

THE New York Racket

has just closed its fifth year, and we are satisfied with the five years' trade, and pleased to say that their customers express themselves as satisfied with the prices they have paid for goods purchased, and appear to be content to trade with us the coming year. On our part we pledge ourselves to follow the original plan adopted by us, and mark goods at as close figures as ever. We ask our patrons to call and examine our line of clothing, for men, youths and boys, which we offer at low prices; also our "Star-S-Star" line of boots and shoes for men, women and children, they can't be beat; also underwear for all ages, hosiery, notions of all kinds, laundered, and unlaundered and work shirts, hats, caps, etc. Our prices are low, quality good. Call and see us.

E. T. BARNES,
PROPRIETOR.

CUBA.

How Brave Maceo Died. Decision in the Three Friends Case.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—A Herald special from Jacksonville, Fla., says: The question of Maceo's death now seems fully decided. J. A. Huanan, the Florida Cuban agent, has just received a letter from Colonel Hernandez, who commanded the Cuban detachment that went to reinforce Maceo's forces. In the letter Colonel Hernandez says:

"The greatest desire of our enemy here is to make it appear and make you fellows in the United States believe that the provinces of Pinar del Rio and Havana are without insurgents and in a fair way to be pacified. But this is wrong; without a word of truth in it. The only pacification we offer is liberty gained by our trusty machetes."

"December 7 was a day we will never forget, for it was then we suffered a great misfortune in the tragic death (by ambush) of our noble Maceo. This is the greatest misfortune we have suffered since the beginning of the war, but it only encourages us to fight the harder and avenge his death. Cuba libre is the only shout we have now. We were encamped near the light that day, and heard the firing."

"Maceo came across the trocha unknown to us with but 40 men. More than 1500 Spaniards, who had been informed of his trip, ambushed him. He rode into it, and was shot at the first fire. We heard the firing, and thinking that some of our friends were attacked by the Spanish guerrillas, we started off at once to their aid, though we had but 400 men."

"When we reached the scene of battle it was almost over, and we were told Maceo was killed and his body had been tied to a horse's tail, and that the Spanish were taking it off. Our men were frantic over the report. We dashed forward with drawn machetes, and what a fight there was! The Spaniards met us and the encounter was horrible. Our men fought to kill, only bent on avenging Maceo. Our trusty and sharp machetes fell with regularity, and I think we killed more than 200 of the enemy, and what is more, we had the consolation of recovering the body of our beloved leader, Maceo. The Spaniards fought hard to regain it, charging upon us repeatedly, but our sharp machetes were too much for them and they soon retreated."

"Our little force suffered terribly. Our cavalry which went in 200 strong, came out with only 22 men, and the infantry also suffered. But for all that we were consoled by the fact

that our brave brothers gave up their lives in a good cause and to save the body of our lamented Maceo from the desecration which the Spaniards would have inflicted."

"We buried the body in a secret and secure place. Only myself and a few selected men know the location. In due time it will be made public. If made known now, the murderous Spaniards would try to get it and parade it as showing their great triumph."

"Poor Maceo sleeps in peace, but his brothers remain to avenge him, and that they are doing daily. I have a good many important things to tell you in connection with this, but I do not dare to put them in this, as I am not positive that the letter will get through safely."

ANDRES HERNANDEZ, Lieutenant-Colonel, Regiment Goyucua, Commanding Department of Havana.

Three Friends

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 19.—Judge Locke, of the United States court for the Southern district of Florida, rendered his decision in the case of the Three Friends upon the defense to the libel of the government, for violating the neutrality laws. The point was raised by the counsel for the defense that, inasmuch as the Cuban insurgents had not been recognized by the United States, they were neither a people nor a body politic, as defined by the section under which the libel was drawn. This was sustained by Judge Locke and the district attorney was given ten days in which to file an amended libel.

Miss Yaw Is Not Dead.

