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DAILY EDITION.

NO. 253

10 PER CENT DISCOUNT

BOOT AND SHOE SALE!

UNTIL THE STOCK IS CLOSED OUT WE WILL GIVE

10 PER CENT REDUCTION ON THE ENTIRE STOCK OF BOOTS and SHOES

—AT THE—
Columbia Shoe Store, 118 State St.

RUBBER GOODS EXCEPTED.

Competition the Life of Trade.

This is an old saying, yet quite true. Without competition we, like all others, might ask too much for our goods. As it is it drives us to purchase our goods strictly for cash, which we give our customers the benefit of. We have no particular leader. Every pair in our house is a leader. Our plow shoes at \$1.15, \$1.25, \$1.40 and \$1.55 are all leaders. Ladies' all grain shoes at \$1.19, \$1.35, \$1.50 and \$1.49 can't be beat. Children's shoes from 39c up. We have also just received a good supply of men's heavy underwear, which we are selling for 50c a suit. All kind of household necessities, from a darning needle to a wood-saw, you will find at the

Union Bargain Store, - 142 State Street.

M. J. MATSON.

THE FAIR STORE

—WILL TELL YOU—

100 yards Lampwick
1 dozen Clothes Pins
100 good Matches
No. 1 and 2 Lamp Chimneys
LePage's Mucilage
And anything else in proportion. A nice line of ladies' gents and children's Underwear, Umbrellas, and most anything you want, at low cash prices.

O. P. DABNEY, PROP.

The Willamette Hotel.

LEADING HOTEL OF THE CITY.

A. I. WAGNER.

GRAY BROS.

Hardware, Wagons, Carts, Road Machinery
AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
Largest Assortment Goods and Lowest Prices.
Salem Oregon

PERRY & CO.,

Engines repaired. All kind of Job Work neatly done
New Depot, Salem, Oregon. Correspondence solicited.

GARDEN HOSE!

LAWN GOODS For the Best and Cheapest always go to

Churchill & Burroughs,

RED FRONT LIVERY STABLE.

WALLING & HICKS, PROP.
Full Supply of Horses and Buggies on Hand. Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month.
Commercial and State streets, SALEM, OR.

WAIARAPA WRECKED.

About One Hundred and Fifty Lives Lost.

A VERY UNUSUAL CALAMITY.

Passengers and Crew Lost Within Sight of Shore.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Nov. 1.—The Union Line steamer Wairarapa, bound from this port for Auckland, N. Z., was wrecked Sunday evening on Great Barrie's Island, off the northeast coast of New Zealand. The night was very dark, and the steamer was ignorant of the proximity of the land until the steamer struck on the rocks. Captain McIntosh, the master of the Wairarapa, was on the bridge at the time. He, together with most of the crew, was lost. The sea was rough when the steamer went aground. Attempts were made to lower some of the boats, but several of these were either smashed by being thrown against the side of the steamer before the lines were cast off or were capsized before they could be swung head to the sea. Most of those in the boats perished. Those remaining on board made attempts to rescue them.

In the meantime the people on shore were striving to assist the wrecked people. The steamer had two or three life rafts, and these were thrown overboard, but remained attached to the vessel by stout lines. Then some of the passengers scrambled down the side by the aid of ropes and jumped upon the rafts, which were then cut loose. They drifted rapidly ashore, and the people on them were taken off when they came in reach by men, who went out in the water as far as possible to meet them. A line was finally thrown across the steamer and the breeches buoy rigged. A number of lives were saved by this means. Altogether, 111 of the passengers and 33 of the crew were drowned. Some of the survivors have arrived at Auckland, but the number saved is not positively known.

Additional Details.
AUCKLAND, N. Z., Nov. 1.—Additional details regarding the loss of the Wairarapa, in which 111 passengers and 33 men were drowned, have been received from passengers arriving here. The steamer struck ground at midnight during heavy weather and when a rough sea was running. The passengers were aroused by the shock and rushed in terror upon the deck, where life belts were served out and preparations were made to lower boats. Several boats capsized while being lowered. The crew then set to work constructing rafts, and ran a line ashore with great difficulty. With the aid of a sort of breeches buoy they succeeded in rescuing a number of the people.

