



THE

New York Racket

has just closed its fifth year, and we are satisfied with the five years' trade, and pleased to say that their customers express themselves as satisfied with the prices they have paid for goods purchased, and appear to be content to trade with us the coming year. On our part we pledge ourselves to follow the original plan adopted by us, and mark goods at as close figures as ever. We ask our patrons to call and examine our line of clothing, for men, youths and boys, which we offer at low prices; also our "Star-5-Star" line of boots and shoes for men, women and children, which we can't be beat; also underwear for all ages, hosiery, notions of all kinds, laundries, and unlaundried and work shirts, hats, caps, etc. Our prices are low, quality good. Call and see us.

E.T. BARNES,
PROPRIETOR.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Academy Appropriation

Killed After Long Discussion—West Point Amendment Defeated.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—In the senate the bill of Maine, occupied the chair in the absence of the vice-president. The military academy appropriation bill was taken up. Chandler endeavored to have the bill laid aside in order to proceed with the measure for an international monetary conference, but Pettigrew objected. Thereupon Chandler announced that the monetary conference bill would be argued later and to a conclusion he hoped.

A long discussion followed on the proposed amendment to the West Point appropriation bill providing that cadets shall attend the inauguration ceremony. Proctor, of Vermont, argued that the law should be made permanent for the attendance of the cadets at the inaugural.

Gray of Delaware opposed the amendment, saying the visit would not be in line with military education. "I understand," interrupted Allen of Nebraska, "that the senator from Delaware, (Gray) gave his great influence to electing a Republican president, and why should he object to bringing these young gentlemen to see the consummation of that event?"

HOUSE.

In accordance with notice given Monday, Danford of Ohio called up a conference report on the immigration bill. The agreement was reached that a vote would be taken on the adoption of the report.

Danford then made his opening argument in support of the report. As it passed the house, he said, the bill applied the educational test only to males. This test was now extended to females. This extension caused the principal antagonism to the adoption of the conference report on the ground that it would separate families. Husbands might be admissible and wives excluded, or vice versa.

If the bill become a law, he said, its provisions would be well understood abroad by prospective immigrants, and few families would apply for ad-

mission who are not eligible. The steamship companies were obliged to return such. He drew a graphic picture of the overcrowding of the great centers of population, the great numbers out of work and the constant necessity of relieving them from want and starvation.

He drew attention to the Corliss amendment, designed to prevent "birds of passage" from crossing the Canadian border each spring and returning again each fall. They took advantage of the high wages paid in the United States, paid no taxes and contributed nothing to the common wealth.

He thought this bill less drastic than the one which passed the last house.

In conclusion he said the bill did not go as far as he would like it to go, because he believed the unemployed of this country today constitute the greatest danger to the republic.

Barthold of Missouri followed in favor of the rejection of the report and instructions to the conference to insist upon certain modifications of the bill. As one of the conferees, he said, he refused to sign the report, because it would separate husband and wife, parent and child, and further, because it not only excluded illiterates, but all those who could not read and write the language of their "native or resident land language." Reason not prejudice and passion, he trusted, would prevail in consideration of this subject.

FAVORABLY REPORTED.

The house committee on labor authorized a favorable report on the bill to prohibit the employment of prison labor on government buildings.

HOW TO REMIT.

Agents and subscribers ordering THE JOURNAL are requested to always write names plainly to avoid errors. Do not send stamps or it can be avoided. Money orders, drafts are safest, but coin to the amount of a dollar can be sent safely if well wrapped in paper before placing in the envelope. All subscriptions MUST be paid in advance, as the price is too low to afford bookkeeping or sending of bills.

HOFER BROS., Editors.

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CUBA.

Murdered by the Spaniards.
An Insurgent Hospital Fired and Its Inmates Cremated.

KEY WEST, Fla., Jan. 27.—News from Weyler's advance column tells of a brief but sharp fight, near El Jobo, west of Guines, in which Weyler's vanguard was forced back. A stronger column was pushed forward and the insurgents driven back. A hospital, that they were guarding, and the wounded insurgents, 23 in number, two physicians and a female nurse were killed.

