

Once Upon A Time...

AND NOT so many years ago at that, men wouldn't buy ready-to-wear clothing at any price. Their reasons were that they couldn't get a fit; that the workmanship was poor, and that the garments didn't keep their shape any length of time. Their objections were not without foundation at that time, but times have changed. You can get a suit of ready-to-wear clothes, overcoat, or pair of trousers nowadays, as any man would want to wear for just about half what you would have to pay for the exclusive tailor. That is why so many well-dressed men and boys patronize our store.

What tailor can furnish you, for the same price, such suits or overcoats as we are selling for \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, or \$20? Not the tailor can't do it. Take about half the money you've been paying the tailor and let us clothe you this season.

Remember we can clothe you from head to foot. We are headquarters for hats. We carry the best shoe on the market today, the Original Packard, fine shoe for men.

G. W. Johnson & Co

257 Commercial

Salem, Oregon.

EQUITY COURT IN SESSION

Case of Custar vs. Lee Brown & Sons Is Being Tried

PLAINTIFF SUES FOR \$1,500 DAMAGES—NUMBER OF WITNESSES ON CASE SEVERAL HEARD YESTERDAY CONTINUED UNTIL THIS MORNING.

Judge R. P. Bojse, of Department No. 2, was occupied all day yesterday in listening to testimony of witnesses and arguments of attorneys in the suit of Rual Custar, plaintiff, vs. Lee Brown & Sons, defendants.

The suit was begun early last month, the parties interested being leading citizens of the town of Stayton. The suit was instituted on the part of the plaintiff, Custar, to recover damages from the defendants in the sum of \$1,500. The plaintiff is the owner of a tract of land in Stayton near the saw mill operated by the defendants, and he alleges that saw dust, slabs, shavings, etc., from said saw mill are, during high water, washed upon his premises, and that defendants have not taken proper and due precautions to prevent such rubbish from their mill accumulating upon his land. He further alleges in his complaint that water has soaked through the shavings, saw dust, etc., and seeped into his well, thereby damaging the water and making it unfit for domestic purposes. These allegations are denied by the defendants, and the case is being hotly contested on both sides.

About a dozen witnesses for the plaintiff were on hand yesterday, among whom were C. Johnson, D. Anderson, J. Davis, J. F. Baker, J. W. Wesley, Thos. Worley, A. A. Davis, J. F. Kearns, V. Henline, all of Stayton, and County Surveyor B. B. Herrick. Only about half of these were examined yesterday, and it is expected the greater part of today will be consumed unless better headway is made than was done yesterday, as the defendant's side of the case has not yet been presented, nor witnesses examined.

REV. PRATT'S CONDITION

EAST SIDE PASTOR'S ILLNESS AT JOLIET, ILLINOIS, NOT DANGEROUS.

Two letters were received Saturday from Rev. L. M. Booser, of Joliet, Ill., concerning the condition of Rev. H. L. Pratt, pastor of the First United Evangelical Church, of the East Side, who is in the hospital of that city with typhoid fever. While Mr. Pratt is seriously ill, his condition is not regarded as dangerous, and Mr. Booser's letter gives encouragement that he will pull through.

Rev. C. C. Poling, who attended the general conference with Mr. Pratt, said yesterday that he is being well cared for. When he and Mr. Pratt arrived at Joliet on their return to Portland, it became evident that Mr. Pratt was very sick. They stopped at the home of Rev. L. M. Booser, formerly of Portland, where a physician was consulted, and the case pronounced typhoid fever. The physician told Mr. Poling that Mr. Pratt might travel as far as Omaha, but advised that he be left at the hospital. This was done.

Mr. and Mrs. Booser, both of whom are friends of Mr. Pratt, live a short way from the hospital, and call on him daily. It may be a month before he can leave the hospital. Bishop W. F. Heil is also looking after Mr. Pratt. Should the case become critical, Mr. Pratt will start for Joliet. Mr. Poling

said also that if necessary he would return to Joliet. He would have remained but for the fact that some important business demanded his attention at home.—Oregonian.

TONGUE VISITS CHEMAWA

INSPECTS BUILDINGS, INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENTS AND ADDRESSES STUDENTS.

The Salem Indian Training School, located at Chemawa, was honored yesterday with a visit from the Hon. Thos. H. Tongue, M. C., who thoroughly inspected the industrial and literary departments, noting carefully the work being accomplished. He was particularly interested in the newly erected brick buildings for which he secured appropriations in the House at the last session of Congress, and seemed pleased and well satisfied with the work done, showing that the money was well expended.

In the afternoon Congressman Tongue delivered an able and patriotic address to the students and faculty, urging earnest individual effort on the part of the pupils to master their trades and acquire a good common school education. He pointed out the fact that the Government had given them a fine institution with all necessary modern equipments and facilities, but that their success at school in the future depended on themselves, and their own efforts to improve the splendid opportunities at their command.

During the noon hour the Chemawa Band discoursed sweet music from the band stand.

Congressman Tongue has great reason to be proud of Chemawa's growth and advancement, as he has worked faithfully each session to secure money for the improvements which have been made during the past five years, and the Indians of the entire Western states, as well as all citizens of Oregon, are very thankful to Mr. Tongue and greatly appreciate his successful efforts in behalf of the Salem Indian School.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE

MR. AND MRS. SIMMONS CELEBRATE THEIR 30TH WEDDING ANNIVERSARY.

A very pleasant surprise took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. O. Simmons, on South Commercial street, this city, on Saturday evening last, when a number of the neighbors marched in upon them taking them completely unawares, the occasion being the 30th anniversary of their wedding.

The self-invited guests came well supplied with good things to eat and a number of beautiful presents appropriate for the event. The evening was very pleasantly passed in light and humorous conversation and, before departing, the guests lifted up their voices in chorus singing "God Be With You Till We Meet Again," in which the host and hostess joined heartily.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Beggs, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bayne, Mr. and Mrs. F. Hurst, Mr. and Mrs. C. McIntire, Mr. and Mrs. A. Vose, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Lucas, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Cochran, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Shipp, Mr. and Mrs. L. O. Simmons, Mrs. R. D. Thibault, Mrs. C. R. Lucas, Mrs. A. E. Miller, Mrs. M. A. Lewis, Mrs. Piper, Mrs. Shindler and Miss Chandler.

SIX MONTHS IN PLASTER.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—After having been encased for six months in a plaster cast, which covered his entire body except his head and the lower parts of his legs, the Rev. Horace Porter, victim of a bicycle accident, has returned to Plymouth church, where he is assistant to Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis. The accident, which occurred in 1900, caused the drawing up of Mr. Porter's limbs so that he was unable to stand. An extraordinary operation, the cutting of several important ligaments, was performed, and the pastor, after six months in a plaster cast, is now able to walk with crutches. These probably will be discarded shortly.

Legal Blanks, Statesman Job Office.
Legal Blanks, Statesman Job Office.

SONS OF THE REVOLUTION

Object of Organization—Its Plan to Collect Historical Data

CIRCULAR LETTER BEING SENT OUT TO ALL SCHOOLS TO INSPIRE PATRIOTISM IN YOUNG GENERATION—PRIZES FOR THE BEST HISTORICAL COMPOSITIONS.

A circular letter is being sent out by the Oregon Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, proclaiming the objects of the organization, by this means bringing it to the attention of every person in Oregon.

The chief object of the Association is the gathering of historical data, particularly pertaining to the American Revolution, and, as a matter of education, as well as to inspire patriotism and love of country in the hearts of the younger generation, these circulars are also being sent to the teachers of all the schools in the state, asking them to present it to their pupils. In order to obtain the best literary compositions upon the principal historical events of the Revolution, the society offers some handsome and remunerative prizes to the students of the Oregon public schools. The circular follows:

"The Oregon Society of Sons of the American Revolution is an organization composed of descendants of ancestors who assisted in establishing American independence. Any male descendant of such ancestor is eligible to admission into the society. Its objects are purely patriotic and historical. One of them is to stimulate interest in the history of the American Revolution and loyalty to its principles. For this purpose the society offers three prizes of \$25, \$15 and \$10, respectively, for the best essay written by any student in any public school in Oregon, on any of the following four subjects:

1. The Battle of Bunker Hill.
2. The Burgoyne Campaign.
3. The Treason of Benedict Arnold.
4. The Partisan Warfare in the Carolinas: Marion, Sumpter and Pickens.

"Essays are limited in length to twenty-five hundred words; must be written on legal cap, on one side of the paper, in the student's own handwriting, and must be accompanied by the certificate of the principal of the school attended by the author, to the effect that the author is a bona fide student of the school and has been in attendance therein not less than six weeks during the school year of 1902-3. Essays must be forwarded to the chairman of the committee in charge, Wallace McCamant, 34 Concord building, Portland, so as to reach him not later than January 15th, 1903. In awarding prizes the committee will be governed by these three considerations:

1. Historical accuracy.
2. Manner of treatment.
3. Orthography, grammar, syntax and punctuation.

"Any additional information relative to the competition which may be desired will be cheerfully furnished by the chairman of the committee. The essay which is awarded the first prize will be published in full, with the name of the author, in the public press."

Wallace McCamant, chairman; Willard H. Chapin, Robert Treat Platt, committee.

"Portland, Ore., Nov. 1, 1902."

NEW SALEM ENTERPRISE

"GOLDEN RULE" MINING COMPANY INCORPORATES—WILL DEVELOP MINES.

Under the title of the "Golden Rule Consolidated Mining & Milling Company," a new corporation yesterday filed articles of incorporation in the office of the county clerk.

The object of the company just formed is to acquire by purchase, real and personal property, mines, mining property, water rights, mills, smelters and refining works, and to develop and operate mines of gold, silver, or other metals, and to sell or dispose of the same.

The capital stock of the company is \$300,000, divided into 6,000,000 shares, at the par value of 5 cents per share. The head office of the company will be at Salem, though the principal business is to be carried on in Lane, Douglas and other counties throughout the state. The following are the incorporators of record: Wm. Wechter, A. F. Homyer, C. L. Johnson, D. Steiner and C. Marsh.

TO BE REALIZED

LONG-LOOKED FOR AND HOPED FOR COTTAGE STREET BRIDGE.

W. J. Culver, county commissioner of roads, is drawing up plans for a bridge over Mill Creek on North Cottage street.

This is the bridge which has recently been the subject of some warm discussions at the meetings of the city council, and at the last meeting of that body it was ordered that the committee on streets enter into negotiations with the county, through County Judge John H. Scott, to make arrangements for the construction of this bridge.

The bridge will now be built in the near future, the county bearing a part of the expense, which will amount to something like \$175.

A GOOD MEETING

Y. M. C. A. EXERCISES AT PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH WELL ATTENDED.

The Y. M. C. A. mass meeting Sunday afternoon was well attended and highly appreciated.

The exercises were opened by a short song service, W. T. Ketchum leading. Full justice was done the occasion by the Stalwart Quartette and

Members' chorus. Geo. C. Ritchey presented in an able manner the work of the Association in foreign fields. The progress of the work in the United States and Canada was set forth very satisfactorily by J. B. T. Tutthill. John Fechter, Jr., briefly outlined what is being accomplished here in the Salem Association.

TENTH ANNUAL CONVENTION

Young Womens' Christian Association to be Held Here

WILL CONVENE FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14TH—LARGE NUMBER OF DELEGATES TO BE IN ATTENDANCE—SOME PROMINENT ORATORS ARE LISTED.

The Tenth Annual Convention of the Y. W. C. A. will be held in Salem, November 14-16. Among the prominent speakers will be: Mrs. Constance McCorkel, state secretary of Colorado; Mr. Reno Hutchinson, educational secretary, Portland Young Men's Christian Association; Miss Abby McElroy, secretary Portland Young Women's Christian Association, and Miss Louise Shields, state secretary of Oregon.

Delegates will be in attendance from all colleges in the state and from city Associations of Portland, also several members of the state board will be present.

The Association of Willamette must provide entertainment for all. They earnestly request the co-operation of all interested in the University. Any one who can entertain one or more delegates will be conferring a great favor upon those responsible by informing Miss Townsend of the fact at once.

The list of delegates from the colleges which have reported so far, are as follows:

- Pacific University—Wavelle Cunningham, Una Wilson, Vera Jackson, Harriet Yoder, Belle Brock, Myra Montgomery, Annie English, Mary Bailey, Ethel Waters, Mary Tichenor, Livia Ferrin, Anna Sorenson, Laura Day.
- Monmouth—Linnie Kaylor, Anna Wagner, Edith Harrison, Maud Cox, Mollie Petre, Alice Fischer, Lizzie Early, Bertha White, May Shofer, Lulu Garrett, Bertha Grigsby, Mrs. C. G. French, Olga Olsen, Wilma Dalton, Stella Crowley, Zella Crowley.
- Oregon Agricultural College—Etta Carter, Violet Herbert, Alice Edwards, Etta Fuller, Beulah Halden, Grace Whiteman, Mae Smith, Elden Canfield, Sibyl Cummings.
- Newberg—Bernice Woodward, Carrie Turner, Gertrude Minthorne, Bertha Nicholson, Lizzie Kirk, Nellie Paulson.
- Chemawa—Irene Campbell, Dolly Wiggins, Mrs. Calise, Fay Charles, Gertrude Brewer, Agnes Bagnell, Lottie Lane, Winnie Stoddard.
- Drain—Violet Brown, Ethel Kelly, Sadie Hatfield, Jennie Crawford, Mildred Smith.
- Dallas—Inez Allen, Evangeline Hart, Ethel Poling, Ethel Ballantyne, Ruby Wilson, Ida Hodwell, Esther Savage, Maude Hart, Lydie Campbell, Hattie Tent, Belle Elliot, Rebecca Hater, Eugenia Phillips, Bertha Allen.
- Albany—Miss Luggar, Mabel Penland, Miss McCoy, Edna Kroets, Edith Van Dyke, Georgia Davidson.
- Portland City Association—Misses Matilda Weiss, Abby Lewis, E. J. McIntire, Sadie Brown, Bessie Fox, Mary Lewis, Emma Buchanan, Bessie Strong, Margaret Labbe, Mrs. S. R. Johnston.

A citation was issued and served upon St. Raynor and he filed an answer specially denying the material averments of the information where upon the cause was referred to A. L. Veagle, to take the testimony and submit it to the Supreme Court.

The substitution of the testimony having been discovered by Miss Rowley by means of some carbon sheets which were borrowed by Miss Kavanaugh, the stenographer employed by St. Raynor to do his work of substitution, and returned, it was referred to District Attorney Geo. E. Chamberlain, who investigated into the matter and being satisfied that fraud had been perpetrated caused the disbarment proceedings to be brought.

After a careful summing up and consideration of the testimony the Supreme Court was satisfied that St. Raynor intentionally caused the two sheets to be changed in the interest of his client that he might thereby secure a reversal of the judgment in the Supreme Court, and that the punishment merits his disbarment and was so ordered.

ACCIDENT AVERTED

BY QUICK ACTION OF HOUSE MOVERS—A DIFFICULT JOB.

James Trester, the house mover, was having some fun yesterday in moving a house for J. L. Freeland across the bridge over the race on South Church street. The house was one that Mr. Freeland purchased several weeks ago of Gen. W. H. Odell, and stood on the University grounds, near the Women's College.

It was started on the move last week, and got as far as the Church street bridge yesterday morning. The house was moved upon the bridge about 11 o'clock, when it was discovered that the bridge timbers were not strong enough to bear the weight, and all possible speed was made in getting it back, and the feat was accomplished none too soon to save the bridge from destruction.

Heavy timbers were then laid across the narrow race, and the men worked in the rain the greater part of the afternoon to get the house over. It will be placed upon the lot of J. L. Freeland, on Mill street, just east of Church.

IN CIRCUIT COURT

ONE CASE HEARD IN PART—DIVORCE GRANTED EDWARD JORY.

In the second department of the circuit court yesterday the case of W. G. Westacott, et al., plaintiffs, vs. The Washington National Building & Loan Association, defendant; a suit to compel the defendant to surrender up a deed and a note and to cancel a mortgage, came up for hearing and the plaintiff's testimony was taken and submitted.

Edward A. Jory was granted a decree of divorce from Josie Jory upon the ground of desertion, and the court adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Judge Burnett of the first department has adjourned court until Wednesday, November 26th, at 9 o'clock, at which time and upon which date the new trial of the case of G. D. Trotter vs. Town of Stayton will be had.

ST. RAYNOR DISBARRED

Supreme Court Rules Him Out of the Profession in Disgrace

PUNISHMENT FOR CONDUCT UNBECOMING THE PROFESSION—COURT SUSTAINS DECISIONS IN OTHER MULTNOMAH COUNTY CASES—OTHER APPEALS.

State of Oregon, ex rel. Grievance Committee of the State Bar Association, vs. Henry St. Raynor, disbarment proceedings; disbarment ordered. Opinion by Chief Justice Moore.

This is a proceeding instituted by the State upon the relation of F. D. Chamberlain, Milton W. Smith, H. W. Hogue, James Gleason and Zera Snow, constituting the grievance committee of the Oregon Bar Association, to disbar Henry St. Raynor, an attorney, for alleged unprofessional conduct. It is averred in the information that one Frank McDaniel, having been indicted for the murder of one Claire Fitch, retained St. Raynor to defend him and a trial being had, he was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to imprisonment in the Penitentiary from which judgment he appealed. That at the trial of said case, the testimony was reported by Miss Lulu Morden, the official stenographer, who, by order of the court prepared and delivered to St. Raynor, a transcript of the testimony of such witnesses as he deemed necessary, including that of Chief of Police D. M. McLaughlin, of Portland. That Miss Morden also delivered to St. Raynor a certificate to be attached to said transcript, to the effect that the same was a true and complete copy of the testimony given by the witnesses the names of whom were specified.

That St. Raynor wilfully caused two type written sheets of McLaughlin's testimony to be withdrawn and knowingly submitted two other sheets and attached the certificate thereto with intent to present it to the court in lieu of the bill of exceptions and to secure from it a certificate vouching for the genuineness of the substituted sheets.

A citation was issued and served upon St. Raynor and he filed an answer specially denying the material averments of the information where upon the cause was referred to A. L. Veagle, to take the testimony and submit it to the Supreme Court.

The substitution of the testimony having been discovered by Miss Rowley by means of some carbon sheets which were borrowed by Miss Kavanaugh, the stenographer employed by St. Raynor to do his work of substitution, and returned, it was referred to District Attorney Geo. E. Chamberlain, who investigated into the matter and being satisfied that fraud had been perpetrated caused the disbarment proceedings to be brought.

After a careful summing up and consideration of the testimony the Supreme Court was satisfied that St. Raynor intentionally caused the two sheets to be changed in the interest of his client that he might thereby secure a reversal of the judgment in the Supreme Court, and that the punishment merits his disbarment and was so ordered.

Ida M. Duntley, administratrix, appellant, vs. Imman, Poulsen & Co., respondent; appeal from Judge Alfred F. Sears, Jr., Multnomah county; affirmed. Opinion by Justice Bean.

This is an action for damages on account of the death of Marcus H. Duntley, husband of plaintiff, caused by the breaking of an iron pulley in defendant's saw mill, on August 25, 1902. Duntley being running a planer at the time. There was no belt shifter furnished by defendant to shift the belt from the loose pulley to the tight one in starting the planer in motion, and that duty had to be performed by means of a stick in the hands of the operator, necessitating him, at the time, to stand directly by the pulley. In performing that duty, the pulley suddenly broke into many pieces, one fragment striking Duntley on the head, causing him to fall among the machinery, where he was fatally injured. The lower court struck out that part of the complaint alleging negligence on the part of the mill company in not providing a belt shifter, so the case was tried upon the allegations that defendant failed to furnish decedent a safe place to work or safe or suitable appliances, and that the pulley was defective.

The plaintiff tried to show that the pulley was not strong enough for the purpose for which it was used, but the court refused to admit the evidence. A verdict in favor of the defendant was found and plaintiff appealed.

The opinion holds that the rule which applies against a carrier to the effect that the proof of injury is prima facie evidence of negligence, does not apply to an action of servant against master. In this case reasonable care and diligence are presumed, and the presumption must be overcome with affirmative proof. The other alleged errors of the lower court are disposed of, and the general judgment is affirmed.

United States Mortgage & Trust Company, respondent, vs. Henry F. and Elizabeth A. McClure, appellants; appeal from Judge A. L. Frazer, of Multnomah county; affirmed. Opinion by Justice Wolverton.

This is a suit brought by the respondent as plaintiff against the appellant and two corporations, Topax Land Company and Portland Savings Bank, to foreclose a mortgage on Commercial block in Portland, it being alleged that these appellants are the only defendants having an interest in the result. The appellants petitioned to have the case transferred to the United States Circuit Court for the alleged reason that respondent was a citizen of New York, but the petition was denied. Appellant then demurred to complaint, holding that respondent should have alleged the power and purpose of its organization, but the court overruled the demurrer, saying such allegation was not necessary. Appellants then answered, denying the incorporation of respondent for its power to enter into the contract. The court found against the appellant on

their answer in abatement and then refused the appellants the right to answer on the merits of the case, and from the decree of the court following these rulings the appeal is taken.

The opinion holds that in view of the parties involved in the suit, as shown by the complaint, the lower court was justified in refusing to transfer to the United States Court. The ruling of the lower court in refusing permission to answer on merits after demurrer pleadings in abatement, is sustained, as a well-exercised discretion of the court.

Stephen Williamson, et al. partners under the firm name of Balfour, Guthrie & Company, appellants, vs. North Pacific Lumber Company, a corporation, respondent; appeal from Multnomah county; petition for rehearing; denied. Order by Justice Bean.

Two cases were also argued and submitted, as follows: R. D. Ruckman, respondent, vs. Wm. Orms, appellant; appeal from Union county, and R. D. Ruckman, respondent, vs. The Imbler Lumber Company, appellant; appeal from Union county; by C. H. Finn for the respondents in both cases and J. D. Slater for the appellants.

In the case of J. Leve, et al. appellants, vs. Wm. Frazier, sheriff, respondent, it was ordered on motion that appellants have ten days additional time to file a petition for rehearing. Minor orders were made in other cases, as follows:

E. Fisher, appellant, vs. Union County, et al. respondents; ordered on motion of C. H. Finn, attorney for respondents, that his time to serve and file his brief be extended thirty days.

State of Oregon, respondent, vs. Manny Howard, appellant; ordered by the court that appellant have thirty days additional time to serve and file his brief.

RECENT FOREST FIRES

SEVERE LOSSES SUFFERED BY THOSE IN REGION OF FLAMES.

In response to an inquiry from the Columbia River and Oregon Timberman as to what was the extent of the damage sustained by the recent forest fires in the neighborhood, and as to what remedies he would suggest for the prevention of a recurrence of the disaster, Secretary L. W. Van Dyke, of the Fire Relief Committee, addressed the following communication to the Timberman:

"The Timberman. It is with pleasure that I comply with your request of the 25th inst. The damage done in Clackamas county by the fire of September 11-13 is rather hard to estimate. The committee here, of which your correspondent is secretary, is gathering data as fast as possible. The information I am giving you in this letter only covers a territory of about forty square miles, that is, a strip about ten miles long and about four miles wide. The strip includes the settlements of Klappan, Rocky Point and Springwater. I am unable at this time to give the losses sustained at Beaver Creek, Highlands, Mola and other points in the county; but I may in the near future be able to supply the deficiency. In the neighborhood of which I speak, 101 farmers have lost in the fire, and their losses range from \$25 to \$2,700. We have estimated the loss so far at \$55,545, but these figures will be revised some, and the total amount will be increased a few thousand dollars. We have not estimated the loss to orchards, fruits or timber. The loss to fruit will be about \$1,200, at present prices of dried prunes and apples. The total amount as above does not mean what it will cost to rebuild, but about the cash value of the old buildings and fences, neither have we estimated the decreased value of stock, caused by the forced selling of the same, made necessary by the total destruction of hay and grain in many instances. To be fair with those who have lost, I will say that \$100,000 will barely, but then in as good a condition as before the fire.

"Now, a word as to the timber. This part of Clackamas is not noted for its first class timber, for, as a rule, the trees are short and very limby. I find close inquiry that about ten sections have been burned over, and with the exception of about two sections, the timber stumps would amount to no more than for cord wood. A good, fair estimate of the loss to timber would be about \$7,500, probably 30,000, 000 feet, and this would make fair timber if sawn in the next three or four years.

"While the people of Springwater and vicinity have received considerable aid from Oregon City and elsewhere in the way of clothing, money, etc., for their immediate wants, yet much suffering will be experienced before next spring. While losses have been very heavy, insurance has been light, as only a few were insured, and then for only a nominal sum.

"I admit the position you are taking in regard to setting out forest fires, and could you see the devastation to the farmers here from the carelessness of hunters and campers with their fires, you would say that a law making it a misdemeanor to hunt or put out a camp fire during the dry season would be about the proper thing. Give us more stringent fire laws—then enforce the apply and navy to enforce them. Respectfully, L. W. VAN DYKE, Secretary Springwater Fire Relief Committee.

"Springwater, Ore., Oct. 27, 1902."

A movement is on foot to secure legislation, during the coming session of the Legislature, upon a measure which is calculated to reduce the losses by timber fires to a minimum by imposing severe penalties upon anyone who, by burning "wastings" or neglecting to extinguish camp fires during the dry season, is responsible for their origin.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

The Kind You Buy Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson

EX-CONVICT SUICIDES.

BAKER CITY, Or., Nov. 10.—John Allen, a laborer, committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart this afternoon. He had been in the city several days drinking and gambling until all his money was gone. He told man here that he had been in the Penitentiary at Salem.