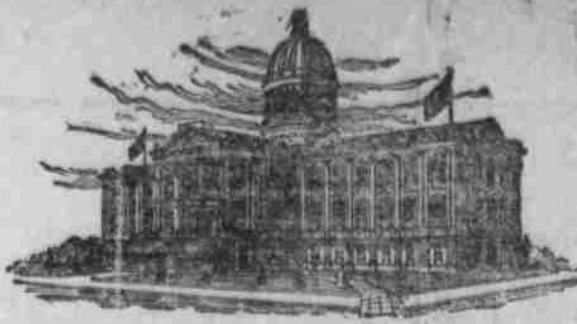


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You need them now. Save from two to three dollars by buying from

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See their new line of Holiday Goods.

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Reduced rates. Management liberal. Electric cars leave hotel for all public buildings and points of interest. Special rates will be given to permanent patrons.

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RED FRONT LIVERY STABLE.

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A Full Supply of Horses and Buggies on Hand. Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month. Corner Commercial and Trade streets, SALEM, OR

Take the One Cent Daily

An Oregon Newspaper—California news does not suit you—Eastern papers will not answer—This is distinctively the Oregon Newspaper entirely covering Oregon interests.

A BIG WIND STORM.

It is Unusually Breezy for This Valley.

TELEGRAPH WIRES BLOWN DOWN

Does Some Damage at Portland and to the North.

PORTLAND, Dec. 8.—One of the most violent wind storms that ever prevailed in this city raged last night. It reached its greatest fury about 8:30 o'clock when it blew at the rate of 64 miles per hour, which exceeds the record made January 9, 1880, by one mile. So far as known it did but little damage beyond laying low telegraph wires and breaking plate glass windows. Many signs and awnings were blown down. All telegraph communications with the east and California was cut off. It was not restored until about noon today. No reports have been received from points along the coast but it is inferred heavy winds also prevailed there.

The storm which the weather bureau announced was to visit Oregon on Wednesday, failed to arrive on time, and many thought the observer had been nervous when the storm signals were hung out on the outer walls. It is now known that the storm got lost among the mountains of Nevada, and as been rapping around that section for two days. Friday morning it began to escape, and the first breath which came up across the state caused a slight fall of snow, making slush in the streets, but melting before they reached the ground.

The day was not particularly disagreeable but about 7:50 yesterday evening the tail of the storm reached here and rattled things around in a lively manner. The force of the blow was evidenced by the fact that all the telegraph lines were down south of the city. Connections were kept up a short time but that line went down and all connection with the east was shut off. SALEM: No damage to speak of was done by the high wind that prevailed in this part of the valley.

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Wilson, Democrat of Virginia, moved that the committee of the whole be discharged from consideration of the message, and its various parts be referred to the standing committees having jurisdiction.

Grow, Republican of Pennsylvania, in accordance with notice previously given, addressed himself to the banking scheme promulgated in the president's message. He said he believed the law should remain exactly as it is, except that the banks should be allowed to deposit money as well as bonds for circulation and take \$113 on every \$100 in money deposited, and circulation up to the par value of the bonds. State banks, he believed, should have the same rights of issue, with the same liability to the government, together with the personal liability of stockholders.

Mellie, from the committee on public lands, called up the bill to protect forest reservations.

Wells, Democrat of Wisconsin, opposed the bill in every feature. An attempt to drive this bill through under the whip and spur smelted—he would say—savored, if he did not have so much high respect for the chairman of the public lands committee of forests. It was said that the forestry association was behind the bill. There was an association behind it, which had its origin in Maine fifty years ago, and had now extended to the Pacific slope. It was an association of timber thieves and land sharks. If the timber thieves were allowed to go into the public forests they would invite agents of the interior department and destroy them. The pine land thieves of Michigan and Wisconsin, he declared excitedly, had grown rich as paupers, and then sought rest in this bill and the other. He challenged any advocate of the bill to show a line to it designated to protect the public forests.

When Wells took his seat, Chairman Mellie indignantly denied there was any land ring or association behind the bill. He had assumed the responsibility for the bill and if the gentleman from Wisconsin knew of any hidden

power behind it, he would yield time for him to make known its nature.

"I said before," replied Wells hotly, "I believed in your honesty but the gentleman is green in the lumber business, and I believe the gentleman is being deceived and made a fool."

"I may be green in lumber business," returned McRae, "but I take pride in the fact that I represent one of the largest timber sections of the country. My state, however, is not affected by this bill. There is no interest behind this bill, save such as ought to inspire every patriotic American with the protection of forests from devastating fires and timber thieves."

After some further debate by Wilson, Republican of Washington; Pickler, Republican of North Dakota, and Coffeen, Democratic of Wyoming, the morning hour expired, and in accordance with the terms of the special order the railroad pooling bill was taken up.

