

HE OUTLINES HIS POLICY

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S ADDRESS IN NORTH CAROLINA.

RATE LEGISLATION EXPRESSION

Tells People What He Wants Congress to Do for Control of the Railways.

Wants North Carolina to Take up with His Forestry Policy—Has No Belief in Government Ownership if It Can Be Avoided.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 19.—The ovation received by President Roosevelt during his journey through a portion of Virginia continued today as he traveled through North Carolina. Beginning with his arrival at Raleigh, he was greeted by cheering crowds en route, the demonstration of this city being a fitting farewell to the citizens of the old Tarheel state. The feature of the day was a visit to the fair in progress at Raleigh. Here he delivered an address which dealt with the important questions of railroad ownership and organization of capital and labor. His speech was given close attention and was frequently interrupted by hearty applause.

He was accompanied to the grounds by Mrs. Roosevelt and she, too, was the recipient of much attention. At Durham, where a stop of ten minutes was made, the president devoted his remarks to the students of Trinity college, who gathered in force to meet him. A flat car had been converted into a gaily decorated stand and from this the president spoke.

A bit of sentiment was responsible for a short stop at Lexington, where the president was greeted by several hundred people, to whom he spoke briefly, extending a superior compliment to Davidson county, the only county in North Carolina that gave Roosevelt a majority in the last presidential election. Tomorrow the president will pay a visit to Roswell, Ga., the home of his mother. From there he will go to Atlanta, where the most of the day will be spent. Mrs. Roosevelt will leave the president when the capital of Georgia is reached and return to Washington.

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 19.—This was Roosevelt day in Raleigh and the city was crowded as it has seldom been before in its history. Arriving trains early this morning brought scores of visitors from points throughout the state. The center of interest was the state fair grounds where President Roosevelt delivered a speech at noon. The president was escorted to the grounds by a detachment of the state guard. The speakers' stand was erected near the race track and the large enclosure of the latter was packed with a crowd eager to see and hear the nation's chief executive. President Roosevelt was introduced in a brief but cordial address by Governor Glenn. The president spoke for a half hour, his principal topic being the Chinese exclusion policy. His reception by the crowd was most cordial and at the conclusion of his remarks there were loud cheers, which were repeated at the station as the presidential special resumed its journey toward Atlanta.

In his speech here the president said: "I am glad here at the capital of North Carolina to have a chance to greet so many of the sons and daughters of your great state. I congratulate you upon the great industrial activity shown in your commonwealth, an industrial activity which, to mention but one thing, has placed this state second only to one other in the number of its textile factories. You are showing in practical fashion your realization of the truth that there must be a foundation of material well-being in order that any community may make real progress. More and more you are giving care and attention to education; and education means the promotion not only of industry, but of that good citizenship which rests upon individual rights and upon the recognition by each individual that he has duties as well as rights—in other words, of that good citizenship which rests upon moral integrity and intellectual freedom.

"And now I want to say a word to you on a special subject in which all the country is concerned, but in which North Carolina has a special concern. The preservation of the forests is vital to the welfare of every country. One of the most obvious duties which our generation owes to the generations that are to come after us is to preserve the existing forests. The prime difference between civilized and uncivilized peoples is that in civilized peoples each generation works not only for its own well-being, but for the well-being of generations yet unborn and if we permit the natural resources of this land to be destroyed so that we hand over to our children a heritage diminished in value we thereby prove our unwiliness to stand in the forefront of civilized peoples. One of the greatest of these heritages is our forest wealth. It is the upper altitudes of the forested mountains that are most valuable to the nation as a whole, especially because of their effects upon the water supply. Neither state nor nation can afford to turn these mountains over to the unrestrained greed of those who would exploit them at the expense of the future. We cannot afford to wait longer before assuming control, in the interest of the public, of these forests; for if we do wait, the vested interests of private parties in them may become so strongly entrenched that it may be a most serious as well as a most expensive task to cut them. If the eastern states are wise, then from the bay

HAS OPENED THE CAMPAIGN

DISTRICT ATTORNEY JEROME ON STUMP IN OWN INTEREST.

HE DENIES MURPHY'S CHARGES

That He Sought the Nomination for Office on the Democratic Ticket.

He Attacks Present Administration—Language Toward Tammany Leader Murphy Is Scathing—Compares Him With Croker.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—W. T. Jerome tonight continued a vigorous independent campaign for re-election to the office of district attorney. At the Murray Hill lyceum, Jerome spoke to a large crowd. He denied Tammany Leader Murphy's charge that Jerome sought him in connection with the Democratic nomination.

The district attorney attacked the present Democratic nomination and nominees. Toward Murphy his language was scathing. He compared Murphy in a disparaging manner with Croker, whom he said was "a real man, a man with a jaw, a man that stood up and never lied to a friend." He claimed Croker was his friend though he fought him for twenty years.

Responds for Murphy. New York, Oct. 19.—The Democratic ticket was ratified at a meeting at Tammany hall tonight, where speeches were made by Mayor McClellan and others. An incident of the meeting was a statement of John P. Ahern, a candidate for president of the borough of Manhattan, in response to Jerome's reply to Murphy's statement that Jerome asked Ahern to arrange a conference with Murphy, but Murphy refused because he had nothing to say to Jerome.

FUTURE IS BRIGHT.

President Campbell Holds a Heart-to-Heart Talk With the Students.

EUGENE, Oct. 19.—Pres. Campbell at the regular weekly assembly yesterday talked about the University and its work.

He stated the enrollment is double what it was three years ago, notwithstanding the requirements for admission had been raised and the preparatory department discontinued. Further, he said the University of Oregon demands higher entrance requirements than the average university in the United States, 75 entrance credits, as against the average requirement of 68.

Co-education, the president said, is more of a success here than in the east where it is looked upon with some disfavor. In the state college, he said, more attention should be given outside reading and library work, and for this reason the hours for graduation have been lessened. Physical training is not to be neglected by the students, and a two years' requirement in gymnasium courses is necessary for graduation. The president dwelt at some length on the prizes offered by the University in oratory and debate. He mentioned the Bennett prize offered by W. J. Bryant as the best essay on some political question as well as the student's time and consideration. This prize is given yearly and amounts to about \$20.

WASTES WHISKEY IN COURT.

CORVALLIS, Oct. 19.—A flood of whiskey that poured out of a bottle in the pocket of Merwin McMains, one of the defendants in the liquor case now before court in this city, which oozed through his clothing and streamed over the chair in which he was sitting, spreading its odor throughout the crowded court room, has furnished the basis on which the advocates of "dry" town point a moral, and are friendly to a "wet" Corvallis, a story that "is one on Mac."

The defense in the cases claims it was running a club, and has, in that capacity, the right to dispense whiskey being distinct in character from an ordinary saloon. It was just after the attorney had labored for several hours to convince the jury the real object of the alleged club was sociality and athletics, that the cork to the flask in the defendant's pocket came out. The smell soon made it apparent that there was whiskey in the court room, and as McMains attempted to wipe up the errant fluid, every one "caught on," and judge, jury and audience, every one, except the attorneys for the defense, had a quiet grin at the expense of the clubman.

KILLED IN FOOTBALL GAME.

CANON CITY, Col., Oct. 19.—James E. Bryant, aged 17, was almost instantly killed in a practice game of football today. He was carrying the ball when one of the opposing players butted into him, striking him in the pit of the stomach and a dozen or more feet on top of him in the scramble for the ball. When they arose Bryant was dead. The coroner will investigate.

REBELLION IN KOREA.

VICTORIA, Oct. 19.—A revolution is said to have broken out in the province of Chuyung Chuyeng, in the north part of Korea, and is spreading to Kang You province. The Japanese have sent troops to suppress the rebellion after the Korean government failed to take steps.

DEVELOPED NO INTEREST.

Insurance Investigation Fails to Disclose any More Sensational Features.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—President McCurdy of the Mutual Life made the statement today that he had no intention of resigning, that he was elected to serve until June next, and that nothing could drive him out. He also announced that no action had been taken regarding the Plunkett matter, turned over yesterday to the district attorney by the insurance investigating committee. McCurdy closed, with the exception of a few details, his testimony before the committee today.

The testimony today was very much of a technical nature, though of much value to the committee in its work.

Following McCurdy's son, Robert H., was examined regarding some traveling expenses in 1904 which appeared very large. McCurdy was not able to give a reason for the large expense, but promised to furnish detail later. After examining W. W. Richards, the comptroller of the Mutual, regarding the acquisition of some properties by foreclosure, the committee adjourned until Tuesday.

FOR MAN'S GOOD

TWO CONVENTIONS MET IN WASHINGTON AND DISCUSSED GOOD OF MANKIND.

once Talks Yellow Fever—Three Thousand Participate in Congress of American Bankers.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Two conventions met in Washington recently, both concerned in the good of mankind—one in his finances and the other in his health—and an unusually interesting lot of men were brought together. More than 3,000 bankers, representing \$10,000,000,000, participated in the congress of the American Bankers' Association, and it is safe to say that a more imposing body of men, accompanied by handsome women, was never seen in the capital. It was the ninety annual meeting of the association, and their first meeting in Washington. The president and Mrs. Roosevelt and Secretary of the Treasury, and Mrs. Shaw each received the delegates, giving quite imposing receptions.

The International Sanitary Conference also met here to discuss yellow fever, its causes and cures, and other equally important subjects relative to the health of citizens in large cities.

During the past fiscal year the advice and supervision of the forest service were asked for the management of private forest land aggregating over two million acres. The co-operative arrangement with the government by which owners may secure the assistance of trained foresters in the care of their woodlands is open to all, so far as the resources of the service permit. Under the provision, the land owner pays all the expenses while the government furnishes the expert.

HE IS AFTER TRUSTS.

District Attorney of Honolulu Brings Suit Against Alleged Lumber Monopoly.

HONOLULU, Oct. 19.—Acting under instructions of United States Attorney General, District Attorney Broekens has instituted the first of a number of injunction suits for the purpose of breaking up local trusts. The suit was filed today against several lumber merchants asking that they be restrained from carrying out the alleged agreement for controlling the entire lumber business at the islands. It is alleged as a result of the combination, lumber is 175 per cent higher than on the mainland. The district attorney also reported he is about to begin suits against cattle and meat dealers, who, it is alleged, have combined to control retail prices, agreeing to sell to only a single market in Honolulu.

BIG FIND IN ORO FINO.

Wire Gold Creates Excitement in Alamo Mining District.

BAKER CITY, Or., Oct. 19.—A rich strike has just been made in the Oro Fino mine, Alamo district, above Sumpter. An engineer returned from there says that in the new workings they are taking out chunks of ore filled with wire gold. There is much excitement in the camp.

EXPERT COUNTY BOOKS.

Two Men Will Examine System of Accounting in Lane.

EUGENE, Or., Oct. 19.—W. G. Gilstrap, of Eugene, and Harry Stewart, of Springfield today began experting the books of the officers of Lane county. The job will last 15 or 20 days and the work is intended to be thorough.

GET BIG DIVVY.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—The stockholders of the Pullman Car Company have assembled today and are listening to the most agreeable report they have ever heard from their officers, as the figures of the annual report indicate that the surplus of the company has reached the very satisfactory figure of \$29,000,000. Fully 15 per cent was earned on all the stock, amounting to \$74,000,000. The surplus for this year after a dividend has been paid will be about \$4,000,000.

COURT CONDEMNNS CIGARETTES.

LINCOLN, Oct. 19.—The supreme court tonight handed down a decision sustaining the constitutionality of the anti-cigarette law, and the law to prevent the desecration of the American flag.

BANK DIDN'T KNOW BUSINESS

UNAWARE OF TRANSACTIONS OF CLERK WHO SUICIDED.

ALL NEGOTIATIONS WERE SECRET

Left No Statements by Which Relations of Creditors Could Be Traced.

Santa Fe Central and Pennsylvania Railroads Disclaim Borrowed Money from Enterprise Bank of Pittsburg and Blame all on Deceased Cashier.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 19.—The investigation of the condition of the Enterprise National bank closed by the controller of currency yesterday, shows beyond doubt the institution was conducted in a manner entirely unknown to the directors. Since the investigation began, papers and notes have been brought to their attention which they never saw before. Among these two were notes bearing the name of W. H. Andrews who today stated he positively had no paper in the bank.

A statement made by the Santa Fe Central and Pennsylvania Development companies, on behalf of whom the dead cashier is said to have negotiated loans, seems to place all the blame on Clark, who, so far as known, left no statement of the bank's relations with the two companies. Supplementary statements by the signers of the statement show they will take the position that Clark was the fiscal agent of their companies and as such his duty was to raise money whenever necessary.

INFIDEL TOMSTONE AROUSES PROTEST.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Oct. 21.—One of the most remarkable epitaphs ever seen in a cemetery is on a headstone in the Greenbush burial ground in this city.

Martin P. Jenner, Born in 1840 in an old log cabin at Fourth and Main streets. Died? Below this is carved: "The reason I don't believe in the Bible is because it isn't true."

Near the bottom of the stone is engraved: "Don't want any preaching, praying or psalm singing on this lot. Keep off."

Several persons who have relatives buried there have protested against the epitaphs being permitted to remain. Jenner is still hale and hearty.

WAS SUNDAY SCHOOL TEACHER.

Ex-President of Western National Bank of Louisville Wanted for Embezzlement.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 19.—W. B. Smith, ex-president of the Western National Bank of this city, was indicted today on ten counts charging embezzlement, making false entries and misappropriating the funds of the bank. The total embezzlement charged amounts to almost \$200,000. Smith is said to be in Porto Rico. It is alleged a cablegram was received from him stating he would return to Louisville October 29. Smith was formerly prominent in church affairs, and taught a class in the Broadway Methodist Sunday school of Paducah.

THEY DENY THE CHARGE.

Bellboys of Buckingham Hotel Accused of Stealing \$10,000 Worth of Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Mrs. George W. Headley, wife of the manager of the International Power Company and president of the American Bridge Company, was robbed of \$10,000 in diamonds at her home in the Buckingham hotel Tuesday night. The fact became known with the arrest and arraignment of John York, a bellboy, and Albert Schultz, a former bellboy at the hotel. Neither suspect will talk in court except to deny the charge.

FRANCES RUSSIAN TROOPS.

Imperial Manifesto Is Issued Proclaiming Ratification of the Peace Treaty.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 19.—An imperial manifesto was issued today proclaiming the ratification of peace between Russia and Japan. The manifesto contains a tribute to the bravery and courage of the Russian troops against a mighty enemy. It predicts the eastern portion of Russia will now develop in peace and good neighborliness with Japan, which will now become Russia's friend.

MADE OF POISONED MILK.

Three Young Children Nearly Dead—Two Other Families Suffer from Cheese.

BAKER CITY, Or., Oct. 19.—Word was received here last night from Sumpter that three of the six young children of Frank Gardiner, bookkeeper for the Geiser-Hendryx Company, who Tuesday night ate some cheese purchased from a local Sumpter grocery, had a narrow escape from death. They were seized with convulsions, vomited blood and blood flowed from their ears.

Not until twenty-four hours was it certain their lives could be saved. The other three children did not eat of the cheese, which was made in Powder valley, and, it is supposed, contained poisoned milk. The Horner and Oswald families suffered in the same manner, and had purchased cheese from the same store. No casualties resulted.

FOR THE SECOND TIME.

Ghirks Vartanian Sentenced to Death for Murder of Prominent Armenian Merchant.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 19.—Ghirks Vartanian, who claims to be a naturalized American citizen, was today again sentenced to death for the murder of a prominent Armenian merchant here, August 26. Alfarian, another Armenian claiming American citizenship, charged with implication in a plot to assassinate the sultan July 21, when a bomb was exploded as the sultan was leaving the mosque, killing about forty persons, was sentenced to fifteen years imprisonment. Vartanian and Alfarian were sentenced to death for the crimes charged against them, but owing to the intervention of the American minister, the sentences were quashed and new trials ordered.

WHEN CORNWALLIS SURRENDERED.

Anniversary of the Fall of Yorktown in the Revolutionary War.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—This is the one hundred and twenty-fourth anniversary of the surrender of Lord Cornwallis at Yorktown, Va. No special celebration of the great event is announced anywhere, but it was the last great conflict of the revolutionary war and deserves to be heard in grateful remembrance by every American, young or old. On the 29th of September the American and French troops formed a circle of steel around Cornwallis and his British veterans, numbering seven thousand men. Trenches and parallels were dug and a formal siege begun. The French fleet, under De Grasse, arrived and guarded the sea front from the British navy. On October 14 two redoubts were taken by storm. Next day the invaders made a fruitless sortie and on the 17th day of October displayed a white flag, and on the 19th, the fourth anniversary of Burgoyne's surrender, the British troops filed out between the allied armies.

PRINTERS' STRIKE OVER.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 19.—With the termination of the printers' strike here, the factory workmen also returned to work. All newspapers were issued today. A call has been issued for all-Russian congress workmen to meet in November to determine the attitude toward the national assembly.

COAST LEAGUE SCORES.

At Portland—Portland 4; San Francisco 1.
At San Francisco—Seattle 4; Oakland 8.
At Los Angeles—Los Angeles 4; Tacoma 2.

MONEY THIEF IS CAPTURED

GEORGE CUNLIFFE MAKES CLEAN BREAST OF OPERATIONS.

SENT MONEY TO HIS RELATIVE

Brother-in-Law in Bristol Is Surprised at the Contents of a Suit Case.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Oct. 19.—Geo. E. Cunliffe, the absconding Adams Express Company money order clerk, was captured today. He made a clean breast of his crime. He said the money was stolen intact.

Police Broke Case Open. Bristol, Conn., Oct. 19.—Nearly \$80,000 of the money stolen by G. E. Cunliffe from the Adams Express Company in Pittsburg, was recovered tonight at the home of Joseph W. Boardman, Cunliffe's brother-in-law. For just a week the fortune has laid hidden in an old suit case unknown to Boardman, who was holding the valise expecting the owner to call for it any day.

As a result of a statement of Cunliffe in Bridgeport tonight, that he sent \$55,000 to his brother-in-law, a representative of the Associated Press called at Boardman's house. Boardman, who is agent of the Electric Express Company of Hartford, stated he had not received any money but had received an unmarked suit case. Supposing it had been sent to him as an agent, he had not opened it. He said he would call the police and they could break open the case.

In the presence of the officers the case was broken open and huge bundles of money tumbled out. No one was more surprised than Boardman. Boardman says he had not heard from Cunliffe in eighteen months and if he had known the fugitive had come this way he would have notified the police.

Money no Use to Him. Bridgeport, Oct. 19.—Cunliffe will be taken to New York tomorrow. Cunliffe after being told the \$80,000 was recovered, was pressed to tell what had become of the rest of the money. He replied he had destroyed it in fear of detection. He said the bills were of large denominations and issued by the Allegheny National and he knew everybody was looking for them. Cunliffe said that rather than carry them around, he had burned them.

DENTISTRY

FOR THE FARMERS

If you want Dental work done, you want to save money, don't you? Listen to this. I am always busy, therefore I don't charge you for idle time. I work on a strictly cash basis, thereby doing your work cheaper, as I have no bad debts. I use the latest scientific methods known to the profession, insuring you absolutely painless Dentistry. Taking these points into consideration, don't you think it will benefit you to have me do your Dental work? When you are in town, if you need Dentistry, go to each and every Dentist. Get their prices and then come to me. If I cannot save you money on it I will make you a present of it, and I fulfill every promise.

DR. B. E. WRIGHT

THE PAINLESS DENTIST

STEUSLOFF BUILDING, COURT STREET, SALEM.

Hours: 8 a. m. to 5 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.; Sunday, 10 a. m. to 12 m.