HIS LAST HOPE IS SET FORTH

ALL EVIDENCE IN THE MITCHELL CASE IS NOW IN.

SENATOR DOES NOT TESTIFY

Defendant's Counsel Asks Court to Instruct Jury to Render Verdict of Acquittal.

Defense Closes Its Case and Arguments Are Begun—Thurston Draws Parallel With That of Burton of Kansas—Claims Government Does Not Prove

PORTLAND, June 27.—Senator Mitchell did not take the stand and explain away the testimony of his former partner, Judge Tanner, and his former private secretary, Robertson. Only one witness was put upon the stand at the morning session, when Judge Bennett announced that the defense would rest its case, and that the time for argument had come.

Senator Thurston immediately asked permission of the court to present an argument as to instructions to be given the jury by the court, and the jury was excused from the room while the matter was discussed. In the argument the last remaining hope of the senator was set out by his attorneys.

It was argued that the indictment alleged specifically that the defendant received money from Frederick A. Kribs. The defense urged that the government had failed to prove this, for the checks had been paid by Kribs to the firm of Mitchell & Tanner, but not Mitchell in person. The money paid to Mitchell had been the money of the firm sent by Tanner to Mitchell and not by Kribs, who had not paid Mitchell, as charged in the indictment. For these reasons, it was argued, it was incumbent upon the court to instruct the jury that the verdict should be for acquittal. Senator Mitchell has made his defense and rested his case with a mass of the government's evidence hanging over him. His witnesses all told stories along the same line, testimony, stated by the court, to be immaterial, though no objection was made to it by the prosecution. The stories were all to the effect that the witnesses at some time in the past requested favors of the senator, in the accomplishment of which it was necessary for the defendant to appear before the departments, and in each case the senator refused the proffers of compensation made to him.

In the afternoon Heney presented his case to the prosecution. He stated it was the duty of the jury to disregard the fact that the defendant was aged and any sophistry of speeches made or to be made by the attorneys for the defense. Heney at no time made an attack upon Mitchell, but followed closely the evidence, explaining and systematizing it. Judge Bennett and Senator Thurston will present the arguments for the defense tomorrow. It is expected that the case will go to the jury in the afternoon.

DEEDS RECORDED.

The following real estate transfers, aggregating the consideration of $5626, have been filed for record in the office of the Marion county recorder:

J. S. Brown et al to A. E. Blodget, land in t 7 s, r 2 w, w d $2500
T. and F. S. Holt to J. S. H. Walker, land in Garden City addition to Salem, w d 1905
M. E. and L. H. DeGuire et al to C. Bennett, s½ of lot 2, block 2, Woodburn, w d 1000
J. F. Otis et al to James Neil, lots 2 and 3, block 1, Glen Oak addition to Salem, w d 105
E. P. and L. M. Moreom to F. Feller, block 4, Remington's addition to Woodburn, w d 100
W. M. Sanford to E. F. Miller, .53 of an acre in Marion county, w d 15
Silver Creek Falls Power and Improvement Company to F. W. Waters, trustee, 100 acres in t 8 s, r 1 e, w d 1

NEWPORT NOTES.

NEWPORT, June 28.—A great many improvements are reported as being under way at Newport, among them being a new pier and steamboat landing at Olsonville, a half mile up the bay from Newport. The new hotel at Olsonville will open on July 1, and will be under the direction of Mr. M. Titzmaurice, and will be known as the Grand Pacific.

S. G. Irvin's new log office building and bowling alley at Nye Creek promises to be one of the attractive places of Newport. It will provide entertainment during the evening at least.

The summer visitors are arriving in fairly good numbers at the seaside and the hotels are filling up. Newport promises to be very popular again this year.

A number of Salem people will be leaving for the coast during the next two weeks, the weather only acting as a deterrent.

The new wharf at Olsenville is nearly finished. This wharf connects with the new road which leads direct across the hill to Nye Creek.

Bathing has commenied in the surf. Several ladies donned their bathing suits and waded in on Saturday. All survived the ordeal o- the first dip of the season.

Newport and Toledo are now connected by wire and phones are being put in by several parties. in Newport and Nye Creek.

Nearly a ton of deep sea fish were taken about two miles outside the bar at Newport last week. Men go over the bar in almost any kind of open boat and come back loaded to the gunwales.