Many pathetic and heartrending scenes were witnessed, especially between husbands and wives and parents.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The president has issued the following proclamation designating November 29, as a day of Thanksgiving:
The American people should gratefully render thanksgiving and praise to the supreme ruler of the universe, who has watched over them with kindness and fostering care during the year that has passed; they should also with humility and faith supplicate the father of all mercy for continued blessings according to their needs and as they should, by deeds of charity, seek the favor of the giver of every good and perfect gift.

Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart Thursday, the 29th day of November, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer to be kept and observed by all the people of the land.

Harrison Talks.
NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Ex-President Harrison spoke at Carnegie hall last evening. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Republican state central committee to ratify the nomination of Morton and Saxton. When 6,000 persons were packed into the hall, there were still many thousands outside seeking admission. Two gentlemen in clerical attire were ushered across the platform. They were Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul and Bishop McGoldrick of Duluth. Mr. Morton was chosen chairman and in a most speech introduced General Harrison. The ex-president eulogized Morton and made an earnest appeal to the people to vote for pure government.

Bold Train Robbery.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 1.—Passenger train No. 2, of the Kansas City, Memphis & Birmingham railroad, was held up at 1 o'clock this morning, a few miles east of New Albany, Miss. by three masked men, and the express car looted of its contents.

Officers of the Southern Express company give it out that only a little cheap jewelry and valuables constituted the robbers' booty. It is suspected, however, that the express company is lying low on this subject. The general belief is that the robbers are amateurs, although they did things up in shape.

Jap Warships Sighted.
HONOLULU, Nov. 1.—Japanese warships were sighted off Waialae-Wai Sunday, and the Chinese fleet went out to prevent. Not finding the enemy, the Chinese fleet returned, and left Waialae-Wai again. On Wednesday, the destination being unknown. Small parties of Chinese have attacked several Hawaiian frontier towns, and in one case a quantity of arms and ammunition. In another case, the Chinese were repulsed, with a loss of sixty men.

Killed by a Blast.
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.—Peter Anderson and Hugh Green, laborers, were killed this afternoon by the premature explosion of a blast in laying down a quantity of heavy stone on the east side of Telegraph hill.

and children, but there was no panic. It was with the greatest difficulty that the boats were launched, as the heavy seas were continually breaking over, which soon partly submerged them, thus rendering rescue more difficult than ever. Life rafts were cut adrift and by means of them many lives were saved, while others clung to the improvised rafts until rescued from shore.

When the passengers rushed on deck, many sought refuge on the bridge of the steamship until the heavy seas swept a number overboard, and caused those unable to find places in the boats or on the rafts to escape to the rigging, where they remained until daybreak. There is no doubt many more passengers would have been drowned had it not been for the gallantry of two seamen, who swam ashore with a life line.

Nearly all the survivors reached shore in the scantiest clothing. Some remained on the rocks thirty hours, subsisting on oranges which washed ashore from the wreck. When the disaster became known to the Maoris on land, these natives launched small boats and succeeded in rescuing a number of people. Assistance was finally obtained from Port Fitzroy and all the survivors of the Wairarapa were brought here.

Germany's Meat Quarrel.
LONDON, Nov. 1.—The Standard's Berlin correspondent says: "The prohibition of imports of cattle from the United States produced a lively exchange of views between Mr. Runyon and Freiherr Marschal von Bieberstein. Runyon declared the order severe, unjust and needless, and evidently a reprisal for the American sugar duties, which the president, of course, would annul. Marschal added that the face of the three first epithets, but repudiated the last one. He said that Germany could not barter the soundness of her cattle for a prospective lowering of the sugar duty. The incubation period of the Texas fever, he said, was six weeks, and cattle leaving America in apparent health might afterwards be attacked and spread the infection. Mr. Runyon disputed this, claiming that the contagion is carried only by insects that do not exist in Europe, and, moreover, dead meat was unable to convey the germs from Texas.

A Luxow Witness.
JERSEY CITY, Nov. 1.—Judge Lippincott today denied the application for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Mrs. Matilda Herman, a Luxow witness, under sentence to jail for thirty days. Judge Lippincott stated that if the Luxow authorities wanted the woman released they would have to apply to Governor Werts for a requisition. Mrs. Herman said if she was released she was perfectly willing to go to New York and testify.

