The crew of the scurvy-stricken ship, T.F. Oakes, has been notified that it will be paid off. Eleven men are recovering slowly in the Marine hospital, on Staten Island. Several of them are much improved, and they will probably be able to appear before the shipping commissioner and tell their story of the fearful voyage from China.

Their suffering have excited great indignation, and a mass meeting to consider the case has been set for tonight, at Cooper Union, under the auspices of the Social Reform club and Central Labor union.

INSPECTION CEREMONIES.—The quarterly inspection and muster of companies B and I, O. N. G. at the armory last evening was largely witnessed by the public. The event was in every way satisfactory, and highly creditable to the officers in charge. The inspection last evening indicated the interest in the military companies to be steadily advancing which is itself, is commendable of the officials. The second regiment band also underwent inspection last night. The boys of Co. B are eagerly awaiting the competitive drill with a company from Hubbard. The event will transpire at Woodburn some time during April.

HOME FROM McMINNVILLE.—Circuit Judge Geo. H. Burnett and District Attorney S. L. Hayden returned Thursday afternoon from McMinnville, where they have been attending court. The March term of the Yamhill court this year was unusually short, there being but fourteen cases on the docket. Of this number only four viz: three criminals and one civil case, came to trial.

The Northern Pacific is the only line making direct connection at Spokane for all points in the mining territory, such as Northport, Roseland, Trail, Kaslo, Nelson and other points now attracting attention of all persons in the east and west. Via this line you can leave Portland at 11 a. m. commencing Sunday, March 28, and reach any of the mining centers the following afternoon. By using this line you can save a layover of 50 hours in Spokane, and the expense attached to it. For map of the Kootenai country, giving full particulars, in regard to the mining industry, etc., call on or write Thomas, Watt & Co., agents, Salem, Or., 286 Commercial street. If

Town Topics—Friday night.

Seven Months With Fever.
Wonderful Recovery of Health.

Mr. Baird's rapid and marvelous recovery from a more skeleton to his normal weight, 270 pounds, was surely the fullest test of the greatest strength-giving and building-up medicine ever produced, namely:

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.



J. H. BAIRD.

Gentlemen—I wish to express to you my gratitude for the great good that Dr. Miles' Nervine has done for me. I was taken sick with typhoid fever and I laid in bed for seven months. After getting over the fever I was thin, nervous and tired, and did not regain my lost strength. I tried several proprietary medicines, and finally, I began trying your Nervine, and at once began to improve. Was finally entirely cured, and today I can say I never felt better in all my life, and weigh 270 pounds, 6 feet 6 inches in height.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at \$1.00 a bottle for \$5.00. It will be sent prepaid on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Who Said So?

The man who said that the hardest part of an eastern trip came after leaving the Mississippi river, never journeyed between Minneapolis or St. Paul to Milwaukee or Chicago over the lines of the Wisconsin Central, for the accommodations over this route are unsurpassed, the connections are close, thus doing away with vexatious delays. The dining car service is the remark of all travelers who go this way; a good square meal at reasonable prices. For particulars address Geo. S. Batty, General Agent, 236 Stark street, Portland, Oregon, or Jas. C. Pond, General Passenger Agent, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, or apply to your nearest ticket agent.

"Perfection" Dyes are as neat perfection as dyes can be.

The Northern Pacific Overland train will leave Portland at 11 a. m. on Sunday morning, March 28, and thereafter, making direct connection at Spokane for all points in the mining territory north of Spokane. This will save passengers laying over at package and the usual expense incurred by such forced layover. If you are going to the gold fields, see that our ticket reads over this line.—Thomas & Watt, agents, Salem, Or.

Castor Oil Cannot Be Cured

LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they reach the seat of the disease, Castor oil is a blood constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous of the system. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonic known, combined with the best blood purifier, acting directly upon the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The only safe and reliable medicine for infants and children. It is a pure and wholesome medicine, and is sold by all druggists.

JOHN HUGHES.

Dealer in groceries, paints, oils, window glass, varnishes, and the most complete stock of brushes of all kinds in the state. Artists' materials, lime, hair, cement and shingles, and finest quality of grass seeds.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TAILORING BUSINESS for sale, in a county seat town. Good opening for very little capital. Address "G." care JOURNAL office. 3-18-1m

FOR SALE OR TRADE.—Property in Scott Mills, Or. Will sell or trade for property in Kansas. For further particulars inquire of address: S. M. Tomlinson, Washington, Kansas. 3-9-1m

MRS. N. B. SCOTT.—Scribbler and typewriter, room 12, over Ladd & Bush's bank. Prompt attention to all classes of work.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture

Carpets, Etc.

Saturday, March 27th.

AT 1 O'CLOCK P.M.

At Good's auction house 313 Commercial street. I am instructed by Mr. John Faust, who is leaving for the east, to sell his entire elegant household furniture to the highest bidder without reserve consisting of one bed lounge, 1 fine couch, sewing machine, 1 set of cane seat chairs, 10 yds. Brussels carpet, 10 yds. all wool Ingrain and 22 yds. rug carpet, all good as new, a fine bath tub with copper lining, 2 extension tables, 1 cook stove, 2 heaters, rocking chairs, stands, spring mattresses, baby buggy, eight day clock, cooking utensils and other things too numerous to mention.

J. F. GOODE, Auctioneer.

3-21-1m

HELLO!

SEE D. S. BENTLEY

If you want to move or want a load of kind hauled or want a load of manure, sand or gravel, or cement, lime, hair, brick or sewer pipe, see D. S. Bentley, corner of Front and Chambers streets or on telephone 39. Also wood and coal on hand at all times. Orders promptly attended to.

DEPOT EXPRESS.

Meets all mail and passenger trains. Packages and express to all parts of the country. Prompt service. Telephone No. 70.

JAMES RADE.

C. H. MACK.

DENTIST.

Successor to Dr. J. M. Keene, old W. Corner, Salem, Or. Parties desiring operations at moderate fees in any branch in especial request.

MORTGAGE LOAN

On inside property at 7 per cent. On land security at 8 per cent. Safe loans made for investors. Insurance effected in reliable companies. JOHN MOIR, Broker, room No. 2, Bush bank building.

WOLZ'S MARKET

WOLZ & MIESCKE Props.

Dealers in all kinds of fresh and salt meats. Lard in bulk, 7c a lb. Cheapest meat in town. Try them. 171 Commercial st.

SALEM WATER CO.

Office: Willamette Hotel Building.

For water service apply at office, payable monthly in advance. Make complaints at the office.

C. H. LANE.

MERCHANT TAILOR

211 Commercial st., Salem. Suits \$15 upwards. Pants \$5 upwards.

CORN CHOP

AND CORN

at the old reliable feed store.

BREWSTER & WHITE,

91 COURT ST., SALEM.

TWIN MEAT MARKET

Best Meats in the city. Prompt delivery. Cattle Block Shop, Court Street Shop.

GEO. FENDRICH, Prop.

J. F. GILMORE.

[Successor to White & Gilmore.]

Lime, Cement, Lath, Plaster

Corn and Corn Chop, all kinds of feed.

54 STATE ST.

J. H. HAAS.

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.

Makes a specialty of fine repair work. Thomas clocks, etc., 215 Commercial St.

NECKEMAN & ROGERS

Dealers in Groceries

Liquors, tobaccos, cigars, confections. A full line of high-grade bottled goods, all kinds. 218 Commercial st., Salem.

R. J. HERSCHBACH

Blacksmith and Wagon Maker

* R. J. Herschbach, blacksmith and wagon maker, horseshoeing a specialty, setting new \$1.25, resetting shoes 75 cents. All other work in proportion. Satisfaction guaranteed. 100 Chemekeka street.

The Public shop, on corner of State and Front is now prepared to do first-class

HORSESHOEING

AND GENERAL JOBBING.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a call.

112 1m POHLE & BISHOP

A PURE JERSEY BULL

For service for the season. Call at Beverly meat market, corner Center & 1st Thierman street. Finest milk stock in Oregon, 18-19-20

J. S. FREEBURGER

NEW MARKET

State street, near railroad. Fresh meats in town. My patrons say I keep the best

HELLO!

SEE D. S. BENTLEY

If you want to move or want a load of kind hauled or want a load of manure, sand or gravel, or cement, lime, hair, brick or sewer pipe, see D. S. Bentley, corner of Front and Chambers streets or on telephone 39. Also wood and coal on hand at all times. Orders promptly attended to.

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