Berlett, Democrat of New York, addressed the house in favor of the measure, arguing in support of legitimate and legal pooling.

USE OF SOLDIERS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—A very important opinion as to the amenability of officers of the regular army to the jurisdiction of municipal courts was rendered today. In response to a request from the secretary of war, the attorney-general rendered an opinion to the effect that the expression "laws of the land," in the 59th article of war, includes city ordinances and by-laws, and therefore that a soldier may be arrested, tried, and punished by the proper civil authorities, and should be made by the military officer in command. This opinion, if sustained, will have a far-reaching effect upon the use of soldiers in organized municipal fire, army officers fearing that in certain cases the army will be powerless to act in cases of disorder similar to that which existed in Chicago, if a board of aldermen pass an ordinance prohibiting the public appearance of troops under arms.

Prof. George F. Barker, of the University of Pennsylvania, writes: "I have examined the principal baking powders now offered for sale. I have found Dr. Price's superior in leavening strength and free from all adulterant ingredients. On chemical analysis it shows the highest test."

A Gay California Girl Arrested.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—Late Thursday night a handsome, dark-eyed young woman, gay with diamonds, was arrested in Koester & Blais' on a charge of disorderly conduct. At the Thirtieth street police station she said she was Annie Willis, 25 years old. She said she was a California girl, and had come to New York to see what it was like. She was stopping at the Fifth avenue hotel she said.

Rights of Trades Unions.

SPOKANE, Dec. 8.—A case involving the rights of trades unions in their relations to employers and their own members came up in the superior court today. R. Bachman was expelled from the local brewers' union, which demanded and obtained his discharge from employment. He now asks for an injunction restraining the union from interfering with his employment, also asks for \$500 damages. It is expected that the case will be carried to the supreme court. It is unique in jurisprudence in this state.

The W. C. T. U. Act.

TACOMA, Dec. 8.—The several local branches of the W. C. T. U. today held a union meeting at the Methodist church, and drafted an open letter to the mayor and city council demanding that the city authorities stop all gambling, close the saloons on Sundays and suppress prostitution. The action is the result of a movement toward reform started by the ministerial alliance and one of two ministers who have been sending agents into the gambling places and houses of ill fame to secure reports of the wickedness of the things there.

Alaska Gold Find.

FOUR DOWNERS, Wash., Dec. 8.—Another big gold find has been made in Alaska, which, from reports by the steamer Outlook last night, will make the discoveries independently. The news of the discovery is of the kind of Fairbanks. A party of men, who carried boxes of dirt from the creek bed and the neighboring bluff showed up from \$1 to \$25 each. The discoverers are now in the Yukon, and are on their way to the Fairbanks to form a company to prospect the big find.

SALOONKEEPER HODGKINS.

Federal Grand Jury Indicts Him on Three Counts.

Oscar Hodgkins, the saloonkeeper, who involved himself in a quarrel with Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue J. B. Mulley, has been indicted on three counts by the United States grand jury. Deputy Marshal Humphrey went to Corvallis and arrested Hodgkins, who went before a United States commissioner and gave bonds for his appearance in the sum of \$500.

The Oregonian says Hodgkins is having more trouble out of this case than expected. He was whipped by Mulley, who then had him arrested on three charges—one of imp's assault, another of assault with a dangerous weapon, and a third of carrying concealed weapons. To the charge of simple assault Mulley pleaded guilty and was fined in the justice court at Corvallis. On the other two charges he was released under bonds, and Judge Bellinger issued an order transferring them from the justice court to the United States court.

The grand jury now returns an indictment containing three counts against Hodgkins, one for assault on a United States officer, the second for causing the arrest of Mulley for carrying concealed weapons, well knowing him to be a revenue officer, and that he had a right to carry concealed weapons; the third for causing a warrant to be issued for the arrest of Mulley on the charge of assault with a dangerous weapon, knowing the charge was false. Hodgkins will have a chance to tell his side of the story when he appears in court.

Upon every test at the World's Columbian Fair Dr. Price's Baking Powder was accorded foremost rank. The government experts who made the examination found it to be unsurpassable in its great leavening strength, the perfect purity of its constituent elements, and its uniform excellence.

Farmers' Alliance.

OAKLAND, Cal., Dec. 8.—At the closing session of the Farmers' Alliance resolutions were adopted reaffirming allegiance to the Ocala demands, opposing the currency measures recommended by Cleveland in his annual message, opposing the Reilly funding bill, believing the government should operate the railroads and stating the opinion that no material relief could be secured in a so-called "competing" road; opposing the government construction of the Nicaraguan canal, except the same be owned and operated by the government; demanding impartial treatment by the state of citizens and corporations in the collection of taxes and dues, and opposing an increase in the standing army.

Tramps Killed.