Mr. and Mrs. Leese, of Corvallis, were down on Saturday. Mr. Leese came to see after his various enterprises on the Bay.

The hotels in Newport are filling up fast. Parties contemplating a visit to the beach should write ahead for accomodations.

Messrs. Fitzmaurice and Laws had the trout on Beaver Creek. They were trolling with the fly. The finny fellows took quite a fancy to the insects of home manufacture tied on No. 8 hooks and absolutely refused to look at the most approved spoon. The catch amounted to 45 good sized trout in four hours.

HE STRIKES BACK

GOVERNOR CHAMBERLAIN TELLS AUTHORITIES OF IOWA SOME THINGS ABOUT CUSTOMS.

Board of Control of Iowa Sends Oregon Bill for Transportation of Insane Patient From Crawford County to Corvallis—Limit for Chief Executive.

Governor Chamberlain is thoroughly aroused over the receipt of a communication from the board of control of the state of Iowa enclosing a bill against the state of Oregon for the sum of $171.11 for the cost of transportation of an insane patient from that state to the town of Corvallis, where he was committed to the insane asylum by reason of his insanity.

Judging from the character of the communication Russel Gifford, who was a former resident of Oregon, was transported back to this state from the state of Iowa, by reason of his insanity, and delivered to the authorities of Corvallis, where he was examined as to his sanity and committed to the insane asylum of this state. He was brought to this state by a sheriff from Crawford county, Iowa, and the state of Iowa seeks to recover from the state of Oregon the cost of such transportation of the patient.

Governor Chamberlain was considerably taken aback by the receipt of the dun from the state of Iowa, and in his reply to the communication, yesterday afternoon, stated that it has been the practice of the state of Oregon to take care of all of the insane patients within its borders, regardless of their nativity or residence and, if the state of Iowa was to adopt this system the state of Oregon might relieve itself of any number of patients at present taking treatment in the insane asylum by transferring them to their native state. This letter will doubtless have its effect upon the authorities of the state of Iowa, which is represented by a number of patients under care and treatment at the Oregon insane institution.

CASE GOES TO JURY TONIGHT

HENEY APPLIES SCOURGE TO SENATOR MITCHELL.

SENATOR IS PALE WITH ANGER

Attorney Accuses Defendant of Being Responsible for Perjury of Tanner.

Prosecution Concludes Its Argument to Jury and Judge Bennett Makes Up Cudgels for Defense—Court's Charge To Be Given This Afternoon.

PORTLAND, June 28.—The case of Senator Mitchell will not go to the jury before tomorrow night and probably not before Friday. Today was consumed by District Attorney Heney in finishing the argument of the prosecution and when he had completed the court adjourned.

Judge Bennett will commence on behalf of Mitchell in the morning, and will be followed by Senator Thurston. Heney will then make the final argument. If time remains Judge DeHaven will charge jury. This is unlikely unless the lawyers for the defense consume less time than is expected.

Heney today traced the transactions of the firm in relation to land matters from the time Mitchell asked for a copy of the firm books, covering the period from November, 1901, to June, 1902.

The arraignment of the defendant for having been the cause of the perjury of Tanner and his son, and for the attempt to suborn his private secretary, Harry Robertson, to testify in accordance with t' false defense outlined, was merciless and caused the face of the defendant to flame and pale with passion.

Heney charged, in his address, that the defense was careful not to ask Tanner what other business the firm was doing. He said he thought it a fair inference that, for the business the firm was doing in land deals, it would not pay expenses. He pointed to the fact that every item of mosey received was set forth clearly in the firm's books giving the source from which every dollar and check came. He said that for four months the defendant had been here and had had an opportunity of looking over the books and acquainting himself with their contents. He said that the eyes of the country were upon Oregon and the case at bar, and that there was great anxiety evidenced as to whether or not she purposed to enforce the law. He said there was too much of the same kind of work, with which the defendant was charged, going on all over the country, and when the senators of the land took to receiving bribes openly the fall of the nation was not far off. He referred to the conviction of Senator Burton of Kansas, and urged that the present case go on records as a conviction and the second step in the wiping out of graft in the United States senate.

