

LIFE'S LABOR IS CONCLUDED

UNITED STATES SENATOR ORVILLE H. PLATT IS DEAD.

FIFTY YEARS IN PUBLIC LIFE

Angel of Death Takes Aged Senator After Lingering Illness, Lasting Several Weeks.

Began His Career as Public Official in 1855, Rapidly Rising in Positions of Responsibility—Four Times Re-Elected to United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, Conn., April 21.—United States Senator Orville Hitchcock Platt died at his summer home in this town at 8:53 o'clock this evening, after an illness extending over several weeks.

The end came almost unexpectedly, the immediate cause being the breaking of an abscess which had formed in the right lung and which produced strangulation. Only a few minutes before, Dr. Ford had prepared a bulletin from the sick-room to the effect that if the patient did not have another sinking spell, such as he had come to him during the forenoon, he probably would live through the night. When the physician left the sick-chamber the senator was perfectly conscious, appeared to have no pain, and had answered questions put to him by those at his bedside, showing that his mind was clear. In the room at the time was Mrs. Platt and the senator's only son, Judge James P. Platt, of the United States circuit court.

The funeral will probably be held Tuesday, with services in the Congressional church. Both houses of congress will be represented.

His Career Begins

Orville Hitchcock Platt was born in Washington county, Conn., July 19, 1827. His father, Daniel Platt, was a farmer. He himself worked on the farm until he was 20 years of age, receiving his education in the common schools, and at Frederick Gunn's academy, which has since become a well known institution. Later he studied law in the office of Gideon H. Hollister, the historian of Connecticut. He was admitted to the bar in 1849, and later to the bar of Pennsylvania, where he spent six months in the office of Ulysses Mercur chief justice of the court of Pennsylvania. In 1851 he resumed law practice in Connecticut settling at Meriden, where he has since resided. In 1855-56 he served as clerk of the state senate, and a year later was elected secretary of state. Four years thereafter he was elected to the state senate, serving for two years, and from 1864 to 1869 he was a member of the lower house of the state legislature, filling the position of speaker during the last year.

Elected United States Senator

His learning in law secured for him the appointment to the office of judge of probate in 1877, being later appointed attorney for New Haven county, retaining that position until 1879, when he was elected to the United States senate to succeed William H. Barnum. To this office he was his own successor in 1885 and again in 1890, having been elected by the unanimous vote of the Republican members of the legislature. Since then he has been re-elected at each successive term by overwhelming majorities by the legislature. During his long career in the United States senate he has always held responsible positions under the president. He has served on various important committees, including the committee on pensions and the committee on contingent expenses, and was chairman of the committee on patents, and acting chairman of the committee on the revision of the laws. In the fiftieth and fifty-first congresses he was chairman of the committee on territories, during which time six new states were admitted into the Union. He was chairman of the committee having in charge the "copy-right" bill, passed in 1891, and to his efforts in committee and on the floor

of the senate, are due in a great part the passage of that measure.

Was Careful Legislator.

He was a most forcible speaker, his style finished, his words well chosen and his arguments logical and sequential. By his co-laborers in the senate he was regarded as a careful legislator, a close student of political questions, and a man of sound judgment.

He has always maintained a high standing in the legal profession, doing a large general business, though making a special of patent law. He was prominently connected with religious and philanthropic works in the city of Meriden, and in a quiet and unostentatious way was the friend of needy and troubled, who never hesitated to go to him for assistance and advice. In 1887 Yale university conferred upon him the degree of LL. D.

BRING MENINGITIS FLAQUE.

Newly Arrived Immigrants Are First Afflicted—Twenty-Two Deaths Yesterday.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Cerebro spinal meningitis caused twenty-two deaths in New York Thursday. This compares with thirteen the day before. A report has just been received from the government officials that Angelo Mazza, an immigrant boy from Italy, is dead at Ellis Island from the disease. Immigration officials refused all information regarding the case, but it is said 100,000 foreigners have reached this country since Mazza's arrival. Among them is one Italian family which is located in Harlem. Four children in the family were stricken soon after arriving, and a search of the health department records is said to show that many of those who died during the winter were recent arrivals from Italy.

PICTURE IS REPRODUCED.

Famous Cartoon of Royal Family Lying Dead in Coffins Spread Throughout Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 22.—The picture which appeared in The Nava, the most widely circulated illustrated weekly newspaper in Russia, of the imperial family, including the emperor, empress, czarvitch, grand dukes and dowager empress, as lying dead in their coffins, has been reproduced on cards bearing on the reverse side the Russian national anthem. These cards are being scattered by thousands throughout St. Petersburg, and in other parts of Russia. The cards were printed abroad. The police apparently is puzzled as to the line of action to pursue.

