

BEWARE OF FAKE CURES.

Take Paine's Celery Compound if You Need a True Remedy.

Do Not Allow a Salesman to Palm Off Any Substitute.

Health Is Too Precious to Listen to the Preaching of Quacks.

Paine's Celery Compound Makes the Sick Well Again.

The Wonderful Prescription That Results from the Life Work of America's Greatest Physician, Investigator and Practitioner.

There is one direction, as Dr. George F. Shady, America's first surgeon, distinctly says, in which people seem to need enlightenment at present more than they have for many years past. "This is the rational appreciation of the danger of quackery and fake cures."

Dr. Shady's article in the New York World, of December 27, should be read by every man and woman who is inclined to listen to the nonsensical, but too often plausible, ramblings of traders in patent medicines. When Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., of Dartmouth college, after a long life of study in the most exact scientific investigation of disease, evolves the marvelous formula of Paine's celery compound—when after the closest possible observance by the best practitioners it is found that this greatest remedy of our generation not only does all, but even accomplishes more than the modest doctor—be more than he was willing at first to claim—when thousands of sufferers in every walk of life, sufferers from the ailments that come from overwork, deranged digestive organs, impaired nervous systems, too poor or too rich living, inattention to hygienic laws, have been absolutely restored to health by Paine's celery compound, after vainly trying every other possible remedy, and being cured by well meaning but incompetent so-called physicians.

When this is taken into consideration, and at the same time we find hosts of people still willing to be led astray by the hundred and one nostrums which irresponsible traders try to foist upon them on the pretext that these preparations are "as good as Paine's celery compound" (but really because they make a big profit on such preparations), it is time for every one who detests fraud, to warn his neighbors, and take the warning to himself, that when he goes to get a bottle of Paine's celery compound he must not be wheedled into taking some other remedy.

Paine's celery compound makes people well. These other things work harm. Paine's celery compound is not a patent medicine. Its formula is given freely to every physician.

These trashy stuffs that you are asked to buy are made up of ingredients that should never be taken into a sick stomach.

These ordinary nervines, tonics and sarsaparillas are no more to be compared with Paine's celery compound than a glimmering candle is to be compared with the wonderful modern search light.

If a person needs a true nerve tonic, a real blood purifier, a reliable diuretic, that will restore strength, renew vitality, regulate the kidneys, liver and bowels, and make one well, let that person try his or her first bottle of Paine's celery compound and mark the wonderful result!

OREGON LEGISLATURE

HOUSE STILL IN A DEADLOCK.

Will Not Be Organized Until It Is in the Interest of the People.

The deadlock in the Oregon legislature still continued this forenoon. The senate continued to grind away on bills and adjourned over till Monday. The regulars show some signs of weariness and want to adjourn also. The regular roll calls, calls of the house and motions to adjourn were made from time to time and resisted by the opposition leaders. The crucial time will arrive before midnight as that is the end of the five days given the house to organize.

State Chairman Sol Hirsch of Portland and other great Republican leaders arrived today and no doubt the greatest pressure will be brought to bear before midnight to "persuade" members to join the regulars and elect a speaker.

Indications are that the lower house will not be organized within the constitutional limit. The members will then receive no pay until they do organize. It is safe to say, judging from the ability and determined character of opposition, that house will not be organized until it is organized right in the interest of the people.

"If this thing is not stopped," shouted an excited regular of the hopeless cause last night, "we will take Speaker Davis and throw him in the river!" That is not exactly moral suasion or parliamentary skill they are relying upon.

THE HOUSE was called to order promptly at 10 a. m., adjourned at 12 m. and met again at 2:30 p. m.

SENATE WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

62. Brownell, by request, to provide for location, relocation and selection of county seats.

S. J. R. 1. McClung, to have secretary of state provide 90 codes to the members of the legislature. Carried.

Patterson of Marion brought in a report from a special committee on fisheries of the legislature of 1896. Referred.

S. C. R. 14. Taylor, for a committee to investigate Weston Normal school. Carried.

S. R. 10. Wade, to investigate deafmute school adopted.

THURSDAY FORENOON.