The following is taken from the Chicago Inter Ocean of the 13th inst.: "Waterloo, Iowa, Jan. 12.—Special Telegram.—Ellen Beach Yaw is not dead. Telegrams were received today from her brother, P. G. Yaw of Minneapolis, and from Chas. C. Wentzler of the Binghamton (N. Y.) Republican, reported author of the story. She is now on the Pacific slope."

The article published in a recent issue of THE JOURNAL regarding the supposed death of Miss Yaw, the wonderful vocalist, was printed in good faith since it was clipped from a reliable publication of Western New York. However, we are only delighted to make the correction. While Miss Yaw's death seemed highly improbable owing to the absence of publicity that would certainly have been given such a sad occurrence, yet we were naturally governed by the item above referred to.

Spices and flavoring extracts are favorite nests of adulteration; perhaps you don't care.

But Schilling's Best are pure and money-back.

For sale by
Harritt & Lawrence.

FAILURES.

Business and Bank Failures.

Irregularities Cause Trouble in a Louisville Bank.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 19.—National Bank Examiner Escott closed the German National bank. J. M. McKnight, president. The capital stock is \$261,500, with a surplus of \$31,000. The bank is an old one, but for some time has been regarded as unsafe.

The last statement issued by the bank, December 19, 1896, made a very bad showing. The 25 per cent rule had been violated by about 8 per cent. Under the head of resources it was given out that the bank held \$113,025 securities, stocks, etc. This was very unsatisfactory, as the "etcetera" was not considered definite enough. Since the statement was issued, withdrawals have been steady.

President McKnight was for years prominently identified with the banking business and was involved in a number of outside financial operations.

In a signed statement President McKnight says depositors will be paid in full and the stockholders will probably reorganize the bank.

Bank Closed.

NEWPORT, Ky., Jan. 19.—The First National bank closed. Heavy investments in real estate in this city is said to be the cause. The failure was a surprise to the business men of the city. While the statement was given out by the officers that no one would lose anything, there were all sorts of rumors flying about. Fortunately the integrity of the officers is such that no suggestion of wrongdoing found credence.

The first evidence of weakness was the refusal of the officers to pay Saturday afternoon \$5000 to the treasurer of the Bellevue school board, which he recently deposited, and had since been advised to draw out. Cashier T. B. Youtsey has been with the bank since its organization in 1875.

The capital stock is \$200,000. The president is John Trapp; vice-president, Joseph Wright. President Trapp, who was elected last fall in place of Henry Gunkle, who retired on account of advanced years, is a resident of Dayton, Ky., and one of the wealthiest men in the county.

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Minor Failure.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The failure of Louis Neilson has been announced on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. The suspension is considered unimportant, and is attributed to being short on Sugar and St. Paul.

Boston Exchange Suspended.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 19.—The Boston Stock & Grain Exchange, with offices in nearly all the principal New England cities, closed up its business. Creditors will not suffer, it is said.

Ship Wrecked.

PORT LOUIS, Island Mauritius, Jan. 19.—The British Indian ship Warren Hastings, was totally wrecked off the island of Feuncon at 2:30 a. m. Thursday last. Troops and crew, a total of 1,232 men, were all saved.

DONT FAIL—to see the Queen of Queens, Mrs. Hinges will render 2 numbers and other talent, recognized the best in Salem will be in this entertainment for the benefit of the First Congregational church. Dont fail to secure your seats in time. 50 & 25 cents at Patton Bros Book Store.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Great Nicaraguan Ditch.

Bill Passed Prohibiting the Sale of Liqueur to Indians.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The senate voted to take up the Nicaragua canal bill. This gives the measure the parliamentary advantage of being unfinished business of the senate, so it will be considered from day to day until final action is secured. The prospect is that the final vote will be reached at an early day and the test vote today on taking up this bill resulting in years, 36, noes, 14, foreshadowed its passage. Senator Morgan opened the debate with a lengthy speech in favor of the measure. The canal bill provides for the issue of \$100,000,000 of the Maritime Canal company's stock, of which the secretary of the treasury, in behalf of the United States, is to subscribe for \$70,000,000 worth of shares. The company is to issue bonds up to \$100,000,000, these to be guaranteed by the United States. The building and control of the canal are to be given to American engineers and a board of eleven directors, of whom five are to be appointed by the president.

