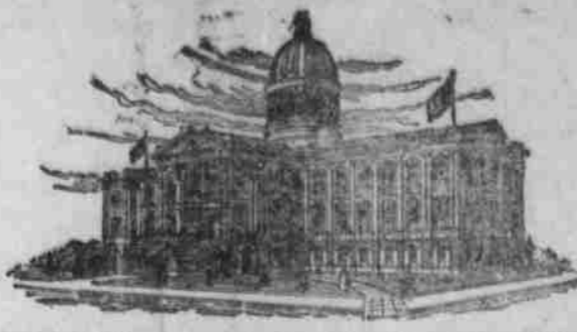


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SALEM, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1894.

DAILY EDITION.

NO. 289

MILLER'S CHRISTMAS TREE.

FOR THE CHILDREN.



OUR PLAN.—With each \$1 purchase for cash between now and Christmas we will give a coupon that will entitle the holder to a present from our tree. The purchaser may claim the present, or the coupon may be given to any child in Salem, who can secure the present by presenting the coupon at the Old Cent Store on Christmas morning.

There will be a variety of presents of equal value, each coupon holder taking choice of the articles on the tree.

Something of value may be sent to deserving families by securing 25¢ worth or more of coupons, for which we will give anything in our stock to the value of your coupon.

Candy at wholesale prices, for schools or Christmas trees. Stock fresh and as cheap as anybody. Give us a call.

J. J. MILLER,

156 STATE ST.

SALEM IMPROVEMENT CO.,

LIME, CEMENT, SAND,
And All BUILDING Material.

95 STATE ST.

GRAY BROS.,

Hardware, Wagons, Carts, Road Machinery
AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
Latest Improved Goods and Lowest Prices.
N. W. Cor. State and Liberty Sts. SALEM OREGON

BE SURE AND CALL AT THE

Union Bargain Store

AND SEE THEIR WONDERFUL DISPLAY OF

HOLLIDAY GOODS,

TOYS, DOLLS, FANCY GOODS.

Albums, Decorated Chins—in fact presents for the old and young. In addition to the most complete holiday stock they have all lines of staple and substantial, all at prices to suit the times. New lot of Shoes to suit all, Children's Shoes 45c to 65c, Ladies' Shoes 95c.



Artificial Teeth

INSERTED

WITHOUT PLATES.

Roots and badly decayed teeth recrowned with either gold or porcelain. Nothing but first-class work done.

DR. CONTRIS, DENTIST.

Parlors over Gray Bros.

The Willamette Hotel.

LEADING HOTEL OF THE CITY.

Reduced rates. Management liberal. Electric cars leave hotel for all public buildings and points of interest. Special rates will be given to permanent patrons.

A. I. WAGNER.

RED FRONT LIVERY STABLE.

E. C. HANSEN, Manager.

A Full Supply of Horses and Buggies on Hand. Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month.
Corner Commercial and Trade streets. SALEM, OR

Take the One Cent Daily

An Oregon Newspaper—California news does not suit you—Eastern papers will not answer—This is distinctively the Oregon Newspaper entirely covering Oregon interests.

KELLEY IS CONVICTED.

Murder in the Second Degree Is the Verdict.

ARGUMENTS OF THE LAWYERS.

He Will Now Probably Be Tried Again or Pardoned.

PORTLAND, Dec. 12.—The jury this morning found "Bucco" Kelly guilty of murder in the second degree.

TO THE JURY.

The case was submitted at 9:35 last night, after exhaustive arguments by counsel and an impartial charge by Judge Stephens. According to the instructions of the court, three verdicts may be returned—guilty of murder in the first degree, guilty of murder in the second degree, or acquitted. The jury retired immediately after the conclusion of charge, taking the map of Point of Rocks and other exhibits with them. Judge Stephens waited for a verdict until 1 o'clock this morning, and as there was no prospect of an agreement up to that hour ordered the jury to be locked up.

The courtroom was crowded to its fullest capacity all day yesterday and last night. Kelly was, of course, the cynosure of all eyes. Throughout the session he preserved his usual gravity. A troubled look passed over his face when Deputy District Attorney Hall recounted the details of the crime. His restlessness increased noticeably in the evening when District Attorney Hume began his argument. Occasionally Kelly appeared to be interested in it, but after listening a short time he would resume his usual attitude, with head outstretched, eyes closed and hands clasped in front. Beyond the troubled look his features betrayed no emotion whatever.

JOHN HALL'S ARGUMENT.

