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Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

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South.				North.
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9:18 p. m.	Lv.	Salem	Lv.	5:26 a. m
8:15 a.m.	Ar.	San Fran.	Lv.	7:00 p. m

Above trains stop only at following stations north of Roseburg, East Portland Oregon City, Woodburn, Salem, Albany Tangent, Shedds, Halsey, Harrisburg Junction City, Irving and Eugene.

ROSEBURG MAIL DAILY,

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11:17 a. m	Lv.	Salem	Lv.	1:40 p. m.
5:50 p. m.	Ar.	Roseburg	Lv.	7:00 a. m

Albany Local, Daily Except Sunday.

5:00 p. m.	Lv.	Portland	Ar.	10:30 a.m.
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BREVITIES

CHATS ABOUT MEN.

The Duke of Norfolk collects blotting paper and pads.

Jules Simon used to live upon thirteen sous a day, and for this managed to get two thin meals and give the waiter a sou for his trouble.

Young James Garfield is said to much resemble his father, the dead president, and in manners, voice and methods reminds all his friends of the paternal likeness.

Jesse Grant, the youngest son of the famous general, is now settled down with his family at Piedmont, Cal., where he has been quite successful in the mining business.

One of the richest men in Boston, a man of whom few people ever heard, died recently, leaving an estate which foots up $5,284,000 in value. He was Joseph N. Fiske, a State street banker.

The late Amos Shinkle, of Covington, Ky., gave $1,000,000 to various Methodist churches in the course of his life, and was for years a Sunday school teacher. The estate he left is valued at $2,500,000.

W. K. Vanderbilt some months ago ordered a new private car from the Wagner Car company. The car has been completed, and is in many respects the finest of its kind ever built by the Wagner company.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Jacobs, at Pendleton, Ind., recently celebrated their golden wedding anniversary. The dinner was spread upon the same tablecloth upon which the wedding feast was served fifty years ago.

Dr. Albert Shaw, the American editor of The Review of Reviews, is thirty-six years old. In addition to his editorial duties he lectures at Johns Hopkins university and the University of Wisconsin on historical and political science.

The wife of General Hancock declared that the latter went to bed at 7 o'clock in the evening on election day, 1880, being too tired to await news. Next morning he awoke at dawn and asked if there were any definite tidings. Upon her reply, "Yes, you are beaten," he turned over and went to sleep again.

Prince Bismarck hates to be addressed as the Duke of Lauenburg, and much comment has been caused by the fact that since the birth of the princess imperial all official documents sent to him from the court of Berlin have been addressed, not as heretofore to the Duke of Lauenburg, but to Prince Bismarck.

ODDS AND ENDS.

The new $500 note is one of the handsomest ever turned out and bears a good portrait of General W. T. Sherman.

It is stated that about 1,000 women work in the Pittsburg iron mills, making bolts, nuts, hinges and barbed wire.

Sheet iron kites, to enable a vessel when in distress during a storm to communicate with the shore, have been suggested.

The English cabinet has decided that for the future the attorney general and solicitor general shall relinquish their private practice.

The smallest inhabited island in the world is that upon which the Eddystone lighthouse stands. At time of low water it is only thirty feet in diameter.

The number of American women who are now supporting themselves in the professions of law, medicine, literature, journalism, etc., is computed at 200,000.

A number of remarkable figures of hammered silver, representing men, women and animals, have been exhumed from a peat bog in Jutland, Denmark, and placed in the National museum at Copenhagen.

AROUND THE THRONES.

The Prince of Wales receives a salary of $200,000 a year, but that doesn't come near paying his expenses.

The empress of Germany never wears a dress, mantle or bonnet a second time, and everything that she buys is of the very best. She is deeply in debt.

The sultan has 300 wives; the king of Dahomey, 250; the shah of Persia, 400; the king of Siam, 600; the king of Ashantee, 3,000, and the emperor of Morocco about 3,000.

The empress of Austria is reputed to be the best royal housekeeper in Europe. Everything in the Austrian palace is under her own personal care. She orders cooks, butlers and laundry maids, and is constantly inventing something new in cookery.

The most curious character on the Island of Borneo is the white sultan or rajah of Sarawak. He is an Englishman, Sir Charles Brooke, and the United States is the only nation that recognizes his sovereignty. He rules over a part of Borneo as large as Ireland, and his subjects pay tribute to him in rice.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

There is a demand for young men and women to take charge of exhibits who can converse with foreigners in other than the "United States language."

Queen Victoria is said to take great interest in the coming fair. She will send specimens of her own knitting and spinning and also some pictures painted when a girl.

It has been arranged that there shall be one jury to judge of the works of art submitted for exhibition for the whole United States, with the exception of New York, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts.

It was through the persistent endeavor of Mrs. Erastus L. Bell, of Chicago, that there has been formed the woman's board of Japan, which promises so well for a representation of the women of that country.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Aluminium is being used to shoe race horses.

So long as lovers can quarrel they are still lovers.

Berlin's 1,815,600 people have only 26,000 dwellings.

A poor man without patience is like a lamp without oil.

It takes nearly five years, it is said, to tan an elephant's skin.

The Brazil cable was laid and put in working order in 1873.

The father of Thorwaldsen, the sculptor, was a ship carpenter.

"The honorablest part of talk," said Bacon, "is to give the occasion."

Shyness has nothing whatever to do with self consciousness or deceit.

It is the man who buys it, rather than the fly, who gets stuck on the fly paper.

The soul entrancing clarinet was the invention of Donner, a German, in 1690.

The fourth cable was laid by the Great Eastern from Ireland to Newfoundland in 1873.

There are 46,000 oil wells in the United States, and their daily output is 130,000 barrels.

Successful prophets generally inquire around among the neighbors before predicting.

The summer girl can get in the best spooning when there is a plate of ice cream before her.

In the Bible the nineteenth chapter of II Kings and the thirty-seventh chapter of Isaiah are alike.

Chili is said to number among her population more poets per capita than any other nation in the world.

Now the blueberry bush has an enemy, an insect which devours all the leaves, leaving the bush bare.

Mme. Modjeska plays Chopin, speaks half a dozen different languages and reads the best literature in them all.

Since football became popular in this country there has been a marked increase in the sale of arnica and sticking plaster.

The "Keers" Frightened Him.

Fred T. Merrill, a bicycle dealer of the Pacific coast, arrived here from Portland, Or., and was seen at the Great Northern. He came with his wife by the Union Pacific and relates a singular incident which occurred on the way. As the train was entering the station at Welser, Ida., an old man, white haired, was seen running wildly away from the platform. Some thought he was crazy, but when brought back by friends it was found that he was perfectly sane, but frightened at the appearance of the train, as this was the first time he had ever seen a locomotive. He was seventy-seven years old and had lived for the last thirteen years in Ruthburg, Ida., a mining camp forty-eight miles from a railroad. During all those years he had never left the camp, but had continuously remained on his claim, thinking it was valuable and he would eventually "strike it rich." Becoming too old and feeble to work, he had yielded to the solicitations of relatives in Pittsburg and Alleghany City and was on his way to Pennsylvania.

His name is Martin McCandless. In 1851 he emigrated from an interior town in Missouri, journeyed in a caravan of twenty-one ox teams across the plains through Utah and into the mining districts of California, thence into Nevada a few years later, and eventually to his recent home in Idaho. He proved to be a man of more than ordinary intelligence and gave Mr. Merrill many reminiscences of early life in the mines, having been acquainted with many pioneers who are now millionaires on the Pacific coast.

The old man was finally persuaded to take a seat on the train and passed through here bound for the Keystone State. He would seldom leave the car for fear he could not get on again. His exclamations of delight and his astonishment at the speed of the train served as continual sources of amusement to the other passengers. His elder brother, Abraham McCandless, is a merchant in Butler, Pa., where another brother, Alexander A., also lives.

The old miner said he had $2,000 inside the lining of his vest, which he had received for a one-third interest in his mine, but he was not going to tell any one about it for fear he might be robbed. —Chicago Tribune.

Why Soldiers Do Not Touch Elbows.

For a year military men have been speculating on why in the new drill regulations the soldiers do not stand elbow to elbow, as they always have in accordance with the tactics previously in use. I met Colonel Camp, of the Twenty-second regiment, and in the course of a conversation on the subject he said:

My idea of the object of the intervals which have been adopted in the new regulations is to make each man feel his individuality more. Under this new system each soldier has to depend entirely on himself. In the old tactics he was squeezed up by his comrades on each side. If there was anything the matter with him, if he didn't know what to do, or if his courage failed, his comrades would almost carry him along and quite likely get him through all right. A line of soldiers might have been really very weak and still appear strong. It was deceptive. Now a command shows for itself. The rather prevalent idea that the interval was adopted so as to give bullets a chance to pass between the men is of course nonsensical when you think of the subject seriously. The interval is only a few inches wide, and a bullet would have to do a good deal of scurrying around to get through without hitting somebody.—New York Herald.

A Question for Thinkers.

Why is it when a man considers himself possessed of more than ordinary ability that he lets his hair grow long, while a woman who thinks the same of herself and wants to be the reformer of her kind not infrequently cuts her hair short?—New York Sun.

INTELLIGENCE IN CATTLE.

How a Provoked Steer Got Even with a Selfish Old Cow.

A cow and steer—the latter 2 to 3 years old—were the only occupants of the barnyard. A bailing of hay was put out to them, the cow taking possession. The steer wished to share it, but the cow, like some higher animals, was selfish and was bent on taking the whole of it, and as often as he would maneuver around from side to side to get a bite, she would drive him off at the point of her horn.

The steer was so persistent that at last the old cow's patience gave way, and making a determined and vicious charge on him she punished him severely, though he was her own offspring. The steer felt badly hurt not only in body but evidently in mind as well and immediately started out of the yard and off down the lane toward the pasture where were the rest of the stock, bellowing vengeance at every step in a language which was unmistakable to the bystander and which the mother well understood, as she ceased eating and listened intently to the threatenings of what was to come.

When these died away in the distance she resumed her ration, but with evident apprehension. In due time the steer was seen returning, bringing with him a companion larger and stronger than himself. As they approached, the rumblings of rage and revenge could be again heard, which grew louder as they came nearer. The cow took in the situation at once and was now terror stricken.

As her assailants rushed into the yard she dodged them and rushed out at life and death speed, and away toward the rest of the stock in the field, with her pursuers close in her track.—Allen Pringle in Popular Science Monthly.

Interesting Maneuvers.

The human trees of India, although not really trees at all, are at least interesting as a very clever maneuver. The Bheel robbers lurk in lonely places near the mountains and jungles, and are very swift and cunning in eluding capture. They are perfect pests in India, and a band of them will often be pursued by mounted Englishmen. Their first attempt is to reach the jungle, the beginning of which has perhaps been cleared by fire, but there is no time to seek its sheltering depths, for their pursuers are close at hand.

Fortunately for the robbers, some wrecks of small burned trees are also at hand, and taking off what little clothing they wear they scatter it around with their stolen goods over the open space, and cover the low piles with their round shields so that they look like low mounds of earth. Then they pick up some blackened tree branches, and get into very uncomfortable attitudes to resemble twisted trunks, keeping perfectly quiet, and greatly enjoying the surprise of their pursuers at their mysterious disappearance. When the coast is clear again they untwist themselves, gather up their possessions and make off as fast as possible.—Harper's Young People.

A Monkey's Joke.

I remember, in a description of India or Ceylon some forty years ago, a story of an Englishman who had a monkey. Looking out of his window one day he saw his cook getting a fowl ready for boiling, while the monkey lay on the ground shamming death and a party of crows stood at a little distance, divided between the desire for the kitchen offal and the fear of the possibly shamming monkey. One crow, more adventurous than the rest, came within the magic distance, and was instantly in the clutch of the monkey. At the same moment the cook, having finished trussing the fowl, put it into the pot and went away.

The monkey plucked his crow as he had just seen the cook pluck the fowl, took the fowl out of the pot, put the crow in and retired with his exchange. When the cook came back and saw the fowl left preparing for his master's luncheon turned black, he was, as may be supposed, struck black with terror at this manifest intervention of the evil one.—London Spectator.

A Beautiful Art.

Without disparagement of any of the other arts, to attain proficiency in which people make such long and valiant struggles, it may be truly said that the one art of smiling warms more hearts than all others together. Most children in fact all happy children, have an unconscious mastery of this beautiful art, but unfortunately they often lose it as they grow older. Children are the best judges of smiles in the world. "Her lips smile," said a child, speaking of a hard faced woman, "but she doesn't."

A widening of the mouth in a vain endeavor to look pleasant is not a smile. It deceives nobody. A smile, to be worthy of the name, must come from the heart. It is the result of an honest willingness and readiness to be pleased with little as well as great things.—Youth's Companion.

Well Named.

Little Dot—What do they call these water crackers for?

Little Dick—'Cause you have to drink so much water with 'em, of course.—Good News.

Roasting Cats as a Sacrifice.

The cat, says Mr. Mill, in his "History of the Crusades," was a very important personage in the religious festivals of the times which he describes. At Aix, in Provence, on the festival of Corpus Christi, the finest tom cat in the canton, wrapped like a child in swaddling clothes, was exhibited in a magnificent shrine to public admiration. Every knee was bent, and every hand strewed flowers or poured incense, and grimalkin was treated in all respects as the god of the day.

But on the festival of St. John (June 24) poor Tom's fate was reversed. A number of cats were put into a wicker basket and thrown alive into the midst of a large fire, kindled in the public square, by the bishop and his clergy. Hymns and anthems were sung, and processions were made by the priests and people in honor of the sacrifice.

It Would Prostrate Most Men.

"I believe that it is possible to kill a nervous man without touching him," said N. W. Floyd at the Laclede. "Some years ago I was stopping at the old Southern. One night I was out with the boys and did not get to the hotel until daylight. I was feeling pretty 'rocky.' My nerves were all unstrung, and I was in no humor for any foolishness. Just as I was about to step into the door a fellow, on suicide intent, plunged down from an upper window and struck on his head at my feet. I came near fainting away. I changed my dress and started down Broadway. I noticed several children playing on the roof of a four story building, and the sight worried me. I felt certain that some of them would fall off. Just as I was passing the building I heard the children scream, somebody yelled 'Look out,' and the next instant a child, apparently a year old, struck on the stone sidewalk within a foot of me and bounced into the street. It was only a big rag doll, but I was sick for a week." —St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Pens in the Seventh Century.

Pens were first used early in the Seventh century. They were of course quills, and steel pens did not come into use until 1820, when the first gross of them was sold wholesale for £7 4s. The quality of those pens was greatly inferior to that of those for which we now pay sixpence a gross.—Notes and Queries.

By the code a Chinese boy under sixteen cannot be punished. What Chinese do is to pop him into prison and keep him there until he is sixteen.

DR. L. L. CARMER.

Stricken Down with Heart Disease.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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Will cure Without Medicine all Weakness resulting from overtaxation of brain, nerve forces, excesses or indiscretion, as sexual exhaustion, drains, losses, nervous debility, nervousness, languor, rheumatism, kidney, liver and bladder complaints, lame back, lumbago, sciatica, general ill-health, etc. This electric belt contains Wonderful Improvements over all others, and gives a current that is instantly felt by the wearer or we forfeit $5,000, and will cure all of the above diseases or we pay. Thousands have been cured by this marvelous invention after all other remedies failed, and we give hundreds of testimonials in this and every other state. Our powerful IMPROVED ELECTRIC SUSPENSORY, the greatest boon ever offered weak men, FREE WITH ALL BELTS. Health and vigorous strength GUARANTEED in 60 to 90 Days. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet, sealed, free. Address

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If you would be clean and have your clothes done up in the neatest and dressiest manner, take them to the

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