

You Want New Goods for Presents Our Holiday Goods Were Bought this Year

We never ask customers to pay us more for an article just because it's for Christmas trade. It's because our prices are uniformly low every business day in the year that we are enjoying the best Holiday trade in our history.

Clothing, Overcoats Shoes, Hats, Dress Goods and Blankets

We believe that such useful presents are appreciated fully as much as fancy trinkets.

Barnes' Cash Store E. J. Barnes, Prop.

Is the Place for Cash Buyers to Trade Our store will remain open evenings until 8 o'clock this week

ANOTHER BLOW IS NECESSARY

THEN WORKMEN BELIEVE ROMANOFF THRONE WILL FALL.

COUNCIL APPEALS TO PEOPLE.

Asserts Government Has Declared War on Proletariat and Challenge Must Be Accepted.

Let's Capture Wagon Train Containing Twenty German Families Near Roemershoff After Fierce Battle With Dragon Escort—Wants Troops.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 18.—The workmen's council, under the very noses of the police, succeeded in printing one hundred copies of its paper announcing that the government declared war on the proletariat and saying that the challenge must be accepted. In its appeal to the people the council declares that this is the government's last fight, that the throne of the Romanoffs is tottering and that another blow will cause it to fall.

While the government at St. Petersburg is falling, its own regiments are rising up against it, and at Riga a republic has already been proclaimed. A few regiments may still be faithful but the army, as a whole, is on our side. The government wants to fight, it shall have it.

In spite of the fury of the revolutionists, however, considerable confidence is expressed in government circles that the extreme elements in the present temper of the workmen will not dare to call a general strike, and that if they do, the chances are it will be a failure.

Germans Encounter Lots. Walk, Livonia, Dec. 18.—Details have been received of a regular battle between a company of dragoons escorting a wagon train containing twenty German families and an armed band of 4,000 Letts, near Roemershoff. The expedition was trying to escape southward but the ammunition of the dragoons was running low and the decided to reach Riga. The expedition ran into a strongly barricaded Lett camp and a fight ensued in which the dragoons were repulsed after exhausting their ammunition. The dragoons surrendered with their charges.

Another band, however, made its appearance and insisted that the capture was effected in its territory. The members of this band carried off the captives to Lennawarden Castle, where they held a regular orgie over the victims.

Asks For Troops. St. Petersburg, Dec. 18.—Governor Regensk, of Riga, is still urgently calling for troops. He reports that besides the fact that the armed insurgents are disrupting the passage of soldiers the railroad tracks have been damaged in all directions and he advises that the troops be sent by water. It transpires that half of the reinforcements of troops on board the train wrecked on December 14 near Stockmannoff, Livonia, surrendered to insurgents.

Governor Regensk's latest advice says that the remainder of the troops held out for four days. Their position when last heard from was desperate.

Enraged at Delay. St. Petersburg, Dec. 16.—Telegrams today say that the troops returning to Russia over the trans-Siberian railroad are greatly enraged. By the delays they are subject to and are wrecking many stations and other buildings and indulging in further excesses wherever they are halted.

Insurgents Wreck Train. St. Petersburg, Dec. 16.—The insurgents in the Baltic provinces hold several towns and large sections of country and are threatening the larger cities. The insurgents of Livonia, according to authoritative news, derailed on December 14, near Stockmannoff, a military train carrying reinforcements from Wilna to Riga and attacked the survivors of the wreck. The casualties were not stated but it is feared they were heavy.

MAINE STATE GRANGE.

BANGOR, Me., Dec. 18.—Sturdy Maine farmers with their wives and daughters are the honored guests of Bangor today on the occasion of the opening of the annual meeting of the state branch of the National Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, in whose ranks are enrolled nearly a million of the most practical agricultural experts in the world.

Today was devoted chiefly to receiving and registering the visitors. The formal opening takes place in the city hall tonight, with State Master Obadiah Gardner presiding. The sessions will continue several days and will be devoted to the discussion of numerous topics of live interest to the agriculturists.

ADDICKS' VILLA FOR SALE.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 18.—Beautiful Belvoir, the summer residence here of J. Edward Addicks, the Delaware politician and "gas" magnate, is to be put up at auction today unless the holder on a mortgage note, which is now long overdue, is paid. The Savings Bank of Newport, which holds the mortgage of \$80,000, has advertised the sale to take place. Belvoir was sold to Mr. Addicks several years ago by John M. Gloer, subject to the mortgage under which it is now advertised to be disposed of to satisfy the claim of the bank. The villa is one of the handsomest in Newport and has been the summer residence of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt, William K. Vanderbilt, W. E. D. Stokes and other millionaires.

LIKE OLD TIMES

THUS SEEMS THE PURCHASE OF STATION SITE IN WEST AFRICA FOR MISSION.

Missionaries Deal With Indian Tribes in the Dark Continent and Purchase Land With Trade Goods and Natives Pleased With Purchasers.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—One is reminded of the old days when land was bought in this country from the American Indians with "trade goods" by the account of the purchase of a site in West Africa for the Lolodorf station of the Presbyterian board of foreign missions. The station has been established several years, but is to be moved four miles to a more healthful site. Word of the purchase of the new site has just been received at the office of the board in this city. Miss Jean Kenyon MacKenzie, one of the missionaries, sends the report. She says:

"We have bought two hundred and fifty acres of land, comprising three towns, some gardens and a tract of forest. On Saturday of last week the headmen (of the native tribes) came to be paid. They had served us to all sorts of African dalliance, and we thought that the payment in trade goods was to be of a piece with bargaining—but not so. When the three head men arrived, followed by their henchmen and women, they played an unexpected part. In less than an hour, and with no more palaver than you might hear over the purchase of a basket of food, they were paid. We think they were dazed by their opportunity. Certainly they had a tranced air.

"When I came out to see the play, thinking it had just begun, they were making ready to leave in a kind of cautious silence—a comparative silence as it understood—and in much the spirit of a missionary who is dreaming of home and fears to awake. The headmen were in full dress, two wore hats that were uncommonly grand, still being incased in those cylinders of pasteboard in which they had been packed, and two wore green broadcloth coats, probably part of the uniform of some regiment and not originally intended for our friends, one of whom was too small for his coat; the other, not small enough.

"They were in a hurry to be off and presently they started with their wives and their friends, all laden with their goods. As a spectacle it was imposing and of a kind to draw a head out of the door of every hut by the way. There were nests of zinc buckets, of iron pots, piles of hats—perfect towers of hats—sheaves of umbrellas and of cutlasses. There were tin trunks of a splendor unknown to you provincials, but familiar to us of the coast—very gay, preferably gray with a lavish belt of red and no clumping of gilt. In the trunks were yards and yards of trade cloth, bars of soap, pocket knives, padlocks, matches and many other perishable articles that will change hands in numberless marriage palavers. With some such glitter of spoil must Tamerlane have returned from conquest.

"Yesterday I passed our new lands and the town where the goods were held for distribution. Such clamor and hum—such bustling about of people and in the magnificence afforded by our store—such declamations from a head man who was talking the distribution palaver and emphasizing his eloquence with his staff—such an aspect altogether of a village fair, gilded with sunshine! Nor was my passing without honor—"The woman of the Minisi," and down the street came the dressey community. "Come and tell us of the word of God," was the cry, for there was abroad a spirit of indigence. For peace sake I ducked into a house and spoke to some women. Outside all the eager tumult of tongues, the passionate voices of covetousness filled the bright air, but in the dark hut were women at the primeval occupation of grinding food and not unwilling to listen to the white woman who was of so optimistic a mind about the uncertain dreadful future."

Denver, Colo., Dec. 18.—The Colorado Osteopathic Association convened in annual session here today with members present from many parts of the state.

DEFENDS THE LATE SENATOR

MR. TELLER NOT YET CONVINCED OF MITCHELL'S GUILT.

HE WANTS FURTHER EVIDENCE.

Is Not Willing to Accept Word of Self-Convicted Thief and Perjurer.

Senate Discusses Question Whether or Not Upper Branch of Congress Is Warranted in Ignoring Convicted Member and Leaving Name on Roll.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Whether the senate is warranted in ignoring a senator convicted in the courts on a charge of misconduct and not assigning him to places on standing committees, yet leaving his name on the senate roll, was discussed for two hours today by the senate and then dropped without a ruling on the question. Several senate leaders took up the subject. On account of the delicacy of the question the debate naturally was not as open as would be necessary for a final determination of the matter.

Bailey raised the point by inquiring of Hale if when the latter would present the new list of standing committees whether every senator would have been provided with a place. Hale responded that every senator except Burton of Kansas had been given assignments and he had been left off the committees at his own request until the charges against him were disposed of by the courts. Bailey protested against any senator's name being kept on the roll unless he was given work to do, and argued that it was the duty of the senate to itself, to Kansas and to the country to investigate the charges against Burton and determine whether he was entitled to a seat in the senate.

In response several senators called attention to the fact that congress was following a precedent established by the English parliament in not taking cognizance of the charges against a member until the charges had been determined by the courts. Messrs. Hale, Spooner, Lodge and Daniel were of this opinion. Bailey, calling attention to the fact that there had been five senators indicted in the last ten years, all on charges implying that crimes had been committed for money, said the time had arrived when the senate should testify that this is "no place to come to make money dishonestly." He complained that the senators who behave themselves were compelled to suffer for those who did not, through being subjected to ridicule and jests.

Teller defended the late Senator Mitchell by saying it would take more than the word of "a self-convicted thief, perjurer and forger" to convince him that Mitchell had committed a crime.

Committee Appointments. Washington, Dec. 18.—The standing committees of the senate announced today that every Republican senator had been given a chairmanship except Burton of Kansas, who is ignored entirely as to assignments, in response to his request that he be not placed on any committee pending the determination of the charges against him. Vacancies were left for Senators LaFollette of Wisconsin and Gearin of Oregon, neither of whom has been sworn in.

Among the assignments were: On commerce, Ankeny; public lands, Fulton; territories, Piles; Pacific islands, Piles; irrigation, Ankeny (chairman), Fulton; forest reservations and protection of game, Ankeny; interoceanic canals, Piles; postoffices and post roads, Fulton; pensions, Piles; claims, Fulton (chairman); Canadian relations, Piles; coast defenses, Ankeny; to examine the several branches of the civil service, Piles and Nixon; railroad, Ankeny; revision of the laws of the United States, Fulton; national banks, Ankeny; industrial expositions, Fulton. Gearin will be assigned to the claims.

forest reservations and protection of game, pensions, industrial expositions and national banks committees.

Many Topics Discussed. Washington, Dec. 18.—Insurance, hazing, the suffering of the Russian Jew and immigration were all topics for discussion in the house under a general leave of talk. The only business done was to send the canal appropriation bill to the conference.

PETROLEUM PRODUCTION.

Enormous Weight of This Product, and How It Is Divided.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—According to statements published by the Commercial Geographical Society of Paris, the world's production of petroleum last year was divided as follows: United States, 15,000,000 tons; Russia, 10,800,000; Sumatra, Java and Borneo, 1,000,000; Roumania, 496,000; the East Indies, 404,000; all others, 250,000. Astonishment is felt in regard to Roumania's rapid increase from an insignificant position to one which, if it goes on increasing, will enable it to compete with Russia. The Russian papers are somewhat surprised at the presence of a rival so near their borders. The production of 1904 was more than 3,000,000 tons larger than that of 1903. The yield of 1905, because of the terrible losses in Russia, will hardly reach that of 1903. It would not be surprising if the figures should show it much less than for any years in the last decade. The effect on the petroleum markets will be felt in many parts of the world, for petroleum has long been regarded even by remote regions as a necessity.

WHERE XMAS GREENS COME FROM.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 18.—Carloads of Christmas greens are now being shipped from the southern counties of New Jersey to markets in various parts of the country for the holiday trade. The Jersey swamps, with the mountain districts of Tennessee, Virginia and Kentucky, are the largest producers of greens. Laurel is the principal evergreen gatherer in Jersey. It is of a most prolific growth and great patches of it are found in every woodland and swamp. The revenue from its sale amounts to thousands of dollars annually. The bulk of it is shipped to Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis, Kansas City, Cincinnati, Denver, Omaha and other large western cities. At Christmas-time many of the leading churches of those western cities will be decorated with Jersey greens.

INTEREST IN FITZ-O'BRIEN FIGHT

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 18.—Interest in the Fitzsimmons-O'Brien fight has been lived to a noticeable degree as the date for the encounter approaches and Mechanics Pavilion promises to be comfortably filled with ring enthusiasts curious to see how well the veteran Fitzsimmons can thwart the cleverness and assimilate the rapid-fire deliveries of the Philadelphian. Both men practically completed their work of preparation today and will from now on take just sufficient exercise to keep in condition until the gong calls them into the ring to do battle.

SILVER FOR ORIENT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 18.—The continued high prices of silver, between 65 and 66 cents per ounce, is causing heavy shipments of Mexican dollars, melted into bullion, through this port, Seattle and Vancouver, to the Orient. The shipments are being sent by Wells, Fargo & Co., under heavy guard in the express company's cars. It is said that during the past sixteen days \$13,000,000 in silver bullion have been brought out of Mexico for shipment to the far east from this coast. In financial circles predictions are heard that silver is going to 70 cents, because the surplus production is limited, while the demand is constantly growing.

UNITED BOXBOARD COMPANY.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—At today's special meeting in Jersey City the stockholders of the United Boxboard Company will authorize a new bond issue of \$2,750,000, paying 6 per cent, to expire in twenty years and to take up the present lines. An issue of \$1,750,000 collateral trust bonds to acquire the American Strawboard stock, sold one year ago, will also be acted upon.

FINANCIALLY EMBARRASSED

WALSH'S BANKS AND TRUST COMPANY SUSPEND OPERATIONS.

THREE CONCERNS CLOSE DOORS.

Allied Banks of Chicago Pledge Resources to Secure Claims of Depositors.

Cause of Collapse Laid to Large Amount of Money Loaned to Different Private Enterprises—Liabilities of Defunct Concerns \$26,000,000.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—Three of the largest financial institutions in the west, the Chicago National bank, Home Savings bank and Equitable Trust Company, all of them controlled by John R. Walsh of this city, and in a great measure owned by him, suspended operations today. Their affairs will be liquidated as rapidly as possible and they will go out of business. National Bank Examiner Bosworth succeeded Walsh at the head of the Chicago National bank and the places of the directors have been filled by men appointed by the Chicago clearing house. Back of the new management stand the allied banks of Chicago, who pledged their resources that every depositor would be paid to the last cent and that no customer of the three institutions shall lose anything by reason of the suspension. Had not this action been taken by the banks of the city, a disastrous panic must have followed in the financial world.

The immediate cause of the collapse of the institutions is said to be the large amount of money loaned to various private enterprises, notably the Southern Indiana railway and the Bedford Quarries Company of Indiana. Walsh claims if he had been given a little more time he could have saved the banks and made enormous profits for himself and associates. He bases this statement on his estimate of the value of the bonds of the Southern Indiana Railroad Company. The controller of currency, the state auditor and the members of the Chicago clearing house place the value of the bonds at one-half the valuation estimated by Walsh, and it was their refusal to accept his valuation that caused the suspension of the banks.

The liabilities of the three institutions are estimated at \$26,000,000, against this amount the banks and trust company have resources which on a conservative estimate are worth \$16,000,000. The bonds of the Southern Indiana Railroad Company are estimated by Walsh as being worth \$18,000,000. They are considered by the controller, state auditor and clearing house committee worth about half that sum.

Their value is a matter to be determined in the future, and the presidents of the local banks admit that if the estimate of Walsh is found to be correct, that the two banks and trust company will not only pay all their debts, but leave a surplus besides. The directors of the two banks and Walsh, who has turned over all his property, as well as that standing in the name of Mrs. Walsh, have pledged real estate and securities valued at \$5,000,000 and estimating the railroad bonds at \$8,000,000 more, would make a total of \$29,000,000 assets against \$26,000,000 liabilities.

The Home Savings bank had savings deposits of \$3,560,000. The Equitable Trust Company had outstanding certificates of deposit had accrued interest amounting to \$1,280,000, and the deposits in the Trust are valued at \$2,996,600. There is no question as to availability of any of the assets of the two latter institutions.

POULTRY MEN ORGANIZE.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 18.—Prominent poultry breeders to a total of several score met at the Piedmont hotel today and discussed the formation of an association of southern poultry breeders. Texas, North Carolina, South Carolina, Alabama, Georgia and several other states were represented.

CHICAGO STORE PEOPLES BARGAIN HOUSE

A GRAND ASSORTMENT

OF USEFUL CHRISTMAS PRESENTS NOW ON EXHIBITION

We have put the prices so low that by Saturday night we expect to have closed out our entire Christmas goods. Look over this list of Goods and pick out what you want.

- FINE SILKS
LADIES' COATS
LADIES' SUITS
FINE FURS
SILK WAISTS
SILK PATTICOATS
WOOL WAISTS
MERCERIZED PETTICOATS
MILLINERY
CHILDREN'S CAPS
KIMONAS
DRESSING SAQUES
WRAPPERS
WAISTINGS
BLANKETS
MEN'S CLOTHING
MEN'S HATS
MEN'S SHOES
MEN'S UNDERWEAR
MEN'S NECKTIES
MEN'S GLOVES
MEN'S SILK HDKFS.
MEN'S LINEN HDKFS.
MEN'S SLIPPERS
LADIES' SHOES
TOILET CASES
DRESSED DOLLS
KID BODY DOLLS
RUBBER DOLLS
MECHANICAL TOYS
LADIES HANKERCHIEFS
PILLOW TOPS
FANCY ALBUMS
OUTING FLANNEL
NIGHTGOWNS
CHILDREN'S SHOES
LADIES' SLIPPERS
LADIES' SILK HDKFS.
LADIES' LINEN HDKFS.
SILK MUFFLERS
WOOL GLOVES
COMFORTS
KID GLOVES
UMBRELLAS
JEWELRY
LADIES' HAND BAGS
LADIES' BELTS
TOYS OF ALL KINDS
TABLE LINENS
FINE TOWELS
LINEN NAPKINS
RIBBONS
FINE LACES
LADIES' FANCY COLLARS
LADIES' UNDERWEAR
LADIES' FINE HOSIERY
CHILDREN'S HOSIERY
LADIES' HOSE SUPPORTERS
FANCY HAIR COMBS
BOYS' CLOTHING
BOYS' PANTS
OVERCOATS
MEN'S PANTS
BOYS' SWEATERS
MEN'S SWEATERS
MEN'S WOOL GLOVES
MEN'S SHIRTS
LACE CURTAINS
BOYS' SHOES
RUBBER SHOES

Salem's Greatest Growing Store. McEVOY BROS. Corner Commercial and Court Streets, Salem

SALEM WOOLEN MILL STORE
Our \$ 7.00 to \$ 8.75 youths' suits, ages 14 to 19 \$5.65
Our \$ 9.00 to \$10.75 youths' suits, ages 14 to 19 \$7.35
Our \$11.00 to \$15.00 youths' suits, ages 14 to 19 \$9.45
Our \$2.00 to \$2.75 boys' suits, ages 9 to 16 \$1.35
Our \$3.00 to \$3.75 boys' suits, ages 9 to 16 \$1.85
Our \$4.00 to \$4.45 boys' suits, ages 9 to 16 \$2.35
Our \$4.50 to 4.95 boys' suits, ages 9 to 16 \$2.85
Our \$5.00 to \$5.45 boys' suits, ages 9 to 16 \$3.35
Our \$5.50 to \$5.95 boys' suits, ages 9 to 16 \$3.85
Our \$6.00 to \$7.00 boys' suits, ages 9 to 16 \$4.35
OUR CHILD'S SUITS, AGES 3 TO 8, AT HALF PRICE.