WANT HENRY TO PROSECUTE

SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.—The municipal grand jury, which has been after the gangsters in the city administration will offer Francis J. Heney a handsome sum to become attorney for the jury to assist in ferreting out the grafters and prosecuting them. Though the jury has been very alert and has had some success, it has felt the need of the services of some such man as Heney, who has gained fame as prosecutor in the Oregon land frauds.

CAR IS WRECKED

TWENTY-FIVE PEOPLE SERIOUSLY INJURED IN OVERTURNING OF COACH IN CHICAGO.

University Professors and Students Returning From College Ball Game Narrowly Escape With Their Lives—One Man Dies of Injuries.

CHICAGO, April 22.—Twenty-five persons were injured in a wreck tonight on the Chicago & Milwaukee electric railroad at Green Leaf street and North avenue, in Wilmette, a suburb fifteen miles from Chicago. Charles Franklin of Evanston is expected to die as a result of his injuries. Several university professors and a number of students of the Northwestern university, who were returning from the baseball game between Chicago university and Northwestern university, were among the injured. The wreck occurred through the overturning of the car.

NO INTENTION OF VIOLATION

FRANCE MAKES REPORT TO AVOID COMPLICATIONS.

FORMAL ORDERS GIVEN AGENTS

Cruiser Diana at Saigon to Be Disarmed and Machinery Turned Over to France.

France Transmits Communication to Russia, Calling Its Attention to Japan's Note of Protest Against Using Neutral Ports for Squadron.

PARIS, April 21.—France is determined to prevent any possible violation of her neutrality in the far east and to this end Governor General Beau has been instructed to report specifically on the exact situation and location of the Russian second Pacific squadron and whether or not it had withdrawn from French waters.

A dispatch from Saigon says that imperative orders have been given for the disarmament of the Russian cruiser Diana, which sought refuge in the harbor of Saigon eight months ago. The main portion of the Diana's machinery must be handed over to the French naval authorities at Saigon. In the chamber of deputies today Premier Rouvier said: "Formal, precise and repeated orders have been given to our agents in Indo-China to assure the absolute neutrality of France in Indo-Chinese waters."

Communications with St. Petersburg have led to orders being transmitted by the Russian government to Vice Admiral Rojestvensky to vigorously respect the neutrality of the French waters. It is even stated that Foreign Minister Lansdowne will carry the question before Emperor Nicholas in order to assure its complete respect. It was stated at the foreign office late this afternoon that no representations of any kind have been presented by Great Britain concerning neutrality. At the same time it is anticipated that some such representations will be made. The fact that the British ambassador, Sir Francis Bertie, has given his Easter holiday and will return to Paris tonight, after a conference with Foreign Secretary Lansdowne, appears to support this view. However, the cordial relations existing between France and Great Britain would doubtless modify any representations so as to relieve them of serious significance.

St. Petersburg, April 22.—Reports are current here that the Russian second Pacific squadron has already left Kamranh bay and is on its way to Vladivostok, but the government will proceed with its action on the Japanese protest as if the squadron had not continued its voyage.

IF THIS TYPEWRITER SUCCEEDS

Its Inventor Says It Will Produce Printed Words from Spoken Ones.

W. T. McCall of Xenia, Ohio, claims to have invented a typewriter that in possibilities is not short of marvelous. It is in reality three machines in one, he says, designed to take down dictation automatically, to make any number of original form letters, each with a different address, and without manifold, and to take dictation of words in one language and reproduce them in the equivalent words of several languages. McCall has a capacity of 50,000 words in his machine, which he says is practically complete, at his work rooms in Cincinnati. This machine, which proposes to do away with stenographers, is operated on the principle of sound waves, resembling more the phonograph than the telephone. The difficulty McCall encountered in the reproduction of words having the same sound, but different spelling, such as "sight," "site," and "cite," but he proposes overcoming that with a code composed of some varying prefix for the same sounding words. The machine has a capacity of 50,000 words an hour. That part for the forming of letters being the most practicable is to be produced first, he says. In operation it is somewhat similar to the piano players now in general use. There is a roll of paper on which is a form of letter to be sent out, and on another roll of paper the name and address of the firms to whom the letters are to go. The rolls are adjusted so the name and address will meet at the proper place the sheet containing the letter. The third part of the machine is designed to reproduce words into another language, does not produce idiom of sentences, but translates literally word for word in the order spoken. The scheme is this: The sound waves affect an intermediate mechanism, which in turn produces the sound waves necessary to make the word in other languages. The words in common use in languages will be placed in records by some one speaking each language clearly, so that later the person dictating can pronounce the word properly. It makes no difference what language is dictated to the machine nor what language it is desired to record the dictation in, McCall says. The only company formed so far for this wonderful invention is a developing company. One for the manufacture of the machines will be formed shortly, he claims.