Invocation by Rev. Wm. Steele. Upon motion of Dawson the reading of the minutes was dispensed with.

Upon motion of Patterson, of Washington, that when the senate adjourn it be to 2:30 p. m., next Monday.

Resolution 11. Harmon, that the doings of the unorganized house is a menace to good government, and that such organization be urged.

Resolution 12. Gowan, for a special committee, of three, to investigate the books of the state librarian. Adopted.

An invitation was presented from Col. O. Summers, of the O. N. G., to witness the public drill of the Second Regiment, O. N. G., at Portland Friday evening next. Accepted.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

63. King, to amend lien law relative to mines, giving miners greater rights to recover for work done.

64. Dufur, (read by title only), to amend code secs. 1046, 1047, and 1050, to regulate charges against attorneys for unprofessional conduct and trial for same.

65. Brownell, to improve the public highways, by regulating the width of wagon tires. No tires less than three inches wide shall be permitted after June 1st, 1898.

66. Price, (read by title only), regulating sale of certain school lands.

67. Selling, to amend mode of payment of certain fees to county officers.

68. Mackay, (by title only) to authorize heirs of Jno. Fenstermaker to petition for the recovery of certain funds in the state treasury.

69. Dufur (by title only) to amend sections 387 and 407 code.

70. Calbreath, (by title only) to create the 3d and 10th judicial districts and fix salaries of judges, etc.

71. Smith, (by title only) to regulate and license doctors and to punish people not entitled to practice.

Concurrent resolution 16, Mulkey, pertaining to the Cascade reserve and petitioning to have same thrown open all but 320,000 acres, including Mt. Hood, and placing same in charge of city of Portland. Ordered printed.

72. Gowan, to amend bill creating Harney county, and fixing salaries of county officers.

73. Calbreath, (by title only) to regulate the practice of dental and aurial surgery, and to create a board of dental examiners.

74. McClung, to amend code section 3542, chapter 56, creating health officer for the city of Florence at the mouth of the Siuslaw river with a salary of \$400.

What are Schilling's Best

Good for anybody who likes good things and doesn't want to pay for adulteration.

For sale by Harritt & Lawrence.

LEGISLATIVE.

Gov. Rogers Inaugurated.

His Address Full of Surprises—Various Other Political Matters.

OLYMPIA, Jan. 14.—The Populist nominee, of the fusion party for governor, was inaugurated as the chief executive of the state. He took the oath of office before a joint session in the legislature without any preliminary ceremony and then delivered his inaugural address. As a leader of the reform movement, which places the state administration in control of the Populist, Democratic and silver Republican fusionists, he took occasion in his address to recommend to the legislature many important changes in state affairs. He advised the land commission and diary commission, and believes that the different penal and reform institutions, insane asylum and soldiers' home should be under the management of one board, composed of the governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, auditor and one appointee. His suggestion for the state to supply free school books to the school children, and have them manufactured by convict labor at the Walla Walla penitentiary, created surprise and subsequent criticism by the representatives of the labor unions.

Wild cheering followed his advice to the fusion members of the legislature, to settle their disputes before the balloting begins, on next Tuesday, for a United States senator, so as to bring about an immediate election. Cries of "that's good; hurrah for Rogers," punctuated many of his addresses.

The recommendation for a law reducing passenger and freight rates, for a law prohibiting the use of free passes by state officials, for a law prohibiting fish traps and wheels and for the exemption of homes from taxation, were also features of his address.

The senatorial situation is yet too complex to venture to make any reasonable forecast about the final result. Senator Squire and Judge Turner each claim that their respective forces have suffered no disintegration, and that converts are being made each day. In the meantime the Populist leaders say that one of their faith is certain of election, but are divided as much as ever so far as centralizing their forces upon one candidate.

Further than the introduction of numerous bills in the house today nothing of importance transpired in either branch of the legislature. All state officers were installed. Last night the inauguration ball was held at the Olympia hotel and visitors were present from all parts of the state.

