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SILVER SUBSTITUTE.

Reported for the House Tariff Bill.

BUT REFUSES TO CONCUR

To the Senate Substitute for Its Bond Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The finance committee of the senate has agreed to report for the house tariff bill a substitute providing for the free coinage of silver. The substitute was suggested by Senator Vest, and agreed to by a majority of one, Senator Jones, of Nevada, voting with the Democrats for the substitute, and all the Republicans present voting against it. The substitute agreed to is in exact words the silver substitute for the bond bill which passed the senate Saturday. It provides for the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1.

WHAT THE SUBSTITUTE IS.
The bill directs the immediate coinage into standard dollars of the silver seigniorage in the treasury, accumulated by purchases under the Sherman act; prohibits the issuance of national bank notes of smaller denomination than \$10; directs the secretary of the treasury to redeem greenbacks and treasury notes in either gold or silver exclusively at the option of the secretary, and to re-issue the greenbacks.

When the substitute for the tariff bill was read in the senate Quay moved to recommend the bill and substitute back to the finance committee with instructions to report the original bill and the amendment separately. The finance committee's report proved a complete surprise to the silver Republicans, and was unfavorably received by them. They immediately began a movement to have two propositions, the tariff and silver, separated, and will generally support Quay's motion to this effect. Mitchell, of Oregon, said: "It is a Democratic move to defeat the tariff. I won't vote for it."

IN THE HOUSE.
As was expected, action on the senate substitute for the house bond bill was taken by the committee on ways and means today. Crisp moved that the committee recommend to the house to concur in the senate amendment. On the vote all Republicans voted no, and so did two Democrats—Turner and Tarsney.

THE FARMERS ALLIANCE
The National Farmers Alliance and industrial union meet here today. While the leaders of the Alliance have long held that the organization is non-political, it is understood that great pressure is being brought to bear to have resolutions adopted which will bring the Alliance as a body into the financial fight on the silver side. It claimed that the Alliance is stronger than ever before in its history.

PRINT THE RECORD.

The Salem JOURNAL challenges the Oregonian to print the records of the last legislature, that the public may decide who broke the pledges.—Exchange.

We predict they will never print it. They will print all sorts of garbled reports, but never the record itself. The record is fatal to some of the Oregonian's strikers, and the old Portland ring don't want it done.

We can't afford to lose a good man because of some of his minor idiosyncrasies. We ought not to ostracise a good neighbor and citizen because he may believe in springing for admission to church privileges instead of immersion. The silver question is practically involved in, and will be settled by a return to the true "American policy," protection, and Mitchell is an able protectionist. He will do.—Roseburg Platdealer.

A RESPONSIVE AUDIENCE.

Greets Howard Carleton Tripp in His Good Templar Work.

A fine audience greeted Howard Carleton Tripp, of Iowa, at his first week day meeting at the First M. E. Church, considering the stormy evening. It was a splendid and intelligent audience, and before the speaker had talked ten minutes those present were thoroughly responsive to his platform appeals.

Before half an hour was over all were satisfied that the Iowa temperance cyclone had struck them.

If he were in life only to make money he would quit at once and go back to his home in Iowa, write books or publish his newspaper. But money was secondary to elevating humanity to a higher plane of living.

A man at the town of Butteville, who was a total abstainer and a church member, still insisted on growing hops, which was no more respectable than keeping a saloon, from the standpoint of humanity and God's higher moral law.

He soon became intensely dramatic as he proceeded and held the breathless attention of the mixed audience of men, women and children. He said an ingenuous or a parsimonious man seldom or never fell a victim to drink. He showed the composition of liquors, as analyzed by Dr. Cox, the New York government chemist, that would nauseate any intelligent man's stomach.

His depletion of the analysis of a drunkard's brain was as lurid as the flames, he said, that mounted from the fluids that flowed out of that brain when a match was touched to them. His recitations from his own poems are interspersed with eloquent appeals to the young to abstain from drink. His glances backward and forward over the horoscope of lives he knew, and who have fallen into liquor, were dramatic and entertaining.

There were a large number of people who would never go into a temperance organization. It was not popular enough. There were people who were so loaded down with social and religious duties that they could do nothing for humanity.

There had been two temple's lodges in Salem but now only one was working. This order had 8,000,000 members enrolled in all since 1851, and 400,000 drunkards redeemed. It had today 800,000 members in good standing. It was practical. It was a stepping stone to the church. The time would come when the man who would sell liquor would be as little thought of as a man who would sell slaves.

At a certain point in the address, temperance workers went through the audience and enrolled all who had ever been in the order or would join, and each one of Mr. Tripp's meetings becomes the nucleus of a new lodge. His work is done in so thorough and conscientious a manner that it generally endures and is not transient in its character. The power, strength and eloquence of his addresses was fortified by facts, such as that 60 per cent of all Oregon convicts attributed their downfall to strong drink. About 80 per cent of all criminals were men addicted to the use of liquors.

The speaker closed in an eloquent peroration in behalf of temperance and the clasping of hands of all friends of temperance. His hearers were influenced, as an audience seldom has been in this city, to expressions of sympathy and enthusiasm.

Did our government rest upon its state houses, courts, prisons and asylums? No. It rests on its Christian citizenship. Keep the home pure, clean and wholesome and the nation would grow in uprightness, moral power and true Christian civilization. Mr. Tripp speaks again tonight.

Republican Clubs.

PORTLAND, Feb. 4.—The state convention of Republican clubs met this forenoon, after the appointment of the usual committees a recess till 1 p. m. was taken.

ONLY ELECTS OFFICERS.
When the convention reconvened this afternoon the committee on credentials reported that the principal interest of the convention centers in the election of officers, it being generally understood that no question of party policy will be brought before the convention. Candidates for president are J. C. Lesure, and C. H. Carey both of Portland. President Beekman does not desire a re-election. A new constitution will also be brought before the convention for adoption.

The silver question was quickly disposed of this afternoon by the unanimous adoption of a resolution, reported by the committee on order of business, declaring that no expression of party policy shall be made by the Republican league club.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

SPANIARDS ATTACKED

The Cubans Fight Well With Small Loss.

A SUCCESSFUL INVASION

The Insurgents Keep Out of the Way of the Enemy.

HAVANA, Feb. 4.—Insurgents under the leadership of Nunez attacked a detachment of Spanish troops while the latter were repairing the railroad between Esperanza and Jicotea, in the province of Santa Clara. They made a gallant defense, and lost Lieutenant Eduardo Borges. One sergeant and fourteen soldiers were killed and had five wounded.

YESTERDAY'S ENGAGEMENT.

General Marin has had an engagement with a body of insurgents that he reports to be the main force under Gomez, and that was put to flight with a loss of 20 killed. The entire absence of details as to the number of insurgents in the body attacked leaves some ground for doubt as to whether it was, in truth, Gomez's immediate following.

Pretty much the whole of the combined columns under General Marin including 1700 cavalry, seem to have been engaged. This force was equipped with a special view to running down and cornering the insurgents, once it should come face to face with them, and great expectations were founded on its supposed ability to do this. But the report of today's engagement, although it indicates that the attack was made with great dash and vigor, seems to indicate that the insurgents were as successful in evading the Spanish forces as they have been at any time heretofore.

The St. Paul Afloat.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The steamer St. Paul was floated this morning, after being on the sand about a week.

TO SAVE ARMENIANS.

The Porte Will Admit Another U. S. Dispatch Boat.

Great Britain May Unite With Us to Save Armenians.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 4.—It is denied that the porte has refused to admit a second dispatch boat for the service of the United States legation. The matter is not settled. The porte does not contest the right of entry, but contends that the moment for such reinforcement is inopportune.

It has been much remarked in official circles that since the rigorous action of United States Minister Terrill in behalf of the American missionaries, he alone is mentioned in the court circulars as a guest at court dinners. The impression prevails in diplomatic circles that the United States and Great Britain may eventually unite to save the Armenians.

Kentucky Deadlock.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 4.—Hunters speech in the Republican caucus last night, followed by the decision of the Republican majority in the Werner-Tompkins contested election committee this morning to turn out Tompkins, has angered the Democrats. They now threaten to retaliate by ejecting four Republican senators.

These say they will attend a joint session and run the risk of being recognized by Lieutenant Governor Worthington. The Democrats, however, are laying a plan to prevent them going inside. Today's ball resulted Hunter, 62; Blackburn, 53; scattering, 8.

The Hymns of The Nations.

It is not generally known that seven years ago John Phillip Sousa, then leader of the Marine Band at Washington, commenced, in co-operation with the United States Government, a collection of the national songs of the world. A writer in St. Louis Post Dispatch says that the State Department sent out requests to all the nations for their national and typical songs. When these arrived Sousa divided them into three classes. The first contained those which official or popular voice had made the principal patriotic airs of their respective countries; the second, those occasionally used in this way; and the third, those typical songs indigenous to the people. The whole collection contains nearly three hundred specimens, and three years were spent in arranging them.

The national songs of United States, England, France and Germany are, of course, well known. Austria's national hymn was composed by Hayden, says the writer, after the pattern of "God Save the King"; and the national air of Zanzibar is but a slight variation. Turkey has no national song, but, instead, certain hymns, called the Sultan's hymn or prayer, apparently changing with each ruler. Syria's typical air is written backwards, like the Arabic. The Serbian national song, "Rise, Servians!" is very melodious, and ends curiously with a note higher than the keynote. San Marino a wee little republic, has the longest of all national airs, it covering ten pages of note-paper. The Philippine Islands have a practically unlimited number of typical songs. The words are generally improvised for the occasion, and changed without any attempt at rhythm. Lapland has a curious reindeer gallop; and the national song of Jamaica is said to be repeating the first line three times: "Monkey, monkey, play the fiddle. Make the baboon dance."

This is a great deal to believe; but if such words stir the patriotism of the Jamaiicans, it just shows what coffee-drinking can do. But to return to our own country, only one of the various national songs is said to be of American origin in both words and music. This is "Hail Columbia."

TERRORIZED BY A FIRE.

The Guests at Hotel Gilsey Badly Scared.

Some Daring Escapes Before the Fire Was Suppressed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—A fire started in the drying-room basement of the Gilsey house early this morning and caused much excitement among 224 guests, who were aroused from their sleep by automatic signals. Many women became hysterical. Others fell down stairs in their efforts to escape from the buildings. Several servants on the sixth floor, thinking retreat had been cut off by the flames, climbed down the fire escapes in sight of hundreds of people. In a short time the fire was extinguished, the guests falling back to their apartments. Total damage not more than \$500.

Switzerland Will Arbitrate.

BERNE, SWITZERLAND, Feb. 4.—The Federal council has authorized the president of the Swiss republic to accept the proposal tendered by the government of Great Britain and the United States, that in the event of a disagreement as to choice of arbitrator, for the Canadian sealers claims.

South African Millionaire.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Cecll Rhodes has arrived in London from Cape Colony. He refused to be interviewed regarding South African affairs.

BORN.

HAGGERTY.—To Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Haggerty of Hazel Green northeast of Salem, Sunday, February 3, 1896, a girl.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

HARRISON WON'T RUN

He Will Not Again Be a Candidate for President.

WANTS NEW MAN NAMED

Says This Is His Final Answer to Friends.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 4.—Captain John K. Gowdy, chairman of the Republican state central committee, called on General Harrison last evening by invitation and the ex-president handed him the appended self-explanatory letter written by himself. "In view of the resolution passed by the state central committee at its recent meeting, and of the fact that delegates to the national Republican convention are soon to be chosen in this state, I have concluded that some statement from me as to my wishes and purposes should now be made to my Indiana friends. Hitherto I have declined to speak to the public on this matter, but scores of friends to whom I have talked and many scores more to whom I have written will recognize in this expression the substance of what I have said to them.

"To every one who has proposed to promote my nomination I have said 'no.' There has never been an hour since I left the White House that I ever felt a wish to return to it. My Indiana friends have been most devoted and faithful, and I am their grateful debtor. The Republican party has twice in national convention given me its endorsement, and that is enough. I think the voters of our party are now entitled to have a new name. For the sentiment, great or small, which has been manifested for my nomination, I am grateful; and of that wider respect and kindness—breaking party lines—which have been shown me in so many ways, I am profoundly appreciative.

"I cannot consent that my name be presented to or used in the St. Louis convention and must kindly ask my friends to accept this as a sincere and final expression upon the subject."

HARD TIMES FACTS.

GOOD READING FOR THE FAMILY CIRCLE.

Every reader of THE JOURNAL should look up the list of premiums given absolutely free with this paper. THE WEEKLY JOURNAL at \$1 a year is the cheapest paper on the Pacific coast, yet with it we give yearly subscriptions to any of the following valuable publications, each known to the world as a standard in its field:

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The Queen of Fashions,
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The Child Garden.

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Don't be deceived into paying for so-called premiums offered with high priced papers at a slight advance. Remember THE JOURNAL is the cheapest newspaper on the Pacific coast, and it gives you high grade premiums without additional charge.

The attorney fees in the Oregon receiverships listed by Referee Woodcock were \$81,339.73. The attorneys were modest to claim so little of the \$100,000.