This hospital was guarded by 200 insurgents, under Captain Moragán, the men being too sick to be moved. The insurgents knew their danger, but they determined to sell their lives dearly in defense of their sick and wounded brothers-in-arms.

As one of the Weyler detachments came near the town they were ambushed and forced to retire, losing 40 men and one captain. Reinforcements arrived, and they came an hour later, and after a desperate fight were about to retire when another detachment of Spaniards, attracted by the firing, came up and drove the insurgents off in confusion. The two combined forces then swept the field, with a loss of 100 men, all told. They set fire to the dwellings and hospital building, which was soon in flames. Few of the wounded men were rescued, and nearly all perished in the flames.

Spanish Leader Beaten.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 28.—A special to the Commercial Tribune from Key West says:

A Cuban, who arrived on the steamship Olivette says the Spanish guerrilla leader, Colonel Rotger, was terribly beaten Friday near Rosarios, in the southern part of Havana province. False information that 50 insurgents were near there wounded and ill induced him to march there at once with 200 men. Francisco Baz, one of Maceo's men, planned the ruse, and he lay in wait with 250 men, one mile from Melfa. Here the road was under a high rocky hill. Baz had his men at the top. As Rotger's men marched into this deathtrap they were saluted with a deadly fire of musketry. As the panic-stricken Spaniards attempted to escape, boulders were rolled down among them, preventing any regular order of battle. Colonel Rotger was wounded. The Cubans says over 130 dead bodies were counted. Only 10 Cubans were killed.

Victim of Hypnotic Tests.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Jan. 28.—It was rumored that Spurgeon Young, 17 years old, who died Sunday night, had not died from natural causes, but that his death was caused from injuries received while under hypnotic influence. Coroner Bowers heard the rumors and decided to investigate. He empaneled a jury which viewed the remains this morning and adjourned until tomorrow, when it will meet to take evidence.

It is a well-known fact that Young had repeatedly been under hypnotic influences, and that while in that condition he had been placed with his head upon one chair and his heels upon another, all the time bearing the weight of a heavy man upon his stomach, and being subjected to a great variety of experiments by those who have used little judgment in the matter, so long as it afforded them amusement.

Parke Davis, a Yale college student whose home is in this city; Daniel Grandin and Charles E. Wood are charged with getting Young in a hypnotic state. It is said they could make him do anything they wished while he was under the power of any of them.

Fatal Fight.

ALBANY, Ky., Jan. 28.—David Hoffman and W. J. Leonard, of Campbellsville, who have just returned from the Cumberland mountains, state that Tuesday, in Morgan county, Tenn., a mob of men went to the farmhouse of Mr. Gage to chastise his son for immoral conduct.

Young Gage had a friend in the mob, John Porter, who, after the arrival in the yard, declared they should not touch Gage. A fight followed, in which John Porter was stabbed and killed. When Porter fell young Gage ran out of the house with a revolver in each hand, firing at the members of the mob, who ran. One of them, whose name is not learned, fell mortally wounded. The bodies of the two dead men were left lying on the porch all night.

Were Indicted.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Herbert B. Seeley, Theodore J. Rich and James Cops have been indicted by the grand jury on a charge of conspiring to procure the indecent exposure on the part of the dancers, Little Egypt and Minnie Renwood, who figured in the Vaudeville entertainment given at the Seeley dinner at Sherry's. None of the indicted men were arrested, but they were notified by their counsel to appear at the criminal court building today prepared to furnish \$500 bail.

Mr. Olcott said that indictments against others connected with the Seeley entertainment might be found. He had just received the testimony given at the trial of Police Captain Chapman. Mr. Battle, he said, would go over the testimony and decide tomorrow whether there was anything further in it to submit to the grand jury.

Run Down.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., Jan. 28.—Five men were killed by a freight train near East Norwalk station. It is supposed that while walking upon the track they stepped from in front of the express train directly in front of the freight.

