THE MINERS IN CONGRESS

IMPORTANT RESOLUTION ADOPTED YESTERDAY.

SOME INTERESTING SPEECHES.

Will Try to Establish a Permanent Headquarters in Some City.

May Be Denver of Salt Lake—El Paso May Not Get Next Annual Session of the Congress—It Depends on Board of Directors.

PORTLAND, Aug. 23—Thursday the principal battle of the present convention of the American Mining Congress will take place. By unanimous resolution the day will be devoted to choosing a headquarters. This afternoon the permanent headquarters committee reported in favor of selecting headquarters at once, recommending Denver or Salt Lake. The selection of meeting place will be made by the board of directors in the future.

Six addresses were on the program today, and tonight a big audience greeted Chancellor E. Benjamin Andrews, of the University of Nebraska, to hear his address on the "Promotor, His Place in Our Development."

The forenoon session was taken up with the address of Senator Mitchell, who spoke on the "Government Branch Mint or Assay Office," Maurice D. Leahey of Seattle, on "Mining Law," and extemporaneius addresses by F. H. Newell and Gifford Pinchot.

The afternoon session was devoted to addresses by Col. Frank V. Drake, on "Mineral Resource of Califoria," and Orlow W. Brown, on "Cyanide Ores" of the Ragged Top District, Black Hills.

Col. Drake's Speech.

Col. Drake's speech was perhaps the most interesting that has been delivered during the present session of the Congress and follows:

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the American Mining Congress: In journeying to this assemblage, those of you who came from the North crossed the great river of the West. On May 11, 1792, Captain Robert Gray entered this river in the good ship Columbia and bestowed the name of his vessel on the stream. From the ship's masthead the identical flag fashioned by the cunning hands of Betsy Ross (the first American flag ever made) floated defiance to its foes and tokened dominion over the Western world. The first flag on this good ship, was the New Republic's first messenger around the world. The captain's sea-chest, wherein was stored the flag when not at the peak, is here in your midst, the property of the Oregon Historical Society.

Some of you, on entering the state from the East, passed over a range called the Blue Mountains. Others coming from the South crossed the Siskiyou Mountains on entering Oregon. In either case you enjoyed unsurpassable scenery and severally encountered the present feet of what in early geological times were twin islands, the genesis of the North Pacific Coast.

In the beginning the Eastern portion of the Blue Mountain Range and the Siskiyou Mountains were two islands far off the then Western coast of what is now North America; mere granite peaks in a world of waters. So that in much of your journeyings here, to our honor and pleasure, you hae reached us by traversing an ancient ocean bed, exalted and somewhat crumpled now, and in part covered with modern lavas, and crossed the feet of two very old islands, the geological parents of this lovely and wonderful state.

At this day, standing on the summit of the ancient Blue Mountain island, you are surrounded, not by a shoreless sea, but by hundreds of majestic mountains, bald of head, their faces gashed and wrinkled with canyons and gorges, and bearded with dense lark firs, cedars and pines, the unshorn growth of the centuries. These are the giants which hoard the treasure vaults of Eastern Oregon. They, with the intervening valleys, cover a territory nearly equaling in extent the combined areas of the states of Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Conneticut.

Standing upon the summit of that other ancient island, the Siskiyou (designated in United States geological surveys as "Klamath") you are surrounded by another array of sentinels, wrinkled and whiskered like their brothers, guarding immeasurable treasures in Southern Oregon, and covering an area of over 15,000 square miles.

Coming Northward through Central Western Oregon, a section often locally embraced in the general designation "Southern Oregon" you cross the more modern ranges of the Rogue and Calapooia, and here again the massive hills, all bearded and unshorn, are hoarding limitless treasures for the good of the industrious and hopeful men who darre attempt great deeds for great wealth. The area of the richly mineralized portion of this section equals in extent at least one of the populous and wealthy New England states.

First Discovery of Gold On the Pacific Coast Was In Oregon.

In 1845, at the feet of the old Blue Mountain island, the second discovery of gold in the present limits of the United States was made. Marshall, who made the discovery in California in 1848, was an Oregon emigrant. It was this third discovery that set the world ablaze with universal desire to get riches quickly. This desire has not perceptibly abated with the passing years. Gold was found on the Santiam river in 1847, but the immigrating Missourians of that day had not fully developed the characteristic desire to "know things by seeing them," and didn't yet know gold when the saw it. The stories of their conjectures as to what the yellow stuff really was are both pathetic and ludicrous. It was useful, however, and nuggets were easily hammered into sinkers for their fishhooks. Later, millions of ounces of the royal metal mined from the placers of Oregon went into history as California gold.

