that the brewers have been invited to subscribe $20,000 to a fund for the provincial elections.

SHE WENT TO THE BALL.

MOBILE, Ala., Feb. 11.—Miss Mattie Z. Weiniger went last Friday night to the German relief ball, and danced the evening through until her feet pained her very much. The day before she had stepped on a nail, which penetrated the sole of her shoe and entered the flesh for nearly an inch. When told that such a wound was dangerous, she said she would go to the ball if she died for it. The following day a physician extracted a piece of leather from the wound. It had been driven in the foot by the nail. The next day lockjaw set in, and Miss Weiniger died in great agony.

FOOD FOR RUSSIA.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 11.—The Atlantic Transport line steamer Missouri will sail for New York March 12, on a mission of mercy to Lisbon, on the Baltic sea in northern Russia. President Baker, of the Atlantic Transport line, offered the steamer to W. C. Edgar, manager of the Northwestern Miller, to carry 2000 tons of food which has been collected for the famine stricken peasants of Russia. Baker received a telegram from Edgar accepting the offer, which is equivalent to a contribution of $20,000. The Missouri will be commanded by Captain Gates, who was her chief officer at the time of the Denmark's rescue. Everything in connection with the Missouri's trip will be free. Thomas Hogan & Sons, stevedores, have applied for permission to load the ship at their expense. The Berwing-White Coal Mining company, of New York, have offered to coal the ship for her trip. New York warehouses will store the supplies until ready for shipment. No wharfage charges will be made. The New York Central railway will collect the food and deliver it in New York, and the underwriters are now consulting whether they can insure it without cost. The 2000 tons of flour will not more than half fill the Missouri, as she has a carrying capacity of 3500 tons. All that may be received up to the time she sails in addition to that already on hand will be sent over in her.

$70,000 A YEAR.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—John A. McCall, comptroller of the Equitable Life Insurance company, was elected president of the New York Life Insurance company yesterday. At 1 o'clock when the board of trustees of the latter company convened, the election of Mr. McCall as successor to William H. Beers will be rushed through. This fact was confirmed by several gentlemen connected with both corporations, and there is no doubt that Mr. McCall will accept the the position. The question of salary will also be settled at the same meeting, and there is little doubt that it will be fixed at $70,000 per year, the same as that paid the retiring president. There are several questions to be considered at today's meeting, but as a majority of the trustees will vote for Mr. McCall, there is little doubt that every detail will be satisfactorily arranged before the trustees conclude their deliberations. Mr. McCall has been comptroller of the Equitable Life for the past eight years, and has a thorough knowledge of the insurance business. It is said that no man has a wider acquaintance among insurance men, and he is regarded as thoroughly capable executive officer. McCall is a gentlemen of fine personal appearance and is a handsome, vigorous man. He was for several years state superintendent of insurance. The Times says: "It was learned yesterday that Loomis S. White had tendered his resignation as trustee, and his letter of resignation is now in the hands of the board to be acted upon. One of Mr. White's acquaintances said that he was in poor health, and that the notoriety to which he has been subjected in the New York Life's exposures has been humiliating beyond endurance. Therefore following the lead of Mr. Beers, he has determined to get out."

John A. McCall has accepted the presidency of the New York Life Insurance company, provided he is given absolute control.

SCROFULA

Is that impurity of the blood which produces unsightly lumps or swellings on the glands of the neck; causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; develops ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or the many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors;" and fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption, and death. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can It Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. Some of these cures are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula or impure blood, be sure to try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"Every spring my wife and children have been troubled with scrofula, sores breaking out on them in various places. My little boy, three years old, has been a terrible sufferer. Last spring he was one mass of sores from head to feet. I was advised to use Hood's Sarsaparilla, and we have all taken it. The result is that all have been cured of the scrofula, my little boy being entirely free from sores, and all four of my children look bright and healthy." W. S. ATHERTON, Passaic City, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

THE COINAGE BILL.

Colored Men form an Association.

MISS MITCHELL'S MARRIAGE.

