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On all kinds of UNDERWEAR at the

## NEW YORK RACKET!

### -:- Our Stock -:-

Consists of all wool, and mixed underwear, for Ladies, Gents and Children, of all styles, and with us a reduction brings the price very low, of those things that are already marked low at full price. We have a fine line of all wool scarlet underwear, for rheumatics. Call and save money while you can. All other kinds of goods in our line at very low prices.

## E. T. Barnes,

State Insurance Block.

## ED. C. CROSS,

Choice Meats.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats of all kinds  
95 Court and 110 State Streets.

## CHURCHILL AND BURROUGHS

THE NEW

### WILLAMETTE STABLES

Completed and ready to wait on customers. Horses boarded by day or week at reasonable prices. We keep a full line of Trucks, Drays and Express to meet all demands. Also keep the finest Stallions in this county, for service. Barn and residence 2 block south of postoffice. RYAN & CO.

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## J. RUBINSTEIN, Suits Made to Order

### FROEBEL SCHOOLS—4th Year.

### SALEM KINDERGARTEN.

Infant, Connecting and Primary classes every week day from 9 a. m. to 12 m., except Saturday.

MISS O. BALLOU, Principal.

### TRAINING CLASSES

for teachers' daily practice work from 9 a. m. to 12 m. in Kindergarten. On Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 2 to 4 p. m. Classes meet for study of Froebel system. Mrs. P. S. Knight, Principal.

### MOTHER'S CLASS.

Meets Friday from 2 to 4 p. m. with training class, conducted by Mrs. Knight and Miss Ballou. For terms or information apply at Kindergarten rooms, corner Court and Liberty streets.

## THE WILLAMETTE, SALEM, OREGON.

Rates, \$2.50 to \$5.00 per Day

The best hotel between Portland and San Francisco. First-class in all its appointments. Tables are served with the

### Choicest Fruits

Grown in the Willamette Valley.

### A. I. WAGNER, Prop.

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Cabinet work and repairing. Court Street, Opposite Opera House, SALEM, OREGON.

**BURTON BROTHERS**  
Manufacture Standard Pressed Brick, Molded Brick in all Patterns for Fronts and supply the brick for the New Salem City Hall and nearly all the fine buildings erected in the City.  
1445 near Postoffice, Salem, Or. 23 24

### SIXTYTO SIXTY-FOUR MILLION

Ten Year Five Percent Securities.

### THE BANKERS HAVE THEIR WAY.

Carlisle Acts Without An Act of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The secretary of the treasury will probably this evening offer to the public enough bonds to replenish the gold reserve in the United States treasury to the extent to which it will be depleted on February first, when it probably will be reduced to from \$60,000,000 to \$64,000,000. The bonds will be ten-year five per cent bonds, but must be sold for enough to make them really three per cent bonds. An offer has been received from one person to take all bonds issued, but the secretary prefers the general public to have an opportunity to bid for them.

### The House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The speaker announced a committee appointment and the house went into a committee of the whole for the consideration of the tariff bill, pending amendments of those fixing the date of which the free wool schedules should go into effect. The Payne amendment to make free wool go into effect, Oct. 1st, '98 was lost and one by Johnson, making the free wool clause effective immediately upon the passage of the bill carried, 112 to 102. This is the first defeat for the Committee.

### Carlisle and the Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—It is believed that Secretary Carlisle contemplates taking prompt action on the bond question in view of what appears to be the impracticability of securing early relief by congress. Guarded statements are made by treasury officials today together with other significant facts form the basis for this belief. Official statements are unobtainable.

### American Schooner Lost.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The Dutch Steamer Amsterdam from Rotterdam arrived this morning and reports a stormy voyage. Last Sunday she sighted the American fishing schooner Maggie E. Wells in a sinking condition. A boat containing seven persons went to rescue the crew numbering about 14. When the boat neared the unfortunate vessel it capsized in the squall and all perished except one. The steamer lost sight of the schooner and it is believed she foundered with all on board.

### Train Ran Into.

CHESTER, S. C., Jan. 17.—About one o'clock this morning the New York and Florida express going south on the Richmond and Danville road was run into at a crossing by a Georgia, Carolina and Northern train. No one was killed. Five were injured. Another account says twenty-five people are either killed or injured.

### Construction Train Wrecked.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A construction train on the temporary road connected with building the tunnel at Fairview, N. J., fell through the trestle this morning, and killed one man and injured 28 others. A number are so badly hurt that they will die. All are Italians.