Oregon Postal Changes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The post-office at Eagleton, in Union county, Oregon, will be closed for the winter season, from January 15 to June 1, 1897. Mail for there during that period should be sent to Sparta.

The status of a number of post-offices in Oregon, have been raised by giving them various degrees of money order privileges. International money order offices have been established at Forest Grove, in Washington county, Oregon.

Pleasant Hill, in Lane county, Oregon, is made a domestic money-order office.

Neskowin, in Tillamook county Oregon, has been made a limited money-order office.

The Benton county court has ordered a suit brought against ex-Sheriff Osborn, for whatever balance is due the county, \$8008.63 being the amount claimed, which is disputed.

It is rather early to count unhatched chickens, but The Dalles Chronicle says that from present indications Hood River will have a splendid crop of strawberries.

CORRUPTION.

How It Has Been Fostered by the Press and Bar.

In turning over the county government of Pierce county to the Populists Judge Stallcup of Tacoma, on Monday delivered an address on the ruined financial condition of the city and of Tacoma and Pierce county:

JUDGE STALLCUP'S SPEECH.

In the past the press was an ally to the bar in assisting the people in solving the troubles of self-government. But now it is an open secret that the press is fallen, is utterly depraved, and that is according to the statement of Whitelaw Reid, a distinguished member of the Press association. Here is what he said to his fellows at a recent meeting of that association in New York:

"There is no such thing in America as an independent press, unless it be in the country towns. You are all slaves and you know it, and I know it. There is not one of you that dares express an honest opinion. If you express it you know beforehand that it will never appear in print. I am paid \$150 a week for keeping honest opinions out of the paper I am connected with; others of you are paid similar salaries for doing similar things. If I should allow honest opinions to be printed in one issue of my paper, like Othello, in 24 hours my occupation would be gone. The man who would be so foolish as to write his honest opinions would be out on the streets hunting for a job. The business of the New York Journalist is to distort the truth, to pervert, to vilify, to fawn at the feet of maumoon, and to sell his country and his race for his daily bread, or for what is about the same thing, his salary. You know this and I know it; and what foolery to be toasting 'the independent press.' We are tools and vassals of rich men behind the scenes. We are jumping jacks. Our time, our talent, our lives, our possibilities, are all the property of other men. We are intellectual prostitutes."

Such is the press, there and everywhere, and thus have the people been deceived and misled by it. Since the press has thus fallen, the bar is well nigh left alone to render that needed aid and confidence to the trusting people in the maintenance and perpetuation of the institutions of our country. With the bar in like manner prostrated to base uses, these institutions will crumble and fall. Let us not shut our eyes to the responsibilities which now thicken and press upon us. It is an easy matter for members of the bar, if they are so inclined, to prostitute their honor and their professional skill in the service of vicious clients, by engaging in collusive law suits and other schemes to mislead weak and ignorant judges, and other weak and ignorant officials. And they who do it under the cloak and shelter of a subsidized press may still masquerade as honorable men and leading members of the bar, and may themselves likewise smile and smile, and deceive and deceive, but destroy our noblest institutions. While a portion of the press of the city has done its part in the wretched spoliation which marked and marred the fair life and fortunes of the city, it is not true that the real and essential architects thereof were members of the bar? And is it not by their endeavors that the bound and bonded city now lies like a helpless victim at the stake? And if it is to be freed from its bondage it must be by the clean hands of the bar. They alone can cut to pieces the toils in which it is bound. If not by them, there is no savior, and the city, like Prometheus bound to the rock, must linger in an endless death, for it is impossible for it to rise under the weight of infamy and debt which now hold it down.

As we all know there are many members of this bar, and they are a large majority, who would starve to death before they would smirch their principles or professional honor by aiding in the selection and election of a man for the office of assessor because he can be used to make unjust valuations in property for taxation, or aid in the selection and election of city officials for the single purpose of fastening unjust burdens upon the city or to aid in the diversion of public funds to private uses, or aid in the wicked abstraction, concealment and destruction of books of account, that truth might be strangled in the courts of justice, or any other scheme to undermine the constitution of the state, that a destructive weight of debt may be fastened upon the people, yet such are the poisons which have been given to the city and have they not been prescribed by legal doctors, together with their vicious clients, and craven lackeys?