Deputy District Attorney John H. Hall opened the argument on behalf of the state. For two hours he held the attention of the jury and a large crowd of spectators. He carefully detailed the history of the crime, the meeting between Sayres and Kelly brought about through the instrumentalities of Burns, and the negotiations between Sayres and Kelly for the loan of \$200. He related the particulars of Sayres' trip to town to get the money on the fatal 26th of September. The appointment of Kelly to meet Sayres at the engine house at Fulton Park on September 26, at 9 p. m. was next touched upon. Kelly was then followed through all his wanderings from 8 o'clock that night, when he left the corner of Third and Burnside streets until shortly after 9 o'clock, the time of his arrival at the place of meeting. The testimony concerning the presence of a suspicious character in the neighborhood of the Macadam house; of his (Kelly's) seeing two men walk toward Point of Rocks; of Sayres' leaving his house about 9 o'clock; of the cry, "Murder! Murder!" heard by Dr. Mackenzie, were dwelt upon at length.

Mr. Hall spoke of Kelly's return to the city and of his burning his clothes at midnight. His statement to "Anthony" Carroll that he had been operating in a boat, and that as he was leaving the place he "heard a sound as of rock crashing against a man's jaw," was then taken up. Then followed the story of Kelly's arrest and of his denial of ever having seen or known Sayres. His story of the officers of the boat having crossed the river to meet two men about an opium deal, the fight which followed, the upsetting of his boat, his swimming the river and burning his clothes to avoid detection, was discussed by the speaker. Reference was made to Kelly's conversation with Chief of Police Minto, during which he told that official Point of Rocks was the scene of the murder of Sayres. Mr. Hall gave an account of the visit of Minto and the two detectives to Point of Rocks, and the findings of Sayres' spectacles, pipe and pieces of his collar, and Kelly's suitcase at the spot indicated by the defendant.

Mr. Hall then proceeded to discuss and exhibit the testimony of Kelly's story and his inconsistent statements.

JUDGE STEPHENS' CHARGE.
Judge Caples made the closing appeal to the defense. He began by telling the jury that Kelly's knowledge of "Bucco" carried with it an idea of the

business, character and traits of the man. The defendant might have been on a "buncoing" expedition on the night of the murder. Mr. Caples then sailed into the testimony, and for nearly three hours held the attention of the jury and audience. No evidence, he said, had been introduced to show that Kelly had promised to loan Sayres money. The latter expected to get money at different times, but he told neither his wife nor George Hughes from whom he expected to get it. The uncorroborated statement of Burns was made the basis of a long and forceful argument. Why was it necessary for Kelly to have Burns make appointments with Sayres for him when Sayres called at his house frequently and openly. He referred to the engagement for a meeting between Kelly and Sayres at the Occidental hotel, which Burns had made. George Hughes, the blind man, who accompanied Sayres, recognized Burns' voice as that of one of the speakers at the hotel. Then the cry of "murder" heard Dr. P. L. Mackenzie was referred to. Dr. Mackenzie thought the cry came from the direction of the engine-house at Fulton Park. Point of Rocks is located in the opposite direction. He inquired why the state had not called George Buckler who, with Powers and Carroll, talked with Kelly on the corner of Third and Burnside streets on the night of September 26.

Buckler would have been a disinterested witness, but he was never brought to the front. When Kelly called at the saloon on Fourth and Burnside streets, about midnight, on September 26, Carroll was the only one that noticed anything peculiar about its appearance. Powers noted that it wore one of his (Powers') old hats, but that was not strange as Kelly, after arising from bed, might have put on the first hat he found. Carroll was referred to as a base ingrate, who divided his time between city and county jails and the penitentiary, who was willing to swear away the life of the man who sheltered him. He placed but little faith in Carroll's testimony, regarding Kelly's statements to him. He ingeniously applied Kelly's answer to Carroll's query about that "one way of making money": "You must cook them," to the preparation of the imitation opium. That was the only substance that could be cooked. Attention was paid "Salvor" Burns, and the disreputable life he led was referred to in uncompromising terms. Burns, the speaker said, was just the man who could tell a lie without hurting his conscience. The police were attacked for their treatment of Kelly when he was suffering from his injuries and their compelling him to arise from his bed at midnight when his pain was at its height and undergo the "sweating" process. It was a thing that should not be allowed in a civilized community. But then the police department was under a new administration, which resorts to "sweating" a sick man rather than be condemned by public opinion for failure to detect the criminal.

A Poor Speculation.

PORTLAND, Or., Dec. 12.—The Portland Exposition company is very near the end of its financial tether and their splendid property, worth perhaps three times the aggregate of claims against, about \$65,000, must succumb to the terms of the foreclosure judgment heretofore gained by the Scotch-American Investment company. The day of redemption, as provided by statute, is very near and the exposition people are helpless unless the Title Guaranty Trust Co. make good their recent proposition to pay the redemption figures and give the Exposition company another year in which to redeem their big property, but as they too, are dilatory, things look very black for the judgment debtor. It is hoped, however, the work may be made in time and the property saved.