Mr. Heney referred to the defense's efforts to have the testimony of Tanner thrown out and added that if Tanner had been a perjurer it was through the machinations of Mitchell, and that he who secures perjury is as guilty as the one who perjures himself, and that his testimony is no better. He said that the selfishness of the defendant led him to allow Tanner to hang upon the chance that Robertson would also perjure himself through his friendship for Tanner. He said that Tanner was nobility itself as compared to the defendant, who in his selfishness sacrificed his colleague of years upon the alter of friendship.

A WARNING NOTE

JAMES B. DILL OF NEW YORK BEFORE GRADUATING CLASS AT OBERLIN COLLEGE.

Speaker Delivers Scathing Rebuke to Grafters and Their Ilk—Says Mad Rush for Wealth and Gain Has Rapidly Become a Danger to Society.

OBERLIN, O., June 28.—James B. Dill of New York, in the course of an address to the graduating class of Oberlin college, today delivered a scathing rebuke to men who misuse positions of honor and trust for purposes of personal gain. In urging his hearers to go "back to beginnings," Mr. Dill contended that "grafting," which was foreign to the true American character, had been developed by the mad rush for wealth and the recognition of false standards by educated men in the competitive struggle for business, power and social prominence.

"A large part of our modern prosperity," he said, "is to a periously large extent bottomed up on an overproduction of fraud and sham. The crisis is acute. A feeling of distrust is growing throughout the country. Many branches of financial business have been in one way or another taken possession of by the unscrupulous for the purpose of deceiving the unwary. Trust companies have been made the mediums of the flotation of specious and fraudulent promotions.

"Some companies in the field of life insurance, the highest and in a sense a sacred form of investment, are, as we all know now, conduits through which the savings of the policy holders are diverted into operations for speculative purposes.

"Credit and good faith, not money, are the basis of business. Good or bad, our modern prosperity is founded on public confidence. Take that away and the whole fabric falls.

"The fact is that the unprecedented material growth of the country, the resulting creation of immense private fortunes, the massing of great aggregations of corporate companies, industrial commissions and railroad mergers, all have tended to concentrate the attention of the people upon great financial achievements and to establish in the highest place in the popular estimation the captains of industry and the powerful financiers, little regard being presented, in making up the judgment, to the virtues of private, individual life.

"Now, whose fault is this? It is ours. It is the fault of public opinion, and public opinion is our opinion, yours and mine—yours of me, mine of you, ours of all the rest. We have learned to realize graft and grafters, however respectable their disguise, and to punish them, not alone by imprisonment and fine, but with all the might of the terrible scorn of society. We have to recognize that the needs of socialism, anarchy and revolution are sown by the man of our own class and kind who pretends to be what he is not; they are cultivated by the bank and insurance officer, by the man in power in financial organizations, in short, by any grafter who in his dealings with the public departs openly or secretly from old-fashioned Een-Commandment honesty.

"We need, we must have character.

"Many men of education, of power, financial and political, seem to develop a double-barrelled conscience, one for business use and another for the individual life. This is fraud.

"I say that the man who attempts to do business upon one basis of morals and live as an individual upon another basis is a fraud.

"The man who would not cheat in a $1.50 transaction but would do so in a million-dollar deal is living on a false basis.

"If any man attempts to pluck his heart out of his living body, hoping to replace it without becoming a corpse and staying a corpse, he makes a physical mistake. The man who attempts to take his conscience out of his body as he enters his banking house or his business house, or who, when he attends directors' meetings, or a syndicate conference, attempts to leave his conscience on his doorstep, like a half-burned cigar, while he attends to business, will find nothing but a cold remnant when he returns—a dead conscience.

"The practice of doing things or permitting things to be done by men in syndicates or as members of a corporate aggregation which the individual would do in his private life, upon the thory that syndicate and corporate morality is one thing and individual morality is another, results in the total suppression of individual honesty and morality.

"In short, the man who inserts the plank in his theological belief that his corporate acts will be judged by one standard and his individual acts by another, here or hereafter, makes a mistake.

"No man can have two standards of morals, one for his individual life and the other for his business life without the inevitable result that the baser standard will prevail. As a man is in his business life, so will he become in his private life.

"The man who attempts to play Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde invariably suffers the doctor's fate mentally and morally."

HOP BASKETS!

Place your order early and secure the best basket at lowest price. Patented April 14, 1905.

Walter Morley,
60 Court St., Salem, Ore

DR. DARRIN'S CURES

Mrs. J. H. Inwall Cured by Dr. Darrin Fifteen Years Ago.

(Eugene Journal.)

G. L. Jennings, of Eugene, writes this paper of his mother-in-law's cure some fifteen years ago, thus showing the permanency of Dr. Darrin's cures. He is now located at the Smeede Hotel. This cure will go a long way in favor of the doctor's mode of treatment by electricity and medicines. We join Mr. Jennings in commending Dr. Darrin to the afflicted public. We give his card below:

To the Editor:—Noticing Dr. Darrin's cures in your paper, I wish to state to the public that he cured my wife's mother, Mrs. J. H. Inwall, of Irving, Lane county, Or., some fifteen years ago of stomach trouble and liver complaint. She has never had a return of the trouble since. I am now under the doctor's care myself and have no doubt of the beneficial results. I can be referred to by letter or in person at my furniture and stove store at 403 Willamette street, Eugene, Or.

G. L. JENNINGS.

Henry S. Tilton Cured of Deafness.

To the Editor—For some time I have been deaf in my left ear. I came to Eugene for jury duty June 19, and found on entering the court house I could not hear the proceedings. I had heard of Dr. Darrin at Hotel Smeede and called on him for his electrical treatment for deafness. He gave me three treatments and cured the deafness, much to my pleasure. Now I can hear the judge of the court and all sounds about me. My postoffice is Pleasant Hill, Oregon.

H. S. TILTON.

Dr. Darrin can be consulted free at his office in the Smeede Hotel, Eugene, until October 1.

DOUBLE WEDDING AT BROOKS

BROOKS, June 28.—A double wedding occurred at the Catholic church in this town yesterday when Miss Emily La Flemme and Mr. Wargeiner and Charles La Flemme and Miss Lena Gigger were united in marriage. This morning Miss Rose Moisan of Brooks and Mr. Fermin T. Nash of Salem were married at the same place.

Rev. Father Mattingly left this morning for Jefferson, Or. This leaves Brooks without a resident priest.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

THERE CAN BE NO PEACE NOW

SWEDISH RIKSDAG SEES SETTLEMENT ONLY BY WAR.

MEMBERS MOST OUTSPOKEN.

Cabinet Is Severely Scored and Norwegian Storthing's Action Condemned.

Both Houses Appoint Committees to Consider Government Bill by Which the Norway Case May Be Settled—Question Creates Heated Debate.

STOCKHOLM, June 27.—Both the houses of the riksdag today elected extraordinary committees to which it referred the government bill looking to a settlement with Norway. The senate committee consists of nine anti-government and three pro-government members and the house committee of five pro-government, five anti-government and two independent members. The debate on the remission of the bill brought out fiery speeches in which the action of the Norwegian storthing was condemned and the Swedish cabinet severely criticised. The tenor of the speeches of both houses leaves the impression that the majority of the speakers were of the opinion that a peaceful solution of the difficulty was extremely improbable.

SUSPECT IS HERE

MAN ACCUSED OF ROBBING BANK AT WOODBURN OCCUPIES CELL IN COUNTY JAIL.

Alleged Hold-Up Artist Attempts to Draw Gun After Being Covered by Revolvers in Hands of Sheriff and Constable of Wasco County.

At 9 o'clock tomorrow morning Jack Hoffman, alias J. R. Kelley, will appear before Justice of the Peace Overton at Woodburn to answer to the charge of robbery and assault with intent to kill. Hoffman is believed to be one of the two men who on May 3 held up the employes of the Woodburn bank and robbed the institution of $3000. He was arrested in the mountains about sixty miles south of The Dalles a week ago last Saturday by Sheriff F. C. Sexton and Constable J. H. Harper, both of Wasco county, and was brought to this city by Sheriff W. J. Culver on the overland train last night. Sheriff Culver was accompanied by Sheriff Sexton and Marshal E. B. Woods of The Dalles, who also had in charge another prisoner booked for the penitentiary. The party left Portland on the Eugene local last evening, but Sheriff Culver with his prisoner stopped off at Woodburn, where the accused man was arraigned upon a complaint which had been sworn out in the justice court, and was brought to Salem on the overland. The suspect was locked up in the county jail and will be taken back to Woodburn for a preliminary examination tomorrow morning.