The dead are: James Powers, section foreman; John Griffin, John Shea, Spleen, and an unknown man. All were instantly killed except Shea, who survived five minutes.

The men were engaged under the direction of foreman Powers in work upon the road bed, and stepped from one track to avoid the approaching express, to another upon which the freight was bearing down.

Gave Himself Up.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 28.—A shabbily dressed laboring man, about 35 years of age, entered the office of Chief of Detectives Desmond at police headquarters and stated that he had come to give himself up. He was escorted to an inner room and while talking to a detective the stranger thrust a penknife blade into his throat, severing the jugular vein and died in a few minutes.

He told Desmond his name was James Kelly, but refused to say where he lived. He was 5 feet 6 inches tall, dark hair and blonde mustache.

Ice Harvesting.

LA GRANDE, Or., Jan. 28.—Ice harvesting is on at Perry, under full pressure. The work began Tuesday morning, and is being carried forward night and day. A string of electric lights from the mill plant have been placed along the pond to facilitate the work at night. A force of 75 men is loading four trains, or 40 carloads every 24 hours. Ice is shipped for storage in the Blue Mountain Natural Ice Company's warehouses in Portland. It is expected about 200 carloads will be sent out within the next two weeks, if the present favorable state of weather continues. After the shipments are out of the way, about 4000 tons of ice will be stored in the company's house at Perry.

MARKETS.

Talkington, Bottinger & Co's, circular for Jan. 28, 1897.

WHEAT.

The action of wheat this week has been restricted to narrow limits. The trade has been largely local in character and there has been a noticeable absence of outside speculation to sustain prices. Cables have been disappointing, although there was plenty of other bull news. The engagements for export have been liberal and there was a considerable buying of the May option by foreigners. This wheat will all have to be delivered and it will be shipped out at the maturity of the option. A great deal of the buying comes from St. Louis. Somebody down from there is taking lots of wheat.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—May wheat opened at 74 and closed at 74. Cash wheat sold at 74. Liverpool wheat 68 5/8.

PORTLAND MARKET.

Portland, Jan. 28 Wheat valley, 86¢/87
Flour—Portland, 4.50. Beaton county, 4.40; Graham, 4.00; supreme, 3.50 per bl
Oats—White, 39¢/40¢; grey, 38¢/40¢; rolled in bags, 34.25¢/35.25; barrels, 4.50¢/7.00; cases, 3.75.
Potatoes, Oregon, 6.50¢/7.50 per sack.
Hay, good, 12.50¢/13 per ton.
Hops—9¢/10¢.
Wool, Valley, 9¢/10¢; Eastern Oregon 6.50¢.
Mohair, 1.15¢/2.00.
Milk, 1.15¢/1.20; shorts \$16.50.
Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$2.00¢/2.50; ducks 4.00¢/4.50; turkeys, live, 10.
Eggs—Oregon, 17.20¢/18.00¢ per doz.
Hides, green, salted 60 lbs 7.50¢; under 60 lbs 6.00¢; sheep pelts, 10¢/70¢.
Tallow—2.50¢/3.00¢.
Onions—85¢/1.10 per sack.
Wheat Bags—Calcutta 4.25¢/4.37¢.
Beans—small white, 1.50¢/1.60¢; lima 1.40¢.
Hogs, heavy, 3.00 to 3.25.
Butter, Best dairy 22¢/30¢; fancy creamery 35¢/40¢.
Cheese, 12¢/15¢.
Dried Fruit—Apples, evaporated, bleached 6.50¢/7.00; unbleached, 3.50¢/4.00; sun-dried, 4¢/4.50¢.
Peanut—5¢/6¢.
Plums—pitless, 30¢/40¢.
Prunes—4.50¢/6.00¢.
Veal—small 5¢; large 4.50¢ per lb.
Mutton Weathers 2.00; ewes 1.50; dressed mutton, 40¢.
Beef—Steers 2.75; cows 2.50; dressed 4.50¢.
Cured Meats—Hams 10¢/15¢; bacon 6¢.
Lard—in pails, 70¢.
SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.
Wool, Oregon, choice 7.00¢; inferior 5.00¢.
Lard—Quotable at 7.40¢ for new.
Potatoes—60¢/75¢ per sack.
Oats—Milling, 1.15¢/1.35¢.
SALEM MARKET.
Oats, 35¢.
Hay, Baled, cheat, 9.00; timothy 11.50¢.
Flour, in wholesale lots, 4.20; retail 4.40; bran, bulk 13.00¢; sacked, 14.00¢; shorts, 14.00¢/15.00¢; chop feed, 15.00¢/16.00¢.
Poultry, Hens, 5¢; Turkeys 9¢; Roosters 5¢.
Veal—Dressed, 4¢.
Hog, Dressed, 4.50¢/5.00¢/3.50¢.
Live Cattle, 1.15¢/1.20¢.
Sheep, Live, 1.50¢/2.00¢ cwt.
Wool, Best, 12¢.
Hops, Best, 9¢ a ton.
Eggs, Cash, 20¢.
Fruit, Green—Apples per box 1.00¢/1.50¢; Farm Smoked Meats, Bacon, 6.50¢; ham 90¢; shoulders, 5¢.
Potatoes, 35¢ per bu.
Onions—65¢.
Dried Fruit—Apples, evaporated bleached, 70¢/80¢; unbleached 40¢/50¢.
Plums—4¢.

