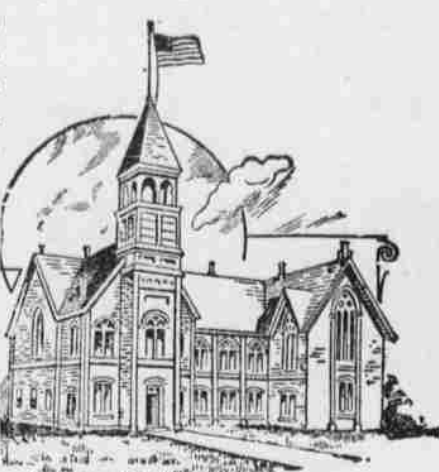


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SLAPPING AT THE SENATORS.

The House Votes to Elect by the People.

ANOTHER BIG BLUFF LAW SUIT.

Rumor in London of a China-Japanese War.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—There was a slim attendance of members of the house today. Bowers demanded the regular order which was a resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution, providing that senators be elected by a direct vote of the people. Although a two-thirds vote is required for measures amending the constitution, the pending resolution passed, 137 to 49, with 13 votes to spare.

The announcement was received with Democratic applause. The house disagreed to the senate amendments on the Indian appropriation bill. Holman, Allen and Wilson, of Washington, were appointed conferees.

Senate Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Conservative Democratic leaders in the senate are discussing the advisability of holding a caucus for the purpose of trying to reach an understanding on the tariff measures. There is a plan for the repeal of the sugar bounty by an independent bill, if the differential duty on refined sugar is struck out of the tariff bill, and the bill defeated in consequence. Senator Allen, the Nebraska Populist, a member of the Sugar Investigation committee, made a report to the senate, supplementing that of the committee. He says evidence shows that the sugar trust contributed to the campaign funds both of the Democratic and Republican parties, with the expectation, if not the implied promise, that its interests would be cared for, and that McPherson and Quay speculated in sugar during the pending tariff bill. He recommends that the law be enacted covering both these practices.

Sensible Republicans.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The Republican advisory committee of the senate today decided to recommend to Republican senators that they allow the Democrats to do the greater part of the talking on the tariff, and vote solidly to strike out the differential sugar duty.

THE SUGAR INQUIRY.

The Senate Sugar Investigation committee resumed its work today. The most important witness was Harry Rood of the New York Herald reporter.

Damned if They Do and Damned if They Don't.

WASHINGTON, D. C. July 21.—Senator Jones, one of the tariff conferees, has received a dozen letters, of which the following is a fair specimen: "To the Congressional Committee on Tariff: If you pass the bill with the income tax, don't forget to order your coffins, you will need them all as soon as you leave Washington. Signed, Democrat, so help you God."

Mails Beginning to Move Regularly.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Rapid improvement in condition of the Western mail service is reported at the postoffice department. Dispatches today say the postal officials believe all injurious effects of the strike will be overcome at the beginning of next week.

Striker's Couldn't Capture the Dutch.

CHICAGO, July 21.—A mob at Pullman today attempted to intercept thirty Hollanders on their way to the Pullman shops. The police escorted the workmen through the crowd and remained on guard at the works.

Probably Over the Korean Difficulty.

LONDON, July 21.—A dispatch from Shanghai says a rumor is in circulation that war has been declared between China and Japan.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

A Lawsuit for Eleven Millions.

NEW YORK, July 21.—The Kansas Pacific bondholders committee, Silas P. Dutcher, chairman, have entered a suit in the United States circuit court, for New York, in the name of John Quincy Adams, against Russell Sage and the estate of Jay Gould to recover eleven million dollars proceed of securities.

The Men Changed Their Minds.

CHICAGO, Ill, July 21.—The removal troops from the Lake Shore yards last night caused the men employed there to refuse to work this morning. President Newell secured the return of a company of militia and the men have resumed work.

A Destructive Cyclone in Idaho.

BOISE, Idaho, July 21.—A cyclone swept over Elk county a day or two ago, leveling trees and destroying sheep and cattle. Half stones to the depth of five inches fell in some places. Two prospectors were injured.

American Yacht Wins a Big Race.

KINGSTOWN, Dublin Bay, July 21.—The Vigilant won today under conditions heretofore considered unfavorable to her. She finished the fifty miles cruise, three minutes and thirty-nine seconds ahead of the Britannia.

A. E. U. Directors Arrested.

CHICAGO, July 21.—R. Goodwin, R. E. Burns and J. Elliott, directors of the American Railway union, and E. P. Benedict, stenographer, were arrested today. Warrants are out for Directors McVeahan and Thomas Hogan.

A Plucky Marshal.

CINCINNATI, O., July 21.—Deputy United States Marshal Schlesinger fired three shots into a crowd that was stoning him today. The policemen drove the mob away.

Big Hotel Fire.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 21.—Fire this morning consumed the Caldwell hotel and adjoining buildings. Loss \$700,000; insurance \$300,000.

An Old Fort Burns.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 21.—Fort Pulaski is on fire and serious explosions of magazines have occurred. Sergeant Chin and wife are seriously injured.

Winston on Populism.

SPOKANE, Wash., July 21.—Ex United States Attorney Patrick H. Winston, who last May withdrew from the Republican party and joined the People's party, in an open letter to the Spokesman-Review has declined an invitation to represent the People's party in the joint debate in Whitman county. He puts his refusal upon the ground that he will not affiliate with the party that officially allies itself with an organized attempt to precipitate civil principles contained in an address to the people of Washington May 7 last, and declares his belief that the masses of the Republican party are in sympathy with these principles. He says that the Republican party alone has the confidence of the country.

Pacific Insurance Union.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—The Pacific Insurance Union proposes to make a radical change in the system of collecting premiums on its policies, in view of the abuse of the credit system. It is probable that a general order will be made making all premiums payable in cash, or by note at 7 per cent interest for the period of accommodation. No policy is to be delivered or risk covered unless the assured complies with the arrangement. A further change in connection with policies contemplate the limitation of a payment to three-fourths of the loss. Both changes are ascribed to the existence of industrial disturbances.

Besten Again.

DUBLIN, July 21.—The Vigilant was again beaten by the Britannia yesterday. The breeze was light and unfavorable for Vigilant.

THE MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—Wheat Dec. \$1.05. CHICAGO, July 21.—Sept. 54c; Cash 52 1/2c. PORTLAND, July 21.—Wheat valley 77 1/2c; Walla Walla 75.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

AFTER THE BOODLERS.

The lower house of congress today hit the sugar-boodlers in the United States senate a hard slap when it passed by more than a two-thirds majority a resolution providing for the election of senators by direct vote. When thieves fall out honest people may get their dues. The quarrel between the two houses over the tariff bill was the cause of this sudden action of the lower house, striking at the upper house. This action is probably not the deliberate action of congress and it may not reflect the conservative intelligence of our country upon the subject of electing senators. The course of Democrats in the senate in putting a sugar tax of forty to fifty million dollars upon the people at the behest of the all-powerful sugar trust, in the face of the repeated Democratic platform declarations that the party favors free raw materials, has invited this thrust from the house. There is probably not one of the sugar tax senators who would dare go before the people on that proposition. Under the circumstances the house has done right in throwing the election of United States senators where it properly belongs, and reminding them in this caustic manner of the existence of the American people, who seem to be ignored by their big, lazy, slow-moving federal lordships. The cause of the people will not suffer by this sharp rebuke to the sugar boodlers.

O. E. & N. AFFAIRS.

Judge Gilbert Makes an Order to the Receiver.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—Judge Gilbert, of the United States circuit court, has appointed Edwin McNeil, of Portland, Or., receiver for the defendant in the suit of the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company vs the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company et al. This was done on motion of the counsel for the complainant. McNeil was appointed receiver by the United States circuit court of the district of Oregon in the suit between same parties to which the local action is auxiliary. By the decree he is empowered to take possession and control of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, the California & Palouse Railroad Company, the Cascade Railroad Company, the Oregon Railway Extension Company, the Washington & Idaho Railroad Company, and the Mill Creek Flume & Manufacturing Company. With the money which shall come into his hands as receiver, McNeil is directed to make the following disposition:

To pay all of the current expenses incident to the creation or administration of the trust and to the operation of the railroads or property; to pay all sums due, or which may become due, to connecting or intersecting lines of road, arising from the interchange of business; to pay the amounts due for services rendered the Oregon Railway and Navigation company, or any part of its system, within six months prior to the allowance of the order; to pay all amounts due for supplies and material contracted for, purchased or delivered, to be used on account of the road; to pay all moneys due to the railroad companies for rental or compensation for railroad lines or property. Finally it is ordered that all money belonging to the Oregon Railway & Navigation company, and each company of its system, except as heretofore directed, shall be held by the receiver until he shall be authorized to dispose of it by order or decree of the court. The receivers appointed by the court in the suit of Oliver Ames Secord vs the Oregon Railway and Navigation company are required to make an accounting of their stewardship. These gentlemen are Silas H. H. Clark, Oliver W. Mink, E. E. Anderson, Frederick R. Conder and John W. Doane. If any balance shall be found due, they are to have a lien prior to the lien of the consolidated mortgage of the Oregon Railway and Navigation company to the Farmers' Loan & Trust company, dated June 1, 1885, and sought to be foreclosed in this action. All of the property transferred to McNeil as receiver is made subject to this lien in favor of Clark and his colleagues to the extent of any balance found due them. The order concludes with an injunction restraining the defendants or their agents from interfering with the new receiver.

All are pleased who try our two-bit want columns.

While he was speaking to free coal and free iron, Senator Pugh created a sensation by asking Hill who owned the coal and iron which he (Hill) and the president desired should be placed on the free list. "I do not know," replied Hill emphatically. "I know to what the senator probably refers, and it may be brought into this debate. I do not know who owns the coal and iron mines whose coal and iron would come in free; I do not care; it makes no difference." Vest took the floor when Hill was seated. "After the speech from the senator from New York," he began, "it was a subject of congratulation that Hill and the president had at last found a platform upon which both could stand. The lion and the lamb had at last lain down together and were led as a little child by the ways and means committee." He left to the other side, which was the lion and which was the lamb. In scathing lines he arraigned the president. He has been his second, he had defended him on the floor of the senate, when his friends could have been counted on the fingers of one hand. Where did the president get his right to dictate to congress; to denounce one branch of congress to the other? Did he embody in his single being all democracy? All the tariff reform sentiment in this country? Mr. Cleveland was a big man but the Democratic party was greater than any man. It

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

VEST AND HILL SPEAK

On the Action of Cleveland on the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—In the senate debate last night Hill said: A theory as well as a condition now confronts us. The theory of the Democratic party is that in the enactment of tariff legislation free raw materials should always be an essential and conspicuous element; the best interests of the manufacturers as well as the consumers of the land demand a recognition of this wise discrimination. Until recently I supposed there was no dispute upon this question of principle but that every Democrat worthy of the name was willing to concede that if there was one thing more than another to which the Democratic party was committed, it was the doctrine of absolutely free raw materials. A true and honest construction of every Democratic national platform for twelve years irrevocably commits us to this just and reasonable principle. I am here to defend the president's letter in so far as it demands that the party shall not be led astray into a violation of Democratic pledges and principles. On the question of free raw materials, the president is right and you know it. You cannot answer his arguments, or approve the senate bill after what he has said in this remarkable letter. He arraigns the senate and intimates that the enactment of the senate bill but means party perjury and party dishonor. This letter, unusual and unprecedented in its character and methods of promulgation though it may be, nevertheless clearly foreshadows the veto of the senate bill even if the house should finally concur in our amendments. No bill which does not provide for free raw materials can be permitted to become a law. The party platform was for free raw materials, as is now ingeniously contended, if the president in his wisdom had seen fit, while the debate was progressing in the senate, to have aided my efforts to secure an adhesion to principles, by expressing his views in favor thereof in some proper and legitimate way we should have been gratified and unquestionably would have been of practical benefit to the cause. If it was desirable that sugar should be taxed as a legitimate and logical article of revenue taxation, as he now says, it seems strange that the president did not in his last annual message make some intimation, suggestion or recommendation to that effect. Hill said he would never vote for the bill as long as it contained the income tax. He declared that unless the Democrats of the senate yielded they would go to the wall and the president would go to the front. While he was speaking to free coal and free iron, Senator Pugh created a sensation by asking Hill who owned the coal and iron which he (Hill) and the president desired should be placed on the free list. "I do not know," replied Hill emphatically. "I know to what the senator probably refers, and it may be brought into this debate. I do not know who owns the coal and iron mines whose coal and iron would come in free; I do not care; it makes no difference." Vest took the floor when Hill was seated. "After the speech from the senator from New York," he began, "it was a subject of congratulation that Hill and the president had at last found a platform upon which both could stand. The lion and the lamb had at last lain down together and were led as a little child by the ways and means committee." He left to the other side, which was the lion and which was the lamb. In scathing lines he arraigned the president. He has been his second, he had defended him on the floor of the senate, when his friends could have been counted on the fingers of one hand. Where did the president get his right to dictate to congress; to denounce one branch of congress to the other? Did he embody in his single being all democracy? All the tariff reform sentiment in this country? Mr. Cleveland was a big man but the Democratic party was greater than any man. It

bad survived Jefferson, Madison and Jackson; it would survive Grover Cleveland.

"I give it my opinion," he declared in conclusion, "that we will pass this bill or nothing."

When adjournment came, the situation was still perplexing. The senate proceedings proper were of a peculiar nature, in that the debate was carried out entirely by the Democrats save a brief speech by Senator Sherman and a question by Senator Aldrich. The principal speeches of the day were those of Senators Hill and Vest. Senator Hill's position endorsing the president in emphatic terms was one of the most conspicuous incidents of the day. Senator Vest took occasion to talk in plain terms in defense of the right of the senate and the house to manage conference without executive interference. His criticisms of the president's course and the action of Mr. Wilson was more severe than was expected.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

SOUTH SALEM M. E.—Preaching both morning and evening. You are invited to be present. J. M. Shuman, pastor.

Y. M. C. A.—Prof. Edwin Morris will address the young men at the Y. M. C. A. rooms at 4 o'clock tomorrow. Subject "The Plan of Salvation is Simple." Twenty minute song service.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Owing to the unfinished condition of the Sunday school room, services will be held tomorrow at the university chapel at the usual hour.

UNITY CHURCH.—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. No Sunday school. Rev. W. E. Copeland, pastor. Subject of morning sermon: "The unknown Life of Jesus Christ." Subject of evening lecture: "Christ Crucified by Church and State."

ST. PAUL'S EPISCOPAL.—Sunday services at 10:30. "Redemption from Sin," and 8 p. m. "Self Denial." Seats free. Strangers welcome. Sunday school at 12. Rev. Laurence Sinclair, rector.

INDEPENDENT EVANGELICAL.—Preaching at W. C. T. U. hall tomorrow at 10:30 and 8. Sunday school at 12. Young people's meeting at 7. J. Bowersox, pastor.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—P. S. Knight will conduct the morning and evening services tomorrow.

W. C. T. U.—Regular Sunday gospel meeting at 4 o'clock. Will be addressed by Prof. Wm. Crowhurst. Come and hear him. W. C. T. U. rooms.

EVANGELICAL GERMAN.—Corner of Center and Liberty streets. Services as usual. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Young people's meeting at 7:30 p. m. Everybody cordially invited. A. A. Engelbart, pastor.



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