

We Want the People to Know

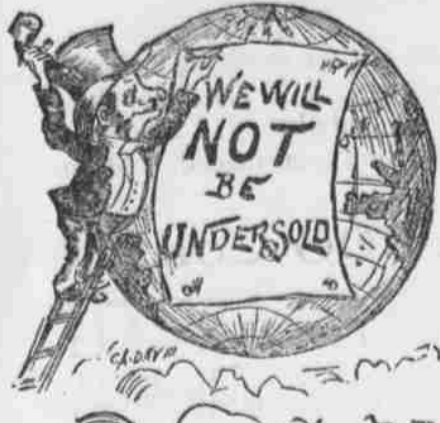
200 ELEGANT PHOTO ALBUMS

JUST RECEIVED FROM MANUFACTURER AT PRICES THAT WILL SURPRISE THE OLDEST INHABITANT.

Look Out For Our Display Window.

REMEMBER THE PLACE

T. McF. PATTON'S State Street Book Store



MONEY!

How to make and how to save it is the ruling question with you. You can make and save by spending it with us. "A penny saved is a penny earned," and we can save you at least 25 per cent. on goods in our line.

Table with columns for HOSIERY, CORSETS, and BOOTS AND SHOES, listing various items and prices.

E. F. OSBURN,

261 Commercial Street,

Regardless of Cost.

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS

My entire stock must be sold by JANUARY 1st, 1892.

G. F. SMITH, 307 Com'l St., Salem, Or.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO ART NOVELTIES THIS WEEK. PRICE NO OBJECT AS I AM DETERMINED TO CLOSE OUT.

RED STAR COMPRESSED YEAST

Makes the best bread in the world. Received fresh every Monday at

WELLER BROS.

SOME PEOPLE

Refuse the Earth unless surrounded with barbed wire, but every one appreciates the courteous treatment and

Low Prices

that give

Brooks & Harritt

their immense trade. Finest line of Hammerless and Hammer Shot-guns in the state out side of Portland. New goods, Hobby Horses, Shooflies, Baby Wheelbarrows, Carts, Reins, Iron Tops, etc.

94 State Street.



A. KLEIN.

RELIABLE SHOES.

SALEM.

Advertisement for PIANOS AND ORGANS AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE, featuring P. H. EASTON & CO.

GRAY BROS. HARDWARE HOUSE

HEAVY AND SHELF

Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails and Building Material.

Also agents for STAVER & WALKER'S Agricultural Implements, of which a large supply is kept in stock, including

PLOWS, HARROWS, DRILLS, CULTIVATORS, FARM AND GARDEN TOOLS, MACHINERY AND VEHICLES OF ALL KINDS. WE SELL THE STUDEBAKER WAGONS.

New Store, Cor. State and Liberty Sts.

CORK SOLED CALF BOOTS,

the best winter boot known.

Also bargains in Kip boots, Boys' and Girl's school shoes. NO CREDIT but money saved for cash.

C. G. GIVEN & CO., 99 State Street.

Churchill Sash, Door & Manufacturing Co.

Sash, Doors, Blinds & Mouldings, Turning & Scroll Sawing.

—House Finishing made to order—

New DRY KILN, by which we can always keep a full supply of seasoned stock of all kinds. Agricultural Works, Corner of Trade and High streets, Salem, Oregon.

IRA ERB

Sash and Door Factory Front Street, Salem, Oregon.

The best class of work in our line at prices to compete with the lowest. Only the best material used.

CHURCHILL & BURROUGHS.

Tinners, Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS.

Estimates on all work in our line. 100 Chermaketa Street.

THE = CLUB

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLES.

All stock left in my care shall receive the best of attention. Telephone No. 24, Cor. Liberty and Ferry streets, Salem, Oregon.

Salem Truck & Dray Co.

DRAYS AND TRUCKS always ready for orders. Sell and deliver wood, hay, coal and lumber. Office State St., opposite Salem Iron works. Drays and trucks may be found throughout the day at the corner of State and Commercial streets.

B. F. DRAKE, Proprietor. T. G. PERKINS, General Superintendent.

SALEM IRON WORKS,

SALEM, OREGON. Manufacture STEAM ENGINES, Mill Outfits, Water Wheel Governors, Fruit Drying Outfits, Traction Engines, Grinders, etc. Farm machinery made and repaired. General agents and manufacturers of the celebrated Walkers, Patent Middles and Furber and Rees. Farm machinery made and repaired.

THE CAPITAL JOURNAL.

HOFER BROTHERS, - - - Editors.

UNPUBLISHED DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY,

BY THE Capital Journal Publishing Company.

(Incorporated.) Office, Commercial Street, in P. O. Building entered at the postoffice at Salem, Or., as second-class in 1871.

SALEM'S GREAT LOSS.

Entirely the result of an unworthy, selfish and utilitarian philosophy, still it is the question always uppermost in the mind of a community when a man dies—of what practical value has he been to others? What did he do to benefit the society in which he lived? Did he give more than he received? Has he done more for others than was done for him? Was he helpful to the progress of the city or hurtful? Judged by this test only one verdict can be spoken of the short life of R. S. Wallace in Salem. He made an unparalleled record for the progress and upbuilding of this city and county. He not only had means to do with, but was not afraid to embark them in ventures old and new. His money was used wherever it was most needed to advance enterprises, and it went freely wherever an honest dollar could help to employ labor and earn a return in an honorable way. He turned capital into bank, factory and farm. He would give days and weeks to the accomplishment of a public enterprise in which he had only a common interest, and then turn around and forgive his bitterest opponents and invite them to join in some new enterprise for the public welfare. It will be said that he always had an eye to his own interests. That he did. He went into no chimerical undertakings. He wanted a sound basis before he would enlist or invest. He never took hold of a thing to let it die or exist as an object of charity. What he did take hold of he pushed because he believed in it from a business standpoint, and gave his purse, hand, heart and soul to accomplish its success. He was a man who would sink his last dollar in a just cause, but wisely he would first know if it was necessary. All these noble phases of his character come to mind now as he has gone from us. All knew them just as well while he was living, but justice is never done any man while he lives. We wait to give men their just dues until they are cold in their coffins. That is the way of the world. No eastern man ever came to Oregon who in so short a time so firmly impressed himself upon the state. There are men living in Oregon all their lives, who have as abundant means as he had, who have not done that for the development of the state, the employment of labor, and the advancement of manufactures and horticulture that Mr. Wallace did. All this can be said of Mr. Wallace without detracting from others who have not been so energetic as he. That was his gift. It was his good genius, that is so rare in those possessed of wealth, to employ it in not only remunerative enterprises but also in business to benefit and elevate the masses. The most admirable trait of Mr. Wallace's character was his simplicity and unostentatious modesty. He had no malice in his make up and less vanity. He sought a place in the world where he could be helpful to others. He was quiet, dignified, respectful to all, carrying on no hostilities toward business rivals, and harboring no resentments toward those who crossed to do him. Life was too short for him to do ought else than help others while helping himself by the most honorable methods. He was an ideal citizen. In his death Salem and Oregon have sustained an irreparable loss.

STATE ELECTION.

Following is the list of state elections to be held November 3. Iowa elects state officers and legislature.

Maryland elects state officers and legislature and votes on six constitutional amendments.

Massachusetts elects state officers and legislature.

Mississippi elects three railway commissioners and legislature.

Nebraska elects associate justices of the supreme court and two regents of the state university.

New Jersey elects part of its legislature.

New York elects state officers, legislature, ten supreme court justices and representative in the Tenth congressional district.

Ohio elects state officers, legislature and votes on amendment to constitution providing for uniform taxation.

Pennsylvania elects state treasurer and attorney general and votes on constitutional convention and elects delegates to same.

Virginia elects half its legislature.

In Iowa the main issue is over the re-election of Bliss, Iowa's first Democratic governor. He was elected in 1889 by refusal of Republican farmers to support the Republican nominee, who fell far behind

his ticket. This year the Republicans have put up Wheeler, who as the farmer's candidate failed to get the nomination in 1889. He is believed to be acceptable to the alliance Republicans. The result will be very close. Iowa has been uniformly Republican by from five to thirty thousand plurality for the last ten years, both for state officers and legislature. Even in the landslide last year, the Republican state ticket was elected by good majorities. Pennsylvania politics has been a good deal disturbed by corruption within the state, especially in the city government of Philadelphia, which has over twice the population of Oregon. If the house-cleaning process is continued, there may be more defeats in store for the Republican ticket, for the fight is within party lines and has no national significance except a growing feeling of independence of party restraint, when the exercise of such independence tends to purify the administration. It is a glory of the Republican party that its membership are free moral agents capable of administering a rebuke to the leaders when they need it in the interest of good government. There is not a Republican state in the Union where the Republican party has not passed through such crises and afterwards asserted its loyalty to Republican principles by overwhelming majorities. That was the case in 1884 when Cleveland was elected. It was the case in Pennsylvania last year. The attempt of the Arthur administration to force upon the people of New York was repudiated by them in the election of Cleveland governor by nearly two hundred thousand majority. The entire career of Cleveland and the Democratic party ever since was the fruit of Arthur's autocracy and when Cleveland ran for the presidency he carried the state by only eleven hundred plurality. The Republicans had not voted for him for governor and did not vote for him for president to any extent. We only recall this illustration to show how Republican independence has made political history.

Democratic assaults on a protective tariff and the nomination of Wm. McKinley, Jr., as Republican candidate for governor has precipitated the fight there almost entirely over the McKinley bill. The administration of Governor Campbell, Democratic, is not called in question. Mr. McKinley's terrible earnestness is the great feature of his canvass. He is deathly serious and fighting for his life reputation. The silver issue has been sidetracked in Ohio and a national issue dominates a state election. Ohio seems sure to go Republican. In Massachusetts the campaign is not so warm with chances in favor of the Democrats. In New York the battle is a hand-to-hand encounter with Tammany and in such a scrimmage Tammany usually comes out ahead.

The Mugwump influence is with the Republicans this time on account of their record in favor of ballot reform. If the Mugwump vote amounts to three rows of pins the empire state will go Republican. Both sides are bidding for the corporation vote and the third party strength is an unknown quantity. The elections Tuesday can hardly be regarded as an index of the probable result next year. Good crops always favor a Republican victory and they are certainly in a hopeful condition.

THIS VALLEY WANTS AN OPEN RIVER CONGRESSMAN.

A Hermonized organ says: "Mr. Hermann is expected to work to secure an open river all the year through on the upper Willamette."

Mr. Hermann has been spending a few weeks poing about on the upper Snake river. He promised them immediate relief and expressed surprise that nothing had been done to remove the cascades and rocky obstructions of that tortuous stream.

Mr. Hermann has had eight years in congress to do something for the Willamette but he has done nothing for this magnificent waterway that penetrates a rich and well settled farming region as large as the state of Connecticut and capable of sustaining a population of a quarter of a million at an early day.

It is not to the interest of the railroads—especially of the Southern Pacific Co.—to have a dollar spent on the Willamette river and in this respect Mr. Hermann has served the corporation interest well. He can boom Coots Bay and the Snake river with impunity. But the Willamette will get no attention while he is our congressman. The Willamette valley should not be duped by Congressman Hermann any longer. It should have a congressman who will work for an open river.

Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd of Groton, S. D.: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, cough set in and four doctors gave me up. I gave myself up, determined I could not stay. My husband was advised to get King's Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. Took eight bottles; it has cured me and I am well and hearty." Trial bottle free at Fry's drugstore, 225 Commercial street. Regular size 50c. and \$1.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Food Report.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

GENERAL NEWS NOTES.

Harvey Walker, of Ashland, Or., was killed near Linkville by a runaway team.

Laaser Bros., boot and shoe dealers, of San Francisco have failed. The firm owes \$20,000.

A logger named Brotherton was crushed to death at Port Angeles, Wash., by a falling tree.

Edward Weelen and Henry Poshier were fatally burned by an explosion at St. Louis.

Walter S. Beresford, who cut quite a dash in Rome, Ga., as an English lord, was sentenced to the penitentiary for forgery.

A conference between the Tacoma Chamber of Commerce and Henry Villard was held at Tacoma in regard to a reduction on lumber freight.

Mr. Griffith, who was shot by Burckett at Los Angeles Tuesday, is out of danger. The weapon used by the assassin was a fowling piece loaded with birdshot.

Ex-Assemblyman Bruner, of California, who was indicted on charges of malfeasance in office and perjury, was granted until Thursday next in which to plead.

William Swafford, the 17-year-old grandson of the postmaster at Spokane, Wash., has been arrested on the charge of robbing the mails. He has stolen several hundred dollars, which he squandered on fast women and gambling.

James R. Walden, aged 20, was fatally shot in New York, by his wife Annie. Domestic trouble was the cause.

Two men were killed at Great Falls, Mont., by the caving in of a ditch in which they were working.

H. A. Marwick, a well-known ticket broker of Spokane, was arrested Friday, accused of forgery in raising Northern Pacific tickets.

The body of Father Idefonso was found in his cell in the Cistercian monastery near Montellame, France. The murderers rifled the safe and escaped.

During a Democrat parade at Baltimore Friday afternoon a reviewing stand suddenly collapsed while crowded with people. Senator Gorman, Frank Brown, candidate for governor, and other prominent people were badly bruised, but none seriously.

William Miller, a young German in New York, Friday night murdered his sweetheart, Minnie Rombeler. It is thought he criminally assaulted her, and she was killed in the struggle.

Charles Nelson, a bargemaster on government barge No. 7, mysteriously disappeared from the barge at Astoria Friday morning, and it is thought he was washed overboard by a heavy swell.

Deputy United States Marshal George Wise and a friend who was with him, were murdered by a smuggler named Flores, who was resisting arrest at Laredo, Tex. The murderer escaped.

There is great excitement among the coal miners at Briceville, Tenn., where the convicts are employed in the mines. Friday 3000 miners broke down the stockade and released 300 of the convicts, who are now at large.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore constitutional treatment, Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Are You Going East? If so, be sure and see that your tickets read via "The North Western Line." The C. St. P. M. & O. Ry. This is the great short line from St. Paul or Duluth to all points east and south. Their magnificent track, peerless vestibuled dining and sleeping car trains, and their motto, "always on time," has given this road a national reputation. All classes of passengers are carried on the vestibuled trains without extra charge. All ticket agents sell tickets via this line. Slip your freight and travel over this famous road. W. H. MEAN, Gen. Agt., No. 4 Wash. St., Portland, Or. A. J. LELAND, Trav'g Agt.

TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES

Associated Press Report and Digests of all Important News of To-Day.

MISCELLANY.

WHAT ADMIRAL IRWIN SAYS.

VALLEJO, Cal., Nov. 2.—Naval officers at Mare Island are universally of the opinion that their is nothing in the Chilean situation to be alarmed about. The United States has ships enough in fighting trim at the present moment to handle Chili with ease. Admiral Irwin was quite free in discussing the matter without going into detail. "We can handle Chili easily," he said, "without any additional work or preparation. We have ships enough in fighting trim now to squelch Chili, even if she is the only country in the south that has both an army and a navy. Valparaiso is the key to the entire situation, and I do not apprehend any difficulty in capturing the key. Of course we should want Iquique as well, for that is Chili's purse, but to take Iquique is child's play. I say take it, not blockade it. The nitrate exporters do not care who they pay duty to, and if we do not want it we could turn it over to Peru, from whom Chili took it. I think this talk in the dispatches this morning about privateers doing damage to American commerce in the event of war is all nonsense. If it really has any foundation it would mean that the privateers would be English vessels under the Chilean flag. Certain foreign elements have an interest in stirring up strife, and they may have something to do with the present situation: As far as Chili alone is concerned there is nothing to worry about. She could be taken care of by the vessels entering the port of San Francisco that have been found up to the qualifications of the naval reserve standard. The board of inspection, of which I was formally at the head, has been thorough in its examination, and has found almost sufficient vessels to handle Chili without the navy, if we only had a few modern guns to put on them, but we haven't got a gun out here of the sort required: The merchant marine vessels referred to would be of vast assistance, however, as transports and provision freighters, and would lessen the number of fighting-ships required, to a very small number. The Miantonomah could get around there easily, either by steaming from one coal port to another, or going in tow of the big twin screw ships. There are several that could tow her around easily and make good time, and once there, with the fast merchant marine could keep her supplied with coal, ammunition and provision, she could come pretty near setting the Chilean fighting forces herself. Two or three smart cruisers which are already on hand would give all the aid needed, such vessels as the Miantonomah, Monadnock and Monterey are the real fighting ships of the future. With their tremendous guns, which by the new turrets can be fought in a sea, they are the most formidable fighting machines afloat, and one of them would have little to fear from all that Chili has afloat. They are ideal fighting ships, and I heartily endorse the idea of getting a few of them ready for service.

TALKING WILD.

SANTIAGO, Nov. 1.—Though there are no new developments the political atmosphere shows no signs of clearing. The Junta, through its organs, is now claiming that the police of Valparaiso were in no way at fault for the assault of the sailors of the Baltimore, or in their subsequent treatment of them. This, with other matters, notably the expectation that Minister Egan will be soon ready to present an ultimatum to the Junta, is naturally causing great excitement. The possibility of serious trouble with the United States has had the Chileans into what may turn out a dangerous delusive belief. Indeed Chileans are already discussing the possibilities of an alliance between Chili and Great Britain against the United States. The United States legation is again being closely watched by the police in a manner adopted some weeks ago when legation's right of asylum was questioned. No reason, so far as ascertained, has been assigned for this renewed surveillance. Probably the government takes this means of keeping fully advised of all who enter or leave the legation and also to make the right of asy-