Lexington's Immoral Women.
LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 1.—C. C. Moore, the Lexington infidel prohibition editor, who took such a peculiar part in the Owens-Breckenridge contest, has now undertaken to reform the fallen women of Lexington. He believes the house-of-reform idea does not go far enough, and has made his first tour of the slums of the town, and says he believes that the women will lead a better life if some inducement of social standing or financial support is offered, so they will not be entirely dependent. There are more of this class of women in Lexington than any other city in the world with the same number of inhabitants.

Germany's Policy.
BERLIN, Nov. 1.—An order has been issued by the government to establish agricultural bureaus in connection with the German embassies at London, Washington, Paris, Vienna and St. Petersburg. That step is looked upon as an evidence that a stricter protective agrarian policy will be pursued.

Italy Desperate.
PARIS, Nov. 1.—La Gauloise writes a story alleging the Italian premier, Crispi, having become burdened with political and financial troubles, is preparing to make a desperate coup and has made arrangements whereby England will furnish Italy with the facilities for the transportation of arms, etc., for a descent upon Tripoli.

Chinese Sailors.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The treasury department has been relieved from the anxiety of deciding whether Chinese seamen could land temporarily in this country, by the departure from Baltimore of the Ping Hoo, the vessel manned by Chinese sailors.

Cash Dividend.
PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 1.—The directors of the Pennsylvania and the afternoon declared a semi-annual dividend of 2 1/2 per cent cash.

THE MARKETS.
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.—Wheat 4 1/2 (cash);
CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Wheat, 4 1/2 (cash);
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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ALEXANDER IS DEAD.

Russia's Czar Expired at 3 P. M. Today.

THE CZAROVICH PLOTTED AGAINST

Arrest Before the Czar's Body Is Cold.

THE CZAR DEPARTS.
LIVIDIA, Nov. 1.—The czar of Russia died at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

RELIGIOUS CEREMONIES.
Immediately after the body of the czar has been prepared it will be laid upon an inclined table preliminary to being placed into a temporary coffin. Priests will then enter the bedroom and will chant a requiem. This will be repeated three times daily until the burial takes place. All members of the imperial family will be present at the ceremonies. It is expected that the body will be removed tomorrow to a private chapel where special prayers for the emperor's soul will be offered, and where once a day a litany will be sung in addition to the chanting of the requiem as previously stated.

THE NEW CZAR.
It is understood that the czarovich will immediately issue a proclamation declaring himself czar, and all the Russian officials throughout the world will be compelled to take the oath of allegiance as soon as possible.

THE CZAROVICH THREATENED.
LONDON, Nov. 1.—According to a special dispatch from St. Petersburg, a conspiracy against the life of the czarovich has been discovered. The police have made many arrests.

MILITARY HONORS.
VIENNA, Nov. 1.—The officers of the czar's Austrian regiment have been ordered to be ready to act as a deputation at the czar's funeral.

THE PRUDENTIAL DENIED.
YALTA, Nov. 1.—The Grand Duke Alexis Michaelovich, cousin of the czar, who was disgraced and banished to the Caucasus several years ago, arrived here recently, wishing to see the czar and ask his pardon before he died. The czar declined to see him.

DOCTORS' QUARREL.
VIENNA, Nov. 1.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Neu Freie Presse says, in a dispatch published in the evening edition: Dr. Sacharjin and Professor Leyden have had violent quarrels, each accusing the other of giving the czar improper treatment.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—In view of the czar's desperate condition yesterday, President Casimir Perier gave up his shooting trip to Pont-sur-Seine, and will remain at Elysee.

WHY DELAYED.
LONDON, Nov. 1.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of Daily News says: The delay of the wedding is owing to the czar's insisting that the customary festive ceremony shall take place. The czar said: "If I grow better I shall wish to have the wedding celebrated with the usual splendor. If I grow worse, there will always be time enough for a quick ceremony."

Gloating Nihilists.
LONDON, Nov. 1.—A circular letter showing a blood red bomb, revolver and dagger, emanating from the refugee nihilists, is circulating in London.

"To our brothers, the opposed in Russia: The tyrant Alexander, the autocrat czar, hangman and assassin of Michaeloff, Kowaleff, Kibalitch, Naitch, Sophie Petrovitch, Janie Helfman and many others, provider of millions of galleys, persecutor of the Jews, is on the point of expiating his crime. He is laying of a mysterious illness a well merited punishment. Vandalism, his favorites, Huxia, and papists, can do nothing to prolong his life.

"As length the monster is going to disappear. Hurrah! The day has come when a man ought to be able by right of birth to dispose of the liberty and lives of a hundred million of other men.

"Let him see the result, of his ambitious plans, intend to be Vladimir and Michael, who were ready to assassinate in accordance with the traditions of the Romanoff family to get possession of the bloody heritage."

them all thoroughly understand that at every hour and at every step they will find themselves face to face with the flexible will of the revolutionists."

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ABSOLUTELY PURE

MOST REVOLTING CASE.

A Marriage Bureau Victim Sentenced to the Penitentiary.
Special to THE JOURNAL.
EUGENE, Or., Nov. 1.—In the Lane county circuit court, the state of Oregon vs. Duncan Scott, for adultery, Scott has been found guilty and sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. Defendant's attorneys have perfected an appeal and Scott is at liberty, pending the decision of the supreme court, on \$500 bonds. This case is a most revolting one and involved Mrs. Louise B. H., the twenty year old bride of one month and her eighty year old spouse, and is the result of a match made by one Horn and his wife who conduct a marriage bureau in Eugene.

Boff paid Horn \$100 for his services and Horn and Scott were implicated in inducing Mrs. Boff, the young wife, to leave her spouse and when Scott and Mrs. Hoff are alleged to have committed adultery. Mrs. Boff was not indicted and was the state's principal witness, and it is upon the accomplice's testimony that Scott was convicted. Defendant's attorneys maintain that an undicted accomplice cannot testify against her paramour, and it is upon the admissibility of her testimony that the supreme court will be called to pass.

Three Killed.
ST. LOUIS, Nov. 1.—By the breaking of a scaffold on an eight story building in course of erection at Twelfth and Locust streets this afternoon Sam'l Moore and Jacob Weiner were killed, also Jacob Ens was fatally injured.

California's New Secretary.
SACRAMENTO, Nov. 1.—Gov. Markham today appointed his executive secretary, Albert Hart, secretary of state for California.

The Lucas Capsized.
PORTLAND, Nov. 1.—A telegram from Captain Gregory, of the light house tender, Manzanita, says the abandoned brig, T. W. Lucas, is capsized one mile off the Umpqua bar. She is drifting towards shore.

Grover Goes Gunning.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—President Cleveland slipped quietly out of town today for recreation. It is understood he has gone into Maryland shooting.

A Jap Recalled.
BERLIN, Nov. 1.—Major Oizal, military attaché of the Japanese legation in Berlin, has been recalled, as his services are needed at home for work in connection with the war.

PRINCESS ALIX.
ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 1.—The population of Yalta warmly greets the Princess Alix when she drives out with the czarovich.

Aurahan Lincoln had a remarkable way of putting things plainly. He made few utterances on the tariff, because his great public life was occupied with other questions that had precedences over ordinary economic subjects. But he did, in a few instances, speak on the contest between protection and free trade, and on one occasion he said this: "If the United States has \$40 and needs a ton of iron and buys it in Europe, it has the ton of iron, but it has parted with the money. If that sum of money is spent for a ton of iron made in this country, then we have both the iron and the \$40." Did any one ever put the statement more plainly of more fairly than that?

The Wet Droug.
This country is a great breeding home for little girls who do not have a small piece of mind. A very small piece was placed on her plate, when she remarked:
"I want a piece to eat, but to look at!"

An middle with traveled around among the lawyers, and an audible crowd gathered on the lawn of the land-lady.—Washington Capital.

It is a crime to kill an American eagle in the state of New York, and it is also an offense against the law to take one of the noble birds to possession.

Havana, Yucatan, Mexico, and Canton are all situated between the twenty-third and twenty-fourth degrees of north latitude.

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