Hoffman's actions before and after his arrest convinced the officers that he is wanted for some crime. They believe that he is not only guilty of having robbed the bank at Woodburn, but that he is aso guilty of other and possibly greater crimes. He had been under arrest at The Dalles before, and it is believed he is a desperate man. When arrested on July 17 he was armed with a modern revolver of the finest make, and this gun he attempted to draw from his inside coat pocket even after being covered with guns in the hands of two determined officers.

The suspected robber is a man of medium height and weight and has a deep-set, piercing eye. His cheek bones are very prominent, and his general features such as will always be remembered when once seen. Several parties who saw the bank robbers on the day the crime was committed at Woodburn were positive in their identification of the man when they were brought into his presence last evening, and the Woodburn people, at least, are positive that the case against him will be a strong one.

According to Sheriff Sexton's story Hoffman was first seen about three weeks ago on White river, near Mt. Hood, and shortly afterwards put in an appearance near Wamic, a small town located between fifty and sixty miles south of The Dalles and about sixty miles due east of Woodburn. He went to the cabin of an aged couple named Illingsworth, who live in the mountains eight miles south of Wamic, where he remained until arrested, paying $5 a week for board. He never offered to explain his presence in the isolated country, and his general actions and apparent nervousness soon aroused the suspicions of the aged people, who, however, found no opportunity to notify the officers of their strange visitor.

Hoffman, who gave his name as J. R. Kelley, walked to the little town of Wamic one day, where he purchased a quantity of provisions and gave an order for some cartridges, and his strange actions while trading at the store of J. E. Kennedy led to his arrest. Mr. Kennedy became convinced that the stranger was hiding from the officers, and immediately sent word of his presence to Sheriff Sexton at The Dalles. That officer, accompanied by Constable Harper, went out to the Illingsworth cabin, being firm in the belief that the suspicious character was one of the Woodburn bank robbers. When they arrived at the cabin they were told that the strange man had gone out into the timber, so the officers hid in an old shed and awaited his return. After waiting about an hour and a half Hoffman was seen to emerge from the timber, and after stopping to survey the little open space for the evident purpose of making sure that all was well, he started along the path toward the shed where the officers lay in wait. When within ten feet of the entrance both officers stepped from the shed and covered the suspect with their revolvers. Hoffman, quick as a flash, threw his hand into his pocket, but was warned by Sheriff Sexton not to draw a gun under penalty of death. At the second command he threw up his hands and reluctantly submitted to arrest.

After being placed in irons Hoffman was told that he took desperate chances when he reached for his gun, to which, addressing the sheriff, he replied: "I don't give a ——. I might as well be dead as in the condition I am. If I had had half a chance I would have blown your brains out. You would never have taken me in the house." Further than this, however, nothing could be drawn from him, nor did he ask at any time for what crime or offense he had been placed under arrest.

BIG CASES SET

P. A. MARQUAM SEEKING TO RECOVER POSSESSION OF MARQUAM GRAND THEATER.

Gets Judgment in Lower Court Setting Aside Former Decree of Mortgage Foreclosure—Migratory Stock Tax Law Is Put to the Test.

Five cases have been set for hearing before the supreme court for week after next. Of these the two most important are the cases of the county of Lake vs. A. B. Schroeder, and A. P. Marquam vs. the United Mortgage and Trust Company, the former being an appeal from the circuit court for Lake county and the latter is appealed from Multnomah county.

The first case was brought by Lake county against the defendant Schroeder to enforce payment of taxes upon his band of sheep under the migratory stock law passed by the last legislature. It provides for the assessment and collection of taxes upon migratory bands of sheep or other stock for the full year in the county in which the stock belongs, and the same flock is assessable in every other county in which it may roam, but the taxes paid in other counties are subject to rebate from the original county. Such taxes under this law are to be paid at the time the assessment is made unless the owner of the flock is possessed of sufficient real property upon which a lien can lie in security for the full amount. The case was tried before Judge H. L. Benson of the circuit court for Lake county, who held in favor of the defendant, sustaining his demurrer to the complaint, when the county authorities took an appeal upon the assignment of error.

The Marquam-United Mortgage and Trust Company case is for the possession of the Marquam Grand property in Portland, the value of which is estimated at approximately $1,000,000. The mortgage and trust company held a mortgage against the property in the agregate sum of over $400,000, and this was foreclosed about five years ago. Several suits have been instituted by Mr. Marquam to set aside the foreclosure decree upon divers grounds, but he has been unsuccesswul in all of them, and the title to the property still rests in the mortgage and trust company. Mr. Marquam now contends that Thorburn Ross, who, as trustee of the defendant company, was occupying a position of fiduciary relation with the mortgage company and was disqualified from bidding the property in at sheriff's sale. The case was tried before the circuit court for Multnomah county, and the contention of the plaintiff was upheld and the decree of foreclosure set aside, whereupon the defendant company appealed. Watson, Beekman & Watson, Tanner & Mitchell and W. D. Fenton appear for the plaintiff in the case, and William P. Lord and Snow & McCammant for the defendant company.

The following is the calendar of cases set for hearing before the supreme court for the next two weeks:

Wednesday, July 5—Sam Casto, appellant, vs. Emma Murray et al, respondents; from Marion county; 12 m. John Gray, respondent, vs. M. L. and Emma H. Jones, appellants; from Marion county; 12 m.

Thursday, July 6—State of Oregon, respondent, vs. Albert H. Rea and Charles Matteson, appellants; from Morrow county; 12 m. Moss Mercantile Company, respondent, vs. the First National Bank of Payette, of Idaho, appellant; from Umatilla county; 12 m.

Thursday, July 11—Lake county, appellant, vs. A. B. Schroeder, respondent; from Lake county. State of Oregon, respondent, vs. Eddy, appellant; from Lane county.

Wednesday, July 12—Mundenkle vs. Oregon City Manufacturing Company; from Clackamas county. George Sorensen vs. Oregon Water Power and Railway Company; from Clackamas county.

Thursday, July 13—P. A. Marquam, respondent, vs. United Mortgage and Trust Company, appellant; from Multnomah county.

Scald head is an eczema of the scalp—very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

HAS STOOD THE TEST 25 YEARS

The old, original GROVE'S Tasteless Chill Tonic. You know what you are taking. It is iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. 50c.

JAPS ADVANCE, ENEMY RETIRES

GENERAL LINEVITCH REPORTS ROUTE OF HIS TROOPS.

GEN. KUROPATKIN IS CAPTURED.

St. Petersburg Hears That Nogi Has Circumvented Seventy Thousand Russians.

Other Rumor Has It That Retired Commander-in-Chief Is Killed—General Staff Declares It Has Heard Nothing of These Stories—Many Rumors.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 27.—A rumor spread through the city tonight that Kuropatkin had been killed and another to the effect that Nogi had cut off 70,000 Russians and captured Kuropatkin. There was no confirmation of the rumors, either by the general staff or the press dispatches. The members of the general staff state that no reports of special importance had been received.

Linevitch reports that the Japanese advance continues and the Russians are retiring firing.

AT THE DALLES

DELEGATES TO NATIONAL GOOD ROADS ASSOCIATION CONVENTION VISIT TOWN.

Supervisors of Wasco County Given Pointers on Road Construction at Meeting—Sample Piece of Road Is Promised by Way of Illustration.

THE DALLES, Or., June 28.—Roads, good, bad and indifferent, were discussed from early morn till late at night yesterday in this city during the visit of the National Good Roads Association and the reception extended to them by the citizens of The Dalles and vicinity. At 9 o'clock the visitors were met at their car by the reception committee of The Dalles Commercial Club and escorted to the club parlors, where they were received by the ladies of the Sorosis, and an hour was devoted to an informal reception. At 10 led by The Dalles cornet band, the association was escorted to Vogt opera house, which was appropriately decorated with mottos and flowers, and the exercises of the day were begun, with State Senator N. Whealdon, president of the Commercial Club, as chairman.

County Judge Lake, in his address of welcome, said the court of this county was expending thousands of dollars annually improving roads, but that for lack of knowledge its work was not conducted entirely on scientific principles, therefore he welcomed those who had come to discuss scientific methods of road-building, and trusted that after the instructions the national association should give them, those in charge of road building would be better able to make highways as they should be made. Colonel W. H. Moore, president of the national association, responding, complimented the people on their splendid climate, wonderful products and unsurpassed resources, but deplored the condition of the roads he had seen, and promised that some time in the near future the national association would make a sample piece of road in Wasco county. At the close of Colonel Moore's remarks, a male quartet rendered "Meet Me on the Trail," composed by Mrs. D. J. Cooper of this city, a catchy air especially suited to the times. Colonel Moore usurped the authority of the presiding officer at this point, and expressing his appreciation of the splendid entertainment given by the ladies and in acknowledgment of what the Ladies Club of The Dalles was doing for civic improvements, insisted that the program should be amended, and that Mrs. Whealdon, president of the Sorosis, be invited to address the meeting. Mrs. Whealdon responded with a pleasing talk upon the part her club was taking in the affairs of the city and especially in civics.

The other speakers of the forenoon session were: G. C. Canfield of Ohio and W. E. Louckes, organizer of good roads associations, both on road-building and the necessity of good roads as factors in the upbuilding and development of a country.

The speakers at the afternoon session were: D. R. Roberts of Utah, J. P. Rose of Texas, John Craft of Alabama, Senator A. S. Mann of Texas, and Colonel Rixey of Missouri, each of whom gave much valuable information on the subject of road building and explained methods adopted in various sections. Some invited questions, and the Wasco county farmers were not slow to avail themselves of the opportunity to gain scientific knowledge concerning road work.

The evening session was taken up with a stereopticon lecture on roads, an address by Colonel Rixey and a musical program rendered by local talent. The convention was certainly most beneficial, and those in charge of road construction in the county say they will profit by the information they got at this meeting, although it is generally conceded that Wasco county has pretty fair roads for a hilly and mountainous country.

Hundreds of lives saved every year by having Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house just when it is needed. Cures croup, heals burns, cuts, wounds of every sort.

No paper published in Oregon gives as much local and state news as the Twice-a-Week Statesman. Subscribe for it now.

Treating Wrong Disease.

Many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another from nervous exhaustion or prostration, another with pain here and there, and in this way they all present alike to themselves and their easy-going and indifferent, or over-busy doctor, separate and distinct diseases, for which he, assuming them to be such, prescribes his pills and potions. In reality they are all only *symptoms* caused by some womb disease. The physician, ignorant of the cause of suffering, encourages this practice until large bills are made. The suffering patient gets no better, but probably worse, by reason of the delay, wrong treatment and consequent complications. A proper medicine like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, *directed to the cause* would have entirely removed the disease, thereby dispelling all those distressing symptoms, and instituting comfort instead of prolonged misery. It has been well said that "a disease known is half cured." In cases almost innumerable, after all other medicines had failed to help and doctors had said there was no cure possible, the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, supplemented when necessary by medical advice and counsel of Dr. Pierce, has resulted in a perfect and permanent cure. The genuineness of these cures is attested not only by the entire disappearance of pain, but by a gain of flesh, a clear complexion and a cheerful disposition.

A SCIENTIFIC MEDICINE.—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, carefully devised by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate organism. It is purely vegetable in its composition and perfectly harmless in its effects *in any condition of the system*. It contains no alcohol, opium, digitalis or other injurious ingredient.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I was very low, and our home physician said I would never be well until I went to the hospital. Knowing what I did of your medicine I concluded to try it and felt sure it would cure me. To-day I thank God for Dr. Pierce's medicine. I began keeping house the 11th day of April and was just able to crawl about and in three weeks I could do all my own work, laundry and all. I have taken six bottles of Dr. Pierce's medicine and feel real good, but am not going to stop until am *sure* I am cured. I tell all my lady friends about Dr. Pierce's wonderful medicine. They all say, "how good you are looking Mrs. Taylor," and I answer it is all due to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Thanking you once more for your kindness, I remain. Yours truly,
MRS. E. G. TAYLOR,
Spring Arbor, Mass.
Box 91.

An honest dealer will not urge a substitute in place of "Favorite Prescription." There is nothing in the world "just as good," although avaricious druggists will sometimes say so for the sake of the greater profit to be made upon the inferior article. Shun all such.

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ASSIST NATURE

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