Obstructions to Development.

Furthermore, various coincident conditions retarded development in this line. The first discoverers did not know gold. They were trappers, farmers and missionaries. They were far removed from Govermental protection and the British claimed the territory. Congress, uninformed, was obstructive, almost antagonistic, to the purposes of the far-away pioneers. Unlike the passive, even helpful, Digger Indians of California, the Oregon Indians were murderously aggressive and many of them had to be killed. The mountains were prodigious, covere dwith soil and timber, and prospecting for minerals was laborious and slow. The unexcelled forests, prairies, fish-stocked rivers and multitudinous herds and flocks of fat game attracted the man who did not come looking for mines. Development of the state's mineral resources was therefore slow, and the early miners took only a small part of the most accessible and easily gotten coarse gold of the placers. Sluicing and rocking was the limit of the early days.

Occasionally discoveries of even very rich deposits of the precious metals did not suffice to woo many Oregonians from the satisfying returns of their orchards, farms, fisheries, and the haunts of abundant wild game. The state is very large and the communities therein still small.

Oregon, however, is rich in precious metals and commercial minerals, and has offerings which invite and challenge the lore and industry of geologists, mineralogists and miners, probably surpassing that of any of her sister tates.

After entering into a full discussion of the mining question, Mr. Drake closed with the following:

So, after a dinner (we call it supper out here) of bean soup, mountain trout from the neighboring stream; grouse, murdered near the cabin door, boiled potatoes, mealy and smoking; biscuts, ruddy and hot; white sop, done brown; pie of fruit garnered from yon huckleberry patch, and coffee—black coffee—all prepared in the huge fireplace of the miner's mountain home, we lie, in the holy twilight, on the grass and flowers outside the cabin walls and listen to the voices in the nearby, happy brook, the mystical harpings up among the needles of the pines, the crickets practicing on their pipes, the plaintive woongs of the turtle dove, the weird, low murmur (you can scahce hear it) which sometimes comes out of the very hearts of the mountains, smoke the pipe of peace and contentment and strive by spirit telegraphy to reach the consciousness of loved ones far away. Ah! the serenity and splendor, the sublimity, solemnity, glory of deepening twilight in the mountains of our Western Wonderland.

At the conclusion of the afternoon session of the Congress the delegates were taken for a trip about the city. The ladies of the delegations this afternoon were taken to the Willamette Falls, as guests of the Women's Clubs of Oregon.

PRESS HOTLY

JAPANESE ARE BEARING HEAVILY ON RUSSIAN CENTER AT PORT ARTHUR.

Chinese Bring News That Port Arthur Has all But Fallen—Other Russian Gunboats Reported as Sunk in the Harbor.

CHEFOO, Aug. 23.—(Noon.)—According to advices brought here from Port Arthur by a junk, the Japanese were hotly pressing the Russian center along the railway and the Russian right in the vicinity of Golden Hill. These advices are brought by Chinese who departed from Taipangtse, which is one mile from the city near Golden Hill, between the city and the forts of the Russian right wing. The Chinese declare that the Japanese occupied Tainaagtse and penetrated along the railway to General Stoessel's residence on August 21.

As this report would indicate that Port Arthur had all but fallen, the Japanese expert attached to the local consul received the information with great reserve. The information is accepted, however, as a confirmation of previous reports that the Russians have been driven from Itzshan, and that the Japanese are very close to the southern forts and the eastern defenses. The local Japanese, under the leadership of their Consul, are subscribing money and preparing to celebrate the expected fall of the fortress.

The Chinese who arrived today further report that a Russian warship was hit by a shell recently and sunk in the harbor.

A report was cabled several days ago that a gunboat of the Otvajani type had been sunk. This is probably the vessel referred to.

ENTERS SALEM TERRITORY.

United State Gypsum Company Product Welcomed by Builders and Contractors.

Always putting forth a strong effort to secure the best there is in every line the Voget Lumber Co. has secured the sole agency for **Flint Cement Plaster**, a product of the hard mortar industry. During the years that Flint has been on the market it has successfully passed through every imaginable test, and today the manufacturers hold it to be as near perfection in its line as it is possible to get. Each ingredient that enters into its compounding has received the most careful attention and its action upon the finished product noted. Tests have been made that were rigid enough to satisfy not only well known architects and contractors, but government inspectors as well. Flint is not a new product but one that has stood the test of years. It costs but a trifle more and yet it's cheaper in the end, as it is indestructible and fire-proof. The first order placed by the Voget Lumber and Fuel Co. was for one car load, and those that have used it report themselves as well pleased. If you watch the advertisement of this firm you will find all the points of advantage brought out so that if you intend to build you will have an intelligent idea as to what is best for you to use in wall plaster. The BEST is none too good and Flint Wall Plaster has won for itself the record of being the BEST.

Legal Blanks, Statesman Job Office.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Makes Clean Bread

With Royal Baking Powder there is no mixing with the hands, no sweat of the brow. Perfect cleanliness, greatest facility, sweet, clean, healthful food.

Full instructions in the "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook" book for making all kinds of bread, biscuit and cake with Royal Baking Powder. Gratis to any address.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

FOR THE SIDNEY ROAD.

Polk County Court Is Taking Active Steps Toward Building of This Project.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

A special from Independence says: The survey for the Sidney road was completed yesterday by County Surveyor Van Orsdel and the two viewers. The road will cost about $500 only when completed, and will give an outlet for some fifty families, about twenty-five along the route and some twenty-five or thirty immediately opposite Sidney in Marion county.

A ferry has already been established at Sidney by the milling company there and it will be made a free ferry to the public. The matter will come up for final disposition before the county court of this county September 7, and at that meeting a delegation from Independence, Sidney and Salem will visit the county court to present the matter. The right of way to Salem has been fenced for some 400 yards along one side of the road by the property owners and takes up part of a road used for more than twenty years. This road is almost impassible in winter time, and will be more so from henceforth if the matter of improvement is not adjusted, and for this purpose it has been decided to send a delegation to Dallas.

PORT ARTHUR NOT EASY

JAPANESE ATTACK MET REPULSE WITH TERRIFIC LOSS.

MORE RUSSIAN SHIPS ARE LOST.

Askold and Grozovoi Must Leave Shanghai, Is Great Britain's Order.

Port Arthur Town Being Ruined by Heavy Fire of Japanese Cannon—Few Buildings Undamaged—Fighting Is Very Severe.

LIAO YANG, Aug. 24.—According to the latest information from Port arthur a furious Japanese attack on August 19-20 was repulsed with terrific loss. The news was received here with the greatest joy.

Must Leave Shanghai.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Consul Goodnow at Shanghai today cables the State Department that the Chinese Tastai of Shanghai, through the British Consul, has ordered repairs to the Askold and Grozovoi stopped. The order was made through the British Consul because of the fact that repairs are being made by a British company at Shanghai.

Want to Await Tide.

London, Aug. 23—A correspondent of the Times at Pekin says that the Wai Wu Pu (Chinese Foreign Board) is trying to arrange a compromise by which the Japanese may be induced to permit the Askold to remain in Shanghai until Sunday, when the tides will permit the cruiser to cross the bar.

Initiative May Pass to Russians.

Berlin, Aug. 23.—In a dispatch from Liao Yang under date of August 23, a correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger says: The indications are that the initiative is about to pass to the Russians. The Japanese plan of campaign including the atack upon the Liao Yang has apparently been deranged by the unexpected stubborn resistence at Port Arthur. Kuroki has withdrawn to the south of the Taitze river and the only outposts are near the city.

Russian Battleships Damaged

Tokio, Aug. 23.—Admiral Kataoka reports that as the Russian battleship Sevastopol was emerging from Port Arthur yesterday she struck a mine and afterward she was seen to be listed to starboard. S he was towed back into the harbor.

Japanese Steadily Gaining.

Chefoo, Aug. 24.—A junk which left the Liao Ti promontory the night of August 21 reports that the Japanese succeeded in occupying Antszshan forts as well as another fort, probably Etzshan, about a mile southwest of Antszshan. They have driven the Russians from the parade ground, which lies about two miles to the north of the harbor. They have destroyed two forts at Chaochanko, which is within the eastern fortifications and they have advanced to a point near Shaochanko. This news confirms the information received here previously and which local Japanese were not inclined to believe. The junk heard firing until midnight, August 22.

Scarcely a building in Port Arthur remains undamaged. The town hall, used as a magazine, has been destroyed. Four large warships, unable to fight are at Port Arthur. Only one ship, a vessel with two masts and two funnels has guns on board. The fire of the forts not captured by the Japanese, together with the effect of the land mines, is given as the reason why the Japanese have not yet conquered the stronghold.

Like Daisies Before the Scythe,

Baby lives are destroyed in summer by cholera infantum. The attack of the disease is sudden, its progress is sometimes terribly rapid. Mothers who have given their children Perry Davis' Painkiller can tell how this treatment has checked the diarrhoea and vomiting, and put the little patient out of danger. 25 and 50 cents.

Cholera Infantum.

This disease has lost its terrors since Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy came into general use. The uniform success which attends the use of this remedy in all cases of bowel complaints in children has made it a favorite wherever its value has become known. For sale by all druggists.

PREDICT FALL

SUPERSTITIOUS NOW EXPECTING THE FALL OF PORT ARTHUR SOON.

Say It Will Take Place on the Day of the Christening of the Czarevitch, the New Heir to the Russian Crown—Others Occurred on Fete Days.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 23.—With all Russia hanging breathlessly on the fate of Port Arthur, even such a national event as the christening of the Czarevitch is robbed of much prominence which would otherwise be accorded it and St. Petersburg tonight is dim and silent with no sign of activity. The capital tonight is filled with sinister rumors of Port Arthur's desperate straits.

The superstitious are predicting the fall of the fortress on the day of the baptism of the Czarevitch, but this is easily traceable to the fact that several big Russian reverses occurred on Russian fete days. It is reported a message was received from Gen. Stoessel tonight sent from Port Arthur August 22 by the way of Chefoo, saying a desperate assault by the Japanese had been in progress during the previous forty-eight hours. No confirmation of the report can be had. A more hopeful view is derived from an unofficial dispatch from Liao Yang, saying that in two days assault on August 19-20, the attackers were beaten off with heavy loss. The situation at Liao Yang itself is quiet, but improving weather presages a renewal of military activity. It is believed if Kuropatkin is contemplating a diversion in favor of Port Arthur it will not be long delayed.

APPROVED EVERYTHING.

Parker Satisfied With Plans Made and to Be Made.

Esopus, Aug. 23.—Plans for the National campaign were laid before Judge Parker today by Delancy Nicoll, of New York, Vice Chairman of the Democratic National Committee. Parker approved everthing that had been done and all the comittee had in contemplation.

A TEXAS WONDER

HALL'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

One small bottle of the Texas Wonder, Hall's Great Discovery, cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women, regulates bladder trouble in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of $1. One small bottle is two month's treatment. Dr. Ernest W. Hall, sole manufacturer, P. O. box, 629, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by all druggists and Dr. S. C. Stone's Drug Store.

READ THIS.

To Whom It May Concern:

This is to certify that I was down for nine months with kidney and bladder trouble, and tried all known remedies to no avail until a neighbor induced me to get a bottle of Texas Wonder, one half of which cured me sound and well; this I would cheerfully swear to, and for the benefit of those who are afflicted and wishing to be permanently cured, they can obtain a bottle at my house located on West 11th street.

Yours truly,

J. J. SEALE,
Medford, Or.

ARE FOOLISH

SEC. WINSTANLEY THINKS THE HOP GROWERS SHOULD NOT HURRY TO CONTRACT.

Secretary of English Growers Association Says Conditions Are Very Uncertain There And Prospects Bright For Good Price.

According to a communication which has been received by Secretary Winstanley, of the Oregon Hop Growers Association, from Secretary Thomas Ironmonger, of the National Association of English Hop Growers, of London, England, under date of Aug. 5, the hop growers of the Pacific Northwest have everything their own way as to what phice they will accept for English shippers this year that is, a bright, yellow hop, if they will only persevere and not be in too much of a hurry to dispose of their growing crop, either by contracting or otherwise. Twenty-five cents has been paid here in seeral cases, in the shape of a bonafide sale, which gives rise to the belief that the price this year will not be much better than at the close of last year's market. Secrettary Winstanley Winstanel says that all of the estimates upon the growing crop so far, according to the information he has at hand are too high, and that he considers that 80,000 bales for Oregon is a pretty good figure to set it at.

That portion of Secretary Ironmonger's letter pertaining to the condition of the hop market in England, follows;

"Our growers have passed through a very trying time, having had to contend with almost the worst attack of aphis blight ever known. Its persistency has been constant, and spraying, therefore, universal. Many gardens have been washed from six to eight times, and some of our people frightened by the expense, have given up in despair. Even now when the hops are appearing, lice are to be seen in places. Then again mold appeared early, and threatened to be dangerous, but the recent hot weather has helped them in this respect. But the general resnlt is that we shall only harvest moderate crop, present estimates being about 400,000 cwt., which is lower than our last year's crop.

"There is wild talk about possible values, but we know that the Continental yield will be large, and that our country will have a good supply, it does not seem likely that such sanguine ideas will be realized. There is, of course, the usually accepted fact that stocks throughout the world win be limited, and it is, therefore, not improbable that the brewers will be forced into the market early but as to this there is much uncertainty, therefore it is not safe to indulge too freely in predictions.

"Our climate has been very trying to all vegetation, and hops have felt the effects of the prolonged dryness, especially, had it continued much longer absolute ruin must have followed, but about a fortnight ago storms brought copius and general rains, with the result that the best cultivated grounds were much benefited, although many of the poorer pieces were too far gone for recovery. There are people who declare with confidence that the total crop will not exceed 350,000 cwts., but I think such pessimism is extreme, and that the figure previously named will be nearer the mark. At any rate our present market is affected by the outlook, and the depression that ruled up to about a month ago has now given place to firmness, prices having advanced within the last fortnight by about 10s.

"Our future very much depends upon the action of the growers upon your side and on the Continent. If they are induced to contract early and at low prices, thus enabling dealers to flood our buyers with tempting offers, we But if our foreign competitors are firm shall come off second best, and our men who have small crops will be hit hard. we shall have a chance of starting well, and maintaing a good position, by which policy both your people and ours will be benefiited. It is my feeling that if your growers could be taught to be cautious, their interests would be promoted.

COUNTY INSTITUTES.

State Superintendent Will Go to Eastern Oregon on Educational Work.

State Superintendent Ackerman will leave tomorrow for Eastern Oregon on a vist to Union county and Wasco county. He goes to attend the county teachers' institutes which meet the coming week.

The institute in Union county will meet on Monday and the meeting in Wasco will take place on Wednesday. Superintendent Ackerman tries to attend every institute that is held along railroad routes, and where he has to travel on stage coaches he only goes every other year.

The county institute for Marion county will not be held until November 23d.

TEAMSTERS GAIN INTELLIGENCE.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23—Members of the teamsters union who have been on a strike in an effort to aid the striking butchers held a conference meeting here tonight to determine whether to withdraw from the strike. They finally decided the teamsters as a body would refuse to give any further assistance to the strike, and the question of remaining on the strike or going back to work was left to the various local unions.

HIGHER IDEALS.

Fhom the Washington Star.

"Don't you think that the ideals of American statesmanship are higher now than they used to be?"

"Sure they are," answered Senator Sorghum, "I've known the time when $500 was considered big money. Now you can't get a man that amounts to anything to look at less than ten thousand."

REMORSELESS.

"This commercial struggle is terrible," said the man who takes everything he reads seriously,"

"What's the trouble?"

"The patent food people are trying to make everybody so healthy that there will be no one left for the patent medicine people to cure."—Washington Star.

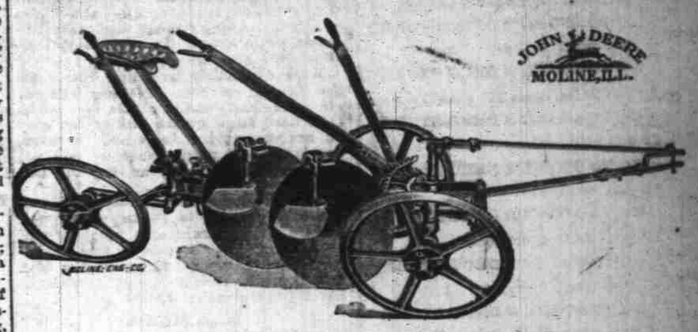
Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of Mother's Friend before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. Mother's Friend overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

The John Deere Plow



THE KIND YOU CAN

TURN AROUND WITH—RIDE WITH COMFORT AND OPERATE WITH EASE—TREAT ANY SOIL AT ANY TIME OF YEAR—CHANGE FROM SINGLE TO DOUBLE OR TRIPLE IN THE FIELD.

We have a car load now and expect to get more.

MANNING & FERGUSON

Corner State and Commercial Streets, Salem, Oregon

WHY KINLOCH PASTE IS THE IDEAL HOUSE PAINT

The purpose of House Paint is to **Protect** and **Beautify.**

"Linseed oil is the life of paint" because it is the binder, the mucilage, that holds the pigments (the dry paint) to the surface; and only when the oil loses this binding quality through its disintegration by atmospheric influences should the loosened dry particles of pigment come off. The office of the pigment is decorative and also preservative in prolonging the life of the oil by protecting it from the elements.