### Lynched.

MANCHESTER, Mo., Jan. 17.—John Buchanan, a colored ex-convict, who was accused of rape, was lynched this morning.

### SCHOOL REFORM AT PORTLAND.

Report of Committee of 100 on Salaries, etc.

Following are extracts from the report of the Portland Committee of 100 Taxpayers read Saturday:

### THE TEACHERS' SALARIES.

"The general average of salaries paid teachers in Multnomah county is \$162.00; in Portland district, \$77.05. The general average of salaries paid teachers in nine cities is \$69.06, as follows:  
"Milwaukee, \$67.02; Minneapolis, \$68.08; Omaha, \$73.22; Brooklyn, \$678.06; Cincinnati, \$835.08; St. Louis, \$604.80; Chicago, \$784.44; Cleveland, \$633.12; Jersey City, \$694.64.  
"Portland's general average is \$89.99 higher than the general average of the nine cities named, and we find that prior to the beginning of the present school year teachers' salaries were re-

duced 10 per cent. If a further reduction of 10 per cent from the teachers' salaries were made, it would still leave the general average for Portland \$2.09 higher than the general average of the above named cities. Owing to the general business depression and also the decreased earning ability of our whole people, your committee feel justified in recommending at least a temporary reduction of 10 per cent from the present teachers' salaries. We find that there are nine principals in the city schools with salaries of \$1620 each who do not teach departments. We would recommend that they be required to teach, thereby dispensing with nine teachers with salaries of \$900 each, making a saving of \$8100. We find that there is a superintendent of repairs, with a salary of \$1200 per year, that your committee think should be dispensed with. The school clerk receives a salary of \$2000 per year. Your committee owing to the necessity of retrenchment and the fact that under this present law in regard to the collection of taxes, the labors of the clerk will be materially lessened, would recommend that his salary be reduced to \$1500 per year, and we would further recommend that the salary of the city superintendent be reduced from \$2250 to \$2000 per year. We find that two clerks are furnished the city superintendent, one at a salary of \$80 and one at \$60 per month. We would recommend that but one clerk be allowed the superintendent, and at a salary not to exceed \$75 per month. We find that the salary of the High school principal is now \$2000 per year. We would recommend that the special writing teacher be dispensed with, thereby saving \$1080 per year. Your committee would recommend that the special drawing teacher be dispensed with, thereby saving \$1080 per year.

### RECOMMENDATIONS.

"Your committee would earnestly recommend that the law be so amended as to allow all districts having 10,000 inhabitants to select their own text books. We regard the present system of selecting text books as corrupt, unjust and an outrage upon the rights and intelligence of the people; a system that any officer of integrity would hesitate to take part in.  
"Your committee would recommend that the law be so amended as to provide for the election of county school superintendents by the various boards of school directors, thereby removing this important office beyond the influence of politics, and placing the selection of that officer in the hands of the parties most interested and best qualified to make a proper selection.  
"We desire to call the attention of the Taxpayers' committee of One Hundred, as well as all citizens who have an interest in the public schools, to an evil that exists in nearly all cities. There is a well-organized institution among teachers, ostensibly for the purpose of increasing their efficiency as instructors, and we admit that the results in this direction have been good, but they have put forth efforts to shape legislation in the interest of teachers, and to enable them to control the schools, the danger of which no person who has not served as a school director can fully appreciate. We believe that if this influence is not soon checked, the control of the schools will pass beyond the reach of the people who support them.

### LATIN AND GERMAN.

"Your committee would earnestly insist that the teaching of the German and Latin languages be discontinued, thereby saving \$210, the salaries of two teachers. Your committee, with thousands of other taxpayers, think that it is impolitic, unjust and inconsistent with the principles that underlie our free-school system to impose a tax to furnish free tuition beyond a common English education, enabling children to become law-abiding and self-supporting citizens. The limit must be fixed somewhere, and we recommend that articles 11, of section 37, on page 28 of the school laws, relating to teaching of German, be repealed.

### RECAPITULATION.

"Amount saved by reduction of 10 per cent teachers' salaries, \$1729; by nine principals of schools, teaching, \$6100; by dispensing with superintendent of repairs, \$1200; by reduction of clerk's salary, \$500; by dismissing one of the superintendent's clerks, \$750; by dispensing writing specialist, \$1080; by dispensing with drawing specialist, \$1080; by dispensing with Latin and German, \$2160; total, \$16,629; add water bill, \$20.60; total, \$16,649.  
"We find that the wages paid janitors in the city district are quite as low as the average paid in other cities; but we think that a readjustment might be made, as some appear to be paid too much and others not enough.

### THE STATE KNIFE DESCENDS

Cuts the Levy Nearly in the Middle.

### TAXES REDUCED BY THE BOARD

Reduction of Expenses in all of the State Institutions.

The state officers to make the annual levy of taxes for state purposes completed its labors today. Governor Penoyer, Secretary of State McBride and State Treasurer Metcham have been engaged as a board for three days. The preliminary work occupied the time of the secretary of state and his force and of the state treasury department for the past week.

The board considered all the items of the Oregon Budget very carefully with a view of making the levy no larger than was actually necessary and have as a matter of fact squeezed the number of mills to the lowest limit for payment of expenses authorized by law.

### THE LEVY MADE.

The total amount of estimated expenses for the year 1894 was \$736,230.61. After deducting surplus in the state treasury, saved out of the levy of 1893, amounting to \$13,448.32, there is a remainder of \$722,782.29 which must be raised by taxation under the law of 1893. This total includes the sums appropriated (\$30,000 each) for the support of the state university and Oregon National Guard, which were formerly raised by special tax. The resulting rate of taxation is four and three-tenths mills on the dollar. The levy for the same purposes last year was seven mills on the dollar.

The total amount raised by taxation last year was \$1,063,897.99 for state purposes. There was a surplus in the treasury last year at the time the levy was made of \$117,678.88. Otherwise the levy would have been for the total estimated expense of that year, \$1,184,578.87.

### THE CUTS MADE.

Why is the levy so much less this year? In the principal state institutions there were sums left over from the levy last year for current expenses. It was also estimated that there would be a like saving in expenses of these institutions during 1894. For the two years it is estimated that there will be a saving on penitentiary expenses of \$4000, and of the asylum of about \$19,000.  
The economy with which these several public institutions were managed enabled the board to levy actually less than the appropriations made by the last legislature.

The state officers made no further levy for the new wing and improvements at the penitentiary, nor for the jail mill nor for the Eastern Oregon insane asylum, believing that the sums levied last year for these purposes are all that can profitably be expended before bad weather in the fall will interfere with building operations. In this view of the case the state officers thought it would be wrong during the present financial stringency to make levies for these improvements that would only lie idle in the treasury for possibly a year.

The Board expects to go forward with all state institutions as fast as the payment of taxes will justify, the present policy being not to run the state into debt.

### IN ABBREVIATED SKIRTS.

Salem Ladies Succeed in Introducing Short Skirts and Knee Gaiters.

There was a great gathering at the residence of Mrs. Dr. Pabrook today at 2 p. m. More put in an appearance than anyone expected. The dress reform club proved a success. With short skirts and gaiters that covered the ankles and extended to the knee nearly a score of Salem society women sallied forth by twos on the public streets.

The reporter was surprised at two things: the ladies did not appear different from their ordinary appearance on dry days; second they looked so much better than was expected of the new fashioned gowns. All who wore them, long ladies or short ladies, flashy ladies or spare ladies, had the appearance of being ten years younger.

Today a crowd of people were out on the big bridge awaiting their appearance. That was the day set for the first public parade as it were, to set

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

## Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

defiance to fashion and make a bold strike for liberty and freedom of woman-kind from clinging, dragged skirts, wet feet and ankles. But there was a hitch. Not one appeared. The crowd was disappointed. The plan had been to march by various routes and rendezvous at the big bridge. The secret got out and the club had to change its plan. But it appeared today. The tide is broken. The ladies, whose names will be given later, comprise some of the most substantial, sensible and intelligent women of the capital city.

### HOW SHORT THEY WERE.

The dresses did not appear so very short after all.

The usual length of a rainy day costume is only eight inches from the ground. The tailor-made knee-length gaiters are always worn with these dresses, and give the elegant, dressy appearance of the foot and ankle. The dresses do not appear high at all, although some of them were easily ten or twelve inches above the sidewalk, according to the taste or fancy of the wearer. No one who has not seen them can describe the charm of the whole figure. The feet appear much more graceful. Woman loses that ballroom appearance, which a fine dress always gives her on the street.

The ladies can now carry an extra package or bundle, as both hands are free and disengaged. Husbands will appreciate this, as it adds materially to woman's commercial value, as a "beast of burden," if they will pardon the expression.