IN THE HOUSE.

The attendance in the house was very light, a dull session being anticipated. An arrangement has been made whereby the day was to be given to business reported by the committee on the District of Columbia. There was a first general call on committees.

From the committee on Indian affairs a bill to prohibit the sale of intoxicating drinks to Indians was called up, and occasioned some debate. The bill imposes a fine of \$100 and imprisonment for 60 days upon any person who shall sell intoxicating liquors of any kind whatever to any Indian to whom an allotment of land has not been made, while the title is held in trust by the government. Maddox of Georgia argued that the bill was unconstitutional.

The bill passed—82 to 22.

ACCIDENT.

Edward Tower of Marshfield accidentally killed.

MARSHFIELD, Jan. 19.—Edward, the nineteen year old son of Dr. C. W. Tower, while out hunting Monday fatally shot himself. The charge took effect in his right arm, tearing it off and as a result of the shock of the necessary amputation and loss of blood he died at 1:30 a. m. Dr. Tower is detained at Salem on important business for the people of his county.

HOW IT HAPPENED.

Edward Tower shot his right arm off while duck hunting. He was accompanied by William Reichart and Harry Nasburg, and the accident occurred about three miles from town. The boys were in a small boat and Tower was picking up his gun to fire at a flock of ducks, when the gun was accidentally discharged. The charge of No. 2 shot took effect above the elbow, shattering the bone and severing the artery. A stray shot also struck Nasburg in the forehead, imbedding itself in the scalp.

Tower showed great presence of mind, and ordered his companions to tie a bandage above the wound to stop the flow of blood, and they started to pull to town. When they reached Marshfield Tower was very weak from loss of blood, but he was very gritty. On examination, it was found necessary to amputate the arm several inches above the elbow.

MARKETS.

Talkington, Bottger & Co's., circular for Jan. 19, 1897:

WHEAT.

Special from Chicago Journal Jan. 13, 1897. It should not be forgotten, that the limited supplies of wheat in this country will be drawn on more heavily for the future, and before spring it will be apparent that America will be unable to supply a demand that will come from every important country in Europe. We were talking with a gentleman today from Oregon, and he says that the big flouring mills at Portland will shortly have to shut down, because they are unable to get wheat to run on. The grain is worth more in the field in that state than it is in the elevators in Chicago. Such a thing was never known before, and is useless to try to account for it on any theory except that of actual scarcity.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—May wheat opened at 79½ and closed at 79½. Cash wheat sold at 77½. Liverpool futures sold as follows: Jan. 6 s. 84 d. to 6 s. 9 d.

CRIMINAL.

Man Robbed and Murdered.

A Sheriff and Deputy Wounded in Montana.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The body of a man supposed to be "Bat" Sheedy, a Chicago puglist, has just been found in the mud on the shore of the Hutchinson river, near the tracks of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, between Chester and Bartow. It is reported that Sheedy was walking across the trestle on his way to New York when set upon by thieves, knocked senseless with a conplid pin, robbed of his valuables and thrown into the mud, 10 feet below.

Fugitives Give Battle.

BOZEMAN, Mont., Jan. 19.—Sheriff Fransham on Saturday went to arrest Frank Morgan for assaulting a Frenchman near here. Morgan drew a gun on him and escaped. The sheriff, with Deputy Jack Allen, took the trail, overtaking Morgan and his partner at Carpenter's cabin. In the Cherry Creek basin, 40 miles from here The refugees opened fire with shotguns, dropping Deputy Allen, who is probably mortally wounded, and wounding Sheriff Fransham.

Ivory on Trial.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The trial of Edward J. Ivory, alias Bell, of New York, charged with conspiring to cause a dynamite explosion opened at the Old Bailey this morning, before Justice Hawkins, Solicitor-General R. B. Finley prosecuted in behalf of the treasury. The prisoner is defended by J. F. Taylor and Theobald Matthew. After the jury had been charged Ivory pleaded not guilty in a clear voice.

