

## RECEIVED A BIG OVATION

### President Roosevelt Is Lionized in Omaha, Nebraska

## TEN THOUSAND PEOPLE

### Gathered at the Coliseum to Hear Him Speak Last Night

### FARTY ENCOUNTERED A SEVERE AND TRYING WIND AND RAIN-STORM, WHICH MADE TRAVELING DISAGREEABLE—CREATED BY 50,000 PEOPLE.

OMAHA, Neb., April 27.—Ten thousand people gathered at the Coliseum tonight to hear President Roosevelt. The day has been a trying one for the entire party, the wind blowing the entire day, and at Lincoln a smart rain storm greeted the President on his arrival. The dust and sand which blew across the prairie added another unpleasant feature to the journey, which was of a circuitous route.

After leaving Grand Island the first stop was at Hastings. Fairmount and Crete received short stops and the train arrived at Lincoln at 1 o'clock. After brief stops at Wahoo and Fremont the journey was not again interrupted until Omaha was reached at 5:15. Much preparation had been made in this city for the President's coming and he was greeted by probably 50,000 people, who lined the streets on both sides for a mile and a half along the route of the carriage drive. From every flagstaff in the city "Old Glory" floated proudly.

The drive ended at the Omaha Club, where a banquet was given the President and party. Covers were laid for ninety. The President's train will leave at 5 o'clock tomorrow morning for a trip through Iowa. After a banquet at the Club, the President and party were escorted to the Coliseum. When the President entered the hall struck up "Hail to the Chief," and he was accorded a tremendous ovation.

### Advised the Laborers.

Omaha, Neb., April 27.—The President devoted most of his speech to the question of good citizenship. He also delivered a brief eulogy on the life of U. S. Grant, today being the anniversary of his birth. Omaha is threatened with an industrial strike on May 1, and the President was asked to say something bearing in this subject. He advised his hearers to study the conclusion of the report of the Anthracite Coal Commission.

## HE WAS HERE BEFORE

### PLEAS ARMSTRONG, MURDERER, THREATENED TO "SHOOT UP" CHURCH SOCIAL.

### BAKER CITY, Ore., April 27.—Attaches of Sheriff Brown's office have stumbled upon what is regarded as a

remarkable coincidence in connection with the Armstrong murder case. When the murderer was brought to the city Christmas morning it was not his first appearance before the officers nor initial introduction into the Baker county jail. The jail register shows the following entry:

"Pleasant Armstrong, disturbing the peace, December 25, 1899. Committed to the county jail for seventeen days by Justice of the Peace O'Brien, of Rainier."

This crime was that of brandishing a gun, while in an intoxicated state, and threatening to "shoot up" a church social which was in progress. Just three years to the day Armstrong entered the same corridor for the second time, though with the enormity of his sin manifold increased. His first offense a misdemeanor, and the second the greatest crime against man, the prisoner can but feel the unusual circumstances. The two journeys from Haines to Baker City he made in the custody of Deputy Sheriff Snow.

The condemned man undoubtedly attached more than passing significance to the remark of Deputy Snow the morning he was taken for killing Miss Ensigner. When about to enter the officer's buggy Armstrong made statements to the effect that he did not know if he could make the trip, probably referring to his weakness from the self-inflicted wound on his head, but the deputy replied, "I guess you can, as you've been over the same road with me before."

## WAS FOILED BY FATE

### YOUNGSTER SERIOUSLY INJURED IN ATTEMPTING AN ESCAPE FROM REFORMATORY.

Lee Jacks, a 13-years-old inmate of the State Reform School, while attempting to make his escape from that institution at an early hour on Sunday morning, sustained a heavy fall and in consequence thereof, a fracture of both legs above the knees, a broken jaw and, it is feared, internal injuries that may prove serious, if not fatal.

Jacks and a companion, in their eager desire to effect an escape from the institution, improvised a rope of their blankets and sheets and, tying one end to the foot of a bed, dropped the other out of the third-story window. Jacks was the first one to attempt the descent and he started down the rope. Everything went well until he reached within twenty-four feet of the ground, when the rope parted and he dropped upon the cement pavement below with such weight as to sustain the plurality of injuries mentioned above. He was considerably stunned for some time, but he was picked up and his injuries were of such a nature that he was taken to the Salem Hospital, where Drs. A. E. Tammis and Boyd set the fractures to rights but, on account of the swollen condition of the boy's head, which renders him speechless, and his arms, the exact extent of his injuries could not be determined.

Young Jacks was committed to the school from Portland, but, since his commitment, his parents have removed to California. He has the reputation as being a very bad boy, is classed among the incorrigibles, and has been the source of no little trouble to the management of the institution. He is a half-brother to Otto S. Kibbe, the celebrated high-diver, of Astoria, who was so badly cut up by the passenger train in this city in August, 1901, by falling off the tracks of the baggage car as the train was moving out of town. It is very difficult for the physicians to determine whether or no he will recover the shock.

## MANY POINTS ARE DENIED

### By Russia, While Others Are Minimized

## THE DEMANDS UPON CHINA

### Not So Stringent and Dictatorial as Has Been Colored

### THOSE POINTS MOST OBJECTIONABLE ARE DENIED EMPHATICALLY, AND, IF THE ANSWER PROVES TRUE, AMERICA'S OBJECTIONS WILL BE REMOVED.

ST. PETERSBURG, Russia, April 27.—The Russian Foreign Office, when shown the Pekin dispatch of April 23d setting forth the eight demands made by Russia on China regarding Manchuria, entered a denial of a number of the points, and minimized the importance of the others.

St. Petersburg, April 27.—Commenting on each point separately, the Foreign Office says:

"First—Absolutely false. Not our affair.  
"Second—Depends upon China. Not in our power (diplomatic discussions).  
"Third—False.  
"Fourth—Unimportant.  
"Fifth—Such is the present arrangement.

"Sixth—Extremely important, since an English vessel in 1902 introduced the plague.  
"Seventh—False.  
"Eighth—Integrity of China is already adopted into the Russian program. No need to discuss that now."

As cabled from Pekin, April 23d, the Russian demands were as follows:

First—No more Manchurian ports or towns to be opened.  
Second—No more foreign consuls to be admitted into Manchuria.

Third—No foreigners, except Russians, to be employed in the public service of Manchuria.

Fourth—The present status of the administration of Manchuria is to remain unchanged.

Fifth—The customs receipts at the port of New Chwang are to be given to Russia. The Chinese Bank.

Sixth—The sanitary commission is to be organized under Russian control.

Seventh—Russia is entitled to attach the telegraph poles and wire of all the Chinese lines in Manchuria.

Eighth—No territory in Manchuria is to be alienated to any other power.

### Satisfactory, If True.

Washington, April 27.—Much interest was shown here tonight in the Associated Press dispatch from St. Petersburg, giving the categorical answer by the Russian Foreign Office to the inquiries regarding the eight demands which are said to have been made on China in connection with Manchuria. It was regarded as of great importance and, if borne out by the subsequent information through diplomatic channels, will give general satisfaction and meet in a large degree the desires of our Government.

## WILL DO MUCH GOOD

### ROQUE RIVER WATER TO MAKE FERTILE BIG AREA OF LAND.

MEDFORD, Ore., April 27.—J. S. Howard, chief engineer of the High Line Ditch Company, left for Portland last evening. Mr. Howard informed a Telegram reporter that Mr. Leslie, of Indianapolis, who had been looking over the line of the ditch and its capacity in the way of agricultural irrigation and use for mining purposes for the past two weeks in the interest of Eastern capitalists, is highly pleased with the outlook, and will make a favorable report. The ditch, as projected, is ninety-four miles long, and the company now has in view an extension of some thirty miles. The estimated cost of ditch and extension is \$1,300,000, and it will cover thousands of acres of fine farming lands besides numerous placer mines along its route. It will be built wide and deep enough to carry lumber from the vast sugar pine forests at the head of Roque river and thus solve the problem of transportation of the timber from that region to the railroad.

## OPEN CAMPAIGN

### AND A PUBLIC MEETING WAS HELD YESTERDAY AT ALBANY COURTHOUSE.

ALBANY, Ore., April 27.—The campaign for the special Congressional section has at last begun in this city. For the first time in history a political campaign was begun in Albany by the Socialist party and in connection with this remarkable circumstance there was an even stranger innovation in the fact that the campaign was begun on Sunday. Yesterday afternoon the Socialists held a public meeting in the court house and speeches in favor of Socialism were delivered by Hon. M. W. Wilkins, of Lorain, Cal., and Hon. J. W. Ingle, of Corvallis, Socialist candidate for Congressman. Mrs. C. B. Haritt, traveling Socialist reader, was also present. The speeches were appreciated by a fair-sized audience. Socialist literature was distributed throughout the city Saturday and yesterday.

## COURT DENIED HIM RELIEF

### Would Not Interfere With Political Questions

## THE BLACK MAN'S RIGHT

### To Vote in Alabama Is Denied by the New Constitution

### CASE WAS BROUGHT TO TEST THE VALIDITY OF CONSTITUTION—FOUR JUSTICES DISAGREE UPON THE QUESTION OF JURISDICTION—A FEDERAL QUESTION.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The United States Supreme Court today decided the case of Jackson W. Giles vs. the Board of Registrars, of Montgomery county, Alabama. Giles is a colored man who was denied the privilege of registering as a voter under the new constitution of Alabama and the case was brought to test the validity of the portion of the state constitution bearing upon his question.

The relief sought was denied on the ground that the case was political. Justice Holmes, who delivered the opinion said, that for the court to interfere would be an unheard of relief in cases presenting only political questions.

Justice Harlan dissented on the ground that the court should have declined to assume jurisdiction. Justices Brewer and Brown united in the dissent in which they upheld the jurisdiction of the Federal Court on the ground that as Giles was denied the right of voting for Member of Congress, by the refusal of the right to register, a Federal question was involved.

## FRUITMEN INCORPORATE

### MEDFORD ORCHARDISTS ORGANIZED FOR PURPOSE OF BETTERING CONDITION.

MEDFORD, Ore., April 27.—The Rogue River Fruit Growers' Union met Saturday and elected a board of directors for the ensuing year. At this meeting sufficient stock was subscribed to enable the Union to incorporate, and the articles, which have already been prepared, were filed with the Secretary of State today. The board of directors consists of S. L. Bennett, president; H. F. Meader, vice-president; W. H. Norcross, secretary; L. F.

Lozier, treasurer; G. A. Hover, J. A. Perry, J. McPherson, T. L. Taylor, J. Merley. The organizers of the Union comprise the leading growers of this section outside of the big orchardists like Otwell Bros., J. A. Whitman, Lewis, De Hart and others. The Union now has a membership of twenty-two, representing several hundred acres of orchards, and expects to be able to reap a benefit from the organization both in better prices for products and lower prices for orchard supplies. The secretary, W. H. Norcross, last year, out of 150 boxes of Newtown pippins, had five boxes that were not graded as "fancy stock," which shows what kind of orchardmen are in the Union.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

PALO ALTO, Cal., April 27.—Five new cases of typhoid were reported today and yesterday. The physicians say the epidemic is abating.

Rome, Italy, April 27.—If the Pope is alive tomorrow he will have surpassed the amous Pontificate of St. Peter. His Holiness was elected Pope twenty-five years, two months and seven days ago.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 27.—A serious wreck on the Cincinnati Southern Railway near Somerset, Ky., is reported. The wires are down, and no detailed information is obtainable.

## Kelly Not Guilty.

Butte, Mont., April 27.—James W. Kelly, the newspaper man accused of the murder of Dr. Henry A. Cayley, was today found not guilty by a jury. Kelly shot Dr. Cayley in his (Kelly's) room on the morning of October 12th, last.

## General Miles Reports.

Washington, April 27.—An extended report of Lieutenant General Nelson A. Miles, concerning his observations in the Philippines, was made public today by the War Department. It is dated February 19, 1903, and covers all the features of his trip through the islands, together with recommendations.

## To Succeed Tyner.

Washington, April 27.—Charles H. Robb, Assistant Attorney for the Department of Justice, has been appointed Assistant Attorney General for the Postoffice Department to fill the place vacated by James H. Tyner, who was dismissed. Robb's home state is Vermont.

## SOCIAL FAVORITES WEDDED.

HARRISBURG, Ore., April 27.—The marriage of Mr. Robert B. Lassell and Miss May Thomas was solemnized in this city yesterday morning, at 9:30 o'clock, at the residence of the bride's parents, Rev. W. W. Davis, of the Baptist church, of Albany, officiating. The young couple are local social favorites. They will be at home to their many friends after a week spent in Portland.

President J. H. Coleman, of Williamette University, is in Portland. He has postponed his visit East for the present.

## A STATEMENT TO THE PUBLIC

### Issued by Suspended Members Red Cross Society

## APPOINTED A COMMITTEE

### To Collect Facts for Purpose of Disclosing Abuses Practiced

### CHARGE UNBUSINESSLIKE METHODS UPON OLD MANAGEMENT IN COLLECTING AND DISBURSING FINANCES—PROCEEDED UNDER BY-LAWS ILLEGALLY ADOPTED.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Twenty-three suspended members of the National Red Cross Society have issued to the public a statement showing the legal status, as they view it, of the executive committee of the society, which suspended them, and their own position.

In addition the meeting appointed a special committee to collate all the facts at their command to show the abuses that have been practiced by the old management and the unbusinesslike manner in which the finances have been collected and disbursed.

Another statement, embodying the results of this special committee's work, will be made public later.

The general public statement, which is quite elaborate, is signed by twenty-three suspended members. The suspended members deny the authority of the Phillip's committee to act, and say that the committee is proceeding under by-laws illegally adopted and which by-laws contravene the charter of the society. The members deny the charge that, in their efforts to effect a re-organization of the Association along business-like methods, they are attacking Miss Barton.

## MONEY IN TIMBER LAND.

GRANT'S PASS, Ore., April 27.—Charles Setzler, a 33d-degree Mason, of Eastern Oregon, has sold 800 acres of timber land for \$18,200. Mr. Setzler is worth about \$300,000, all made in the timber business. The most singular part is that he is a salesman-working for small salary.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

## You Don't Judge a Machine By Its Size But by Its Capacity for Work

We don't want you to consider us a big store just because we cover a large floor space. Judge us by the work we do and the way we do it. It takes something more than a big stock to make a successful business. Honest goods and honest business methods together with the Spot Cash plan have made

## The New York Racket

What it is.



Our "Thompson's Glove-fitting Summer Corsets are here. Batiste and ventilating styles. Better get one before the warm weather comes.

We're surprising everybody with our prices on Dry Goods. Our prices on Shoes have made our shoe department the most popular in the city. We have what you want for the whole family. Try one of our suits when you need clothing. You'll find the assortment large and the prices from 15 to 20 per cent below regular stores.

We want to keep growing and it will pay you to help us grow. More business means LOWER PRICES WITH US

### Salem's Cheapest One-Price Cash Store

E. T. Barnes, Prop.

Jas. Meyers & Sons  
THE WHITE CORNER  
SALEM, OREGON

Another Lot of Ladies' Suits arrived yesterday. Very new styles in novelty cloths in the new coat effect.

Bring The Boys To Us, We are Their Friends  
We carry everything that a boy could wish in clothing and furnishing goods.

### Our Aims and Our Objects in Business

We are like other merchants and business people, we want to do all we can, sell all the goods we can, make all the friends we can, and thereby grow larger than we are. Our store is large, we want you to know our capacity for handling goods. Our extensive output enables us to buy in the open market where the largest firms in the country bid for business. Our splendid rating and facilities for handling quantities enables us to buy at the bed rock prices, and our ready cash gets us the largest discounts.

### Reason Will Convince any Reasonable Person

That our success and growth is not due to the exorbitant prices we have charged for goods, but quite the contrary. Our constant effort is to outdo competition by selling all goods at a close margin of profit and giving close attention to our business.