Chicago Collision.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—In a collision between two cable cars in the Washington street tunnel, one man was fatally hurt, three more seriously hurt and a score of others more or less bruised. The cars were set on fire by the flames and for a time there was a fearful smoke. After starting down the slope, William Moran, of the Milwaukee avenue, hit his head on the side and the car shot forward down the steep incline. Moran took his alarm and the conductor set all brakes on the train, but was unable to stop it, and just as the car was about to strike the Madison street train with awful force, stopping its feet into cylinders and demolishing the Milwaukee avenue car.

MESSINA EARTHQUAKE.

Congress Considers the Deficiency Bill.

MONEY TO COLLECT INCOME TAX.

Some Other Important Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The department in state is in receipt of a dispatch dated November 17 from Charles M. Caughey, consul at Messina, giving an account of an earthquake in that city on the evening of November 16. At Messina only two people were killed, but in that neighborhood it is estimated about 200 lost their lives.

URGENT DEFICIENCY BILL.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—On motion of Breckenridge, of Kentucky, the house went into a committee of the whole for the consideration of the urgency deficiency appropriation bill. The bill carried \$2,000,595, but there were two disputed items, the appropriation of \$245,000 for the collection of the income tax and \$250,000 for expenses of the special examiners of the pension office.

NO SUGAR LEGISLATION.

At 2 p. m. Senator Gray moved to take up the sugar bill. The motion was lost 25 to 27. Vest then moved to take up his cloture resolution.

WHAT A CHICAGO BANKER WANTS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—In a letter to the house committee on banking and currency today, Lyman Gage, the Chicago banker says the country is not ready to accept the currency recommendations of the president and Secretary Carlisle. He believes the Baltimore plan carries the true principles of credit currency, but we cannot reach it by one step, and years may intervene before it can be realized.

In the meantime the way for the government to step out of the currency business and place the burden of redemption on the banks is plain. Authorization of an issue of \$250,000,000 two and a half per cent bonds payable at such a time as congress may elect, 25 years desirable, to be offered to subscribers at par. Accept in payment United States legal tender notes of treasury notes the same to be cancelled. Amend the national bank act so the banks can obtain note issues to the face value of the bonds deposited as security for circulation, reduce the tax on circulating notes to one-half of one per cent.

ANOTHER CURRENCY PLAN.

Geo. C. Butler, of Newhaven, Conn., presented the currency plan differing from the Secretary's and the Baltimore plan. Its features include note issues up to 5 per cent of the bank capital. Removal of the comptroller of the currency to New York where he is to have control of the specie reserve made up of 25 per cent of the notes issued. Butler plan was also proposed to the board of bank officers in New York, presided over by the comptroller of the currency, also the erection of a suitable building in New York for the currency bureau.

SENATE TUESDAY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Call gave notice that tomorrow he would ask the senate to appoint a committee to investigate the operations of the Honduras lottery company of Florida.

The senate proceeded to the consideration of the Nicaraguan canal bill, and Dolph addressed the senate in favor of the bill. Dolph said the people of the Pacific coast were a unit in favor of the bill and discussed the advantages which the canal would bring to the whole country.

The canal, if owned and controlled by the United States, would be of great service in time of war, in which event Lake Nicaragua could be so utilized by our navy as to soon reduce the United States for any outlet route to the country. The main difficulty to be encountered would be the question as to the amount of money to be paid the old company for work already done and the maintenance possessed by it. He devoted some time to the consideration of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and declared that instead of presenting an obstacle to the construction of the canal by the United States and control of it. Dolph said

the United States had adopted a policy, had declared a principle, which, approved by her people and well understood by the world, which is just, right and in the interest of all people of this hemisphere, and would be maintained at all hazards.

In a brief speech, Sheridan pointed out that the only provision of the Nicaragua bill that he was not entirely satisfied with was the amount to be paid the Maritime company, which he thought was entitled only to the amount of money expended in the enterprise thus far. He wanted the bill stripped of all doubtful provisions in this respect and to have refunded to the company all expenditures made by it. Having paid that, the government could proceed to work of construction without interference by the company.

A TERRIFIC TORNADO.

Disastrous Fire and a Ship dismantled.

FORSYTHE, Ga., Dec. 12.—A terrific tornado reached Forsythe at 3 a. m. today. Several people were badly injured, and the loss to the town is from \$40,000 to \$50,000. The Methodist church, valued at \$18,000, was destroyed. The people became panic stricken. Every store on the west side of the public square were unroofed.

SHIP DISMANTLED.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wd., Dec. 12.—An unknown steamer, supposed to be the lighthouse tender Manzanita, is coming up the straits with a dismantled iron ship in tow.

LABOR AND SILVER.

Its Connection With Wage-Earners and Manufacturers.

