

BACK FROM SUNNY SOUTH

Hon. Jefferson Myers Talks of His Visit in Many States

OREGON FAR BETTER THAN ANY OF THE STATES VISITED—A MOST ENJOYABLE VISIT IN WASHINGTON, WHERE MR. MYERS SAW THE PRESIDENT.

Hon. Jefferson Myers, who spent the past eight months traveling in the East and South and in Old Mexico, and who was married to Dr. Annie P. Jeffreys in Michigan, December 21st, last, is delighted to be home again, and after seeing all points of interest in various parts of the Union, and studying the resources, future possibilities and the existing conditions in the several sections visited is unequivocal in his statement that Oregon is good enough for him, and that this state, taking it all in all, is far preferable to any other part of the country. In speaking of his trip yesterday to a representative of the Statesman, Colonel Myers said: "I have visited thirty odd states in the United States, and several states in Mexico, during my absence of eight months, and it is my opinion that any man, who has investments and good real estate and especially timber lands in this section of the country, makes a great mistake to sell his holdings if he can retain them and improve them. There is no doubt but in a few years—judging from every indication of public sentiment and the expressions heard—this Northwest coast country will receive the greatest and best immigration of any part of the Union.

"The people of this section need have no fear that all the immigration will go to the Southern states, for the reason that the colored population is at least one-half of that of those states, and as the colored people do not pay one per cent of all the taxes for the support of the state governments, and the public debt of all these states is so large that it is absolutely impossible to raise taxes at any reasonable level to pay the actual running expenses of the government and interest on the public debt, for these reasons the Southern states do not present an inviting field for the immigrant, and there will be no danger of the tide setting in that direction to the exclusion of the more favored sections of the goal.

"These states are actually unable to do any public improvement work, such as road building, etc. The roads of the South are as crude as the average road in the worst of our mountain districts in this state.

"In my opinion we have the best class of people, and on an average the most intelligent of any state, for the reason that we are not mixed with any colored race or a foreign element that is not paying its proportion of the public expenses of government.

"I spent some time in Washington, and met the Oregon delegation in the National Capital, and I have nothing but the best of praise and the highest opinion for the many kindnesses bestowed on us. S. C. Clark, Major D. C. Sherman, Walter P. Williams, Prof. Benjamin Irving and the other Oregonians are nicely located in Hon. Binger Hermann's department, and that gentleman is doing all he can for them. These men are all doing well and giving the best of satisfaction, ranking high among the officials.

"Henry H. Gilpey is always considered the chairman of the Oregon delegation, and he never lets an opportunity pass to make visitors from Oregon feel at home, and to look after their comfort. A. B. Slawson, superintendent of the periodical department of the Public Library, is another man who exerts himself in behalf of visitors.

"The Oregon delegation in Congress stands high. Mr. Tongue has a commanding position, and Oregon ought to be proud of him, while Mr. Moody is a valuable man in Congress of great influence and power. Senator Mitchell, too, is very popular and very accomplished, and Senator Simon, also, extended us every courtesy.

"I met President Roosevelt. He is a splendid man, strictly honest in all his work, and a man of great force of character, and a great capacity. He will be re-nominated by acclamation when his term expires.

"I enjoyed my visit to the full, especially the week spent in Washington, and the time we put in at the Charleston Exposition, the best of the kind I ever saw for the size of the city."

GERMAN ARMY OFFICER

ARRESTED FOR SWINDLING HIS FRIENDS—SCION OF AN ARISTOCRATIC FAMILY.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—Otto F. O. Meder, once lieutenant of a crack regiment in the Kaiser's army, and, by his own account, a scion of an aristocratic but impoverished family of Hanover, has been arrested and lodged in the city prison. He is accused of felony in betraying the best of friends and obtaining \$700 from George Schoenwald, proprietor of the Hotel Del Monte, on a spurious check. Lieutenant Wilhelm Valentine, of the Prussian Cuirassiers, and an agent of his government while in the United States, also accused Meder of obtaining more than \$1,500 from him by false pretenses. When Detective Reinhold arrested him at the German consulate, Meder had just received a letter from a young lady of New Orleans telling him that she had paid \$100 for papers to which he had forged her name and saying that if he did not return the money she would notify the police of San Francisco.

