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QUIETED DOWN ONCE MORE.

Wall Street Bulls and Bears No Longer Roar.

A BLACK SATURDAY AVERTED.

No Discrimination Yet Between Gold and Greenbacks.

WALL STREET CALM.
NEW YORK, April 22.—A calmer air pervaded the sub-treasury and neighborhood this forenoon. Positive knowledge that the government had met all demands for gold yesterday that there has been no discrimination between treasury notes and greenbacks, and the apparently firm belief that the course has adopted in pursuance of the policy of the government to maintain parity between gold and silver.

The Santa Fe Strike.

TOPEKA, April 22.—Eighteen new mechanics brought here by the Santa Fe to take places of striking shopen have applied to General Manager Frey for a transportation back to Philadelphia. They represented they were to be brought here under the understanding that there was no strike at the shops. Frey declined. The thirty-four new men arrived last night and were put to work today.

The U. P. Strike.

OMAHA, April 22.—There was no change in the strike situation of the Union Pacific today. A conference will be held between the men and general managers this afternoon.

The Treasury Firm.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 22.—The gold reserve which was depleted yesterday is intact today, offers aggregating \$4,000,000 have been received and accepted by the secretary of the treasury. The secretary stated the treasury would continue the policy now being pursued of paying out gold for treasury coin notes and he was at a loss to understand how any uncertainty prevailed in the public mind as to the action of the treasury department in the premises.

The Heads Falling.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—There were 101 fourth class postmasters appointed today. Of this number 84 are to fill vacancies caused by deaths and resignations.

Still at Large.

SING SING, April 22.—Pallister and Roehl, the condemned murderers who escaped last Thursday night, are still at large.

Big Iron Failure.

PHILADELPHIA, April 22.—The failure of the Pennsylvania Steel company has depressed the iron and steel trade and it is believed in financial circles that the embarrassment of the large concern is but the forerunner of lesser failures in the same line. No statement of assets and liabilities is yet made.

Outters' Strike Wins.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The lockout of clothing cutters, which has lasted nearly four weeks, over a fight resulted in a practically complete victory for the cutters.

A Panic Stopped.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., April 22.—The heavy run on the Savings bank in this city, has been stopped by the announcement that the government would guarantee deposits. The financial panic is subsiding.

Mrs. Hancock Dead.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The funeral Mrs. Almira Russell Hancock, widow of General Winfield S. Hancock, took place at noon today at the Protestant Episcopal Church of Transfiguration. At the close of the service the body was sent to St. Louis for burial.

Booth Dying.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The latest information obtainable of Mr. Booth's condition is that the great actor is dying and that death is only a question of a few hours. It appears Dr. Smith, his physician, is endeavoring to conceal his real condition.

Banker Sentenced.

BOSTON, April 22.—In the United States circuit court An P. Potter, convicted of false certification of checks drawn up on the failed Mavrick national bank, while he was president, was sentenced to 60 days imprisonment and a fine of \$1,000.

THE REMEDY

To purge the bowels does not make them regular but leaves them in worse condition than before. The flow is the seat of trouble, and
Tutt's Pills
Sold Everywhere. Office, 145 to 144 Washington St., N. Y.

GO TO THE CHAIN GANG.

Eleven White Coppers Sentenced, Including Prominent Citizens.

CAROLTON, Ga., April 22.—Nine of the men recently convicted as white caps were yesterday sentenced to twelve months each in the chain gang. The other two were boys and got off with six months each. Among those convicted are Jesse Brooks, sr., a prominent farmer, over 50 years of age, and Dr. Dan Rogers, a prominent physician.

Fire at Colfax.

COLFAX, Wn., April 22.—At 4 o'clock this morning, fire broke out in the Baldwin Hotel, and in two hours all the frame buildings in the block, together with the Colfax opera house, Mitchell, Lewis & Staver Co.'s warehouse and the Landsdale building burned down.

THE GOLD RESERVE

Cut Into to Make Up Demand For Export.

CARLISE MAY BEGIN TO PAY SILVER.

Sterling Forced to the Highest Figure Since 1884.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The upper crust of the \$100,000,000 gold has been removed, and the financial world stood by and witnessed the going of it, and yet no quakings of earth are felt and the folks who are most interested are wondering why there has been no crash of worlds, nor wreck of spheres. Indeed, some financiers are looking each into the other's faces and ejaculating as to whether they are fanatics or uncannily superstitious. The engagements for gold for export from here on steamers sailing today and on Tuesday amount to \$6,175,000; from Boston \$750,000.

On the Stock Market Accumulation

"bull rumors" from Washington diverted practically all attention from the secretary's circular; but the sterling exchange market opened in utter confusion, reflecting a very unusual occurrence—a scare among the regular remitters against foreign credits. The demand for sterling bills, this time proceeding from bankers who were doubtful about gold payment for treasury notes, and anxious to anticipate their payments, was so heavy as to force up sterling rates to the highest figure touched since the panic of 1884.

IN THE CABINET.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—At a cabinet meeting yesterday at which all members of the cabinet were present except Herbert, of the navy, the financial situation was almost the exclusive topic of discussion. The meeting lasted two hours and a half, and was the longest session of the cabinet since the new administration came into power. When the treasury department closed its doors, the gold reserve of \$100,000,000 had been invaded to the extent of from \$2,500,000 to \$3,000,000. When the day opened there was in the treasury \$185,000 free gold. This amount was increased by gold offers from the West, aggregating about \$1,250,000. Large withdrawals of gold for shipment from New York cut this down to such an extent that when the cabinet met, Secretary Carlisle found orders for gold up to that time (about 1 o'clock) which wiped out the free gold and invaded the gold reserve to the extent of \$2,557,000.

While nothing official can be obtained here as to the decision of the treasury department, in regard to the payment in gold of treasury notes of 1890, the fact that these notes are being paid in gold upon presentation proves conclusively they will for the present, at least, be redeemed as heretofore.

MAY PAY IN SILVER.

The construction placed upon Secretary Carlisle's statement given to the press last night was that when he reached the limit of the gold reserve he would exercise his discretion and pay this class of notes when presented for redemption in silver. To this extent, only, are the occurrences a surprise. It can be stated with positiveness there is no disagreement on the financial situation between the president and Secretary Carlisle or among the members of the cabinet.

ODDS AND ENDS.

London has 9,000 sailors.
Among the British nobility 19 per cent are childless.
New Zealand Knights of Labor will try co-operation.
Bayonets were first made at Bayonne, France, in 1647.
Three may keep a secret if two of them are dead.—Franklin.
A watch carried by Emperor Charles V in 1580 weighed 97 pounds.
When packing dresses, put paper between the folds to prevent creasing.
Long visits should be like angels' visits in one respect at least—few and far between.
The father of Turner, the painter of the "Slave Ship," was a barber and hair-dresser.
In 1875 the number of telegraph messages in Great Britain amounted to 20,000,000.
A diamond brooch is appropriate with a black reception dress that is not trimmed with erape.
An old proverb says, "If you listen at all, take the first advice of a woman, not the second."
Both mandibles of the parrot's beak are movable, but most birds are able to move only one.
The Chinese for actual use carry handkerchiefs of paper, which are immediately discarded.
Love cannot be justly said to be all tomfoolery. There is a certain percentage of life elixir discoverable therein.
If horses stretch out their necks and sniff the air and assemble in the corner of a field with their heads to leeward, look for rain.
The Outside of Lemons.
Not many people stop to think about it, but the outside of a lemon is anything but clean. If you will look at it you will see some tiny spots like scales all over it. These are the eggs of an insect, and if the lemon is not washed they are likely to become an ingredient in whatever dish the lemon is used for.—Chicago Herald.

The Royal Baking Powder is indispensable to progress in cookery and to the comfort and convenience of modern housekeeping. Royal Baking Powder makes hot bread wholesome. Perfectly leavens without fermentation. Qualities that are peculiar to it alone.

Associated Press Report. New York, April 22.—The upper crust of the \$100,000,000 gold has been removed, and the financial world stood by and witnessed the going of it, and yet no quakings of earth are felt and the folks who are most interested are wondering why there has been no crash of worlds, nor wreck of spheres. Indeed, some financiers are looking each into the other's faces and ejaculating as to whether they are fanatics or uncannily superstitious. The engagements for gold for export from here on steamers sailing today and on Tuesday amount to \$6,175,000; from Boston \$750,000. On the stock market accumulation "bull rumors" from Washington diverted practically all attention from the secretary's circular; but the sterling exchange market opened in utter confusion, reflecting a very unusual occurrence—a scare among the regular remitters against foreign credits. The demand for sterling bills, this time proceeding from bankers who were doubtful about gold payment for treasury notes, and anxious to anticipate their payments, was so heavy as to force up sterling rates to the highest figure touched since the panic of 1884. In the midst of this turmoil, foreign lenders of money called in numerous loans, and these notes being drawn with the gold clause, payment in specie in at least one case was demanded and obtained. Treasury notes presented at the sub-treasury were promptly redeemed in gold. Borrowers on call today were able to secure accommodation early in the day at 5 to 6 per cent. but these who delayed supplying their wants were forced to pay 10 to 12. Posted rates for sterling exchange were raised to 4 8/8 and 4 9/8 and there was little disposition to draw. The situation improved late in the day; money was in better supply toward the close and was lent as low as 4 per cent. This is the first time since the resumption of specie payments that the reserve has been cut into, counting in the subsidiary coin as a part of the available funds of the treasury. A difference of opinion exists as to whether the subsidiary coin should be thus counted in. If not, then the reserve has been encroached upon several times previous to now. The shearer of the clearing house says with regard to the gold situation: "I do not think any action is necessary as no artificial restriction that could be placed upon the export of gold would mend matters in the least or be a check in the natural course of events, and if the present mode of financing continues we will soon have no gold in the country but will have plenty of silver."

IN THE CABINET. WASHINGTON, April 22.—At a cabinet meeting yesterday at which all members of the cabinet were present except Herbert, of the navy, the financial situation was almost the exclusive topic of discussion. The meeting lasted two hours and a half, and was the longest session of the cabinet since the new administration came into power. When the treasury department closed its doors, the gold reserve of \$100,000,000 had been invaded to the extent of from \$2,500,000 to \$3,000,000. When the day opened there was in the treasury \$185,000 free gold. This amount was increased by gold offers from the West, aggregating about \$1,250,000. Large withdrawals of gold for shipment from New York cut this down to such an extent that when the cabinet met, Secretary Carlisle found orders for gold up to that time (about 1 o'clock) which wiped out the free gold and invaded the gold reserve to the extent of \$2,557,000. As far as it can be officially ascertained, this amount was taken out of the gold reserve for export today although it was unofficially stated that \$700,000 in gold, exclusive of that, was taken out at New York, withdrawn from the sub-treasury at Boston for export to Canada. If so, this would make about \$5,000,000 in gold taken out of the country for shipment today, and leave the gold reserve invaded to the extent of \$3,000,000. It is believed this invasion is but temporary, and within a few days the depleted reserve will be restored to the original figure, \$100,000,000. While nothing official can be obtained here as to the decision of the treasury department, in regard to the payment in gold of treasury notes of 1890, the fact that these notes are being paid in gold upon presentation proves conclusively they will for the present, at least, be redeemed as heretofore.

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