STRANGE SALMON IN FRASER.

Believed Columbia River Fish Have Found Their Way Into the Other Stream.

VANCOUVER, B. C., April 22.—Spring salmon, of a variety never before seen in the Fraser river, are now running in large numbers. They are pronounced to be Columbia river Chinook. They are supposed to have missed the Columbia river on the north journey and to have come on north to the Fraser. They feed in the vicinity of Monterey, Cal., every winter. Their appearance in the Fraser river this year is being watched with much interest by the canners and others in the salmon fisheries on this coast.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Want When You Buy Soap.

See the Signature of Dr. H. H. H. H.

SALEM BRANCH

Mitchell Wagons

When a man buys a Mitchell wagon he knows he gets his money's worth, and can depend on the wagon doing his work always and under all circumstances. It has, therefore, come to be known and recognized as the MONARCH OF THE ROAD.

Champion Draw Cut Mowers

"Draw Cut" means drawing the finger bar of a mower along over the ground instead of pushing it. The draw cut mower is, without doubt, the most durable and powerful mower that has ever been made in the Champion factories. Has great strength and durability, and is easy and light to operate.

Champion Force Feed Binders

The Champion Force Feed Binder, with improved force feed elevator, and other special features, has established a world wide reputation for successfully handling crops under the most difficult conditions, as well as under ordinary and favorable conditions.

Stover Gasoline Engines

The Stover Engine is a four cycle, hit and miss type. The governor being connected to the fly wheel of the engines requires no gear or belt. Every part of the engine is interchangeable.

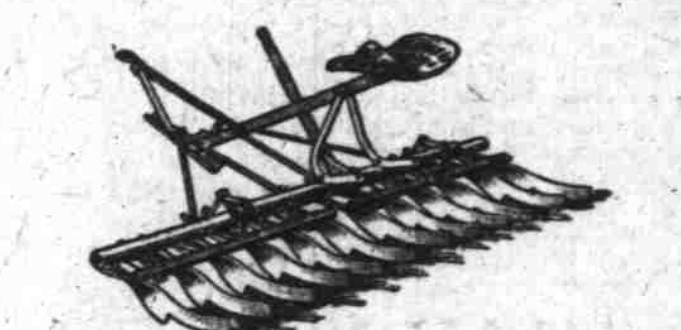
Buggies, Hacks and Runabouts

We have 50 different styles. In our Salem branch stock there are no two alike. Each one is a sample of a car lot in the Portland warehouse.

SEE THE NEW J. I. CASE DOUBLE DISC PLOWS

Acme Pulverizing Hop Harrow

CLOD CRUSHER, LEVELLER AND FERN EXTERMINATOR.



The "Acme" is a general purpose harrow that will crush, cut, lift, turn smooth, and level all in one operation.

Sanders Disc Plows

DO THE BEST WORK. Lightest draft, has all the necessary adjustments and there is nothing to get out of fix. Steel frame, rigid and strong. Made single and in gangs. Can be changed from one number of discs to another. Full chilled scrapers for sticky land, will scour anywhere.

Harrow Cart

The New Model Harrow Cart will attach to any harrow, no matter how many levers or sections. It fastens up close behind the harrow and turns without changing the position of the seat.

Champion Hay Rakes

The Champion Lock Lever Self-Dump Rake works so easy that a boy may rake the heaviest hay and bunch it with the rake as well as a man. Strong and well built.

The Southwick

TWO HORSES, FULL CIRCLE, DOUBLE STROKE HAY PRESS. Capacity 12 to 18 tons per day. Positive, automatic plunger draw. It has the only simple and successful self-feeder which has ever been attached to a two-horse power press.

The Ross Manure Spreader

The Ross Manure Spreader is guaranteed. You can't possibly make a mistake if you buy one.

The Badger Spring Tooth Harrow

15 and 17 teeth—no holes in teeth. Best steel frames. Absolutely rigid, doing more effective work once over than a cheap, poorly constructed harrow will do twice over. It's the Badger—it's the best for hops and summer fallow.

Mitchell, Lewis & Staver Company

F. F. CAREY, Manager
219-229-237 STATE STREET
SALEM, OREGON

HE WILL RESIGN

MONSIEUR DELCASSE MAKES KNOWN HIS INTENTION OF GIVING UP OFFICE.

It is Said That International Controversies Over Moroccan and Far Eastern Questions Are Responsible for Forcing Ministers' Determination

PARIS, April 21.—After a notable service of nearly eight years in the division of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse today informed President of the Council Rouvier of his desire and intention of resigning. The announcement was a surprise and a shock to M. Delcasse's colleagues. A cabinet council was held this afternoon, at which M. Rouvier, in the absence of M. Delcasse, laid the situation before the ministers. It was the unanimous determination of the council that the interests of the country at this time required that M. Delcasse retain the portfolio of foreign affairs.

It is believed that M. Delcasse will yield to the insistence of President Rouvier and the president of the council. The motives leading up to M. Delcasse's sudden determination to retire from the cabinet are primarily attributed to international controversies over the Moroccan question, and this, to some extent, has been accompanied by similar controversies over French neutrality in the Far East.

The opposition, headed by the Socialists and Nationalists, has directed vehement criticisms against M. Delcasse.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Diplomats in close touch with European chancelleries hold the opinion that Morocco, more than the menace to the French neutrality in the Far East, is responsible for the threatened retirement of Delcasse, the French minister of foreign affairs. It has been learned that France has informed Germany that nothing could have been further from her intentions than to injure the German interests in Morocco. So satisfied is Germany, it is said, with the attitude of France, and so different is that attitude from what Germany believed, that it is believed here that Berlin and Paris are approaching a complete accord on the subject.

BAIL IS NOT FURNISHED.

Mrs. Chadwick Will Remain in Jail Until Conclusion of Bankruptcy Hearings.

CLEVELAND, April 22.—Bail was not offered today for the release of Cassie Chadwick pending the hearing of the application to the circuit court of appeals as had previously announced would be done. At the conclusion of the conference between Judge Wing and Mrs. Chadwick, the latter said it had been decided not to offer bail until after the final hearing in the bankruptcy proceedings against her. The hearing will take place May 2. Mrs. Chadwick declared she was prepared to give the required \$52,000 at any time.

OREGONIANS AT THE CAPITAL

Oregon Society at Washington, D. C., Enjoy Pleasant Gathering in New Hall.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 24.—(Special.)—The past winter in Washington was long, cold and made memorable by the snow. The "oldest inhabitant" cannot remember another winter so severe. And spring lingers by the way. While the parks and lawns are green and the shade trees are slowly leafing, only yesterday morning the roofs were covered with freshly fallen snow, and the mercury has been fooling around the freezing point. But when the warm weather arrives we shall probably forget that it was ever cold.

The last two meetings of the Oregon Society have been among the pleasantest ever held. The most recent took place last Saturday night, and while the attendance was not so large as at other meetings, everybody seemed to have a good time. The literary program was short, consisting of a selection by Mr. Condra, a paper on "Literature in Oregon" by Mrs. Ella R. Williams, and a brief sketch of the Indian woman Sacajawea by Miss Metta Davis. These papers were received with great favor. Refreshments were then served, after which nearly every one took part in the fun of a Virginia reel, Mrs. Ramsaur at the piano. Following this was a "cake walk" by Mr. Patterson and Mrs. Lackland, an exhibition of fancy dancing by Miss Lackland and her mother, and Prof. Irving showed the admiring company how to dance the "Highland fling."

During the business session, in the absence of the president, Mr. A. W. Patterson presided. The meetings are now held in a nice hall in the new Pythian temple on Ninth street, near New York avenue. Visitors from the Pacific States are always welcome.

Mrs. Benjamin Irving and children have gone to Mehama for the summer, and Mr. Irving is devoting his spare time to a post-graduate course in one of the law schools.

CAMP ROOSEVELT IS MOVED.

Hunters in Rockies Now Settled on West Divide, Prepared to Do Big Killing.

GLENWOOD SPRINGS, April 22.—Camp Roosevelt was today transferred from the east to the west divide. The president and party, according to a report received here tonight, was up early, taking their tents on their backs and started for the Will Greger ranch, twenty miles from Newcastle. They pitched camp on the banks of the west divide of the creek and will remain there until some time next week. On account of the distance from town, President Roosevelt, in all probability, will decline an invitation to attend church in Newcastle tomorrow.

Legal Blanks at Statesman Job Office

LACK OF UNITY

RUSSIAN CONGRESS OF JOURNALISTS CONCLUDES STORMY SESSION.

Program Adopted by Convention Fails to Touch Many Burning Questions of Hour—Plan for Eight-Hour Day for Workmen Eliminated From Platform.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 21.—Many demonstrations on a grand scale throughout the empire is the program of the socialist wing of the reform party as announced at the pan-Russian congress of journalists which closed today after a protracted and stormy session. The congress illustrated the lack of unity in reform circles, the program as finally adopted failing to touch many of the burning questions of the hour, on account of the inability of harmonizing the views of the elements. At the conclusion neither side was satisfied with the program.

Among the planks excoriated from the platform was the declaration for an eight-hour working day, which was carried by a majority so narrow that it was finally decided not to include it. The program adopted comprises vague resolutions in favor of nationalization of land, some form of liberation of the laboring classes from the industrial yoke and the right of various nationalities to self develop as far as consistent with the existence of the empire.

TO KILL CZAR

PLOT INVOLVING MANY OFFICERS OF EMPEROR'S HOUSEHOLD IS UNEARTHED.

Some of Conspirators Include Members of Noble Families Who Are Found in Possession of Large Quantities of Dynamite.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The World tomorrow, in a St. Petersburg dispatch, dated April 22, will say: A plot to kill the czar and his kinsmen has been discovered among the troops of the imperial guard. Many officers are involved, the very men upon whom the imperial family depends for its personal safety. Governor General Trepoff's secret agents unearthed the plot and assert that several of the conspirators who are of noble birth, were in possession of large quantities of dynamite.

PAUL LASSAB DEAD IN PEKIN

Russian Minister to Chinese Empire Succumbs to Effects of Operation.

PEKIN, April 21.—Paul Lessar, Russian minister to China, whose foot

was recently amputated, died last night.

M. Lessar, who was councillor of the Russian embassy in London, was appointed Russian minister to China July 12, 1901. The deceased minister distinguished himself as the negotiator with the Chinese of the proposed amendments to the Russo-Chinese Manchurian treaty. Early in 1901 he began a series of meetings with Prince Ching and Wang Wen Shao, who urged strong modifications of the old agreement, made with the late Li Hsing Chang, in order to maintain the sovereignty of China over Manchuria. Russia, through M. Lessar, agreed to some of the Chinese demands, but the war with Japan ended the diplomatic negotiations on the subject.

Pavloff to Succeed Lessar.

St. Petersburg, April 21.—M. Pavloff, formerly Russian minister to Corea, and now at Shanghai, will probably succeed M. Lessar, the late minister of Russia at Peking.

BOAK WINS OUT

FIGHT FOR HEAD CONSUL OF THE WOODMEN OF WORLD ENDS IN FAVOR OF DENVER.

Dean Hawley Is Re-Elected One of the Head Managers of Order—F. E. Snodgrass of Eugene, Made Head Banker—Salaries of Officers Also Fixed.

LOS ANGELES, April 21.—The Pacific division of the Woodmen of the World today elected the following officers for the ensuing year: I. I. Boak of Denver, was chosen head consul; P. E. Snodgrass of Eugene, Or., head banker; F. P. Bertschey, Denver, head auditor; Dr. T. A. Hughes, Denver, head physician.

The matter of fixing the salaries of the head managers brought about a considerable discussion, finally resulting in the members of the board, not members of the finance committee, being allowed a salary of \$800 and those who are members of the finance committee a salary of \$1200. The compensation of the head physician was fixed at 25 cents for each application acted upon.

These salaries shall be full compensation for all services rendered to the order, and no per diem will be allowed except to the head consul as heretofore provided.

GENERAL MAXIMOVITCH RESIGNS

Difference With the Committee of Ministers Regarding Polish Situation Responsible.

WARSAW, April 21.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that General Maximovitch has resigned the governorship of Warsaw owing to differences with the committee of ministers regarding the Polish concessions. The report appears well founded and if true will seriously affect the situation in Warsaw.

STOP DRINKING! STOP CHEWING TOBACCO! STOP SMOKING!

These things are made easy if you really want to quit. If you have no desire to quit and abstain afterward, don't waste your money.

TRIB

the great liquor and tobacco remedy, will take away from you all desire for the use of intoxicants or tobacco. You need not go away from home to use it. No expensive board bills to pay. The cure is quick and permanent.

Remember TRIB will cure you if you are sincere in a desire to be cured. It is only \$12.50 for a complete treatment. For sale by

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