And this is not all. These things have not only been done, but they who do them have procured judicial absolution in many instances for the wrong they have wrought. I have done what I could to stay these hands, to avert these evils, but they still beset us, and the struggle against them is still on.

THE OREGON SENATORSHIP.

San Francisco Examiner: Mr. Huntington has senatorial interests on hands in other states, as well as in California. Here he is trying to prevent the election of a senator who may do him harm. In Oregon he is working to secure the election of one who may do him good. Mr. John H. Mitchell, whose term is about to expire, is understood to be a Southern Pacific attorney, whose place in the corporation's law department is worth five times as much to him as his Senatorial salary. Of course Mr. Huntington wants him re-elected, for a good attorney can be more useful in the Senate than in court. But the same reasons that make Mr. Mitchell's return so desirable to Mr. Huntington make it undesirable to the people of Oregon. Mr. Mitchell has been an advocate of the election of Senators by the people, which is a remarkable example of self-abnegation; for if that method of election prevailed he would never get beyond the status of a candidate. His two elections—in 1865 and 1891—were indictments of our present system of choosing Senators. But there is good reason to believe that even a Legislature, in which the machine, the sack, and the corporation pull, work to such advantage will not save Senator Mitchell this time. He has made enemies, and the time for revenge has come. It is to be hoped that in retiring Mr. Mitchell Oregon will not make the mistake of another corporation lawyer in his place. The State that once was represented in the Senate by Baker ought not to be content to play an ignoble part now. Let Oregon discard not only Mitchell, but all his kind.

A Good Suggestion.

TALLMAN, Or., Jan. 13, 1897.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—Please try to have the legislature to so amend the law in selling real estate for indebtedness, that the debtor shall hold his crop. The crop now goes with the sale of the land. One man up here was sold out in this way and his stock is dying for want of food. He has no money to buy food for them.

J. W. B.

Best meals are always had at Strong's restaurant.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SHERMAN

Accepts Secretary of State.

Hanna as an Oyster Regarding the State Portfolio.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The Associated Press was able to announce last night positively that McKinley had tendered the state portfolio to Senator John Sherman, of Ohio, and that distinguished Buckeye statesman has accepted and will be the premier of the incoming administration.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 14.—Chairman M. A. Hanna was asked if he had seen the interview with General Grosvenor, which took place last evening shortly after the latter had held a conference with the president-elect in Canton, in which the Ohio congressman stated that Sherman would be the next secretary of state.

"Yes," said Hanna, "I have read the interview, but I do not consider that it would be right for me to discuss the subject, and I must therefore decline to discuss it."

The floating indebtedness of Grant county is between \$25,000 and \$30,000.

MARKETS.

Talkington, Bottger & Co's., circular for Jan. 14, 1897:

WHEAT.

Millions of bushels of long wheat have been thrown overboard by tired holders in the past week. A heavy liquidation has taken place, and buyers will find an entirely new set of sellers to deal with when the markets react. The selling was standard about the middle of last week by the report that English stocks had increased about three million bushels in three months. This should have had no particular effect on the markets as the amount of grain only represents about three days' supply.

Chicago. May wheat opened on board today at 79½ to 79¾ and closed at 80½. Cash wheat sold for 78. Liverpool January was quoted at 85 8¼ to 85 8½ d.

MEETING TONIGHT.—There will be a meeting this, Thursday, evening at 7.30, at the old Odd Fellows' hall in b Turner block. All silver men, Populists and Democrats invited. Good speaking will be had.

HOP SALE.—Campbell and Walker sold about 17,500 pounds of hops yesterday to E. C. Smith, at Eugene, agent for Horst & Lachmond, for 81 cents per pound.

CASITORIA.

See 50-51

is on every

For sale by Harritt & Lawrence.