Absolute certainty of the purity of the linseed oil constitutes the chief economy in paint buying, for to exactly the extent that the binding quality of the oil is weakened by the use of adulterants or cheap "thinners," **the durability of the whole paint is diminished.**

You have this absolute certainty of the quality of the oil in the Paint put on your house when you buy Kinloch Paint, **because you buy the oil separately** and give your paint this absolutely certain durability by mixing this oil gallon for gallon with the **thick "Kinloch" paste** in which, for your convenience and the certainty of proper proportions, all the pigments, tinting colors, "turps" and dryers are ground together and sold you, ready for the admixture of the pure raw oil by yourself.

These facts alone make "Kinloch" the ideal paint; but besides this guarantee of durability through your personal knowledge of the purity of the oil, is the fact that when you buy two gallons of the ordinary ready-mixed paint—the "ready for the brush" sort—you pay the ready-mixed paint price for the one gallon of oil therein, regardless of its purity, or **2 1/2 to 5 times more** than for the fresh pure oil in your local dealer's barrel.

We invite correspondence from those who use or buy House Paint.

WHEREVER WE HAVE NO AGENT, YOUR OWN DEALER WILL GET "KINLOCH" FOR YOU, IF SHOWN THIS AD., BY WRITING DIRECT TO KINLOCH PAINT COMPANY, ST. LOUIS, MO.

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE.

Sold by F. G. Bowersox, Salem, Or. The Knapp & Hart Co. Distributors, Portland, Oregon.

IS IN A MUDDLE

THE OWNERSHIP OF DESDEMONA SANDS IN COLUMBIA QUESTION FOR DISPUTE.

Application for Purchase of Accretions Thereto From Oregon and Application for Purchase Entire Island from Washington to Bring Matter to Issue.

Through the aplication of George H. George, which has been filed with the Oregon State Land Board, for the purchase of the accretions to an island situated in the Columbia river and known as Desdemona Sands, the interesting question of the ownership of this island is again brought up, and this time perhaps, in a manner such as to bring about an ultimate decision upon the matter even if it has to be carried up to the federal courts. The accretions to the island which Mr. George desires to purchase consist, approximately, of about 317 acres of tide land, which is considered very valuable from a fisherman's point of view.

Several years ago this entire island was sold by the state of Oregon to one Mr. Barker, who has since become a partner in the Columbia River Packing Association. As the state is not allowed to sell tide lands to a corporation, it is presumed that Mr. George, who is secretary of that association, will make application for the purchase of the accretions in person. The most interesting feature about the matter now, it appears, is the understanding by the Oregon State Land Board that another party has made application before the Washington State Land Board for the purchase of the entire island, including the accretions. This state of affairs arises from the fact that the state of Washington also lays claim to the ownership of the island. The basis for this question of ownership of the property is formed by the interstate dispute over the location of the dividing line between the two states, and it is this question which will probably have to be settled by the federal courts before it ends.

The description of the boundary line of the state, especially the northern boundary, as contained in the constitution, while evidently quite clearly drawn when the lines were established it seems now is very confusing. The northwest corner of the state's boundary line is described as a point three miles west of the north channel of the river, and the north line, as following up the "middle" channel. The channels of the river change so often and widely, that sometimes, it is said, it is difficult to determine as to which is the "middle" channel.

The State Land Board is also in receipt of an application from Mrs. Sarah E. Warren for the purchase of 3.95 acres of tide land lying in front of the town of Warrenton, on Skipanuon creek.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR

Cascara or Chittim Bark

Call or address **F. G. Haas** 96 State St Salem, Ore.

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON

College of Literature, Science, and the Arts. College of Science and Engineering. School of Mines ann Mining. School of Music, School of Law, School of Medicine.

The session of 1903-4 opens Wednesday, September 14. For catalogue, address

REGISTRAR UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, EUGENE, OREGON.

Capital National Bank

Of Salem Transacts a General Banking Business.

Savings Bank Department

Pays three per cent interest on Savings accounts. Compounded semi-annually. Deposits of one dollar or more received at any time. Pass book issued to each depositor.

Fire Insurance We represent the "Royal," "Phenix" and "Scottish Union and National" fire insurance companies. Be on the safe side and take out a policy now. Hop insurance a specialty. We furnish hop tickets to our customers.

HOLVERSON & BELLE