THE JOINT MANEUVERS

OF THE ARMY AND NAVY ON PUGET SOUND—ACTIVE PREPARATIONS.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The Army continues to make active preparations for the joint maneuvers at the entrance of Puget Sound. Major Scriven,

acting Chief Signal Officer, has just returned from a trip up the coast, where he inspected the plans of the Signal Corps for giving information as to the approach of the squadron. Orders have been issued largely increasing the artillery at the different forts which will be attacked. The following officers of the Artillery Corps have been ordered to these points named:

J. H. Walker, to Fort Mansfield; Medorem Crawford, to Fort H. C. Wright; C. L. Best, to Fort Terry; J. A. Lundin, to Fort Witherill; H. A. Reed, to Fort Michie.

The following Batteries of Coast Artillery have been ordered to the forts named:

Thirty-ninth, Nineteenth and Ninetieth Companies from Fort McHenry to Fort Terry; One Hundred and Twenty-second Company, Fort Columbia to Fort Terry; Forty-eighth Company, Fort Hancock to Fort Terry; Eighty-sixth Company, Fiftieth Company and Eighty-fifth Company from Fort Wadsworth to Fort H. G. Wright; Fifty-first and One Hundred and Twenty-third Companies from Fort Hamilton to Fort H. G. Wright; Seventy-seventh Company, Fort Warren to Fort Witherill; Forty-sixth Company, Fort Strong to Fort Mansfield; Forty-fifth Company, Fort Dupont to Fort Greble; One Hundred and Third Company, Fort Howard to Fort Greble; One Hundred and Fourth and Forty-fourth Companies, Fort Washington to Fort Michie; One Hundred and Seventh Company, Fort Greble to Fort Adams; Forty-seventh Company, Fort Williams to Fort Adams; Seventy-sixth Company, Fort Banks to Fort Witherill.

PASSED AWAY IN HONOLULU

Perry G. Card, Formerly of Salem, Succumbs to Diseases

THE REMAINS WILL BE SHIPPED TO THIS CITY, WHERE INTERMENT WILL BE MADE—HE WAS WELL KNOWN HERE AND VERY POPULAR.

The family of J. C. Brown received the sad information from San Francisco last evening to the effect that Perry G. Card, formerly of this city, and a very popular young man of ability, had died at Honolulu, H. L. U. S. A., on Sunday, July 13, but the direct cause of his demise is not definitely known. No particulars were received further than that the body would arrive in San Francisco on the steamer Alameda, and would be forwarded to this city direct, but the sailing date of that vessel from Honolulu could not even be learned. Full particulars will be given in the Statesman upon their receipt.

SALT WAR ANNOUNCED

THE SALT TRUST WILL CUT THE PRICES TO MEET EUROPEAN COMPETITION.

PORTLAND, Or., July 23.—A salt war is promised in this city, according to an announcement made today by the Federal Salt Company, known as the "Salt Trust," which controls the salt product of the Pacific coast. About three weeks ago the Federal Salt Company made a reduction of \$8 per ton in the price of salt, and today an announcement was made that a further reduction of \$6 per ton would be made tomorrow. Before the first reduction was made salt was selling at \$28 per ton.

The ship Sierra Estrella, from Europe, now unloading a cargo of salt at Portland for local dealers, will be followed by four more vessels with salt cargoes, the total aggregating 9000 tons. It is expected when the additional cargoes arrive, that the Federal Salt Company will make a further reduction in the price.

LATE NOME NEWS

THREE PEOPLE DROWNED WHILE TRYING TO MAKE A LANDING IN A STORM.

NOME, Alaska, July 22, via Seattle, Wash., July 23.—The revenue cutter, Bear, Captain Tuttle, arrived this morning from the west, her first appearance this spring.

The dead bodies of a man and two women were found on the beach, twenty-three miles west of here this morning. They were the bodies of Mrs. A. L. Carpenter, of Butte; Miss Denlap, a nurse, and Stanley Healy, of Vancouver, Wash. The party left here last Sunday to go to Sitka. On Wednesday night there was a storm, and they must have been swamped in the heavy surf, while trying to make a landing.