A Mayor Convicted, The Census Bureau, Reciprocity, Spurgeon Laid at Rest, Sam'l of Posen, Singular Accident, Hedspeth Arrested, Free Wool, Suicide of a Jeweler, She Went to the Ball, Food for Russia, Foreign and State News, Etc.

THE FREE COINAGE BILL.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Chairman Bland has made the following statement regarding the bill which his committee will report: "It contemplates the converting of all our silver money, silver certificates and treasury notes issued on bullion, and gold certificates issued on gold, into coin notes, redeemable in coin, thus converting our paper into a bimetal paper, instead of keeping up the distinction between gold and silver in our paper issues. This conforms to the idea of coining both metals on an equality, gold and silver free. The coin notes are redeemable in coin, and, of course, in whatever coin may be most convenient for the government to redeem them in. The depositors of gold and silver bullion have the privilege of waiting until their bullion is coined and having the coin returned to them, or they may deposit the bullion and receive notes at the coin value of the bullion deposited. The bullion then becomes the property of the government, and is coined as fast as may be necessary for the redemption of any notes presented for redemption. It obviates the coining of all the bullion at the time it is deposited. The people seem to be desirous of using paper money instead of coin itself, to prefer paper to coin, and for that reason coin notes may be issued and bullion held for coinage, to be coined only when necessary for redeeming notes. A man holding a coin note will not know whether it is a gold note or a silver note, for if he deposits gold bullion or gold coin he gets a coin note, and if he deposits silver bullion or silver coin he gets the same kind of a note. It abolishes the present distinction between our coin notes. My bill also differs from any other bill that has been introduced, in providing that when France may resume the free and unlimited coinage of silver at her present ratio of 15½ to 1, the president will make a proclamation to the effect that that ratio shall then be our legal ratio and our coin shall conform to it. It is claimed that France will not resume free coinage now, because the difference between our ratio of 16 to 1 would cause all our silver to go to the French mint, which would be embarrassing probably to France to some extent, and very much to ourselves. We wish to retain our silver money as well as our gold coin, hence there is a very good reason why our ratio and that of European countries should be the same. At any rate there can be no pretext on the part of France for longer refusing to coin silver free because our ratio is different from hers. Personally I care little for this, but there are a good many people who think we ought to have a common ratio and I have no objection to it, and I consequently am willing to conform to what seems to be public sentiment."

COLORED MEN UNITE.

LITTLE ROCK, Feb. 11.—An association for mutual protection was formed here by the leading colored men in this section and articles for incorporation of a stock company with $2,800,000 were filed. The association will be national. Its object is the establishment and operation of business houses for colored people to be conducted by members of their race.

MISS MITCHELL'S MARRIAGE.

PARIS, Feb. 11.—The religious marriage of the Duke de Lalfoche foucauld and Miss Mattie Mitchell, daughter of Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, took place today at the church of St. Clothilde. The church was crowded with friends of the two families. Many army officers, members of the nobility and leading Americans at present in Paris were among the fashionable throng.

FREE WOOL.

WASHINGTON, Feb 11.—There has been substantial agreements by the special wool committee of the Democratic majority of the ways and means committee on the provisions of the wool bill. The changes made in the bill drafted by Springer are not formally made un, but very substantial reductions will be made in the duties on woolen manufactures proposed by Springer's bill. The ad valorem duties on woolen manufactures of all kinds, including cloths, dress goods, carpets, and all other woolen articles imported under the McKinley law, and which rates were left unchanged by the Springer bill, have been cut down wherever in excess of 40 per cent., and the average duty proposed by the new bill on woolen goods is about 50 per cent. below the uniform rate of 40 per cent. fixed by the McKinley bill. Under agreement wool is made free, as proposed by Springer's bill. All compensatory duties of course, are taken off, as raw wool is made free. Members of the committee say the wool bill will be the principal measure reported, and an examination of its provisions will show that not only no step backward has been taken in tariff reform, but a step in advance of considerable importance has been taken, and on the wool schedule, regarded by all tariff reformers as the key to the protective system, the reductions made are greater than those proposed by the Democrats two years ago.

SUICIDE OF A JEWELER.

FRESNO, Feb. 11.—S. Simon, a well-known jeweler of this city, committed suicide by shooting himself twice in the mouth, causing instant death. He had a few days ago sold his jewelry business here and bought a hotel in Sanger. This was attached by two or three parties, and he was arrested today. The attachments were the outcome of jewelry transactions and the amount involved was not large. Friends immediately set to work to fix the matter up, and ten minutes after the suicide happened everything was settled satisfactory as near as can be learned. Simon was aged 35 years, and generally liked. He leaves a wife, who is at present in McKeesport, Pa.

A SINGULAR ACCIDENT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—Dennis Whelan, a saloon-keeper, met with a terrible accident yesterday. He was crossing the bridge that spans a little creek at the foot of 9th street, but lost his balance and fell into the slough, which was filled with lye from the San Francisco candle works near by. The stuff burned into the unfortunate man's flesh. Whelan's cries of agony attracked the attention of several workmen at the candle works, and with considerable difficulty they hauled him out. He was conveyed to the receiving hospital, where he died in the afternoon.

HEDSPETH ARRESTED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—Marion Hedspeth, who is wanted at St. Louis for connection with the Glendale, Mo., train robbery, was arrested at the point of the pistol at the postoffice here yesterday by Capt. Lees and a detail of detectives. Hedspeth was taken to Lees' office, where two revolvers, a roll of greenbacks aggregating $800, and a number of diamond rings and other jewelery were found on him. Hedspeth took his arrest good naturedly, and said he was willing to return to St. Louis without requisition papers.

SAM'L OF POSEN.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—In Actor Curtis' trial yesterday for the murder of Policeman Grant, S. Bennet testified that he was driving a patrol wagon on the morning of Sept. 11th last, and saw officers Allen and Bodie run out of Folsom street station, shortly after 12 o'clock that morning, and follow a man who was running away, after three shots were fired. He assisted to remove Curtis to the central station in the police patrol wagon. He was talking most of the time on the way, and said: "Oh God! if I could recall the past three or four hours."

Cross-examined by Mr. Knight—"After hearing three shots I ran out of the police station to where a man was lying on the sidewalk. I did not know who it was then. Went back for the wagon; did not see any star on Grant. After taking Grant to the hospital, I returned to Folsom station. On the way down he kept talking and moving his hands up and down. He did not admit at any time that he shot Grant or that he knew anything about the shooting."

WAR CLAIMS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 11.—Stone, from the committee on war claims, has reported favorably on the bill to reimburse California, Oregon and Nevada, for moneys expended in the suppression of the rebellion. California, under the bill is entitled to $2,451,369; Oregon, $224,526, and Nevada to $404,000.

STEAMERS COLLIDED.

PORTLAND, Or., Feb. 11.—The steamers Astorian and R. R. Thompson, plying between this city and Astoria, collided about twelve o'clock last night, near Walker's Island. The Astorian was coming up the river, and the Thompson was going down. The Astorian was considerably damaged. The Thompson escaped with but slight damage.

The Thompson struck the Astorian on the port front deck, just ahead of the cabins with considerable force. The engines were reversed and the Thompson backed out. The Astorian was run ashore where it was ascertained that the hole did not reach below the water line. The freight was removed to the back, bringing the hole several inches above water line, and the vessel was then brought to this city. No estimate of damages has been made. The crew and passengers of the Astorian allege that the Thompson did not stop to ascertain the extent of the damage, but continued on in her course. The Thompson will not return here until this evening and her version of the accident has not yet been given.

THE VICTIMS NUMBER SEVENTEEN.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The worst in regard to the Hotel Royal fire is now believed to be known. Seventeen persons in all, eleven of whom were women and six men, is the sum total of the dead. Of these seven have been positively identified and two others partially so. It is expected that the identity of these two persons will be known by today.

THE CENSUS BUREAU.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—A Washington special says: Two days ago the president ordered an investigation of the census bureau. The special states it was tried to keep the investigation secret but some of Porter's friends heard of it and were very much incensed at the president for his action. When the secret investigation was ordered Porter was not in the city and had been away for several weeks. The reason for the investigation is said to be a letter from the president of the St. Louis furniture board of trade declaring the bureau's figures on manufacturing statistics inaccurate.

APPOINTMENTS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The secretary of the interior has appointed A. G. Connor, appointment clerk in the department and Geo. Evans, disbursing officer to examine into the condition of the work census office and to ascertain its future need. The secretary states he has no suspicion of wrong doing and he takes this course to satisfy himself as to the exact condition of the office. The president has sent to the senate today the following nominations Joseph McKenna of California, United States circuit judge for the ninth judicial district and Rowland P. Mahany, of New York, minister to Ecudor.

SPURGEON LAID AT REST.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The final services over the remains of Rev. Mr. Spurgeon were held at the tabernacle today.

RECIPROCITY.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The Canadian reciprocity negotiations were continued this morning. The meeting today lasted a little over an hour.

COMFIRMED.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The senate in executive session confirmed Wm. Grinnell, New York, as third assistant secretary of state.

FIELD INDICTED.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The grand jury today returned an indictment for forgery against Edward M. Field. It is alleged he forged the name of E. Moore to a bill of lading for a large quantity of wheat last November.

A MAYOR CONVICTED.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 11.—Mayor Wyman, of Allegheny City, was convicted this morning of extortion. The charge of embezzlement is still pending.

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds.—If you have never used this great cough medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all disease of throat, chest and lungs. Each bottle is guranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at Daniel J. Fry's drugstore, 225 Commercial street. Large bottles 50c and $1.00.

MARKETS.

PORTLAND, Feb. 11.—Wheat valley, $1.55@$1.60; Walla Walla, $1.50@$1.55.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—At close wheat was firm; cash, 86¼; May, 97¼.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—Wheat buyer season $1.66.

Dead Sea Fruits.

They slay multitudes when they are the product of neglect of incipient disease. A "slight" cold, a fit of indigestion, biliousness or constipation each or any of these "minor ailments" advance in many cases with "league-destroying strides." Give them a swift, early defeat with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and avert the danger. Abernethy administered an alarming rebuke to the man who informed him that he had "only a cold!" "Only a cold," repeated the doctor. "What would ye have—the plague!" Rheumatism and la grippe are easy extinguishable at the start. Why then allow them to get up a full head of steam? Put on the brakes with the Bitters. The genial warmth which this superb medicine diffuses through the system, the impetus it gives to the circulation of the blood, its soothing and strengthening effect upon the nervous, specially recommend it to the enfeebled and sick. 'Tis the great specific for malaria.

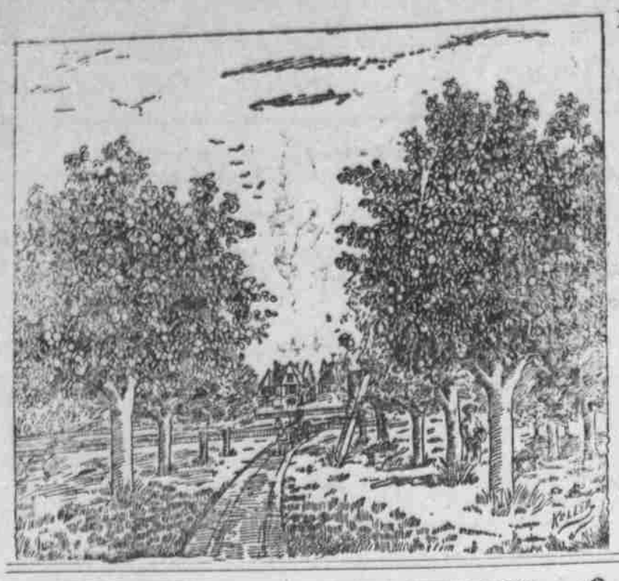
Baby cried,
Mother sighed,
Doctor prescribed: Castoria!

Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Concentrated medicine only. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Very easy to take; no pain; no griping; no purging. Try them.

Ministers, lawyers, teachers, and others whose occupation gives but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

Dyspepsia and torpid liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Pills. One a dose. Try them.

THE PACIFIC LAND & ORCHARD COMPANY.



LARGE AND SMALL FARMS,

Also 5, 10 and 20 acre pieces already planted to fruit trees in fine condition, and some first-class city property.

STATE INSURANCE BUILDING, SALEM, OREGON.

References by Permission:

Hon. W. W. Thayer, Ex-governor and chief justice of Oregon, Portland, Oregon.
Hon. Richard Williams, ex-member of congress, Portland, Oregon.
Hon. Geo. W. McBride, secretary of state, Salem, Oregon.
Hon. Phil. Metschan, state treasurer, Salem, Oregon.
Hon. E. B. McElroy, superintendent of public instruction, Salem, Or
Hon. W. A. Cusick, president Capital National bank, Salem, Oregon
Hon. Napoleon Davis, president First National bank, Salem, Oregon
William & England Banking Company, Salem, Oregon.
Thos Kay, president woolen mills, Salem, Oregon.
Hon. W. B. Allison, United States Senator, Dubuque, Iowa.
Hon. Wm. Larrabee, ex governor of Iowa, Clairmont, Iowa.
Jas. Harragan, cashier Dubuque National bank, Dubuque, Iowa.
W. P. Manley, president Security National bank, Sioux City, Iowa.
Hon. J. A. T. Hull, congressman, Des Moines, Iowa.
Hon. Geo. D. Perkins, congressman, Sioux City, Iowa.

For the Higher Education of Women.

The most important of all movements for the higher education of woman has been matured during the past three years, and recently it took definite shape by filing a charter of incorporation authorizing the association to carry its purposes into effect. This association has all the rights of a university, is nonsectarian and non partisan, and its object is to secure true university privileges for women in medicine, law, theology and the fine arts. The first aim of the society is to obtain admission for women to such a university as Yale, Harvard or Cornell, not so much on account of its superior advantages over women's colleges in instruction as in the demonstrable apparatus.

Some of the best universities have signified their willingness to admit women if they possessed endowments authorizing them to fit up the facilities necessary to furnishing women equal advantages with men. This association proposes to raise such a fund by establishing fellowships and maintaining a loan fund for deserving students.

The association is national, and its membership represents already twenty-one states and includes professors and graduates of sixteen of the leading institutions of learning in this country, two in Europe, and also six clergymen of different denominations. Annual membership fees are $5, life membership $100 and patrons who desire to forward the cause $1,000.—New York Sun.

Why Rain Drops Do Not Kill.

A falling body moves much more rapidly as it approaches the ground than it did when it commenced to fall; its motion is therefore termed "a uniformly accelerated motion." In other words, if a body be moving at a certain velocity at the expiration of one second from the point of time at which it was allowed to fall, it will be moving twice as fast at the expiration of two seconds, and so on. Experiments have shown that the rate per second at which bodies acquire velocity in falling through the air is thirty-two feet per second at the end of the first second after it has dropped from the hand; at the end of the next second with a velocity of sixty-four feet, and at the end of the third at the rate of ninety-six feet per second, and so on.

The velocity of a body at any period of its fall may be ascertained by multiplying the rate of motion at the end of the first second by the number of seconds it has been falling. The velocity being known, the space through which it has fallen may be ascertained by multiplying the velocity at that period by the number of seconds during which it has been falling, and dividing the result by two. These rules only apply with absolute correctness when a body falls "in vacuo," for the resistance of the air materially retards the velocities, especially when they become considerable, and when the body has great bulk in proportion to its weight.

Were it not for this resistance, every raindrop descending as it does from a height of many hundred feet, would strike with a force as fatal as that of a rifle bullet.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Amber in Nero's Time.

During the reign of Nero an expedition was sent from Rome to explore the amber producing country, and so successful was the party that a present of 13,000 pounds of amber was brought back to the emperor, including a piece weighing thirteen pounds.—Philadelphia Times.

Some French authors have adopted the practice of using green tinted paper for manuscript, finding it less harmful to the eyes than white paper.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN,

CURES

RHEUMATISM,
BACKACHE,
SCIATICA,
SPRAINS,
BRUISES,
BURNS,
WOUNDS,
SWELLINGS,
FROST-BITES
AND
NEURALGIA.

SALEM MARKET REPORT.

A Synopsis of the Markets—Buying and Selling Prices.

REVISED QUOTATIONS.

RETAIL PRICES.

Shoulders, Sugar cured, per lb, 10
Breakfast bacon 15
Hams—Sugar cured, per lb, 16⅔c.
Beef—5@12½
Pork—8 @ 10
Mutton—8@12½c.
Veal—10 @ 12½c.
Timothy seed—Per pound, 8c; selling
Red clover seed—Per pound, 14c.
White clover seed—Per pound, 20c.
Alsike—18c per pound.
Red top—10c per pound.
Lincoln Grass—12½c per pound.
Rye Grass—10c per pound.
Orchard Grass..17c per pound.
New potatoes 40c per bushel.
Canned Fruit...Peaches, $3 00; apricot, $3 00; blackberries, $3; corn, best grades $2 00; tomatoes $1 50; string beans $1 50; green peas $1 85; per doz. In two lb cans.
Fresh Vegetables.—Potatoes 40c; carrots 50c; parsnips 75c; onions 3c per lb.
Fish..Salmon 8@10c per lb; Sturgeon 5@7c per lb; small fish 10c per lb; salt salmon, 7@10c per lb.

BUYING PRICES.

Wheat—Cash 85c., storage 1c.
Flour—Per barrel, $3.00, best 196 lbs.
Oats—Per bushel, 35@35½c.
Barley—Per bushel, 45@50c.
Bran—Per ton, $21 00 at mill, sacked.
Shorts—Per ton, $25 00 " sacked.
Chop—Per ton, $26.00 " sacked.
Wool—17c to 20c.
Eggs—20c per dozen.
Potatoes—Per bushel, 20c
Corn meal—3c per pound.
Cheese—12@14c per pound.
Dried plums—4c lb, 6@7c.
Dried prunes—Per lb, 10@12c.
Butter—25@30c per pound for good
Lard—10@12c per lb
Hams—Per pound, 11@12c.
Bacon sides—9c to per lb.
Shoulders—8@9c per lb.
Chickens...7@10c per pound.
Turkeys 10 to 12c lb.
Geese 7@8 per lb.
Ducks, 12½ per lb
Hops, 10@20c.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve,

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by Dan'l J. Fry, 225 Com St

For the Children.

"In buying a cough medicine for children," says H. A. Walker, a prominent druggist of Ogden, Utah, "never be afraid to buy Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. There is no danger from it and relief is always sure to follow. I particularly recommend Chamberlain's because I have found it to be safe and reliable. 50 cent bottles for sale by G. E. Goode, druggist.

A WARNING—DON'T USE BIG WORDS.

In promulgating esoteric cogitations or articulating superficial sentimentalities and philosophical or psychological observations, beware of platitudinous ponderosity. Let your statements possess a clarified conciseness, compacted comprehensibleness, coalescent consistency and a concentrated cogency. Eschew all conglomerations of flatulent gurrulity, jejune babblement and asinine affections. In trying to impress upon others the superiority of the Wisconsin Central Lines, and why you and so many others use this thoroughfare from St. Paul and Minneapolis and Duluth and Ashland to Milwaukee, Chicago and points east and south, it is not necessary to use jawbreakers. Let your extemporaneous descantings and unpremeditated expatiations have intelligibility veracious vivacity, without rhodomontable or thrasonical bombast. Sedulously avoid all polysyllable profundity, palitaceous vacuity, ventric qual verbosity and vandiloquent vapidity, shun double entendres, prurient jocosity and pestiferous profundity, obscurent or apparent. In other words, talk plainly, naturally, sensibly, and truthfully, say the Wisconsin Central Lines is THE route, and that ends it. 1 16 1y

First National Bank,

SALEM, OREGON.

GENERAL BANKING

NAPOLEON DAVIS.....President.
DR. W. H. BYRD.....Vice President.
JOHN MOIR.....Cashier

WILLIAMS & ENGLAND BANKING CO.

CAPITAL STOCK, all Subscribed, $200,000

Transact a general banking business in all its branches.

GEO. WILLIAMS.....President
WM. ENGLAND.....Vice President
HUGH MCNARY.....Cashier

DIRECTORS: Geo. Williams, Wm. England, D. J. A. Richardson, J. W. Hodson, J. A. Baker.

Bank in new Exchange block on Commercial street. 8 1-tf

M. J. CHAMBERLIN, President. O. M. SMITH, Secretary.
H. M. BRANSON, Vice President. GEO. H. SCHERMERHORN, Treasurer.

UNION TITLE ABSTRACT CO.

275 Commercial street.

Makes the neatest and best Abstracts in the country.

Administrator's Notice of Appointment.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at the December term, of the County Court for the County of Marion and state of Oregon, for the year 1891, the undersigned was duly appointed an administrator of the estate of Henry Geiss, late of Marion county, deceased. Therefore all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same for payment, duly verified, to the undersigned at his residence in Salem, Marion county, Oregon, within six months from the date hereof. And all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate settlement with the undersigned administrator at his residence aforesaid.

Dated this January 16th A. D. 1892.

F. U. SHAW
Administrator of the estate of Henry Geiss, deceased. 1-2

Oregon Land Company's Price List.

10 acres of land 5½ miles south of Salem (postoffice) best fruit land, nearly all cultivated. There will be 100 acres set to fruit, immediately adjoining this tract, this spring; price, $50 per acre, $100 cash, balance easy payments.

Choice of four ten acre fruit tracts five miles south of Salem (postoffice) one all in cultivation, very sightly; two other three-fourths in cultivation, balance good timber; one three-fourths in cultivation balance in pasture, $45.00 per acre, ¼ cash, balance easy payment and long time.

Choice of 40 ten acre fruit tracts six miles south of Salem (postoffice) best fruit land, very desirable location; springs and running water, adjoining The Oregon Land Company's model 100 acre orchard farm, three miles from steamer landing. First choice $60 per acre, ¼ cash, balance on eight years time, enabling purchaser to pay for land out of the fruit crop This land will be set out to fruit trees and cultivated two years in a first-class manner, by the Willamette Valley Fruit Growing company so that a two year old orchard, complete in ever respect, will cost the pur haser $125 per acre, including a good fence around it.

The Willamette Valley Fruit Growing company has now more than 300 acres set out in this way, and will take pleasure in showing anyone, who takes an interest in fruit growing in the Willamette Valley, what they are doing and how their orchards look. The people of Salem and their visiting friends are cordially invited to call at the office of the Willamette Valley Fruit Growing company, in the Gray building with the Oregon Land company, and take a ride to Sunnyside and see what is being done in the way of fruit raising in the vicinity of Salem, Oregon. You will enjoy the ride to Sunnyside and see something worth seeing.

Thirty acres best garden and hay land, good two story house of nine rooms, hard finished, good barn, good orchard, springs and running water, 2½ miles from Turner, price $2500.

35 acres of timber land 2½ miles from Turner, $20 per acre, ¼ cash, balance in three equal annual payments.

19 80-100 acres cultivated land with house, spring and orchard 3 miles from Turner, $60 per acre, ¼ cash, balance in three equal annual payments.

18 40-100 acres cultivated land with barn and running water, $45 per acre, ¼ cash, balance in three equal annual payments. First payment will be taken in work.

16 96-100 acres cultivated land, running water on land, $40 per acre, ¼ cash, balance in three equal annual payments. First payment taken in work.

39 68-100 acres pasture and timber land, all good land, with running water, 3 miles from Turner, $25 per acre.

6 fruit tracts ranging from 12 to 14 acres each, all cultivated, 200 fruit trees on each lot, land all plowed, $45 per acre, ¼ cash, balance in three equal annual payments.

Work such as carpenter work, cutting wood, making rails, building fence, setting out and cultivating trees taken in part payment on land; also horses, harness, wagons, or buggies taken in part payment on land. Also good city property, when unencumbered by mortgage or other claims, taken in part payment on land.

MAIL LETTINGS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Post Office Department,

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15, 1892.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 4 p. m. of March 24th, 1892, for carrying the mails of the United States upon the routes, and according to the schedule of arrival and departure specified by the Department, in the state of Oregon from July 1st, 1892 to June 30th, 1894. List of routes, with schedules of arrivals and departures, instructions to bidders with forms, for contracts and bonds, and all other necessary information, will be furnished upon application to the Second Assistant Postmaster General.

JOHN WANAMAKER,
Postmaster General.

d-1-18-6tm

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

GEO. H. BURNETT, Attorney at law, Salem, Oregon. Office over Ladd & Bush's bank.

D'ARCY & BINGHAM, Attorneys and counselors at law, Salem, Oregon. Having an abstract of the records of Marion county, including a lot and block index of Salem, they have special facilities for examining titles to real estate. Business in the supreme court and in the state departments will receive prompt attention.

S. T. RICHARDSON, Attorney at law, office up stairs in front rooms of new Bush block, corner Commercial and Court streets, Salem, Oregon.

JOHN A. CARSON, Attorney at law. Rooms 3 and 4, Ladd & Bush's bank building, Salem, Oregon. 8 1 1yr

B. F. BONHAM. W. H. HOLMES. BONHAM & HOLMES, Attorneys at law. Office in Bush's block, between State and Court, on Com'l St.

TILMON FORD, attorney at law, Salem, Oregon. Office up stairs in Patton's block.

C. S. MCNALLY, Architect, New Bush Exchange block. Plans and specifications of all classes of of buildings on short notice. Superintendence of work promptly looked after. 2 5-tf

W. D. PUGH, Architect, Plans, specifications and superintendence for all classes of buildings. Office 289 Commercial St., up stairs.

E. J. MCCAUSTLAND, Civil Sanitary and Hydraulic Engineer. U. S. Deputy mineral surveyor. City surveyors office, Cottle-Parkhurst Block, Salem, Oregon.

C. A. ROBERT, Architect, room 424, Marquam building, Portland, Oregon.

ANNICE F. JEFFREYS, M. D. Treatment of Ladies and Children a specialty. Office hours: 9 to 12, and 2 to 4. Eldridge block, Salem, Oregon.

W. H. YOUNG, M. D., Office formerly occupied by Dr. Rowland, corner Court and Liberty streets. Telephone No. 45. Office hours: 8 a. m. to 12; 2 to 4 p. m., and 7 to 9 p. m. Residence 18th street on electric car line. Telephone No. 9.

DR. W. S. MOTT, physician and surgeon. Office in Eldridge Block, Salem, Oregon. Office hours 10 to 12 a. m. 2 to 4 p. m.

E. B. PHILBROOK, M. D., Homeopathist. Office 155 Court street; Residence 347 High street. General practice. Special attention given to diseases of Women and children.

W. T. HOUSER, M. D, Physician and surgeon. Practice limited to diseases of the nervous system. Catarrh including asthma and rupture or hernia. Office in Cottle block rooms 11 and 12. Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m. and from 2 to 6 p. m. 11 3-tf.

DR. MINTA S. A. DAVIS. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 11 a. m.; 2 p. m. to 5 p. m. Day or night calls promptly attended to. Special attention given to diseases of women and children. Office in New Bank Blk., 305 Commercial street. Residence same.

DR. T. C. SMITH, Dentist, 92 State street, Salem, Or. Finished dental operations of every description. Painless operations a specialty.

BUSINESS CARDS.

SPRAGUE & ALLEN, Blacksmiths and horse-hoeing and repairing. Only the best workmen employed. Opposite State Insurance building

JOHN KNIGHT, Blacksmith. Horse shoeing and repairing a specialty. Shop at the foot of Liberty street, Salem, Oregon. 2 26-1

P. J. LARSEN & CO., Manufacture of all kinds of vehicles. Repairing a specialty. Shop 45 State street.

A. B. SMITH & CO., Contractors, Sewering, Cement Sidewalks, Excavating, Etc. All work promptly done, Salem, Or. Leave orders with Dugan Bros. 4-15-1m

CARPET-LAYING.—I make a specialty of carpet-sewing and laying carpets taken up and relaid with great care. House cleaning. Leave orders with J. H. Lung or Buren & Son. J. G. LUHRMAN.

HOEVE & MILLS, Proprietors the Porcelain Bath and Shaving Parlors. Have the only Porcelain Bath Tubs in the city. 289 Commercial street, Salem, Oregon.