Waiting for Apestequia.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—A dispatch to the World from Madrid says:

The proclaiming of the reforms for Cuba is only awaiting the arrival of the Marquis of Apestequia, the leader of the Cuban conservatives. He is on his way here from Havana, and is expected in a few days.

The government wished to consult him on the state of the island especially as to the condition and disposition of the loyalists and insurgents, before putting into the Madrid and Havana gazettes the decrees granting concessions.

Naval Maneuvers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Admiral Bunce expects to sail with his squadron February 22 for Hampton Roads, bound for Charleston, which port will be blockaded as part of the naval maneuvers of the squadron. The squadron will be largely reinforced before sailing or very soon after the ships arrive off Charleston. The big monitor Porifan, on her maiden cruise, will leave New York next to join the squadron.

LOUIS JAMES COMING.—The sale of seats for Mr. James will commence tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock for subscribers only. All should be in line at Patton's book store at that time. See other advertisement for scale of prices.

OREGON LEGISLATURE.

The Seante Has Adjourned
And the Benson House Continues to Flounder.

BENSON HOUSE—THURSDAY.
Speaker Benson called to order at 11:30. Roll call showed 29 present. There was no clergyman to officiate. Minutes read.

Crawford called up the report of Sergeant-at-arms Murphy. He simply stated that he had served a copy of the Benson house resolution, citing the absentee members to appear at noon today and show reasons why their seats be not declared vacant. The report was ordered entered in the journal.

Huntington called for the ayes and noes. Ayes 29, noes 1, the latter being Huntington.

Bridges moved a committee of three to ascertain if any of the absent members were sworn in.

Hudson seconded and Somers stated that he had interviewed the secretary and he had been informed that Mr. Kincaid had not sworn in any members and would not swear in any members until constitutionally organized.

Chair appointed Messrs. Bridges, Gracie and Vaughn as committee.

Adjourned to 2 p. m.

Benson house met at 2 p. m. with 29 members present.

Davis house met this morning and adjourned over one day.

The committee of the Benson house that called on the secretary of state to learn who was sworn in, reported none had been sworn in but the Ben-sonites. Report adopted.

The house then began first reading of bills.

SENATE—THURSDAY A. M.

Opened with prayer by Rev. Muehlhaupt. Reading minutes dispensed with.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

180. Driver, by request, granting charter to the Eugene Divinity school. Dr. Driver explained that this is a Christian church institution, duly organized, and explained that this bill might be termed an "enabling act," and is necessary to give the school power to issue "passports to heaven" in the form of diplomas.