DENVER, Dec. 12.—Two notable speeches on bimetalism were delivered at the banquet of the Denver Manufacturers' exchange, last night. David Homes, of Burnley, England, chairman of the parliamentary committee of the trades unions congress of the United Kingdom, representing \$1,250,000 wage-earners, speaking to the toast "Bimetalism and Wage-earners," said:

"Thinking men account for the present trade depression by the appreciation of gold and the consequent demoralization of silver in 1873 and since. If silver is restored to its former position, it will revive trade and commerce the world over. Public opinion in England has recently grown rapidly on the subject, and textile workers and others are co-operating with the bimetallic league. The recent experiment of the British government with the financial and currency question in India is a flat failure, and the Indian government is at its wits' end to raise the necessary revenue. Bimetalism will be an important factor at the next British general election in 1895, and will be a test on the question in Lancashire and other constituencies for parliamentary candidates."

Hon. Wharton Barker, of Philadelphia, speaking on "Bimetalism and Manufacturers," said:

"The professors of political science in Great Britain, and men in the front rank in Europe and America, favor bimetalism; the opposition comes from money-lenders. The demoralization of silver has contracted the world's money almost one-half and appreciated gold to the great advantage of the creditor class and the damage and ruin of the debtor class. The proposed plan of bankruptcy set forth in President Cleveland's message should be opposed by every citizen who has the welfare of the people at heart. Bimetalism must be restored by independent action by America, and can be whenever the people are determined to have financial as well as industrial independence; to stand on British gold monometalism as they have done British free trade; whenever they know the difference between American policy and an alien policy."

He suggested that America admit silver from American mines to advantage upon payment of a storage charge amounting three-fourths of the difference between the London price and trade value, and that foreign silver be admitted for coinage at a single charge absorbing all the difference between the London price and coinage value. He continued:

"The road to American prosperity is bimetalism and protection. A free

protective system will protect American labor, extend American commerce and at the same time preclude trusts, combinations and monopolies."

GREAT NORTHERN WRECK.

A Rascally Book Agent Charged With New Crime.

SEATTLE, Wn., Dec. 12.—Another wreck on the Great Northern last night at Bells Mill near Everett, the overland due at Seattle at 10:35 p. m. was thrown from the track by a landslide.

Fireman Bells was fatally injured by hot water and steam. The engineer had a marvelous escape by jumping. The passengers were badly shaken up but not injured. The engine went into the bay badly damaged, but the tender is near the track. The passenger coaches did not leave the rails.

The track had just been cleared of Monday night's wreck, and that train brought in the mail to Seattle this morning from the train wrecked last night.

INCEST CASE.

SEATTLE, WASH., Dec. 11.—Arthur J. Calkins, a book agent, who was defendant in a sensational divorce suit sometime hence in which the court refused to grant a divorce, was arrested today, charged with incest with his fourteen year old daughter.

A RUGGED PIONEER.—Louis Pettyjohn was in town today. Under the genial influence of lots of rainy weather he is enjoying good health, his cheeks are as rosy as a young man's ought to be. He is got on eighty-five years of age and this year with his family, managed a ranch of over 500 acres under cultivation, picking 60 acres of hops, and running large bands of sheep and cattle. He has a large orchard and for a man of his years shows remarkable vitality and energy.

Murdered by a Burglar.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 12.—Wm. H. Price, of the firm of Chandler & Price, was murdered by a burglar this morning. Burglars were found in the house by Price, and one shot him in the breast. He lived only a few minutes, and the burglars escaped.

A Prime Minister Dead.

WINDSOR, ENG., Dec. 12.—Sir John Thompson, Canadian Prime Minister, died at Windsor today.

A NEW SINGER.—Mrs. Fred Wiggins has consented to sing "A Song of Love" this evening at the concert given by the Episcopal church at Reed's opera house. She is a singer only procured at the last moment and not heretofore announced.

MRS. HOLLE FARRISH HINOM.—She will sing twice this evening at the Reed—that means four times as she is always accord.

Prof. Green, the famous pianist of Portland, plays tonight at the Reed opera house.

The Lane county tax roll is now the only one that is still out.

FOR LARCENY.—Frank Kline, of Wasco county, was today.

THE MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 12.—Wheat Cash 90.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—Wheat, Cash 56; May 60.

PORTLAND, Dec. 12.—Wheat Valley 80; Walls Walls 75@75.

Charles of Shiloh to Battle.

At the battle of Solferino, according to M. Cassiodori's carefully deduced calculations, a comparison of the number of shots fired on the Austrian side with the number of killed and wounded on the part of the enemy shows that 100 bullets were expended for every man wounded and 4,500 for each man killed. The average weight of the ball used was 50 grains; therefore it must have taken at least 150 kilograms or 330 pounds of lead for every man put out of the way. Yet Solferino has gone into history as a most important and bloody engagement.

Bound to fight of the above, was not far from right when he quoted said, "War is hell," but the sound of war is a hell—St. Louis Republic.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov's Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE