SITUATION IS DISCOURAGING

AUTHORITIES UNABLE TO CON-TROL YELLOW PEVER.

IS SOME OCCASION FOR ALARM

Infection Spreads from Italian Element into Residence Part of the City.

Several Lagies and Children Infected in St. Mary's Parish, in Patterson-Twenty-One New Cases Are Discovered-Death Rate Remains Lower.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 10 .- The ficial record up to 6 p. m .:

New cases, 68. Total eases, 747.

Deaths, 5. Total deaths, 124. New sub foci, 21.

Total sub foci, 151. Cases under treatment, 286. The situation does not look so good in the face of such a steady augmenta-

tation of the number of new cases and the number of sub foci. They seem to be popping up all over town and a discouraging feature of today's report is that only nineteen of the sixty-eight names are those of itanans. Quite a number of new cases appear to be secondary infection.

Five new cases developed in Patter son, in St. Mary's parish, making thirty Of Conditions and Do not Deserve to cases in all there. Waile the infection was taken there by Italians from the infected district of New Orleans, the disease spread among the residents and several ladies and children are infected.

' Think Have It Under Control.

New Orleans, Aug. 10 .- In order that no unnecessary risks be taken, it was announced today the funeral of the late Archbishop Chappelle on Saturday will be private. Dr. White said it was a fact accepted by scientists that yellow fever could not be transmitted by a corpse, but it is considered there will be some element of danger of attracting to the cathedral an immense assemblage of people from all sections or the

haracter and readily re-

than in the previous visitations or the fever, the feeling here both among the healta authorities and the laity con-tinues hopeful. The fever has been prevalent long enough to have assumed a virulent type, but instead it apparently is less malignant than it was steps looking toward the arbitration of when it first appeared.

RIOTS FREQUENT

STRIKING HEBREW BAKERS MAKE TROUBLE FOR THE HARLEM POLICE FORCE.

Two Bake-Shops Are Attacked by Mobs Injured but Held His Ground.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9 .- Frequent outbreaks of rioting calling for drastic ac- To this end he tendered his good offices tion by the police marks the course of the strike of the Hebrew bakers on the ery in Allen street fifty rioters broke into the place and completely wrecked it and upset barrels of flour and dough in the street. The police reserves were called out before the rioters were dispersed. A committee of 100 sent from the strike headquarters tonight to a bakery in Orchard street to induce the non-union men to quit, attacked the shop, hearing of which hundreds of the strikers rushed from the meeting to the seene of the conflict. One policeman who attempted to defend the non-union No other developments in the situa-men was severely beaten, but held his tion today. Both sides are still claimground until rescued.

USED CLUB ON RIVAL

Now Eugene Piano Man Faces Circuit Court Trial as a Con-

EUGENE, Aug. 9 .- In the Eugene justice court yesterday afternoon N.
A. Fisher, a piano salesman in the employ of the H. E. Morris music house of this city, was bound over in the sum of \$200 to appear for trial in the circuit court for assault with a dangerous eapon F. A. Rankin, owner of a rival GOOD CITIZENSHIP IS DEFINED

For some time past Morris and Ran-kin have been dealing in personalities through their advertisements in the lo-High Wages Are Not Humiyed cal newspapers. Fisher took exception to something said about him in one of the advertisements by Rankin, and on Monday night about 10,30 o'clock, he waylaid Rankin on the streets and beat Is Introduced by President Mitchell of him over the head with a club, severely cutting and bruising him, requiring the services of a physician to sew up the wounds. Rankin at once swore to a warrant for Fisher's arrest, and his being bound over to the circuit court is

the outcome. The affair has caused widespread comment on account of the prominence of the persons concerned.

SAYS HE WILL NOT INTERFERE

PRESIDENT HILL HAS NO SYMPA THY FOR THE STRIKERS.

Be on Pay Boll of any

Says They Held Positions of Trust and as Plotters Are not Fit to Hold Them -Governor of Minnesota Kequests a Settlement of Existing Diffculties.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9 .- James J. Hill set at rest today all reports that he would intervene in behalf of the striking telegraphers. Mr. Hill said the men

ment. Dr. White said today that while season when they know a heavy movethe work of thorough organization of ment of traffic is expected, as at pres. an era of prosperity unprecedented in his forces was rapidly crystalizing he ent with the approach of crop move. the history of the hard coal regions. will not be able to make an announce ments, do not deserve to be on the pay ment of the details of the campaign roll of any road. They are in positions many of the bitter antagonisms and of the road."

Governor Pleads Arbitration.

the struggle in progress over a week good works and high paprposese. Slowbetween the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific railways and the Order | ward the fulfillment of its mission. of Railway Telegraphers was taken to-day, when Governor Johnson addressed the Amercan workman and conferred letters to Presidents Hill and Howard his services as mediator.

The exact terms of the letters written by Governor Johnson are not know" as the governor preferred they be given many errors.
out by the recipients if they saw fit. We believe

In a general way, however, the governor outlined to the Associated Press and One Is Wrecked and Flour and the contents of the letter. He called Dough Upset in Street — Policeman the officials' attention to the fact that the present strike was working a hardship on the various communities throughout the state, and appealed to them to take speedy steps to secure an adjustment of the existing troubles.

as chief executive. The governor was prompted to take east side today. In an attack on a bak- this action by numerous letters received from commercial organizations and citizens. The governor stated some let-ters he received declared the business in sections of the state was almost paralvzed by the prevailing conditions. Both Presidents Hill and Elliott are

> President Perham of the telegraphers has stated upon several occasions he

> was willing to submit his case to any fair-minded tribunal.

ing the conditions are improving.

That THIS is the question every person asks themselves: "Where the least money?" AT B. E. WRIGHT'S. I use all the latest appliances known to Dentistry to alleviate pain and save time. THAT is the answer. CROWNS \$5.00, PLATES \$5.00, FILLINGS 50c. DR. B. E. WRIGHT Steusloff Bidg. Court St. Hours: 8 s.m. to 5 p.m., 7 p.m. to 8 p.m., Sundays, 10 s.m.

DISCUSSES **TEMPERANCE**

High Wages Are Not Unmixed Blessings.

Mine Workers' Union-Lauds President as Trades Unionist Justifies

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug, 10-President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers, introduced President Roose velt at the Catholic Total Abstinence Union here today, and in the course of

Speaking for the anthracite coal mine workers I take great pleasure in supplementing and emphasizing the greeting and welcome extended to the president of the Nnited States on behalf of the temperance societies and the municipal government of Wilkseborre, It is not often that the chief executive of a great nation has found the time or let me urge that in the event of any yielded to the inclination to honor by TOOA AN UNJUST ADVANTAGE his presence and to participate in a known as a labor trouble, bota sides meeting under the auspices of the men who are living by the performance of ing to consult, and anxious each to treat manual labor.

> The visit of President Roosevelt the coal fields of Pennsylvania as the guest of the temperance societies and the United Mine Workers of America, ar significance to the men for whom I have the honor to speak; it is one that will be long remembered by them. Imprinted indelibly upon the hearts of the miners is the recollection of the long contest they had and the great hards ships they endured in the year 1902; a contest brought to a happy termination through the intervention and mediation of our distinguished guest.

It is a pleasure to say that largely as employes just at the beginning of a materially improved, and the entire people of this community have enjoyed

of trust and as plotters are not fit to be tween the miners and their employers those active in bringing about this and even among the mine workers themstrike will never again enter the employ selves, have been slowly but surely disand honorable industrial peace grows

brighter day by day. In the pursuit of its ideals trades unionism has justified its existence by upon higher wages and more leisure Elliot of the railways and President It has increased efficiency, diminished Perham of the telegraphers, urging a accidents, averted disease, kept the settlement of the trouble and offering children in school and improved the relations between employer and employed. It has conferred benefits, made sacrifices and unfortunately, committed

We believe it not unreasonable to ask that we may be judged not by our faults but rather by our virtues.

To find justification for our existence or for the policies we pursue we do not rely upon the claims we ourselves make. Abraham Lincoln, in a speech delivered at Hartford, Conn., in 1860, while addressing the striking shoe workers, said: "Thank God we have a system of labor where there can be a strike Whatever the pressure, there is a point where the workman may step."
Wendell Phillips is quoted as having

said: "I rejoice at every effort work-men make to organize. I hall the labor movement, it is my only nope for de moeracy. Organize and stand together, Let the nation hear a united demand now in the east, although the former is from the laboring voice." William E. expected to reach St. Paul some time Gladstone said: "Trade unions are the bulwarks of modern democracies." And so we might go on with endless en-dorsements from the great men of the world, whose hearts beat in sympathy with their struggling fellow man. But we need not depend alone upon the ut-terances of the immortal dead. We nave with us as our honored guest this day a man whose name and deeds will live as long as the republic shall endure, one who has on innumerable occasion spoken in no uncertain terms in defence of the right of the workmen to organize, and has so far subscribed to the constitution and principles of mo-dern trade unions as himself to accept honorary membership in one of them.

And now, Mr. President, may I again bid you welcome? May I expresse the hope that your visit among as may prove as pleasant to you as it is appre

lated by us? Mr. Roosevelt spoke as follows: I am particularly glad to speak to this audience of miners and their wives and children, and especially to speak under the auspices of this great temperance society. In our country the happiness of all the rest of our people depends most of all upon the welfare of the wage-worker and the welfare of the armer. If we can accure the welfare ably certain that the community as a whole will prosper. And we must never forget that the chief factor in securing the welfare alike of wage-worker and of farmer, as of everybody else, must

The only effective way to help anythat sixty-eight stations were closed forest fires are raging near the Idaho
body is to help him help himself. Something can be done by wise legislation
and horost administration of the laws;
and horost administration of the laws;
and horost administration of the laws;
and the loss will be considerable,

action taken in our collective capacity through the state and the nation.

Comething more can be done by ombination and organization among combination and organization among ourselves in our private capacitiese as citizens, so long as this combination or organization is managed with wisdom and integrity, with insistence upon the rights of those benefited and yet with just regard for the rights of others. But in the last analysis the factor most influential in determining any

man's success must ever be the sum of

that man's own qualities, of his knowl-edge, foresight, thrift, and courage. Whatever tends to increase his self-respect, whatever tends to help him overcome the temptations with which all of us are surrounded, is of benefit not only to aim but to the whole community. Everything possible should be done to encourage the growth of that spirit of self-respect, self-restraint, aclf-reli-ance, which if it not only grows enough is certain to make all those in whom it shows itself move steadily upward to-ward the highest standard of American citizenship. It is a prond and resepon-sible privilege to be citizens of tals

hind all laws, means; to the capitalist as to the wageworker. And as one practical point, difficulty, especially if it is what is show themselves willing to meet, willthe other reasonably and fairly, each to look at the other's side of the case

and to do the other justice. President Roosevelt then read a letter from a Catholic priest in which the there is one discouraging feature connected with the upward tendency of the mone money they spend in saloons. The shorter the hours, the more they are inclined to absent themselves from the home. An apparent disregard for the family ties is growing among the poor-er classes which will eventually lead to a disregard for the blessings our coun-

try affords them. "Now," added the president, "this must be offset by movements such as this great temperance movement and similar efforts for social and civic betterment, or else the increase in leisure and money will prove a curse instead of

a blessing." I strive never to tell anyone what I do not thoroughly believe, and I shall not say to you that to be honest, and temperate, and hardworking, and thrifty will always bring

The hand of the Lord is sometimes heavy upon the just as well as upon the unjust, and in the life of labor and effort which we must lead in this earth it is not always possible either by work, by wisdom, or by upright behavior to ing a happy and prosperous life is immensely improved if only the man is foresight and judgment. Let him remember above all that the performance of duty is the first essential to right tional happiness and greatness. No man can be a good citizen, can deserve unless he does his duty faithfully by his wife and children.

AT EXPIRATION OF THIS TIME NORTHERN PACIFIC OPER-ATORS CANNOT RETURN.

Railroad Officials Employ Special Sheriffs to Guard Stations and Keep Down Trouble With the Strikers-Situation Is Practically Unchanged.

SEATTLE, Aug. 10 .- The Northern Pacific today engaged fourteen special deputy sheriffs to be assigned to small stations where trouble with striking telegraphers has occurred or is feared. The most serious trouble occurring thus far has been the forcible ejection of an operator at Covington, and the interference with the company's wires in two or three places. The secret service of the railroad is in charge of the organized force of guards.

Will Give Them Ten Days. Senttle, Aug. 10.-General Manager Horn of the Northern Pacific wired Superintendent Weymouth of the Se-attle division that he give the striking perators ten days in which to return work under certain conditions as to rating after being re-instated. Rating allowed as follows: Striking operators may be re-empoyed upon the recom-mendation of the superintendent, sub-ject to approval of the general manager inter. Men who have been loyal rank first. Men who have been employed during the strike take their seniority

St. Paul, Aug. 10.—Information had eached the governor's office late today

JAPANESE DISPLAY TACT IN PRE-SENTING PEACE TERMS.

Term Adopted by Envoys-No Desire to Prighten the

This and Cession of Sakhalin Island Principal Features of Conditions Handed in by Baron Komura-Way Left Open for Negotiations.

POSTSMOUTH, Aug. 10.-Reim great self-governing nation; and each of us needs to keep steadily before his eyes the fact that he is wholly unfit to take part in the work of governing others unless he can first govern himself, tions handed by Baron Komura to Mr. his introductory remarks Mr. Mitchell He must stand up manfully for his Witte at the conclusion of the morn-said:

- rights; he must respect the rights of ing session of the envoys in the genothers; he must obey the law, and he eral stores building of the Portsmouth must try to live up to those rules of navy yard. The word "indemnity" righteousness which are above and bebeing "'reimbursement' for the cost This applies just as much to the man of the war. No sum is fixed, the of great wealth as to the man of small amount being distinctly withheld for

mutual adjustment between the two countries after the Japanese expenditures have been ascertained. There are two all important conditions and those which the Russian envoys find absolutely unacceptable. It can be stated, however, these two principal conditions did not come as a sur-

prise to the Russian plenipotentiaries. The friendly fashion in which Baron Komura explained the conditions before handing them to Mr. Witte and marks an epoch in the civic, social and latter, in asking the president to help indestrial nistory of this commonout fixing the sum leaves the way open for negotiations and constitutes the wage scale among the workmen of this main hope that a final agreement is country. The higher the wages the possible. Certainly the danger of a sudden

rupture, no matter what the ultimate result, was precluded by today's developments. The other terms are substantially what the world expected and with one or two exceptions could probably be entertained as a basis of negotiations. One of the terms is the ity.

Many of the cases being reported, ex
Many of the cept among the Italians are of a mild will plot to embroil a railroad and its thracit; coal mine workers have been with shorter hours and increased wages exceedingly hard in the eyes of the hours of frantic work on the part of give water and pressure to a battery of character and readury respond to treat- employes just at the beginning of a materially improved, and the entire there is a tendency to go wrong which a size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the one new operated, or will be the size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the one new operated, or will be the size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the one new operated, or will be the size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the one new operated. Or will be the size of the operated as the size of the operated a eipal conditions, which cannot be ac- persons, six of them dead and many of the unusual dryness and the heat, th cepted under Witte's instructions, those relating to the Russian naval were in sight at a late hour tonight, power in the far east and granting but many hours of work will be fe-fishing rights upon the Russian littoral quired to get them out. Anything like Amour Propre of their country and of is unobtainable until the workers have such a humiliating character as to be inadmissible.

The Japanese, on the contrary, as Komura announced at the conference today, consider them moderate, contending they only represent a fair compensation for the expenses of war and the victories they have achieved on land and sea.

The Russian plenipotentiaries, Soon as the Japanese terms were in ward off disaster. But it is most em-phatically true that the chance for lead-gates attached to the mission and spent the whole afternoon in considera-tion of the terms. Meantime the condecent, sober, industrious and exercises ditions had been placed in cipher and cabled to the czar with Witte's personal explanation. It is hoped a refly will be received from the emperor, in living, and that a good type of average which case Mr. Witte expects to have family life is the corner stone of nather Russian response ready by Saturtional happiness and greatness. No day, but is not likely to be Saturday, being the first anniversary of the birth the respect of his fellows, unless first of all he is a good man in his own family, unless he does his duty faithfully by meantime the envoys will not meet unless some unexpected necessity for a conference should arise.

Later.-It was ascertained an agree ment had been reached today by which the next meeting of the conference has been formally adjourned until Monday.

OPP SOLD FOR \$125,000.

Jacksonville Property, Scene of Recent Strikes, Goes to New York

consideration of \$125,000. The mine is located one mile west of Jacksonville and during the past three or four years has been owned by J. W. Opp, a Montana miner. At the time when the mine was considered of no value at all Opp took charge of the property and developed it, basing his conclusion that there must be excellent gold values in the ore on the ground because the creek below the mine has yielded millions of placer gold. Unaided by outside capital, he worked the mine successfully after establishing a small 10-stamp plant on it, and has developed the fact that the mine is all that his judgment said.

During the past year, and since installation of the plant it has regularly onid a dividend to its owner of handsome proportions, and Mr. Opp is to be congratulated on his success in establishing that the quartz mines in the extreme of southern Oregon are valuable, and on a sale at a figure that nets him a handsome return for the labor and pains he has then with the mine, and for his unerring judgment as a miner in estimating the mine to be one of value. The excellent display of the output of the mine as shown at the Lewis and Clark fair has had much to do with indicating to the mining world that the mine is one of excellent value. It is reported that the new company will operate 40 stamps in the mine.

VAULABLE FORESTS ON FIRE. BUTTE, Aug. 10.—Advices from Western Montana tonight state that forest fires are raging near the Idaho

MUST PAY ON \$10,000 A MILE.

N. Assessment Raised One Third While W. & C. R. Gets a

WALLA WALLA, Wash., Aug. 9 .-The county commissioners, sitting as a board of equalization, have decided to raise the valuation of the trackage of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Co., in Walla Walla county, from \$7500 per mile to \$10,000, and have lowered the REIMBURSEMENT FOR EXPENSE valuation on the Washington & Colum bia River Railway Company from \$7500 to \$5800. Last year both roads were assessed at \$7500 per mile, notwithstanding that the state board of equalizakon placed the W. & C. R. R. in the third class, making the valuation \$3696 per mile. The county board refused to cut down the assessment of the W. & C. R. R., and the company refused to pay the tax and i tnow stands on the rolls as being delinquent. The O. R. & N. endeavored to get a reduction from the commissioners but was unsuccessful, and the tax was finally paid. "The O. R. & N. officials have been notified of the proposed increased valuation, and have set August 14 as the tate for the hearing.

OVER A SCORE ON DEAD LIST

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT CAUSED BY UNDERMINING A BUILDING.

HUNDREDS CAUGHT IN CRASH

With Exception of Few Early Shopper all Victims Were Employes of the Store.

Big Department Store of John Myers Company of Albany, New York, Collapses, Burying Scores of Employes in Ruins-Many Bodies Still .n Wreck

ALBANY, N. Y., Ang. 8,-The middle ection of the big department store of the rest badly injured. Three bodies made a way to the very bottom of the mass of wreckage. With few exceptions those caught in the ruins were employ es, a large majority of them being girls. It was after the opening hour, when

barely a score of shoppers were in the store. The best account of the event that probably caused the ruin is given by the head of the crockery, glass and drug department, which occupies the basement, "Workmen were sawing at a wooden floor beam," said he, "which runs under the northern end of the pillars in the middle of the store. The excavation for the cenar was going on about the base of this pillar, and I believe the jarring or the beam beneath it displaced the foundation pillar."

The pillars which gave way supported the ends of two giant girders and when it fell, the main support of the central part of the building was gone. With a noise heard blocks away and which shook the bundings adjoining, nearly half of the great structure from the cellar to the roof and extending from one sidewalk to the other, came grinding down. When the fire departentire bospital and ambulance force was on the scene, aided by a half hundred doctors from all parts of the city.

The volunteer rescuers and firemen continued to work until exhausted when their places were taken by a JACKSONVILLE, Or., Aug. 9.—The wreeking force numbering 300 men from Opp mine, situated at Jacksonville, was the New York Central and Delaware & oday sold to New York capitalists for Hudson railroads. These delved in the Hudson railroads. These delved in the ruins all night but the work of rescue proceeded slowly. When darkness came it was estimated that nearly fifty persons remained in the ruins and not more than helf of these could survive.

Mr. Roosevelt was in a good humor more than helf of these could survive. more than half of these could survive and enjoyed the day as much as the weight pressing upon them.

Fortunately the wreckage did not take fire. Some 100 persons are still unaccounted for but fifty of these are eash boys of which the firm has no reeeash boys of which the firm has no reeord, and the loss of the pay roll makes it difficult to get anything like a complete list of many others. In all, the company has 400 employes but fifty of these were away on vacations. The loss to the company is estimated at about \$300,000. The building was very old but until now was considered perfectly

BROKE UP THE MEETING.

Russian Soldiery Make Raid Upon S cialists Assembled in Forest-

LODZ, Aug. 10,-A thousand Social ists holding a meeting in the forest near here today were surrounded by soldiers. The majority of them were arrested and many of them were wounded in attempting to escape. The milipolice and burgomaster to one week's imprisonment for disobedience of mili-

ishing in Manchuria,

PRANCE HIGHLY INCENSED OVER BAD FAITH OF GERMANY.

INDIGNANT COMMENT AROUSED

Over Report that German Bankers Loan Large Sum to Morocco's Sultan.

Contention Is Raised wat Legality of Loan Is Contestable in View of Approaching International Conference for Adjustment of Moroccan Affairs.

PARIS, Aug. 10 .- The statement that the German bankers and a personal loan of \$2,500,000 to the sultan of Morocco, although not confirmed officially is arousing indignant comment coming after the assurances the status quo, was to remain unaffected until the holding of the international conference.

It is pointed out the legality of the loan is contestable, the position of the sultan since the last international conference being similar to that of the khedive of Egypt at the period when the powers intervened for the regulation of Egyptian finances in order to prevent the personal extravagance of the khedive.

Meanwhile Germany has not yet replied to the last French note regarding the conference. This delay is believed to be due to Germany submitting the French proposals to the sultan before responding to them. According to semiofficial advices, the sultan is showing more and more marked opposition to the proposed conference and to any consideration of the Morrocan reforms.

MORE TURBINES ON GOLDEN DRIFT.

GRANTS PASS, Or., Aug. 0.-Because of the marvelous success of the monster pump installed at the power dam of the Golden Drift Mining Com-John Myers Company in North Pearl street, collapsed early today, carrying down with it over 100 persons. Caught in a chaos of brick, plaster and wooden Golden Drift Company is operating its giants continually, mining from \$1500 to \$2000 per week.

EPWORTH LEAGUE MEETING

ST. PAUL, Aug. 10.-Late this afernoon the first meeting of the annual national convention of the German Epworth League was held in the first German M. E. church. Rev. H. F. Lange of Walla Walla, Wash., responded to the address of welcome.

PRESIDENT PAYS MOST PLEASANT VISIT TO WILKESBARRE, PA., AND OTHER POINTS.

All Wyoming Valley Was Decerated in Gaudy Attire for Occasion and He Was Received With Lusty Cheers All Along Line-Delivers Two Address

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 10.-The president of the United States, who came here today and made addresses ment arrived they had plenty to do in to the delegates attending the annual rescuing those pinned under the top of convention of the Catholic Abstinence the wreckage. In a short time the city's Union of America and the members of

> aersey and Pennsylvania to this city tion along the line from Jersey City was decorated with flags and buntle and the crowds at the stations cheen

play the national colors. The greate crowd the city ever had within its co

fines was present and it is estimated to visitors numbered upwards of 200,00. The president arrived at 3 o'clo and was driven directly to the speake stand, on the common. Besides to president, those who spoke were Carlinal Gibbons, Mayor Kirkendale of the city, John Mitchell, president of the mine workers, and Father Curran.

After the exercises, the president was driven about the city, then to the workers are the city.

Wyoming monument and from there Pittston, about eleven miles north here, where he boarded his train at left for Chautauqua. On the trip fro Jersey City to this city only a festops were made, at each of which a president delivered brief remarks.