181. Price, request, to abolish attorney fees provisions in promissory notes.

182. Holt, to fix compensation of county officers of Jackson county.

183. Holt, to fix district attorney in first judicial district. Selling moved 240 copies printed. Carried.

184. Gesner, to amend military laws of Oregon. Johnson moved that 240 copies be ordered printed. Gesner moved to amend by making 240 the number of bills printed at all times. Carried.

185. Harmon, prescribing witness fees in Jackson and Josephine counties.

186. Mulkey, for Brownell, by request, for protection of electric wires.

187. Mulkey, to amend charter of Falls City.

188. Hobson, to amend law fixing time of annual school meetings.

189. Patterson of Washington, fixing fees of county clerk of Tillamook county.

Senator Dufur gave notice that tomorrow he will offer a resolution, amending senate rules and requiring that no more bills, resolutions, etc., to be printed, until the house of representatives shall have been legally organized.

Joint memorial No. 3, Hazeltine, memorializing congress in the interest of veterans of the Cayuse Indian wars. Selling moved that only 240 copies of this memorial be printed. Carried. Joint resolution No. 5, Hazeltine, by request, authorizing the secretary of state to supply 300 copies of "The Early Indian Wars of Oregon" to the Indian War Veterans association; 240 copies ordered printed.

Senator Selling gave notice that he will ask to have senate rule No. 18 so amended as to provide for the printing of only 240 copies of all bills.

Senator Harmon presented petitions

and remonstrances on division of Coos county, which were received without reading.

SECOND READING.

118. Dawson, the terms "land" and "real property" for taxation. To committee on assessment and taxation.

119. Gesner, providing for McAdam road between asylum and asylum farm. Counties.

120. Harmon, to establish free public libraries and reading rooms. Education.

121. Wade, for relief of Union county, to recover from the state \$3963.35.

122. King, relating to manner of publication of summonses. Revision of laws.

123. Patterson of Marion, to prevent floatage of wood, timber or logs over private lands. Counties.

124. Harmon, to regulate taking of salmon in Rogue river. Fisheries.

125. Mulkey, to preserve from removal of destruction public land marks or records. Revision of laws.

126. Smith, for formation of co-operative corporations. Judiciary.

127. Carter, to regulate manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers. Horticulture.

128. Smith, to change east boundary line of Clatsop county. Counties.

129. Driver, to provide for inspection of all correctional institutions, hospitals, schools etc. Public institutions.

130. Driver, to prevent wearing of denominational insignia by public school teachers. Education.

131. Mulkey, to amend law providing for laying out of public roads. Roads and highways.

132. Wade, to establish maximum freight rates. Railroads.

After the reading of several bills, the senate adjourned until Monday at 2:30 o'clock.

Birthday Social.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—As there seems to be some misunderstanding in regard to the "Birthday social" that the W. C. T. U. ladies are preparing for, we would like space in your columns to explain. The ladies have, and still are sustaining a free reading room in this city. They have used every effort to keep this room open, warm and well lighted, and the public are always made welcome there, but as the most of the members of the Union are not wealthy they find it quite a tax on them to do all they want to, so they have planned the social and promise a pleasant evening's entertainment to those that come and to those of our city who see the need of pleasant places for the young to spend their evenings, we appeal to respond to the invitation, as the proceeds, of this social, will be used for the benefit of the reading room. The social will be on Monday night, February 1, at 7:30, in the W. C. T. U. hall, admission free. A collection as a freewill offering will be taken.

Mrs. E. M. LAW,

By order of the committee.

Before Texas Legislature.

AUSTIN, Texas, Jan. 28.—W. J. Bryan visited the Texas legislature. Business was suspended while he made a ringing speech, characteristic of his last campaign. He took occasion to say he noted with pride that Texas was in the lead in the matter of laws to regulate corporations that were doing their country harm. He stated that in his state and others during the past 12 months, corporations had stepped out of their chartered rights and into politics, and he favored the enactment of laws prohibiting any corporation from contributing to campaign funds.

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