If the ladies would go a step further, and discard the fur-trimmed cloak, and double shoulder cape, which is nothing but a pneumonia trap, or grip-breeder, the result would be a perfect reform from a sanitary standpoint. Hacking coughs, colds, sore throats, pneumonia, and grip would go, with wet feet and dragged skirts.

### "BRAK RANKS."

After appearing on the principal streets and places of business, including the JOURNAL office, the fair reformers broke ranks and went home very much satisfied with the result of the experiment. The ladies will now appear as a "regular thing," and the reform will spread elsewhere. Each woman carries home the new experience of having done and dared something for the emancipation of her sex and herself. There was nothing manly or strong-minded about it. It was a pleasing sight to the most critical. A number of the young ladies of the city are taking it up.

### THE COSTUME.

consists of the abbreviated skirt, plain, unlined or ornamental, slashed or princess, trimmed or braided, navy blue, brown, gray, wool or silk—it all looks pretty. A double breasted sacque coat, of same cloth trimmed to match, a hat, cap or toque, and knee gaiters to match, buttoned neatly and closely over the stocking, constitute the reform suit. It is not expensive to make, the work costing not over \$5 to \$10 at the dressmakers, is far more durable, better fitting and cleaner than the old skirt dress. And, oh my, ye bucklers, look out for yourselves. Woman with this added attractiveness of appearance and manner is simply irresistible.

### Militia Ordered to Jacksonville.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 17.—Word comes here this afternoon that several companies of militia from the southern section of the state had received orders from the governor to assemble in Jacksonville on the 25th, the date of the Mitchell-Corbett fight. They will obey orders.

### Striking Employees.

KOKOMO, Ind., Jan. 17.—All the employees of the Diamond Plate Glass Co. here and at Ellwood, numbering 1400, were on a strike this morning, to support the strike in the polishing room here.

### Chinese Register Slowly.

PORTLAND, Jan. 17.—Returns received by Collector of Internal Revenue Welder show that in Washington only five hundred Chinese have thus far registered. Of this number about forty are from this city.

### MT. JEFFERSON BURNING.

Smoke and Steam Seen Bursting Forth.

### A LIVING VOLCANO IN OREGON.

The Cascade Range Suffers an Eruption.

Half an hour before sunrise Mt. Jefferson appeared clearly outlined against a dull red rosy sky. A few minutes later a black banner of smoke was seen extending from the peak, forty miles east of Salem. It drifted north. It was lanky, immense, unmistakable. Just before the sun burst over the horizon and for an hour after, the eruption could be plainly seen. A volume of steam arose a mile high in white sheets. It was seen by the city editor of THE JOURNAL, by a gentleman recently from Dakota, Louis Maicher, who lives in East Salem, and a score of others. It is an undeniable eruption. Mt. Jefferson was soon observed by the mist driving up from the south. A high wind arose from the southwest that was almost a tornado, undoubtedly influenced by the great burning mountain.

### THE CRATER.

of Mt. Jefferson is an inaccessible volcanic rock, that rises with sheer walls, nearly a hundred feet high, that has never been scaled, but has a crater fissure on the southwest side. The sunrise tomorrow will be watched with interest.

Many Salem people declare that this was only an optical delusion that has taken place many times in the past. They say the smoke and steam seen was only a cloud, or a cloud effect. Others are equally positive that the mountain was, to all appearances, positively in actual eruption.

### Coal Strikers.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 17.—Reports from the different districts by railroad and river coal miners indicate that the miners did not obey the order issued by a joint meeting of these bodies last night, ordering a strike in all mines not paying the 65 cent rate. Most of the pits are still working.

### Life is Misery

To many people who have the taint of scrofula in their blood. The agonies caused by the dreadful running sores and other manifestations of this disease are beyond description. There is no other remedy equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, salt rheum and every form of blood disease. It is reasonably sure to benefit all who give it a fair trial.



## Better Than Pills

"As old as the hills" and never excelled. "Tried and proven" is the verdict of millions. Simmons' Liver Regulator is the only Liver and Kidney medicine to which you can pin your faith for a cure. A mild laxative, and purely vegetable, acting directly on the Liver and Kidneys. Try it. Sold by all Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

The King of Liver Medicines.  
"I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulator and can conscientiously say it is the king of all liver medicines. I consider it a medicine chest in itself.—Geo. W. Jackson, Tacoma, Washington."  
SEVENTY PACKAGES  
Was the X Stamp in red on