

MR. FURNISH VISITS HERE

Republican Standard Bearer Arrived Last Night

ENTHUSIASM THE ORDER

Many Members of the Party Called on Their Leader

AN INFORMAL RECEPTION HELD AT THE HOTEL—THE GUBERNATORIAL CANDIDATE LEAVES THIS EVENING FOR PERFECT CAMPAIGN PLANS.

(From Saturday's Statesman.)

Hon. W. J. Furnish, the Republican nominee for the office of Governor, arrived in Salem last evening for the promised visit, and will spend today in this city. His visit was the signal for a great deal of quiet enthusiasm, and from the time of his arrival he was the center of a group of admiring political friends and followers. Republican candidates, coming to meet Mr. Furnish and assure him of their loyal support.

There was no demonstration on Mr. Furnish's arrival. He was accompanied by Col. J. M. Pogerman, of Woodburn, Marion county's member of the state central committee, and on the arrival of the train they were met by a committee composed of Hon. J. D. Lee and Dr. J. N. Smith, and the visitors were conveyed to the Hotel Willamette in a carriage. There a large number of Republicans had gathered to receive the party's standard bearer, and from that time until he retired, at a late hour last night, Mr. Furnish was kept busy shaking hands with Republicans who were presented to him by the committee of the Salem Republican Club and the Young Men's Republican Club.

Among those calling and paying their respects to the head of the Republican ticket were several of the state officers who were in the city, and who are on the ticket with Mr. Furnish. There were also several leading Democrats, gentlemen who, while in no manner supporters of the Republican ticket, wished to express their high regard for the leader of the opposition party.

Mr. Furnish was favorably impressed by the loyalty of the Marion county Republicans, shown on this occasion, and he made an excellent impression on the members of the party here, in respect of their previous affiliations, and the result of this meeting will be the enthusiastic support of the head of the ticket by every Republican here, and the usual big majority may be counted on in Marion county in June. Asked as to the outlook for the campaign, Mr. Furnish said that reports from all parts of the state were very satisfactory; that Republicans generally were in line and ready to follow the campaign begin. Especially gratifying, he said, were the conditions in Eastern Oregon, where the Republican vote would be much greater than ever in the past. Plans for the campaign, he stated, had not been completed, but he intends going to Portland this evening where he will meet with the State committee, and arrangements will be completed for the State campaign.

Last evening was spent, as stated, in an informal reception. This morning, up to 10 o'clock, Mr. Furnish will meet all Republicans at the hotel, and many thought he would call on him at that time. At 10 o'clock Mr. Furnish will call on Governor T. T. Geer, at the capitol, and after visiting with other state officials will return to the hotel where from 11 a. m. to 2 p. m. he will receive any who may call. At 2 o'clock he will take a drive to the State institutions, after which he will take the 4:34 train for Portland.

During the evening, the Young Men's Republican Club, after holding a meeting to perfect its organization, marched to the hotel in a body, and called on Mr. Furnish. They were met, through the streets, cheering for party success, and on their arrival in the hotel lobby, where the gubernatorial leader was found, the club gave cheer upon cheer for Mr. Furnish, and that gentleman, in a few well-chosen words, expressed his appreciation of the honor done him by this organization of Young Republicans. The members were then individually introduced to the visitor, and he shook hands with all and expressed his gratification at their work and enthusiasm and support.

LIKE DAISES BEFORE THE SCYTHE.

Baby dyes are destroyed in summer by cholera infantum. The disease is sudden. Its progress is sometimes terribly rapid. Mothers who have given their children Perry Davis' Pinkettes can tell how this treatment has checked the diarrhoea and vomiting, and put the little patient out of danger. 25 and 50 cts.

AT GERMAN WEDDINGS.

The old time festivals, in which oxen were roasted whole in the market place, have their counterparts in the wedding feasts which are given at the present day in some agricultural districts of Prussia.

A banquet shared by two hundred or three hundred guests is an every day affair, and the number sometimes rises to eight or nine hundred, all of whom are not only fed but lodged, for the festivities continue for three days. The bride's father erects a number of large tents, and engages bands of music, and the rustic beauties appear in costumes which only wealthy city women would think they could afford.

But the main thing, in accordance with good old German tradition, is the eating—and drinking.

An idea of the liberality and of the labors of the bride's parents may be gathered from the statement that at a recent wedding two oxen, nine calves, nine sheep, three or four fat hogs, one hundred and fifty chickens and five hundred pounds of fish were provided. Nine hundred pounds of flour were used in making bread and cake. The beverages included thirteen hundred

bottles of wine, twenty casks of beer and twenty-two bottles of brandy. A feast like this must cost a small fortune and it would be a rich man who could marry off many daughters in this way.

Despite all this prodigality there is one thing which, at first sight, appears paradoxical. Each guest is expected to bring his own knife and fork.

DIFFICULTY WITH VERBS.

It has been truthfully said that children learn more during their first six years of life than during the eight years spent in the ward schools. During this period the child shows remarkable precocity in learning the mother tongue, and appears to learn two languages as easily as one.

The strenuous effort of these little ones to acquire a medium for the expression of their quaint ideas, as well as their desire to speak correctly, was shown the other day in a conversation between a student and her mamma. The child had experienced much difficulty in mastering the various forms of the verb "to be," and had been correcting times without number by the mother, who believes that the time to teach correct English is during the first stages of progress. The child persisted in making her "ams," "weres," and "beens" to an alarming degree, and had been corrected until the mother had lost patience and at last told the child that in the future she would not answer questions not properly framed, thinking this plan would make the child more careful in the selection of words.

The other day the mother was sitting crocheting a jacket for the baby, and Lucille stood near, wondering what her mamma was doing. Finally her curiosity became so strong that she said:

"Mamma, what is that going to be?"

The mother, busy counting her stitches, failed to hear the question, and continued her count without answering. The child, thinking she was not answered because she had made another horrible blunder, thought a while and at last said:

"Mamma, what is that going to be?"

This the mother heard, and simultaneously recalled the first question of the child. Wondering what would come next, she maintained silence, and the little one stood in perplexity, first on one foot, then on the other. After some lengthy thinking she said:

"Mamma, what are that going to be?"

Still no answer, and tears filled the blue eyes and the red lips became pursed with perplexity. The eyes filled and ran over, and still the mother sat unmoved, with a mischievous smile lurking in her eyes, waiting for further results, and determined to make up for all this anguish by a beautiful supply of hugs and kisses.

In one supreme effort, as though realizing that this was her last chance, Lucille burst into a mighty sob, and, breaking the bonds of self-restraint with which she had bound herself, screamed out:

"Mamma! What was that a-join' to was!"—Milwaukee Sentinel.

PROBING BY PHONE.

In several London hospitals surgeons are now using the telephone whenever they have occasion to probe for bullets or other metallic objects.

The receiver of the telephone is placed on the head of the operator and the patient is placed, in the usual manner, in contact with a plate, the general medium employed being a wet sponge or some paper saturated with a saline solution, which is spread over the plate. The latter is connected with the telephone by a wire and the probe, after it has been introduced into the body, naturally vibrates as soon as the force of metallic substance comes in contact with it.

The probe is also connected with the telephone by a wire, and thus no such blunder is possible as sometimes happens when an ordinary battery is used.

When a telephone is used in this way the plate acts as one pole and the probe as the other. Needles, bullets, grains of shot and pieces of steel and copper can be easily located by the use of this simple method. Indeed, it is said that the only instances when the telephone did not work satisfactorily were when the objects to be located were of the same metal as the probe.

Eminent French and German surgeons have been watching these experiments in London, and intend to introduce the same method into the hospitals of Berlin and Paris.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

SWISS LIKE OUR SHOES.

According to official statistics, there were imported into Switzerland from the United States during the last three years boots and shoes amounting to \$28,880, the increase of imports being about fifty per cent each year.

These statistics give only the figures of the direct importation and do not convey a correct idea of the number actually imported, for most of them come from distributing points in Germany and are entered at the Swiss frontier as originating in that country. Five years ago it was not possible to buy an American shoe in Switzerland, but we are gradually getting a firm foothold in the country, and now it is no novelty to see in the shop windows of the largest towns shops with a little American flag displayed thereon and the announcement that they are American made, the inference being that they must necessarily be good.

This speaks well for the American article, when it is considered that one of the largest shoe factories in the world (turning out five thousand pairs of shoes a day) is situated in Switzerland and is an important exporter to the Latin American countries.

A NEW BRAND OF COFFEE.

Little five-year-old Lois Durand was sent one morning to buy some Java and Mocha coffee for her mother. By the time she had reached the store she had forgotten the name of the coffee she was to order, so when the storekeeper asked her what kind of coffee she wanted she said:

"I forgot, but I think it was Jamaica and Jehovah mixed."—The Little Chronicle.

CONTRACTS ON RECORD

Two More Marion County Farmers Sell Their Crops

PRICE FOR ONE WAS TWELVE AND ONE-HALF CENTS PER POUND—MANY OREGON HOPS SOLD AS SHOWN BY THE BILLS OF SALE.

(From Saturday's Statesman.)

In the Marion county recorder's office at the court house, yesterday, two more hop contracts were filed for record, conveying 19,000 pounds of hops, to be grown this year, to Lillenthal Bros. at 12 1/2 to 12 3/4 cents a pound.

This makes 140 contracts filed thus far, and they run in amounts from 5000 pounds to 20,000. Thus a large proportion of the crop has been contracted this year, more than usual, and that at prices ranging from 10 to 12 3/4 cents a pound. This should insure a reasonable price for the 1902 crop of hops, to the Marion county growers.