FITZ AND JEFFRIES

THE CALIFORNIAN BELIEVED TO BE THE LOGICAL WINNER—BETTING IS HEAVY.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—The consensus of opinion seems to be that Fitzsimmons' age and the difference in the weight are against the chances of the Cornishman, and that Jeffries is the logical winner. The sale of seats, the club managers state, has almost reached the \$200,000 mark. The betting odds find Jeffries still a favorite at 2 odds to 1 and 10 to 4 with considerable Fitzsimmons money in the country are arriving hourly.

INDIANS ARE EXECUTED

HOW THE MEXICAN AUTHORITIES TREAT THE YAGUI PRISONERS.

TUSCON, Ariz., July 22.—S. N. Jacks, merchant of Fort Worth, who today returned from the Yaqui river country, reports having seen thirty Yaqui Indians lined up and shot Saturday, at a small town called Torrin, in Sonora. The Indians had been captured in the mountains the day before. A number of them were mere boys.

EDITORIALS OF THE PEOPLE

A Correspondent Discusses the Late Military Camp at Albany

THE SOLDIER BOYS RECEIVED BEST OF TREATMENT AT THE HANDS OF THE HOSPITABLE ALBANY PEOPLE, BUT THE CAMP WAS POORLY SELECTED.

(The Statesman is pleased to print communications upon topics of general interest at any time. There is scarcely any limit to the topics of general interest. It is asked only that correspondents refrain from personalities and use care that nothing be written of a libelous or unworthy or untruthful nature.)

Editor Statesman:

The following, taken from the Albany Democrat, deserves some notice:

"The Salem Journal has joined the Eugene papers in kicking at the location of Camp Williams, declaring it to be the hottest place around Albany. General Beebe says the camp is as good a one as has yet been had. While it is not hot it is in an ideal place. It is a little rough, but it is no rougher than would be experienced in warfare, for which this encampment is a drill. It is dusty, but a camp is bound to be dusty if it is anywhere near a country road. The road has been sprinkled daily, but water has had little effect so many have been the teams on the road."

The kicks were timely. General Beebe doubtless appreciated the camp—his headquarters were located in a cool, comfortable and roomy building, and if he was comfortable, why, of course, the brigade was equally so. A gentleman who visited the camp on last Sunday, and who has served as a militiaman in a Western prairie state for a half dozen years, in encampments and on active service for months at a time, was heard to remark that, taking all things into consideration, the location was the worst possible, while the discomforts to which the enlisted men of the brigade were subjected—unnecessarily so—amounted to absolute cruelty. "But," he added, "whoever selected this camp ground, is doubtless quartered in a comfortable and cool building, with all the luxuries surrounding him, and thinks, to paraphrase the expression of a certain rich New Yorker now gone to his reward, 'the common soldier be damned.'"

Now this is not a slight at Albany for having secured the brigade encampment, for the writer, a citizen of Salem, favored Albany in preference to other places. The fault was not with the selection of Albany, but in the choice of the particular spot. It is reported that Adjutant General C. U. Gatenbein had selected the Hackleman field for the encampment. It is as convenient to Albany as the one finally chosen; there is a fine shady grove adjoining it, and in many respects it is said to be far superior to the Gofra field, but General Gatenbein's choice was set aside and the other chosen—a field of white land without a tree or shrub within a half mile, a dusty country road along-side, and as hot as the proverbial hings of hell—and for the sole reason that the vacant Orphans' Home Building offered comfortable headquarters. So far as Albany is concerned, the boys were treated right royally, and none has a complaint to register, so far as this writer has heard, all of them voting the people of that city good and hospitable entertainers.

Salem, Or., July 23, 1902.

Consumption

Is often no more or less than a neglected case of catarrh, which in time creates a hacking cough and nature in her endeavors to get rid of the tuberculosis, sets up an inflammation, matter is secreted and the tuberculosis is softened. It then comes to a head, and discharges, and the matter is discharged into the nearest air tubes. This the sufferer raises and allows the cough to some extent, but as the air cells fill up with tubercular matter the blood cannot circulate perfectly through the lungs, hence it becomes more impure for want of air, which lessens nature's power to throw off the disease until at last the disease becomes more general, cough gets greater, followed by night sweats and bleedings from the lungs, finally the sufferer gets weaker and weaker, until death ends this dreadful disease. Smith Bros. S. B. Catarrh Cure acts on the glands and mucous surfaces of the system through the blood. It promotes the action of absorbents, then removes the deposited tubercles and speedily allays the cough and cures catarrh, no matter where located. Never fails to cure night sweats. For sale by all druggists. Book on Catarrh free. Address Smith Bros., Fresno, Cal.

EDUCATIONAL REPORT

THE STATISTICS FROM YAMHILL COUNTY SHOWING CONDITIONS IN SCHOOLS.

Superintendent E. V. Littlefield, of the Yamhill county schools, yesterday filed his annual report with Prof. J. H. Ackerman, Superintendent of Public Instruction, showing the statistics of the schools in Yamhill county during the school year ending June 30th. The following items of interest are taken from the report:

No. of persons between the ages of 4 and 20 years residing in the county—male, 2483; female, 2292. No. pupils enrolled—male, 1938; female, 1931. No. under 6 years—male, 30; female, 37. No. teachers employed—male, 50; female, 127. No. holding certificates of institute attendance—male, 28, female, 72. No. taking an educational journal—male, 30; female, 31. No. persons of school age attending no school—male, 263; female, 245. No. attending outside of district—male, 97; female, 113. Whole number of days attendance during the year, 240,230. Average daily attendance, 2350. There are 57 districts in the county, including joint districts, and 86 of these reported. The legal voters numbered 3973. The libraries contain 322 books, of which number 249 were purchased during the year. The private schools con-

sist of the McMinnville College and Newberg College, with twelve instructors and 275 pupils.

The funds available for school purposes, from all sources were \$65,057.59, and the disbursements aggregated \$55,474.85. The school houses and grounds are valued at \$75,540, and the school furniture and apparatus at \$17,105, within insurance of \$52,175. Male teachers received an average salary of \$46.26, and female teachers, \$33.34. Twenty-two districts voted a total of \$27-12 mills tax, an average of 3.77 mills. There are no deaf or blind children reported in the county.

RAIFOUR'S TROUBLES

NEW YORK, July 24.—The Cabinet meeting has been followed by a rumor that Sir Michael Hicks-Beach has been urged to withdraw his resignation says a London dispatch to the Tribune. The Prime Minister is embarrassed without doubt by the strong support which three or four second-rate men are receiving for the office of Chancellor of the Exchequer, and may find it easier to take the office himself than to disappoint factions. The reconstruction of the Cabinet will await the King's convenience.

ROOT WILL SPEAK

CHICAGO, July 24.—Secretary of War Root has formally accepted the invitation, tendered him by the Republican State Committee, to open the fall campaign. Secretary Root will make an address at Peoria, September 24th, at which time the League of Republican Clubs will hold its bi-annual convention.

THE HARDING LITIGATION

Judge R. P. Boise Finds for Defendants in the Action

SUIT FOR COMPLETION OF AN ALLEGED CONTRACT DECIDED BY THE COURT, AND THE ACTION DISMISSED WITH COSTS TO THE DEFENDANT.

Judge R. P. Boise, of the second department of the State Circuit Court, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon rendered a decree for the defendants, in the suit to enforce a contract wherein Erma Harding, a minor, by her guardian ad litem, Agnes Harding, was plaintiff, and Charles and Hester Harding were the defendants, which was tried, argued and submitted on Tuesday, July 22d.

The plaintiff, by the guardian ad litem, contended that Elisha J. Harding and Lars Harding, the father of the plaintiff, during the month of August, 1882, entered into an agreement, whereby the latter, for a consideration of \$15,000, which amount was to be paid from time to time, as the latter was able, without interest or any specific time being fixed for the payment, was to come into possession of certain lands in sections 5, 6, 7, 8, 17 and 18, township 5 south, range 2 west, and that soon after the agreement was entered into Lars Harding entered into full and exclusive possession of said lands. The complaint also stated that Lars Harding made extensive and valuable improvements upon the property as follows: Planted 45 acres to hops and built hop houses to the value of \$5,000; built a barn on that portion known as the Cornoyer claim, valued at \$500; and built fences upon the claim costing about \$1,200. Plaintiff alleges that Lars Harding paid to Elisha Harding \$14,000 of the price agreed upon, leaving a balance due of \$1,000.

