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NO. 194



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OUR STOCK AND PRICES.

We have the largest and newest stock of Furniture in Salem. Prices as low as the lowest.

**BUREN & HAMILTON.**  
298, 300 and 302 Commercial Street

**GRAY BROS.,**  
HARDWARE, WAGONS AND CARTS

Road Machinery and Agricultural Implements.  
Latest Improved Goods and Lowest Prices.

N. W. Corner State and Liberty streets, SALEM, OR.

**HOLIDAY GOODS!**  
**CHEAP AT**  
**THE FAIR**  
274 Commercial St.

**DID YOU SEE 'EM?**

**AT \$10.**  
Did you see those wonderful suits we sold last week at \$10 a suit?  
Did you see 'em in the window?  
Did you see 'em in the store?  
Did you see 'em on the street?  
Did you know that they are really our \$15, 16.50, 18, 22.50, and 25 suits  
**AT \$10?**  
We give you the choice of any man's suit in the house. We have nothing that we ask more for. Don't get excited by our clothing sales; but just keep pegging toward this store, where you can get men's clothing for about half what other dealers will ask you.  
All our \$10 and \$12 Mackintoshes during this sale, \$6.50  
**AT \$10.**

**G. W. JOHNSON & SON.**

## J. H. MITCHELL'S WORK

As Chairman of the Republican Assignments.

### ON THE SENATE COMMITTEES.

Report Submitted to the Full Caucus Today.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The Republican caucus committee of the senate of which John H. Mitchell, of Oregon, is chairman, completed its work of assigning the majority membership of the senate committees today, and will be prepared to report to the Republican caucus. The assignment of chairmanships is as follows:

Agriculture, Proctor; appropriations, Allison; to audit contingent expenses, Jones (Nevada); census, Chandler; civil service, Fritchard; claims, Teller; coast defense, Equire; commerce, Frye; District of Columbia, McMillan; education and labor, Shoup; enrolled bills, Sewell; examination of branches of civil service, Peffer; finance, Morrill; fisheries, Perkins; foreign relations, Sherman; immigration, Dodge; improvement Mississippi river, Nelson; Indian affairs, Pettigrew; Indian depredations, Willson; interstate commerce, Cullom; irrigation, Warren; judiciary, Hoar; library, Hanabrough; manufactures, Wetmore; military affairs, Hawley; mines and mining, Stewart; naval affairs, Cameron; organization of executive departments, Butler; Pacific railroads, Gear; patents, Platt; pensions, Gallinger; postoffices, Wolcott; printing, Hale; privileges and elections, Mitchell (Oregon); public buildings, Quay; public lands, Dubois; railroads, Clarke; relations with Canada, Carter; revision of the laws, Burrows; rules, Aldrich; territories, Davis; transportation routes to seaboard, McBride; university of the United States, Kelle; international exhibitions, Thurston; to investigate the geological survey, Elkins; national banking, Mantle; forest reservations, Allen; trespass upon Indian lands, Baker; Ford theater disaster—to be filed when the United States senators come in.

This disposes of the chairmanships of all except 11 committees. The committees undisposed of are known as the minority committees. The Republicans now control them, and they will fall to the Democrats under the new organization. The caucus committee has made provisions for the Populist senators as the Democrats did in the last congress, and has given each of them a chairmanship, giving each the same position held under the Democrats, except Kyle, who is promoted from the chairmanship of the committee on education and labor to that of the university of the United States.

The committee will recommend the enlargement of all the larger committees, including finance from 10 to 12 members; judiciary, from 11 to 13; appropriations, from 9 to 12. The incentive to this change is found in the difficulty of harmonizing all the elements in the party, but it is justified by the growth of the senate as a body.

The republican membership of the more important committees of the caucus committee's recommendations, as adopted, will be made as follows: Appropriations—Allison, Hale, Cullom, Teller, Quay, Pettigrew and Perkins.

Foreign relations—Sherman, Frye, Davis, Cullom, Cameron and Lodge. Finance—Morrill, Sherman, Allison, Aldrich, Platt, Wolcott and Jones (Nevada), populist.

Judiciary—Hoar, Teller, Platt, Mitchell (Oregon), Davis, Thurston and Clarke. Commerce—Frye, Cullom, Quay, Equire, McBride, Elkins and McMillan. Interstate commerce—Cullom, Chandler, Wolcott, Aldrich, Gear and Carter.

Military affairs—Hawley, Cameron, Shoup, Proctor, Sewell and Elkins. Naval affairs—Cameron, Hale, Perkins, McMillan, Dubois and one other. Pacific railroads—Gear, Frye, Stewart, Wolcott and one other.

Chandler and Burrows are added to the committee on postoffices, Warren to that of public grounds, and Wetmore and Fritchard to the District of Columbia.

After the list is passed upon by Republican caucus, it will be handed to the Democrats, when it is supposed

they will proceed to fill out the minority representation on the committees. It is supposed that that can be done in time to permit the committee appointments to be made late this week, but the Republican managers realize that they are at the mercy of Democrats in this respect. They have given up all hope of the election of officers before the holidays.

### POOR LILLIE WEDDLE.

Story of the Unfortunate Girl Suicide at Jefferson.

TURNER, Dec. 16.—[Special]. Poor Lillie Weddle! Her earthly troubles are at an end. She snapped the little thread of life with her own hands and is now trying the realities of an eternal world. Whether her spirit has found the rest she so much desired and is now slumbering in peaceful dreams or whether it wanders an outcast on a forsaken shore, still suffering from the cares she sought to alleviate, we do not know. But we do know that her judges was He who doeth all things well.

The story of her crime is a sad one and rife with lessons to young and old. She was young, only 15; just in the morning of life. Just at a period where joy and happiness usually banishes trouble and care. But it was not so in the life of Lillie Weddle; she was burdened with care, which it seemed, her tender years could not sustain. While her trouble in no degree justifies her awful deed, yet it explains it.

Romer tells that she loved a boy, an honest, industrious youth, who in return loved her, and their joys were the highest when they were in each other's company. Yet their love was only a youthful love, and probably they had never allowed the subject of marriage to perplex their young minds.

But alas! her parents, without consulting her wishes, chose for her a man to be her lover against whom her very nature revolted. Then her trouble began; she was not permitted to enjoy the pleasure of the company of the one she loved, and was compelled to go with her parents to public places, there to be humiliated by him as he recited in a state of intoxication.

When she would say to her would be lover that she would never marry him, his reply would be that she would if she could.

While in this state went on in about a week ago when the girl happened to be in Jefferson where she fell into the company of her young friend. Her would-be lover seeing them together went to her parents and told what he had seen. When she returned home she tried to induce her parents to believe that they had been misinformed and that she had not been with her forbidden company; she even came to town the next morning to try to persuade one of her girl friends to tell her parents a falsehood about it, that she might escape threatened punishment. But falling in this she seemed bereft of hope and expressing a wish for the end of life she started homeward and was found a few hours later; dying by the road side. She had taken carbolic acid. With the aid of physicians she was enabled to survive several days but at no time could she be induced to express a regret for her crime.

She fills a premature grave all because those divine injunctions: "Children, obey your parents in all things," and "Father provoke not your children lest they be discouraged," were not heeded.

### FIRE AT WINNIPEG.

Woman Thought to Have Perished in the Flames.  
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 17.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Journal says:

"This morning at 6:20 a fire broke out in the boiler rooms of the Couchan block, a four story building. The ground floor was used for stores and the upper floors were divided into suites for residences. There were 40 of these suites, nearly all occupied. Very few occupants were stirring and the flames gained a good headway before the alarm was generally given. The stairways were cut off by fire, and the fire escapes and ladders raised by the department were the only means of reaching the ground for most of the occupants.

Major Morris' deputy sergeant-at-arms of the Manitoba legislature, was suffocated and his wife is still missing. She is believed to have perished. Mr. and Mrs. Bagley jumped from the top story to a one-story building and were badly injured. Several children were injured by jumping into blankets. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

The best 25 cent doll in the world at Osborne's racket store. 173c

Rubber goods cheap at Krauss Bros. 14 3c

Dolls from 1 cent to \$5.00 at Osborne's Racket. 173c

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

## MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

President Cleveland Takes Up the Venezuelan Question.

### MONROE DOCTRINE OUT OF DATE.

But Cleveland Thinks we Need It in Our Business.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—President Cleveland today sent to congress his message on the reply of Great Britain in the Venezuelan dispute. The reply is embodied in two communications addressed by the British prime minister to Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador. The president says it will be seen that one of these communications is devoted exclusively to observations upon the Monroe doctrine, and it claims that in the present instance the new and strange extension and development of this doctrine is insisted upon by the United States; that reasons justifying appeal to the doctrine enunciated by President Monroe are generally inapplicable to the state of things in which we live at the present day, and especially in applicable to the controversy, involving the boundary line between Great Britain and Venezuela. "Without attempting extended arguments to reply to these positions, it may not be amiss to suggest that the doctrine upon which we stand is strong and sound, because its enforcement is important to our country and our safety as a nation, and essential to the integrity of our free institutions and the tranquil maintenance of our distinctive form of government. It was intended to apply to every stage of our national life, and cannot become obsolete while our republic endures. It is also suggested in the British reply that we should not seek to apply the Monroe doctrine to the pending dispute because "it does not represent a principle of international law."

This government has proposed to the government of Great Britain to resort to arbitration as a proper means of settling the question. It will be seen from the correspondence herewith submitted that this proposition has been declined by the British government, upon grounds which under the circumstances seem to me to be far from satisfactory. The course to be pursued by this government in view of the present condition does not appear to admit of serious doubt. Nothing remains but to accept the situation, to recognize its plain requirements and deal with it accordingly. The dispute has reached such a stage as to make it now incumbent upon the United States to take measures to determine with sufficient intelligence as a basis for its justification what is the true divisional line.

In order that such examination should be prosecuted in a thorough and satisfactory manner, I suggest that congress make an adequate appropriation for the expenses of a commission to be appointed by the executive, who shall make the necessary investigation and report upon the matter with the least possible delay. When such a report is made and accepted it will, in my opinion, be the duty of the United States, to resist by every means in its power, an willful aggression upon its rights and interests, the appropriation by Great Britain of any lands, or exercise governmental jurisdiction over any territory, which after investigation we have determined of right belongs to Venezuela.

In making these recommendations I am fully alive to the responsibility incurred and keenly realize all the consequences that may follow. There is no calamity which a great nation can invite which equals that which follows supreme submission to wrong and injustice, and consequent loss of national self respect and honor, beneath which is shielded and defended the people's safety and greatness.

FUNERAL SERVICES.—The funeral services of Mrs. W. A. Rice will be conducted at 10 o'clock tomorrow from the Friend's church, Rev. Elwood Scott officiating.

Bushels of dolls at Osborne's racket store. 173c

Rubber goods cheap at Krauss Bros. 14 3c

Dolls from 1 cent to \$5.00 at Osborne's Racket. 173c

ROYAL BAKING POWDER  
Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

## A CUBAN MANIFESTO

Submitted to the American People.

### CUBANS ASK ONLY FOR JUSTICE.

Spain Impoverishes the Island and Gives No Return.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The manifesto of the Cuban revolutionary party to the people of the United States was made public today. It is a long document, prepared by Enrique Jose Varona, ex-deputy of the Spanish cortes, and reviews the history of the revolutionary agitation in Cuba and the present conditions on the island. The manifesto summarizes the Cubans' needs thus:

"The people of Cuba require only liberty and independence to become a factor in the prosperity and progress of civilized nations, instead of an element of disturbance and ruin. The fault lies entirely with Spain. Cuba is not the offender, but it is the defender of its rights. Let America, let the world decide where rests justice and right."

It is set out that no people could bear the wrongs endured by the Cubans without protest, or without degrading and condemning themselves to annihilation. The manifesto concludes: "Spain denies the Cubans all effective powers in their own country; confers no rights upon them; and the product of their labor without giving in return either safety, prosperity or education. Spain has shown herself utterly incapable of governing Cuba, which it exploits, impoverishes and demoralizes. Cubans are in anger, but in despair, have appealed to arms to defend their rights and vindicate that

eternal principle, without which every community is in danger, the principle of justice. Nobody has the right of oppression. Spain oppresses us. In rebelling against oppression we defend the right; in serving our own cause we serve the cause of mankind. We have not counted the number of our enemies nor measured their strength. We may find ruin and death a few steps ahead. So be it, we do our duty. If the world is indifferent to our cause, so much the worse for all. A new iniquity shall have been consummated. The principle of human solidarity shall have suffered defeat.

Probate Court.  
The bond of Dottie Smith, guardian of Jene Van Der Baan, a person of weak mind, was approved by the county court yesterday. It is in the sum of \$1,400, and O. B. Smith and F. Van Der Baan are the sureties. Judge Hubbard has named Paul K. Fretz, E. C. Minton and Frank Gilmore as appraisers.

COST BILL.  
The county clerk received, yesterday, the cost bill of the Jefferson justice of the peace, who conducted the inquest over the remains of Lillie Weddle, the young girl who committed suicide at that place last week. It amounts to about \$85.

THEY DEMUR.  
O. F. Paxton, of Portland, attorney for the defendant in case of E. P. McCormack, trustee, against the Salem Consolidated Street Railway company, yesterday filed a general demurrer to the complaint.

A nice box of candy from the Spa makes a splendid holiday present, boys. 16-St

Holiday slippers at Krauss Bros.

**Infant Health**  
SENT FREE  
It is a matter of vast importance to mothers. The manufacture of the GAIL BORDEN NESTLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK issue a pamphlet, entitled "INFANT HEALTH," which should be in every home. Address, NEW YORK CONDENSED MILK CO., 71 Hudson Street, New York.

No Previous Season Has Offered Better Assortments or Better Values,

For 25c

Fine Initial Handkerchiefs for ladies or gentlemen. Silk neckwear in tecks, bows and four-in-hands. Fine embroidered silk handkerchiefs. Ladies' and misses' cashmere mittens. Ladies' wool fascinators.

For 50c

Silk Initial Handkerchiefs. Plain Silk Handkerchiefs. New neckwear—holiday novelties. Fine cashmere gloves. Children's caps. New towels. Scarf pins, shirt studs, cuff buttons.

For 75c

Chenille stand covers, Silk mittens, card cases, pocket books, hand bags, fancy neckwear fancy towels.

For \$1

William kid gloves, beaded fascinators, fine embroidered linen handkerchiefs, handsome drawn work towels, infants' hoods, combination pocket books and card cases.

For \$1.50

Foster's Real Kid Warranted Gloves. Silk Umbrellas, paragon frames, choice assortment of handles. Heavy Silk Mufflers. Black Fur Tippets. Evening Gloves, Mousetrappers cream and colors. Foster's fancy stitched hook gloves.

For \$2

Bureau Scarfs. Large assortment of silk umbrellas. Finely Embroidered Bureau Scarfs. Real seal pocket books. Congo cases, solid silver tips.

For \$3

White Angora Fur Sets. Choice line silk umbrellas. Men's fine Fedoras hats. Ladies' moose skirts. Mackintoshes. Lace curtains.

For \$5

Finest Down Comforts. Ladies' caps and jackets. Novelties in umbrellas. Stuttgart's sanitary night shirts. Lace curtains.

For \$10

Happy Home suit—guaranteed. Ladies' fur capes. Finest quality lace curtains.

**J. J. DALRYMPLE & CO.**

Store open evenings until after holidays.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.