# DAILY CAPITAL JOURNAL.

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## New York Racket

is recieving goods of all kinds direct from New York, bought from one of the largest establishments of the kind in the world. All their goods are bought for cash, and sold for cash. Those buying from such a house get their goods cheaper than in an ordinary time house; that is clear. We are also able to sell our goods at cheaper rates, that also is clear.

We keep a large line of laces, embroideries, lace curtains, bed spreads, linen and cotton towels, crash, table linen, ladies vests, and all kinds of underwear, corsets, white and work hirts, suspenders, h iery, purses, combs, brushes, and a large line of notions of all kinds, call and see for yourselves, we sell at close prices.

E. T. BARNES.



## EVERYBODY

And his wife are invited to attend a public barbecue and Bryan ratification, to be held at Marion Square Salem on the afternoon and evening of

Saturday, September 5, 1896.

A free country, free silver, and free people will be discussed by able speakers, including Sylvester Pennoyer, Elder Barkley, Gen. Chamberlain and several others.



## Good Clothing!

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Is an Important factor in the Achievement of Success in Life.

This is a bit of philosophy that time and the experience of men have proved to be founded on fact. That being the case all who buy clothing should seek a store where the best clothing is sold at prices which suit all classes. Such a store is conducted by

## G. W. Johnson & Son

The Popular Clothiers.

We have clothing that fits not only the body, but the purse. Clothing elegant in texture and finish. Clothing that pleases the eye and keeps the body warm. If you want anything usually found in a

First-Class Clothing House

it will pay you to see us. We can show goods that will make your mouth water.

State and Liberty Streets.


## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

### The Day's Doings in Political Circles.

### BRUTAL ATTEMPT AT MURDER.

### The Bloodthirsty Turks Are Still Rioting.

**Gold Democrats.**

[Special to the Journal:]

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 31.—Delegates to the gold standard Democratic national convention began to arrive and talk of candidates became more general, but nothing developed early in the day to indicate which way the tide might turn. Florida caused some comment by telegraphing to have a banner painted with the picture of Cleveland and the words "our choice" upon it.

Senator Vilas will not permit the use of his name in connection with the presidential nomination. He is for General Bragg, for whom the state is instructed. Henry Watterson will be Bragg's only formidable rival.

**New York Gold Democrats.**

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 31.—The state convention of gold Democrats met here today. Daniel Griffin, of Watertown, was chosen temporary chairman. He made a speech denouncing the action of the Chicago conventioni as unDemocratic, opposing McKinley's protection ideas, and lauding President Cleveland as the greatest modern statesman.

**New Committee Meet.**

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—The new state Republican committee, met here today, to organize. There was no opposition to the re-election of Charles Hackett, chairman, John S. Kenyon, secretary, B. B. Odell chairman of executive committee. Warner Miller was dropped from the advisory committee.

**The Bryan Party.**

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y. Aug., 31.—The Bryan party left Lake Wood this morning on the steam launch Ceylon. At Bemis people crowded on the dock and shook hands with the nominee. As the boat approached the landing here a large crowd cheered.

**Boycotting Silver Men.**

ALBANY, Or., Aug. 31.—Readers of THE JOURNAL need not go out of Oregon to see evidence of the pressure brought to bear on employes, by their goldbug employers.

Up to last Saturday night, the S. P. M. & Co., manufacturing chairs in Albany, had fifteen men and boys in their employ. Saturday night, six men, voters; five with families, were laid off indefinitely. It is a coincidence, of course, but every one of them were straight-out for free silver, and Bryan, while those who were outspoken for the gold standard and McKinley are still holding their jobs. Also the four boys who are under age are still at work, while the discharged men are looking for a new job, with an employer who will ask no questions until after November.

**A Bad Man's Crime.**

COLUMBIA, Mo., Aug. 31.—A brutal and perhaps successful attempt at murder occurred here last night at the home of John Hunt, who has borne a bad reputation for years. Hunt went home drunk and in an ugly mood. His daughter came from the house to meet him. Without provocation Hunt drew a revolver and opened fire on the girl, who, after receiving a bullet in her right side, just above the hip, fled to the house. Hunt then began firing at his wife, who escaped without injury. The frenzied husband then ran to the stable, and mounted a horse and escaped. Officers captured him some distance from town.

**Professor Cole Drowned.**

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 31—Professor Edward Cole, an aeronaut of this city, was drowned in Maumee bay this afternoon, after an ascension.

**Hotel Burned.**

STOCKBRIDGE, Mass. Aug. 31.—The historic Red Lion, of Stockbridge, the most popular hotel at Berkshire hills, burned today. Only the front wall, which dates from 1773, was left standing. The house had 189 guests, but no lives were lost. Loss $50,000.


CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.


## INSURGENTS DEFEAT.

### Spanish Forces Victorious Over Cubans.

### WEYLER'S ORDERS APPROVED.

### The Tug Dauntless Suspected of Fillibustering.

HAVANA, Aug. 31.—Guerrillas from Vernor, Spain, connected with the Lucitannia division, overtook recently at Luisa the bands of Castillo and Benderas. After sharp fighting, the insurgents were disloged from the trenches. They left five dead on the field behind him, as they retired with their wounded. Seven of the troops are said to have been wounded in the engagement.

Insurgents lurking in the outskirts of San Antonio de los Banos, provinces of Havana, recently fired into the Spanish military hospital, occupied by yellow fever patients. A panic resulted among the patients, and the excitement in consequence of this attack by the insurgents was with difficulty suppressed.

An aged Spaniard, named Felipe Maderas, a peaceable citizen residing in the town of Managua, the father of a large family, was recently captured, in the suburbs of the town, and hanged by the insurgents, so the Spanish officials report. Maderas was a highly respected man, and members of his family are connected with some of the best families in the island of Cuba.

A Manzanillo correspondent is authority for the statment that insurgents, last week, dragged Jose Billadosign, another peaceable Spanish citizen, away from the British plantation of Media Lucia, and hanged him to a tree in the vicinity of that town. Before life became extinct, and while swinging in mid-air, they mutilated his body in a frightful fashion with machetes. His wife, a native Cuban, was assaulted and finally beaten unmercifully, the only excuse given for this outrage being that she had been guilty, of the offense, of marrying a Spaniard.

**Sanctioned Weyler's Orders.**

LONDON, Aug. 31.—A dispatch to the Standard from Madrid says that the Spanish government has approved of the Captain-General Weyler, and of his issuance of the orders prohibiting the people of Cuba and foreigners resident in Cuba from having any intercourse with the foreigners outside the island of Cuba, and also his much-discussed decree, prohibiting the gathering of the sugar and coffee crops.

**Suspected of Filibustering.**

BRUNSWICK, Ga., Aug. 31.—The tug Dauntless, supposed to have been on a filibustering expedition, has returned to port, and is detained at quarantine under orders from the treasury department, on suspicion that she has been in Cuban waters.

**To Retire From Business.**

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 31.—It is announced H. C. Simon Gregory dry goods company will dissolve partnership and retire from business. This concern is capitalized $600,000 and a surplus $100,000 with a business of million a month. The only reason give for the dissolution is the desire of both Simon and Gregory to retire from active business.

**The Relay Racers.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—The Examiner-Journal transcontinental relay racers were at Creston, Wyoming, at 7 p. m. tonight. In five days, three hours, 20 minutes, 1133 miles have been covered and the couriers are now 6 hours, 54 minutes behind the schedule time. A heavy storm is reported from Rawlins, which may delay the racers a half a day.

**The Failure.**

HANNIBAL, Mo., Aug. 31.—Herriman Hurd Lumber Company has failed. Liabilities $110,000 assets nominal. Local banks are caught for large amounts.

**Li Hung Chang.**

NEW YORK, Aug. 31:—Early this morning Li Hung Chang boarded the dispatch boat, Dolphin, to go to West Point. The ambassador will inspect the military academy


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## FIRST BRYAN SPEECH

### The Silver Campaign Opened in Salem.

### HON. W. T. RIGDON TALKS

### The Fallacies of Mr. Geer's Speech Shown Up.

Saturday evening at the armory was held the first public meeting of Bryan forces in Salem. Alderman W. T. Rigdon spoke on request of some friends of silver in reply to T.T. Geer. Although but little advertised, it was the best attended political meeting held in the Capital City this campaign, all classes being represented. Attorney John Bayne presided, and presented the speaker, who needed no introduction to the people of Salem or Marion county. With a view to accuracy of statement Mr. Rigdon read the greater part of his speech from manuscript, but withal proved a pleasant speaker. He started out by dissecting Mr. Geer's boasted prosperity during the Harrison administration. This, the speaker said was the season of plenty brought on by going in debt, and that as soon as pay day came the hard times came.

He showed that ever since silver was demonetized the farmer's and laborer's share of profits had been growing smaller, while the capitalists' share grew larger, until at present the farmers' and laborers of the land had no profit left, and capital is making all that is made. In other words legislation had been in the interest of capital, trusts and combines, and proportionately againss the plain people. Legislation has in 23 years enhanced the value of gold until it will buy twice as much as it would before the law made it the sole standard of value.

This gold monopoly can be broken in but one way by peaceful methods (and we prefer peaceful methods) and that way is to bring it in competition with some kind of money that can swing upon its own hinges. Our friend claims that this is an effort to benefit the silver mine owners and in answer we charge that his efforts are directly in the interest of the bondholder, for we have Mr. McKinley's word for it that the bondholder must have his money dollar for dollar in gold coin; that is he is just as much entitled to his gold as was the soldier who fought the battles for freedom. I believe that we should keep faith with the bondholder just in proportion to the faith the bondholder kept with the goverement, and the faithful performance of the soldier should be rewarded accordingly. But I see no justice in paying the soldier with a dollar worth 50 cents and paying the bondholder with a dollar worth 200 cents. This great solicitude for the bondholder is born of a spirit that runs antagonistic to the interests of the people and it is this solicitude shown by some person on every occasion that has caused hundreds of thousands of our people to investigate the motives which are prompting this solicitude. If a man buys a hundred thousand dollars of United States bonds with a depreciated currency at par that man deserves the protection of all the special laws that can be placed upon the statute books, but if another man invests a hundred thousand dollars in silver mines he is to be looked upon with suspicion as one whose interests are opposed to the people, and one who is trying to flood the country with 50 cent dollars!

"We do not wish to millionarize the silver mine owners neither do we wish to multiply the bondholders' profit. Every dollar paid to the foreign bondholder saps so much of the life-blood of the people. Every dollar dug out of the mines supplies again that circulating fluid. If the bondholder draws more than the miner can supply we suffer from exhaustion, but if the excess is the other way we enjoy prosperity.

"We are told that silver was demonetized because the two metals could not be kept at par. Silver had been at a premium since 1853 and, therefore it ought to be demonetized; on the same reasoning gold has been at a premium over silver, except when supported by gold, since 1873. Then on the same reasoning gold should be demonetized. We are told that the silver dollar is worth only 53 cents be-


(Continued on second page.)


## For American Money Only.

### Fearless Denunciation of the Single Gold Standard—What Is Meant by the Term Sound Money.

[From the speech of John H. Mitchell in the United States senate January 30, 1896:]

Much is said these later times about "sound money." The terms are iterated and reiterated in message, in document, in newspaper, and in public speech. And what does it mean?

If it means that the gold dollar and its multiple can only be rightfully denominated sound money, then I most emphatically deny the proposition. If it means to imply that either a silver dollar or a legal-tender dollar, whose purchasing and debt-paying power is equal to the gold dollar, is not sound money, then I deny that. If it means, furthermore, that a gold dollar, which has appreciated from 30 to 50 per cent, and to that extent has reduced the price of farm products and every other commodity, is a better dollar, a sound dollar, or even as good a dollar or as sound a dollar as is the nondepreciated silver dollar which passes at par in every part of the Union, or a legal-tender dollar, which is kept at par and redeemable on presentation in coin, then I deny that.

If, moreover, by the term "sound money" is only meant that kind of money that passes in coinage form as money in all the single gold standard countries of the world, then I deny that the terms are properly applied, as I believe a great nation like ours, with a vast territory, its 70,000,000 people, its immeasurable resources, its internal commerce, and its almost unlimited amount of business, is not only capable of having, but in the interest of all concerned, in my judgment, should have a domestic money of its own, kept at par and good as a home-purchasing and debt-paying medium in every state and territory in the Union, and upon every foot of American soil. With such a domestic circulating medium, in sufficient but not in redundant or inflated quantity, coupled with a protective tariff, the industries of this country would no longer languish, the wheels of its factories would be put in motion, labor would find profitable employment, our home market would be enlarged, and our farmers would receive a fair price for their products, and thus be enabled to pay their taxes, something they are unable to do now.

If, furthermore, by the terms "sound money" the impression is intended to be conveyed that all values must be measured by a single gold standard, and only this is sound money, and that the principle of bimetallism—or the double standard, as it is sometimes erroneously, as I think, called—is wrong and should be repudiated as unsound, then I deny that, and I protest that such a doctrine was never yet declared by any of the great parties of this country in any national platform during or since the days of Washington, and it is, moreover, in flagrant conflict with the policy enunciated in every national platform of every party heretofore adopted in this country, and particularly that of the Republican party, which is pledged unalterably to the policy of bimetallism and against the single gold standard—to the policy of the use of both gold and silver as standard money.

## ENTHUSIASM FOR SILVER.

**Big Meetings at Hubbard and Gervais.**

HUBBARD, Aug. 31.—Major D. C. Sherman and Judge Fairbanks, of Salem, and Hons. John Manning and Eby, of Woodburn, addressed a large and enthusiastic assemblage at the armory in Hubbard last Saturday evening. The address consisted of plain, truthful statements in the interest of the plain common people, and was well received as was evinced by the frequent rounds of applause given the speaker. The Bryan club roll is daily growing, many old time Republicans adding their names to this, the second declaration of American independence. The good people of Hubbard propose to vote as they please without waiting for the comment of any nation on earth."

**AT GERVAIS.**

A large and enthusiastic Bryan meeting was held at Gervais Saturday evening and a club numbering 97 was organized with the following officers: W. B. Brown, president; B. A. Nathman, first vice-presidedt; L. Smith, second vice-president; Jos. Assman, secretary; J. D. Smith, treasurer.

The speakers of the evening were Dr. Guiss and Hon. H. L. Barkley of Woodburn and C. P. Strain, the "boy orator of Silver Creek." The best of feeling prevailed and the oldtime cheer for Barkley made the hall ring. Dr. Guiss is fast getting to the front as an argumetoline speaker and proves himself to be a living encyclopedia of facts.

**The Leadville Strike.**

LEADVILLE, Colo., Aug. 31.—This is the 75th day of the strike, and marks the inception of the most important action taken on either side, as for the first time since long before the strike began, the great pumps in two of the leading mines, the Bonair and Penrose, are idle. The order for stoppage came yesterday afternoon and was obeyed at once. The movement means that the mineowners hope to force the union to declare the strike off, or that they think to avoid trouble by closing down on everything and allowing the mines to fill with water rather than to submit to strikedictation of the union. The the has already cost fully $2,000,000.

**Dropped From the Clouds.**

DENVER, Aug. 31.—Ivy Baldwin, the well-known balloonist, was seriously hurt late yesterday afternoon by falling from his balloon. Baldwin has been making weekly ascensions and parachute jumps, and yesterday the wind carried him into a tree. His arm was broken, and he could not retain hold on the bar. He fell about 80 feet. His right arm was broken in two places, his shoulder dislocated and he was badly bruised about the head. It is believed that he will recover.

Baldwin is the youngest of the famous Baldwin brothers, balloonists, of Quincy, Ills., and has been making ascensions for several years. A year ago he joined the signal corps of the regular army, and was appointed sergeant, serving under Captain Glassford, chief of the signal corps at Fort Logan.

**"Blinker" Brown Caught.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 31.—"Blanker" Brown, whose principal occupation is "rolling" drunks on the water front, is in deep trouble. His occupation has long been suspected by the laborers on the water front, and they set a trap for him. William Sallund, a fisherman, pretended to be drunk and showed a lot of money in Brown's presence. Then Sallund reclined on a stringer and went to sleeep. "Blinker" deftly inserted his right hand into the sleeping man's pocket, and grasped the coin. When he attempted to withdraw his hand, he found himself caught on several fish-hooks that had been sewed in Sallund's pocket. "Blinker" yelled with pain and surprise, and the harder he pulled the faster he was held. Finally a policeman arrived and carried him to jail.

**National G. A. R. Encampment.**

ST. PAUL, Aug: 31.—With fifteen or more regular trains from all points of the compass and thirty-three special trains during the morning at the Union depot was the scene of the greatest activity the first day of the Grand Army encampment. Commander in cheif I. N. Walker and staff were met at noon by the local posts and escorted to the Ryan hotel where national headquarters have been established.

The Moderator has succeeded to the good will and business of the Cottage Grove Leader. H. W. Ross takes Mr. Thorp's place as editor and publisher.


Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

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