A Hungrain Wedding.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—John Ornis, a rejected suitor, caused a riot and bloodshed at the wedding of Agnes Hafri, whom he had loved in vain. The bridegroom, Michael Roman, and three guests, were stabbed before the police moved upon the wedding feast, which had become a riot, and arrested the enraged and disappointed lover.

Ornis is a tall, powerfully built Hungarian. When Roman and Agnes were betrothed he concealed his chagrin and was the first to congratulate the couple. After the ceremony last night, however, the guests turned to Ornis and chide him for his ill luck in not winning so fair a girl. A second later a scene of wild confusion ensued. The furniture was overturned, women fled shrieking from the flat, and some of the men tried to overpower Ornis, who cut right and left with a knife.

A Torpedo Done Its Work.

HAVANA, Jan. 19.—The gunboats, Centinela and Relampago, left Manzanillo on the night of January 17, with the object of going up the river Cauto to Fort Guamo, in compliance with the orders of General Boch. At 10 o'clock on the morning of January 17, both gunboats were near Mango landing, when an explosion of a torpedo, which had been well planned in the river, sunk the Relampago. Those of the crew who survived swam toward the shore, but were fired on from the banks. At this critical moment a boat was launched from the Centinela, which rescued the men in the water. In view of the instructions and the fact that the commander of the Centinela and nearly all of the crews of both boats had been wounded, the expedition had to return to Manzanillo.

Senor Martinez, of the Relampago, was seriously wounded in the explosion, as well as Gunner Francisco Martinez and three seamen, when Paymaster Antero, Chief Officer Masquero, Engineer Pazadela and the assistant pilot and four others were slightly wounded. Six of the officers and crew were killed outright, and all of the rest received wounds of more or less severity.

On the Centinela the commander, Senor Puerto, was seriously wounded, while one of the crew was killed and Corporal Manuel Cubanans, the pilot Assistant Engineer Martinez and six of the crew were wounded.

QUEEN OF QUEENS.—To be given by the young ladies, of the First Congregational church, promises to be a grand success. Seventy-five people take part in this beautiful spectacular entertainment and the costumes will be the finest ever imported into Salem. Next Wednesday night, Jan. 20, at Reed's opera house. Tickets now on sale at Patton Bros. Reserved seats 50 cents, gallery 25 cents.

JOURNAL "X" RAYS.

Directed Upon the Oregon Legislature and Lobby.

Kill the road bonding bill if you never have a rollecall.

Senator Brownell is still absented from his seat by illness.

The Populists seem to know where they are at in this legislature.

Who "organizes" a legislature to make himself senator is hardly fit for the place.

"Honest John Somers" still holds his seat. He is the recognized leader of the 29 regulars.

"I want to be senator, but I also want to organize the house with 29 men." John H. Mitchell.

The sooner Mitchell lets up on trying to manage the old Republican machine the better it will be for his senatorial aspirations.

The people want a senator who will go to Washington and live on his \$5,000 a year salary if he has to sleep in a drygoods box to do it.

Dr. Driver seems to want to get around the constitution by a special dispensation of providence.

What does Senator Mitchell's standing advertisement with his picture in it, in the Daily Statesman cost him?

State Printer Leeds is furnishing the members with the senate bills and some of them are interesting reading.

The Statesman has added a new member to the house roll—"Mr. Palmer of Lane." It refers to John Palm.

Representative Yoakum and Elder Barkley are the only two preachers in the house. The salvation of the house is ensured.

Senator Dufur, of The Dalles, was congratulated by his legal friends today on winning an important suit in the supreme court.

The house has three representatives of the lumber industry—Merrill, of Columbia; Venness, of Polk, and Stanley, of Union. All three are sawing wood.

Senator Mitchell, Sol Hirsch and Charley Fulton are burying their common hope in a common grave in efforts to make a senator and also to "organize" the house.

Of course, the senate ought to dismiss its sixty clerks until the house is organized; they have nothing to do; that would be sensible; but the senate will not dismiss one.

Munkers and Smith, of Linn, have heard from their "constituents" They not only gave them a mass meeting endorsement but offer to pay their board while they stay at Salem.

Representatives Schmittlein of Jackson and Munkers of Linn received petitions and resolutions today endorsing their course in the legislature. Other members received the same kind of encouragement.

The Oregonian in exploiting Mitchell's silver letter to Secretary Kincaid don't touch the vital point. It is that Mitchell has abandoned his principles and Kincaid has not. The Oregonian should do Kincaid justice.

Eastern Oregon is having something to say at this session. Brown of Morrow, got eleven votes in caucus for speaker. Taylor, of Union, is chairman of ways and means in the senate.

There was no change in the house roll call today, so far as effects a quorum. Davis of Multnomah answered roll-call several times. The Democrats were all out, except Misner, who occupied his seat and voted.

Senators Mitchell and Dufur are in charge of the Portage railway bill. It

is in the nature of a loan that will be repaid to the state by an increase of from seven to 100 on every bushel of wheat shipped from Eastern Oregon. It is one bill that should pass.

If the house is "organized" for the purpose of electing a senator it will cost the people from \$300,000 to \$500,000 in the general appropriation bill that does not belong there, the retention of all the commissions and \$10,000 for clerkships that are not needed.

A red-headed healer undertook to hold up Joint-Representative Gill of Tillamook and Yamhill. He retreated in bad order when the old farmer began to hurl King's English at him from a vocabulary that did not lack in plain language.

The animus of Senator Dawson's Brownsville resolution was easily seen. It is attempted to be shown that Secretary Kincaid's fees are all that is wrong in the state government of Oregon. This shows a spirit of personal vindictiveness not backed by the facts. Kincaid is secretary of state, state auditor, insurance commissioner and manufacturer of notaries—all four in one, and his work costs the people all told not one half what the same departments cost other states.

St. Paul A. M. E. Church. Rev. Wilbur T. B. Harwood, D. D., superintendent of missions for the Puget Sound Conference of the African M. E. church, arrived in the city Saturday morning and held services Sunday morning and evening at St. Paul's A. M. E. church, in North Salem. Dr. Harwood will spend some time in the Capitol city during which time services will be held at the A. M. E. church, Sundays at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. until otherwise ordered. All cordially invited.

Dr. Harwood is a native of Ceylon East Indies, and was a student of the late Dr. Benson, archbishop of Canterbury, England, and was also a fellow of King's College, London. Dr. Harwood did missionary work for the Church of England, in Africa, West Indies, South America, and the South Sea Islands, but subsequently came to America and joined the A. M. E. connection, where he is now an energetic laborer.

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HOW TO REMIT.

Agents and subscribers ordering THE JOURNAL are requested to always write names plainly to avoid errors. Do not send stamps if it can be avoided. Money orders or drafts are safest, but coin to the amount of a dollar can be sent safely if well wrapped in paper before placing in the envelope. All subscriptions MUST be paid in advance, as the price is too low to afford bookkeeping or sending of bills.

HOFFER BROS. Editors.

SAMPLES.

Information for Persons Receiving Copies of This Issue.

THE JOURNAL has in the past year gained a state circulation. It is the only paper in Oregon besides the Oregonian that is taken in every part of the state as the postoffice records show. You are asked to circulate it because:

1. It is a clean paper.
2. It is an independent paper.
3. It is an opposition paper. It opposes corrupt politics, corrupt methods and corrupt men in all parties. It supports aggressively the GOOD it finds in public and private life and in all parties. It attacks the evil wherever it finds it.

THE JOURNAL advocates old fashioned honesty and Jeffersonian simplicity. It doesn't know the meaning of compromise of principle. It is always on the side of the people as against the aggressions of power that tend to destroy freedom and equal rights.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE