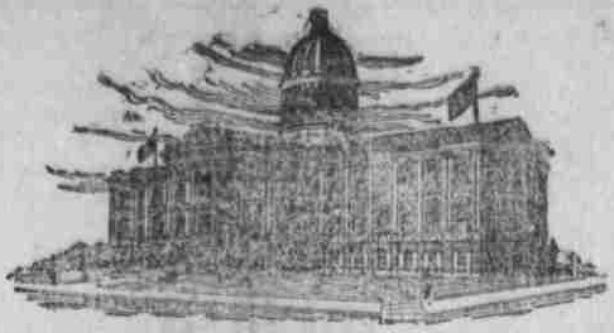


25 CENTS PER MONTH BY MAIL.

CAPITAL



JOURNAL

COUNTY OFFICIAL PAPER.

VOL. 7. DAILY EDITION. SALEM, OREGON, MONDAY, JANUARY 28, 1895. DAILY EDITION. NO. 326

GREAT REDUCTION

Men's, Women's and Children's All Wool and

WOOL-MIXED UNDERWEAR

AT

THE NEW YORK RACKET

Our Underwear, which is cheap at full price, will be very low at the reduction. Our ladies' and gents' all-wool is a special bargain. Call and see for yourselves.

E. T. BARNES

333 COMMERCIAL ST.

The Willamette Hotel.

LEADING HOTEL OF THE CITY.

Reduced rates. Management liberal. Electric cars leave hotel for all public buildings and points of interest. Special rates will be given to permanent patrons.

A. I. WAGNER.

SALEM IMPROVEMENT CO.,

LIME, CEMENT, SAND, And All BUILDING Material.

95 STATE ST.

Artificial Teeth

INSERTED WITHOUT PLATES.

Roots and badly decayed teeth recrowned with either gold or porcelain. Nothing but first-class work done.

DR. CONTRIS, DENTIST.

Parlors over Gray Bros.

RED FRONT LIVERY STABLE.

E. C. HANSEN, Manager.

A Full Supply of Horses and Buggies on Hand. Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month.

Corner Commercial and Trade streets, - SALEM, OR

GRAY BROS.,

Hardware, Wagons, Carts, Road Machinery AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Latest Improved Goods and Lowest Prices.

W. Cor. State and Liberty Sts. SALEM OREGON

J. A. Rotan, the Furniture Man!

Has moved into his old stand, No. 111 Commercial street. He carries a complete line of Furniture, Carpets and House Furnishings. His prices for all persons are strictly cash. He will send a catalog of all his goods at once free of charge. He is also a dealer in the highest quality of goods at more than regular price. He is also a dealer in the highest quality of goods at more than regular price.

Take the One Cent Daily

An Oregon Newspaper—California news does not suit you—Eastern papers will not answer—This is distinctively the Oregon Newspaper entirely covering Oregon interests.

BEGGING FOR BONDS.

Cleveland's Treasury Is Getting Short of Gold.

THE NATIONAL CREDIT IN DANGER

The President Confesses His Embarrassment.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The president sent a message to congress, today, calling attention to the necessity of immediate legislation for the protection of the treasury from further depletion of the gold reserve. The president says:

"The real trouble which confronts us consists of a lack of confidence, widespread and constantly increasing, in the continuing ability or disposition of the government to pay its obligations in gold. This lack of confidence grows, to some extent, out of the palpable and apparent embarrassments attending the government, under existing laws, in its efforts to procure gold; and, to a greater extent, the evident impossibility of either keeping it in the treasury or cancelling obligations by its expenditure after it is obtained. The only way left open to the government in procuring gold is by the issue and sale of bonds. The only bonds that can be issued were authorized nearly 25 years ago and are not well calculated to meet our present need. Among other disadvantages, they are made payable in coin, instead of specifically in gold; which, in the existing conditions, detract, in a large and increasing ratio from their desirability as investments.

It is by no means certain that bonds of this description can be much longer disposed of at a price creditable to the financial character of our government. The most dangerous and irritating feature of the situation, however, is found in the means by which the treasury is despoiled of the gold thus obtained, without cancelling a single government obligation and solely for the benefit of those who find a profit in shipping it abroad, or whose fears induce them to hoard it at home. We have outstanding about \$500,000,000 currency notes. The president, after reviewing the condition of the treasury, says: "Besides the treasury notes, which certainly should be paid in gold, amounting nearly to \$500,000,000, there will fall due in 1894, \$100,000,000 issued during the last year, for which we have received gold; and in 1907, nearly \$600,000,000, four per cent bonds, issued in 1877. Shall payment of these obligations in gold be repudiated?"

"If they are to be paid in such manner as the preservation of our national honor and national solvency demands, we should not destroy, or even imperil our ability to supply ourselves with gold for that purpose.

"While I am not unfriendly to silver, and while I care to see it recognized to such extent as consistent with financial safety and the preservation of national honor and credit, I am not willing to see gold entirely banished from our currency and business. To favor such a consequence I believe a thorough and radical remedial legislation should be promptly passed.

"I therefore beg congress to give this subject immediate attention. In my opinion, the secretary of the treasury should be authorized to issue the bonds of the government for the purpose of procuring and maintaining a sufficient gold reserve and the redemption and extinction of United States legal tender notes and treasury notes issued for the purchase of silver under the law of July 14, 1890.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

LABOR'S DISAFFECTION.

Militia Attacked On the Streets in Chicago.

CARPET WEAVERS WILL STRIKE.

Uneasy Feeling and Gloomy Outlook in the East.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—An assault on the members of the First regiment of the Illinois National Guard was made last night by five workmen; and it is supposed to have grown out of the past work by the soldiers in the strike. Charles C. Cox, a corporal, and Private Edward Banburg were walking on Michigan avenue when they were attacked with knives by five men. Cox was cut in the right eye, and may lose his sight, while Banburg was badly cut about the head. Charles Enright, a bricklayer, and one of the assailants, was caught by the police at the time, and John Roe supposed to be one of the attackers, was also arrested this evening.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28.—The ingrain carpet-weavers who operate power-looms in 65 mills in Kensington have decided to strike today, unless their employers agree to pay higher wages. It is said that no less than 18,000 operatives will be affected. The executive committee of the Power-Loom Protective Association met today and heard reports from the various mill committees, all of which stated that none of the manufacturers would yield to the demand, which is for an advance of a quarter per yard on all grades of carpets. While only 1,000 power-loom weavers make the demand, 14,000 other workmen are directly affected, and 4000 indirectly.

BLEEDING UNCLE SAM.

The British Capitalist Will Want More Per Cent.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Definite and reliable reports in financial circles are that agents from Washington are sounding the leading London bankers in regard to the new American loan. The Statist says that negotiations have not yet actually begun, but it is regarded as probable that President Cleveland will find that his government will be required to pay more than 3 per cent, and that, as the prospect of continuous borrowing on the part of the Washington government presents itself, some arrangement must be made to prevent the bonds from being sold to American bankers immediately. A European loan, says the Statist, is certainly of greater benefit to the American government than borrowing at home. But nothing, it continues, can avail without a contraction of currency.

FIGHTING IN COLOMBIA.

A Rebellion That Is Likely to Be Serious.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—A rebellion has broken out in the United States of Colombia, which is of such importance that the agents of New York merchants in that country have telegraphed orders to stop shipments of goods and cancelled all orders for the present. The revolution is the result of a long protracted scheme against the government, which first assumed definite form on the death of President Nunez. Uprisings were arranged for in the states of Santander, Cauca and Guandacavere. The last named state is under the immediate control of the federal government, and the capital Bogota is situated in it.

Very Cold in England.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—There were heavy storms during the night throughout England; severe cold prevails, with snow drifts six feet deep in many places. In Lancashire several persons have been frozen to death.

Dr. Giers Lying in State.

ST. FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—The body of Dr. Giers, who died on Saturday, is lying in state in the office of the foreign ministry, preliminary to being conveyed to the cathedral, from which the funeral will take place.

JACKSON REPUBLICANS.

One Hundred and Sixty Bimetallists at Ashland.

A THREATENING WAR.

Nicaragua May Not Go Into the Desired Alliance.

ASHLAND, Ore., Jan. 28. Apropos of the Oregonian leader of Saturday, the 26th, on the subject of the election of United States senator, the bimetallic league of Ashland desires it understood emphatically: First that they number 160 members, of whom five-sixths are Republicans who are not and have not in the past affiliated with the Populist party. Second, that they embrace men who have in the past held, and expect in the future to hold, dear to them the interest of their party and state, and a widespread indignation is expressed against the imputation that any selfish purpose actuates this league. Third, the issue tendered is not that demanding the silver standard, as insinuated by the Oregonian, but the free coinage of gold and silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, and any expression to the contrary is intended to mislead and is only another of the efforts of the Oregonian, by its characteristically dishonest methods, to make present votes by misrepresenting the truth. We oppose Senator Dolph for the reason: first, that he does not represent the Republican party nor the state on the question at issue. Second, he is not in touch with the people in any matter dearest to them, and is not a representative Republican; but a representative of corporations of which the Oregonian is the mouth-piece and exponent. And lastly, we as Republicans in company with the other long suffering people of Oregon have grown tired of the dyspepsia of Scott and the despotism of Dolph, and long for something warmer than an iceberg, and less selfish than a railroad company to represent Oregon in the United States senate.

OTHER INDIFFERENT STATES.

No Nicaragua could not permit herself to be drawn into a war with Mexico, nor will Honduras or Salvador.

The latter country in particular has all she can attend to at home. In fact, all the republics are more or less convulsed all the while by internal troubles. But I do not think that there will be a few shots exchanged and then the trouble will be settled by arbitration. A boundary dispute is a simple thing and is easily settled. A corps of engineers could very quickly settle the matter, and such a body will eventually have to determine it.

MUNITIONS OF WAR.

The steamer St. Paul sailed for Mexican ports Saturday having in her cargo 33 cases of cartridges, one case of rifles and one case of shells, to be landed at Mazatan.

READY FOR BUSINESS.

M. Ribot Has Succeeded in Forming a Cabinet.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—It is announced that the cabinet has been completed, except the ministers of war and marine, which General Lamont and Vice-Admiral Besnard have been requested to take, but have not yet accepted. The decrees regarding the appointment of the new ministers have been signed. The cabinet is given as follows: Premiership and finance, Ribot; foreign affairs, Hanotaux; interior, Deputy Leygues; justice, Deputy Trarieux; public works, Deputy Ducloux; public instruction, Poincarre; colonies, Deputy Chautemps; agriculture, Senator Gardand; commerce, Deputy Andre Lebou.

The president's message and the ministerial declaration will be read in the chambers today. It was reported tonight that General Lamont and Vice-Admiral Besnard had agreed to serve for the present.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE