

New York Central in mind when they made the alliance with the Canadian Pacific. They didn't reckon on the effect that it would have on the Western Vanderbilt roads, but they have heard from them since, and a big family row has been the result, and the presidents of the Lake Shore and Michigan Central companies had sufficient independence, it is said, to give Mr. Depew a piece of their mind. They protested that the Canadian Pacific would injure them. It has an entrance into Chicago over the Wabash, and already it has made a hole in the tonnage of other lines while in connection with the New York Central, the Canadian road would gain a prestige that would insure it a big share of high-class freights. Where the Vanderbilt family row would have ended is a question, but Secretary of the United States Treasury Foster has added the last straw that will no doubt result in breaking up the New York Central-Canadian Pacific alliance. Secretary Foster himself verified yesterday a dispatch from Washington that an order would shortly be issued abolishing consular seals, prohibiting transit of freight in bond from Canadian points to its destination in the United States.

**THE KAWEAH COLONY.**  
LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 17.—The Evening Express of yesterday contains the result of the investigation of the Kaweah colony in Tulare county, which was established ostensibly to carry out the nationalistic idea. The investigation was prompted by the prosecution, in the United States district court here, of Burnett G. Haskell, Henry S. Hubbard, Henry T. Taylor, James J. Martin and William Christy, trustees and leaders, on charges of cutting timber on government lands. In October, 1885, forty-two men made timber entries on lands famous for big timber in Tulare county. Two months later the land commissioner instructed the withdrawal of the lands from entry. Meanwhile the fliers had partly built a road eighteen miles through an inaccessible country to get to timber claims. The entries were refused by the Visalia office, but the fliers protested and went on with their work. The five trustees were found guilty, and the Express makes the following statement in regard to the methods under which the Kaweah colony was conducted. Haskell and Martin started a joint stock company, and the former started a magazine, claiming that Kaweah's colony owned 4000 acres of timber lands and 2000 acres of grazing lands. The most glowing descriptions were given of the delights of living in a colony which was being run on the bellum plan. Hundreds of people, during a period of over three years, have been duped into the scheme, many persons spending their all to get to Kaweah and working for a long time. The workers were paid in time checks, which entitled the holder to the labor of another man, or goods brought from the colony and bearing one-half cent interest. Thousands of these worthless bits of paper have been issued, and many persons have nothing else to show for their three years' labor. The arrangements for entering were for the applicant to pay \$500, \$100 being cash, the balance in monthly sums of \$5. By getting new receipts, through the influence of the magazine, it is estimated that the revenue of Haskell and Martin, who received all these monies, was \$30,000 a month.

**J. W. COOK DYING.**  
CHICAGO, April 17.—J. W. Cook, treasurer of the Southern California Orange exposition, is dying at Leland hotel. He has been suffering from a gripe ever since he came to Chicago and this has turned into pneumonia.

**WASHBURN IS MAYOR.**  
CHICAGO, April 17.—The official canvass of the election returns for mayor was practically completed yesterday. In twenty-nine of thirty-four wards in the city taking the official count in these wards at the city and the Hall unofficial returns for the remaining five wards, the result is a plurality of 1084 votes for Hempstead Washburn, republican, over the democratic incumbent, Cretzer. In the official canvass the figures in several precincts are still subject to revision, but it is believed there will be little or no change from the figures above given.

**SHAW & COMPANY FAIL.**  
NEW YORK, April 17.—The failure of J. M. Shaw and Co. of New York and Chicago has just been announced on the stock exchange. Firm has been mainly interested in grain.

### PROMINENT MERCHANT DEAD.

**Reciprocity Treaty With the Island of Cuba.**  
**THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP.**  
**The Indian Scare Over, Wheat is Going up, Slate Found in Oregon, State News, Foreign News, Etc.**

**FOUND DEAD.**  
SEATTLE, April 17.—Chester Cleary, a well known merchant of this city and Tacoma, was found dead in the street about 70 yards from the door of his own house, overlooking lake Union, at 6 o'clock this morning. He left the store at 11 o'clock last night and went home on the late electric car. He complained to the conductor that he was ill and the conductor helped him half way up the hill to his house. Cleary only walked a few steps and fell with his head down hill and was found dead there this morning. He was a remarkably successful business man, having risen in a few years from a clerkship to the proprietorship of two of the largest drygoods houses on Puget sound. He was 38 years old and unmarried.

**THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP.**  
BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 17.—The presidential party had a delightful six-hour trip over the Georgia Pacific from Atlanta to this city. The president showed great interest in scenery and evidences of enterprise to be seen on every side. The feature of the run was the prominent display of flags at all stations, particularly at Tallapoosa, known there as the "Yankee City under Southern Sun," because much New England capital is invested there. The local postmaster presented hickory canes to the president and postmaster general.

**RECEPTION OF THE PRESIDENT.**  
SEATTLE, April 17.—The committee appointed to arrange for a celebration of the second anniversary of the great fire has decided to concentrate its energies upon the reception of President Harrison May 6. Arrangements having been made for a grand observance of Decoration day, May 30, reception of the Masons on June 14, and the Fourth of July, it was thought inexpedient to have another celebration so near as June 6. The labor organizations have decided to welcome the president with a triumphal arch. Mayor White has called a meeting of citizens for today, and preparations on a grand scale will be made generally.

**THE SCARE OVER.**  
BOISE, Ida., April 17.—Everything is quiet. No apprehension is felt by citizens of immediate danger, although ranchers are thoroughly armed and ready for any emergency. They have returned to their usual pursuits. The opinion here is that the parties who fired on the Challis stage were whites disguised as Indians, as a man by the name of Houston was expected to come down that day with a large sum of money, but he went by the way of Ketchum. Indians and squaws are to be seen on the street in large numbers, which would not be the case if an outbreak was imminent.

### STATE.

**SLATE IN SOUTHERN OREGON.**  
GRANT'S PASS, Ore., April 17.—A large body of a fine quality of slate has just been discovered four miles west of Merlin, a town eight miles north of here. Samples sent to San Francisco, Portland and New Jersey have been pronounced in each case first-class. No opening has yet been made, but the surface showing has been pronounced excellent by a slater from New Jersey, Mr. H. T. Grant. This is the first slate quarry discovered in Oregon, and will probably soon rank as one of the leading industries of Southern Oregon. John L. Riggs is the name of the lucky man who discovered it.

### KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS HALL DEDICATED.

ALBANY, Ore., April 17.—The new hall of the Knights of Pythias in this city was dedicated last evening with imposing ceremonies, under the auspices of the grand lodge of Oregon. Grand Chancellor A. A. Cleveland, of Astoria, delivered the oration. A banquet was served at the armory. Nearly 300 members of the order from various portions of Oregon and other invited guests were present.

**CORVALLIS COLLEGE.**  
CORVALLIS, April 17.—The board of regents of the state agricultural college met Wednesday. The building committee was appointed, who yesterday visited the grounds and selected the sites for a new students' hall and dormitory and agricultural experiment building. Arrangements were made to procure plans and let contracts for the new buildings as soon as practicable.

### FOREIGN.

**RECIPROcity TREATY.**  
MADRID, April 17.—A draft of the new commercial treaty between Spain and the United States looking toward a partial reciprocity trade with Cuba was concluded today. It is understood the treaty fixes very low duties on flour and other articles imported from United States to the Antilles.

**THE INDIA RIOTS.**  
BENARES, India, April 17.—The excitement originating from the demolition of the temple increases every hour. Riots have already occurred between the natives and local authorities. British troops are guarding all the banks and public buildings.

**ANOTHER CURE.**  
PARIS, April 17.—The medical circles of France are greatly interested in the new system of treating tuberculous disease, by the new method discovered by Prof. Germaine See. According to his plan a patient suffering from tuberculosis must pass four or five hours daily in a close chamber wherein air is saturated with cresote eucalyptum. Several excellent and permanent results are announced as obtained.

**RUMOR DENIED.**  
ROME, April 17.—It is officially denied that there is any truth in the report sent from Rome to the daily Chronicle of London, that Porter, United States Minister to Italy was up on the point of departing from Rome on a three months' leave of absence.

**BISMARCK'S DEFEAT.**  
BERLIN, April 17.—Returns from Geestemunde are still incomplete, but are sufficient to show that Bismarck must submit to the indignity of another ballot, unless, as is not probable, he retires from the contest. The poll was a light one, owing to the great abstention of the national liberals.

**ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.**  
BUENOS AYRES, April 17.—Gold closed today at 252 per cent premium. The outlook today, political and financial, is no brighter than yesterday. The army and navy are at variance in regard to General Rocas' candidacy for the office of president. Great uneasiness prevails everywhere.

**MARKETS.**  
CHICAGO, Ill., April 17.—There was a boom in wheat today caused by a dispatch received yesterday stating that the French government would be compelled before August to suspend the duties on cereals and that the German government expected the rebid to take similar action. May option which closed last night at \$1.07 1/2 opened at \$1.09. Market was weak however and was for sometime down to \$1.08 from there it rallied, advancing to highest price yet reached for this crop \$1.10 1/2 @ 1.

**SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.**—Wheat buyer, 91, \$1.72.

**THE ALTON BOYCOTT.**  
BOSTON, April 17.—The Boston and Albany railroad company has been requested by the New York Central to take Alton tickets off sale. The company will take tickets off under protest. Officials of both the Boston and Albany and New York and New England railroads think it is only a matter of a few days before the Alton boycott will collapse.

**SHIP WRECKED.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.—The steamship Monowal from Australia arrived this morning. The Monowal brings intelligence that the British ship Strathairne was wrecked off the Carolina Island and ninety persons drowned. United States Consul Griffin, of Sydney, arrived on the Monowal.

### MISCELLANY.

**MISS COUZINS.**  
CHICAGO, April 17.—The strife between Miss Phoebe Couzins, secretary of the board of lady managers of the world's fair, and the executive committee of that body has taken a new phase. When she reached her office yesterday morning she found it locked, and the janitor informed her he had been instructed not to permit her to enter. Miss Couzins thereupon took possession of an adjoining room and announced she would hold possession of it day and night until the trouble is settled. She continued to hold the fort, and in the afternoon sent out for lunch. During the day she received a telegram from St. Louis, saying arrangements were being made for holding a mass meeting of ladies to protest against the action of the executive committee. A deputation of Chicago ladies has decided to make arrangements for a similar mass meeting here.

**SENT UP.**  
JACKSONVILLE, April 17.—William Johnson and John Demiers, alias Shorty, the freight-car burglars, were sentenced by Judge Webster to two years each in the penitentiary, and were taken to Salem by Sheriff Birdsey last evening.

**FIRE IN NEW YORK.**  
NEW YORK, April 17.—The Ross building, in New York city, burned last night. Branch C, of the post-office, had quarters in it, but all the mail matter was saved. The Taggart warehouse, adjoining, was also destroyed. The loss will reach \$250,000.

**DEATHS IN NEW YORK.**  
NEW YORK, April 17.—For the twenty-four hours, ending at noon yesterday, 227 deaths were reported. Twenty-five deaths resulted from the gripe symptoms. Of this number there was only one from gripe exclusively. This makes 313 deaths credited to the gripe. The number of policemen on the sick list was 199.

**SMALL POX.**  
NEW YORK, April 17.—The North German Lloyd steamship Florida, 981 steerage passengers aboard, arrived at quarantine this morning, but was detained with a case of small pox on board.

**STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.**  
TRENTON, Mo., April 17.—William Hoffman, William Ferguson and Fred Stinson sought shelter from a storm yesterday under a tree. Lightning struck the tree, instantly killing Hoffman, who was leaning against it. Ferguson had his hand on Hoffman's shoulder, and was knocked senseless, falling in a pool of water. Stinson was paralyzed below the knees, but managed to pull Ferguson from the water, and then crawled a mile to town for assistance. Ferguson is totally paralyzed and will die. The only mark on Hoffman was a blue spot on his forehead.

**AN ASSIGNMENT.**  
KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 16.—The Winner Investment Co., through the president, W. E. Winner, made an assignment late this afternoon. No schedule of liabilities and assets were filed. The company was capitalized for \$700,000 originally, but about a year ago it was increased by a new issue of \$500,000 of stock. The company has been dealing in bonds, mortgages and other securities, with branches in New York and Boston, where the great bulk of securities were disposed of. The company two years ago purchased a large tract of land, in the eastern portion of this city, subdivided it and built eighty houses upon it. The property was mortgaged to buy land and construct houses, and mortgages were disposed of in the East. Some of the houses were sold on long time payments, while others are still on the market. Mr. Winner said the assignment was not a failure at all. The company simply decided to go out of business. The Boston office, he said, had been run at a loss for some time, and the New York office has not been paying. The company surrendered its charter in each state some ten days ago. Willard E. Winner was a meteor in the financial sky of the West. Ten years ago he was actually engaged in canceling stamps in the postoffice here. Today, besides being the head of the Winner company, he is the head of no less than six other companies representing many millions of dollars.

**Spring Medicine.**  
Dr. Gray's Improved Liver Pills on account of their mild action are especially adapted for relieving spring disorders, such as indigestion, biliousness and other ailments of the system. They act promptly on the liver and kidneys, drive out all impurities from the blood, and give a new lease of life to the system. They will cure a case of biliousness in a few days. Sold at 25 cents a box by Smith & Butler.

### SILVER AND GOLD.

Peace, my little sweetheart,  
I claim from you no promise,  
You claim no vows from me,  
The reason why—the reason  
I claim from you no promise,  
I have too much of silver,  
And you've too much of gold!

Upon our heads the reason  
Too faintly can be seen;  
I am the winter's bond-slave,  
You are the summer's Queen;  
Too few the years you number,  
Too many I have filled;  
I have too much of silver,  
And you've too much of gold.

You have the rose for token,  
I have dry leaf and rime;  
I have the sunny summer,  
You, morning bells at chime.  
I would that I were younger  
(And you were never old)—  
"Ours" Daughters' in a paper has  
But you no less of gold!  
—Edith M. Thomas, in Scribner's Magazine.

**WHY WOMEN FAIL.**  
Need of Special Training for Ordinary Occupations.  
An Englishwoman's View of the Situation in Her Own Country—Superficial vs. Useful Knowledge—Looking to the Future.

"I wonder any man alive should ever rear a daughter." Even so long ago as the date of this old opera, we unfortunate women were felt to be an inconvenience and a perplexity, and the recent correspondence on the subject of "Our Daughters" in a daily paper has clearly proved that a quiver of daughters is by no means regarded as an unmitigated blessing.

Some of the correspondents wrote as though divorcing women were a trifling evil for the husband's surplus—some eight or nine hundred thousand—for whom there are no husbands available. I think it is time that some woman should protest against the economic view of the matter, and that all English girls brought up to regard marriage as the end and aim of their existence. Providence created the woman as a helpmeet for the man, it is true. But that was when there was only one man, and even then Providence granted her an individuality of her own.

I know that there are more, for more, Englishwomen than there are Englishmen, it is surely time that we should look things in the face and recognize the fact that there are too many of us to be disposed of matrimonially. With a sentiment that was partly composed of chivalry, and partly arose from reluctance to place women on the same intellectual footing with the men, we have brought up our girls to back up, supported us by their own labors, and surrounded us with every comfort possible to their efforts, denying us only the luxury of independence. Legally, we were classed with children and fools. Until a few years ago, women with husbands had no property of their own. Every thing belonged to the male partner in the unequal bargain. The laws concerning us were framed upon the supposition that we were not to deal with property.

But into a juster and more equitable state of things has come about, thanks to the kindly exertions of some few men, who perceived the injustice of treating women as though they were idiots. But men at large are now beginning to reap the harvest they themselves have sown. Had daughters been given half the chances bestowed as a matter of course upon sons, the present generation of educated women would be pouring as their brothers. But fathers have not yet awakened to the truth that their daughters could and would make their way in the world quite as well as the sons. The outcry is now being raised that the daughters are merely the natural consequence of what they have done with their hitherto. The ordinary father thinks he has done all his duty by his girls if he has them well-educated in some fashionable school, where every girl is taught exactly the same things quite apart from her special capacities or her individual tastes.

The sons are brought up to professions, as a matter of course. Money is lavished on them, so that they shall do with their fathers in life that would make some provision for his daughters in the event of his death. We all know what happens when the miserly old miser dies, and the miserly old miser's daughters are left to their own devices. No one describes the miseries endured by girls who have never been sheltered in a happy home, and who find themselves thrown on the cold world without any equipment against its rigors.

But fathers are now beginning to awake to the exigencies of the case. Sensible men realize that the education obtainable at the ordinary fashionable schools is no education at all in the true sense of the word. It is a laying on of varnish, and a varnish that a girl needs is the whatever talent lies within her shall be brought forth, developed and cultivated to its very highest pitch of perfection. What is her vocation? Next to novel reading, tennis playing and highly recommended varieties of social aptitude, and in it should be recognized the germ of future independence.

Even the so-called stupid girls can do some one thing better than other things, and the full history of education should be directed straight to the point, instead of being fruitlessly wasted upon the inevitable smattering of continental languages. Why on earth should every girl learn music? Ninety-ninths of those who are absolutely destitute of the musical sense. To them it is unmitigated drudgery, and of what possible use is it to any one else? Who has not suffered from them and their dreadful "practicing"? It is pure waste to teach them, and the miseries that their wretched instructors can never be estimated. The false notes that jar upon the sensitive, musical ear; the heavy, soulless touch; the repetition of precisely the same mistakes, and the constant, unrelenting, and these things must make the life of a music teacher a hard one. And why should every girl be taught to play on the piano? It is by no means the ideal instrument at its best, and nowadays no one who can help it even listens to an amateur. The time that is devoted to such lessons would be much better spent in learning some more congenial lesson.

Perhaps the root of this universal plan-judging is that men are supposed to like wives who can play. But the inefficient performers invariably "give up their music" when they marry. Fortunately for their near neighbors the piano is seldom opened. It is but loss of time to learn it, unless there is a decided taste for music. Learning is a necessary accomplishment, of course. "I girl goes on in society who does not know the proper use of the knife." (Excluded on fourth page.)

**BURNS & SCALDS** are cured by **MACDONALD'S OIL** according to DIRECTIONS with each BOTTLE. Also **SURESHOOT** WOUNDS, CUTS, SWELLINGS. THE CHARLES C. VOELTER CO., BOSTON, MA.

# SALEM WOOLENS

Having just closed our Portland house, the entire out-put of clothing from our Mills is now handled at the Salem Store. This gives us a Mammoth Stock, which must be reduced at once, and we will make

## PRICES THAT CUT

Anything ever known here.

### SPRING SUITS IN GREAT VARIETY

A beautiful all wool spring suit as low as \$10—for men. Boys accordingly. Remember these goods are reliable, being made right here of the best Oregon Wool. We also carry a full supply of the latest

### FURNISHING GOODS

Which are sold to correspond with our low prices on clothing.

## SALEM WOOLEN MILL STORE,

299 Commercial Street.

### BAKER & STRANG,

302 Commercial Street.

Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces, Tinware, and all H use Furnishing Goods, Chimney and Sewer Pipes, Plumbing, Pumps. Wood, Iron and Buckeye Force Pumps. For Orchard Spraying, New Era Hydraulic Clothes Washer!

### Improve Your Strawberry Stock.

**TO STRAWBERRY GROWERS.**  
A Wonderful New Berry—Originated in Oregon—The Matteson.  
There has been originated in the great strawberry region about Turnout and Aumville a new seedling variety, propagated by Matteson & Matteson, at their Red Hill Berry Farm. The first berries sent to the CAPITAL JOURNAL office, Salem, last year were of this variety, and they were the most perfect fruit in every respect that was shown in this city. The berry is of a deep red color, through, high flavor, yet sweeter than most kinds. An experience in producing the finer sorts of strawberries, leads the editor of this paper to say that he does not know of a SUPERIOR BERRY IN FINENESS OF QUALITY in every respect to THE MATTESON.

He has secured the sole agency from the originators and now for the first time places a limited supply on the market. Testing the fruit, and a description of its habits, leads the editor of the JOURNAL to conclude that it has exactly those qualities that must be sought after to produce the best berries in Oregon. It is of high color, great sweetness, rich flavor, meaty, firm, not watery, no hard center, and exceedingly palatable.

The originator has placed the sale of this new plant in our hands and orders will be looked at following prices:  
1 Dozen plants postpaid by mail, \$1.00.  
100 plants by express, \$5.00.  
To save express charges plants will be delivered at the JOURNAL office to city purchasers, where orders can be left. Fifty plants will be furnished at hundred rates. Address, E. J. Hofer, CAPITAL JOURNAL, Salem, Oregon.

**AN EARLY VARIETY,** coming four to six days before the

## BROOKS & HARRITT.

Best Lines in the City.

### FISHING TACKLE.

### BABY CARRIAGES.

### BASKETBALL GOODS.

### ARMS & AMMUNITION.

State Street.

### LAUNDRY WORK

Who do All Kinds of

As Cheap as any Laundry in the Country Using White Heat and doing first-class work.  
Ladies and patrons invited to inspect our process of doing work.  
230 Liberty Street.

### Salem Truck & Dray Co.

DRAYS AND TRUCKS always ready for orders, \$50 and deliver wood, hay, coal and lumber. Office State St., opposite Office of State St. opposite State St. Iron works. Drays and trucks may be found throughout the day at the corner of State and Commercial streets.

**"COLUMBIAS"**  
Light Roadster Safety, Ladies Safety,  
Expert, Tandem Safety, Voluntary, Roadster, Light Roadster, Roadster, C. M. LOCKWOOD, Agent.  
THOMAS & JOHNSON  
REAL ESTATE BROKERS  
AND NOTARIES PUBLIC.  
Collections Made and Loans Negotiated.  
266 COMMERCIAL STREET  
SALEM OREGON  
1-20-dw-17

**THE COTTAGE**  
MRS. J. S. BERKHOFFER, Proprietress,  
24 COURT STREET.  
Board by the day or week, with or without rooms. A good breakfast including coffee, butter, and cream.  
MRS. S. W. WILSON, Proprietress, 411  
The Cottage, Ladies' and Gentlemen's rooms and other flowers for sale. #12-17

**25c Want Column.**  
Netless. Inserted for ONE CENT PER WORD EACH INSERTION. No advertisement inserted in this column for less than twenty-five cents.

**WANTED.**—A steady, hardworking man to do odd jobs and errands. Inquire at 24 Court Street.  
**WANTED.**—To trade a town lot in Oak and Park Addition for lumber. Inquire at 122 Mill Street.  
**FOR SALE.**—A good pair of horses. Inquire at H. Diamond's music house, a bar gain.  
**WANTED.**—A girl wants a place to do general housework. Inquire at 24 W. Fourth, on Church street one door south of New Germania church.  
**TO RENT.**—A furnished room for a husband and wife, or for a single person. Call at H. Diamond's music house.  
**FOR SALE.**—A large house and lot in South Salem, with twenty bearing fruit trees. Apply at H. Diamond's music house.  
**FOR SALE.**—Five Jersey grade cow fresh milk. Portly gentlemen and smoke, can be seen at my place. From \$25 to \$30. No one seven miles west of Salem.  
**FOR RENT.**—House and stable on north side of Commercial street, near 24th and 25th streets.  
**NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS** to rent, with board, in pleasant part of city, on street car line, 406 Court Street.  
**FOR SALE, CHEAP.**—Cart and harness. Inquire at R. H. Westcott's stable.  
**FOR SALE.**—A parlor set at a bargain. No 187 Cottage street.  
**FOR SALE.**—Two square pianos for sale very cheap, at Diamond's music house.  
**FOR SALE.**—A new house with all the modern conveniences, in the Grand Addition, connected with the water works and is convenient to all lines. Terms reasonable. Inquire of C. J. Dornance, north west corner of Court and Liberty streets.  
**WANTED.**—A girl woman for general household work in a small family. Apply or refer with reference to K. Lindergarten, Mrs. Palgrave's session room of the Presbyterian Church.  
**A BARGAIN.**—A house and two lots in South Salem at only \$1000. Inquire of W. B. Simpson.  
**WANTED.**—An active, reliable man to represent in his own section responsible New York business. See M. S. FACTURE, Lock Box 106, New York.  
**FOR SALE.**—About three acres of land on Astoria Avenue, good building site, conveniently arranged for a great variety of fruit. From \$1000. Inquire at 24 Court Street.  
**FOR SALE.**—A fine lot on the north side of Astoria Avenue going from 12414.

**PENNYROYAL PILLS**  
Original and Best  
Brought to the attention of the public by the Chamberlain Medicine Co., Lowell, Mass., and is now sold by all druggists and dealers in medicine.  
Solely by the Chamberlain Medicine Co., Lowell, Mass.

**BIRDS**  
ALL KINDS OF  
ALAN RHODES.