Lars Harding died intestate, on June 23, 1892, leaving three children, including the plaintiff, aged 7 years; that on December 2, 1893, the plaintiff tendered to Elisha J. Harding the full sum of \$1,000, balance due upon the property, but the latter refused to accept or receive the payment, and to convey the property according to the agreement; that on June 25, 1894, Elisha Harding conveyed to the heirs of Lars Harding that portion of the land in sections 5, 6, 7, and 8, but refused to convey that portion known as the Cornoyer d. l. c. in sections 7, 8, 17 and 18 and took possession of the latter lands himself. That Elisha Harding died on March 19, 1897, and by will devised the Cornoyer claim lands to his wife and two daughters, who have since conveyed the same to Charles Harding, the defendant, who has had possession of the land for the past four years, enjoying the profits arising therefrom, and besides asking for a one-third interest in the disputed lands, she also asked for an accounting with Charles Harding as to the rents, issues and profits by him received from the plaintiff's share in the premises; that the same be credited to the balance due upon the purchase price of the lands and that the surplus remaining due from said rents and profits be paid to the plaintiff.

The court found, from the pleadings, and depositions of the witnesses, that Lars Harding, the plaintiff's father, and Elisha J. Harding did not enter into the contract for the sale of the lands as alleged, and that no agreement was made, on the part of the latter, to consider of \$15,000 or any other sum; that Lars Harding did not enter into possession of the land under any agreement to purchase the same, but did take possession under an agreement between E. J. Harding and himself by the terms of which E. J. Harding was to pay to E. J. Harding such sums as rent as he was able to or could make upon the land, by the cultivation thereof, as the tenant of E. J. Harding, and that all work, labor and improvements made upon the land was made as the tenant of E. J. Harding. In the conclusions the court found, "that the plaintiff is not entitled to the specific performance of the contract alleged in the complaint; that the alleged contract has not been proven; that the equities of the case are with the defendants, and that the bill of complaint should be dismissed, and also, that the defendants recover their costs and disbursements in the action."

And E. B. Williams were the counsel for the defendants in the action and Gatenbein & Veazie were the plaintiff's attorneys.

GOOD NEWS TO HORSE OWNERS!

A SURE CURE FOR HEAVY AND DISTRESSING PRUSSIAN POWDERS. These celebrated powders are made from a recipe of a noted Prussian Veterinary Surgeon, and have been thoroughly tested for the past 15 years in this country. Composed of pure vegetable remedies, act a safe and sure cure for HEAVY and all ailments from which horses suffer, such as Cough, Cold, BRONCHITIS, Pink Eye, Rheumatism, and Loss of Appetite. As a blood purifier they have no equal. For sale by Wholesale and Retail Druggists. Price 50 cents per package. By mail, 60 cents. PRUSSIAN REMEDY COMPANY, ST. PAUL, MINN. Name this union.



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Physical education a feature of the course, in charge of a trained teacher.

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Students and graduates are so trained that they are able to adapt their work to the needs of schools having limited apparatus, appropriating and adapting environment to practical work in the classroom.

Facilities of the school are improved by additions to the library and laboratories.

Boarding-hall is being refitted and stoves added, to make all students comfortable in their rooms.

Teachers' Review Class a special feature.

Prospects are excellent for a largely increased attendance. Board and room, \$2.25 per week.

For those desiring it, a two years' course in Latin has been added.

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300 Fine Shirt Waists at Actual Wholesale Cost

200 Underskirts at Actual Wholesale Cost

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Shoulders, per lb., 10c.

Smoked Herring, per box, 25c.

Deviled Ham (small) per can, 5c

Deviled Ham (small) 6 cans, 25c

Deviled Ham (large) per can, 10c

Deviled Ham (large) 3 cans, 25c.

Sardines, per box, 5c.

Sardines, 6 cans, 25c

Salmon, 3 cans, 25c.

Catsup, per pt bottle, 15c.

Catsup, 2 bottles, 25c.

Good Soda (16 oz. pkgs.) 5c.

Good Soda (16 oz. pkgs.) 6 pkgs., 25c

Corn Starch, per pkg., 5c.

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