FOSTORIA, Ohio, Dec. 8.—In a fight between tramps in a boxcar on the Baltimore & Ohio train last night one was killed and another fatally wounded.

Train Runs Into a Hand-car.

PORTLAND, Dec. 7.—Edward Beck and Edward Bedlan, section men on the O. R. & N. were badly injured, the latter perhaps fatally, near Bonneville today. The men were on a hand car and were crossing a bridge when they heard a train approaching around the curve. The hand-car and the men were hurled into the air and onto the rocks below. Bedlan had his head fractured, but Beck is not so seriously injured.

Silver Democrats.

LANSING, Mich., Dec. 8.—At a conference of over thirty leading free silver Democrats of this state, held here, steps were taken to secure an unequivocal pledge from the Democratic party to make 16 to 1 free silver coinage the leading issue. There was some talk of the formation of a new party with silver as the issue.

In Bad Luck.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 8.—J. H. Conrad attempted suicide by taking morphine. He is now in a critical condition. The loss of money at gambling prompted the deed. He was formerly a prosperous merchant at Helena, Mont., where he has a wealthy brother in a banking business.

"When a lovely woman stoops to folly" she always uses some baking powder other than Dr. Price's.

The Utah Trouble.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The secretary of the interior has received a telegram from Governor West, of Utah, asking for troops to drive out Southern Utes now in Utah and saying there is likely to be trouble between them and the white settlers. The request has been sent to the war department.

Earl of Oxford Dead.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—The sudden death of the Earl of Oxford is announced. He will be succeeded by his nephew, Robert Horace Walpole, who, in 1888, married Miss Louise Melissa Corbin, of New York, and was sued for a breach of promise by a German governess of Constantinople.

Gold Reserve Going.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The treasury lost by withdrawals in gold yesterday \$1,700,000. Withdrawals have reduced the gold reserve below \$100,000,000.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—Lizard Freres ship \$1,250,000 to England today.

The Kelly Trial.

PORTLAND, Dec. 8.—In the Sayres murder trial today the jury was taken out to Fulton, the scene of the murder. The state has closed its case and the defense will begin this afternoon.

THE MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 8.—Wheat Cash 98.

CHICAGO, Dec. 8.—Wheat, Cash 55; May 60.

PORTLAND, Dec. 8.—Wheat valley 77; Walla Walla 67 1/2 @ 70.

PUBLISHERS BULLETIN.

A QUESTION. Are you a reader of a daily or weekly newspaper? If so, you pay out money for that purpose. We want your ears ALL THE NEWS.

THE DAILY JOURNAL is sold at \$3.00 a year by mail prepaid, or 25 cts. a month. No papers are sent after time you pay for.

THE BEST WEEKLY. THE WEEKLY JOURNAL is now \$1.50 a year. All subscribers must settle at that price up to January 1, 1895. After that the price will be \$1.00 a year cash in advance.

NO ACCOUNTS. After January 1, 1895, the WEEKLY CAPITAL JOURNAL at the reduced price will not be sent to any address unless paid for in advance, nor any longer than it is paid for. Remember this and renew for 1895 if you want the paper to come. All accounts up to that date for the WEEKLY will be collected at the old price of \$1.50 a year. You can better afford to pay \$1.00 in advance and have no bill run against you than have it on credit at \$1.50 a year.

THE \$1.00 WEEKLY. It will be sent to any address in the United States or Canada prepaid at that rate for any period of three months or over. A handsome premium is offered all who are in arrears who will pay up, and renew in advance before January 1, 1895, (at the reduced rate of \$1.00 a year for 1895.) See announcement of book premium in WEEKLY this week.

A HARD TIMES DEAL. The reduction of the price of the WEEKLY CAPITAL JOURNAL to \$1 a year will take place January 1, 1895, but subscriptions in advance for next year will be received now. Old subscribers who are in arrears should read the offer of valuable book premiums published in this week's issue of the WEEKLY. Reducing the price of the WEEKLY to \$1 a year is in keeping with our hard times policy introduced in 1893 when the price of the DAILY JOURNAL was put down to \$3 a year cash in advance. Wages, prices of paper, the prices of farm product and all incomes have been reduced so that these reductions in price of our newspaper are but in keeping with the necessities of the times.

The JOURNAL's telegraphic report was delayed today on account of the storm.

The United States Official Investigation of Baking Powders,

Made under authority of Congress by the Chief Chemist of the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., shows the

ROYAL Baking Powder

to be a cream of tartar baking powder of the highest quality, superior to all others in strength, leavening power, and general usefulness.

The Royal Baking Powder is thus distinguished by the highest expert official authority the leading Baking Powder of the world.

Royal Baking Powder makes the finest, sweetest, lightest and most wholesome food. It goes further in use, and is more economical than any other.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 110 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.