The contracts filed yesterday were: Mrs. M. E. Ames to Lillenthal Bros. of New York, 9000 pounds of hops grown on grantor's farm near Woodburn, at 12 1/2 cents; 6 cents a pound to be paid at the time of picking, the rest on delivery.

Myrtle B. Cole and Jim Tong, to Lillenthal Bros., 10,000 pounds of hops grown on the Cole farm near Woodburn; the agreed price is 12 1/2 cents a pound, 6 cents to be paid at time of picking, the rest on delivery.

Valentine Loewi, the veteran hop dealer of New York, in speaking of the market in the Producers' Price Current of last Saturday, says:

Bales.

Receipts for week..... \$9

Exports to Europe..... 75,429

Exports from Sept. 1..... 337

Imports from Sept. 1..... 41,394

Imports from Sept. 1..... 5,658

Considering the smallness of the stock of hops in this country and the fact that we have before us more than four months of the best part of the brewing season, holders are pretty well satisfied with the amount of business that has transpired this week. Brewers are buying mostly against current needs, but any movement on their part to secure larger supplies would be felt at once in a higher market. Dealers make occasional purchases but they find stock offering with much reserve and very full prices asked. State hops are getting very scarce and hold the strongest position at present, but Pacific are crowding them closely. Our quotations cover the business doing, with the exception of an occasional lot to brewers on long time. The country is being secured for 1900 and older hops and when such are found they are taken at very full rates. From recent advices from this state it is doubtful that there are over 400 bales left in the growers' hands. The last lot of Sonomas sold this week to come to New York. In some sections of California, and in Oregon and Washington, a few thousand bales are still left in growers' hands, and Eastern dealers are holding some lots on the coast, presumably to cover contracts for later delivery.

State, 1901, choice..... 15 1/2
State, 1901, prime..... 17 1/2
State, 1901, com. to medium..... 15 1/4
State, 1900, choice..... 13 1/4
State, 1900, com. to prime..... 11 1/2
Pacific coast, 1901, choice..... 15 1/2
Pac. coast, 1901, com. to prime..... 13 1/4
Pac. coast, 1900, choice..... 13 1/4
Pac. coast, 1900, com. to prime..... 10 1/2
State and Pac. coast, old olds. 4 1/2

FOR INDIAN SERVICE

EXAMINATION FOR MATRON TO BE HELD BY THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

(From Saturday's Statesman.)

The United States Civil Service Commission announces that on June 3, 1902, an examination will be held at the places mentioned in the accompanying list for the position of matron in the Indian service. Information relative to the subjects and scope of the examination may be found in section 127 of the Manual of Examinations, revised to January 1, 1902. Age limit, 21 years or over.

From the eligible resulting from this examination it is expected that certification will be made to the position of assistant matron, Cantonment Indian School, Oklahoma, at a salary of \$400 per annum; to a similar position at Rapid City School, South Dakota, at a salary of \$450 per annum, and to other similar vacancies as they may occur.

The examination is open to all citizens of the United States who comply with the requirements. Competitors will be rated without regard to any consideration other than the qualifications shown in their examination papers, and eligibles will be certified strictly in accordance with the civil service law and rules.

Persons who desire to compete should at once apply to the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C., or to the secretary of the local board of examiners, Miss Zaidie Palmer, at the postoffice, for a copy of the Manual of Examinations and application Form 1093. The application should be properly executed and filed with the Commission prior to the hour of closing business on May 23, 1902.

COLOR AFFECTS DEW.

There are conditions in which color materially affects the formation of dew, as may be shown by a simple experiment. Place three pieces of board—one white, another green and another black—so that they may have the sun on them all day, and then leave them exposed to the air all night. A clear, cool night should be chosen for the experiment, for dew rarely forms when it is cloudy.

If all the conditions are normal it will be found in the morning that there is a good deal of dew on the white board, much less on the green board, and still less on the black board, indeed, there may be none at all on the latter.

The difference is due to the fact that

the three boards absorb the sun's rays unequally, and are, therefore, of different temperatures at the close of the day. The black board absorbs the most heat, and the white board the least. They all begin to lose their heat as soon as the sun's rays leave them, the white board cooling first, the green board next and the black board last. As soon as they become cool enough to condense the watery vapor of the air in contact with them, dew will begin to form on them, and the most dew will form on the one that cools first. It may be that the black board will absorb more heat during the day than it can throw off at night; if so, no dew will form on it.

Fifty-five British yacht clubs own, between them, 4,100 yachts.

MANY NEW DOCTORS

PASS THE EXAMINATION BEFORE THE STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

(From Saturday's Statesman.)

The doctors of medicine who successfully passed the examination of the Oregon State Board of Medical Examiners, held in Portland, April 4th and 5th, and are now entitled to practice in any part of the state, are as follows:

Frank T. Beauchamp, Walter W. Bruce, Orland W. Bean, James W. Thomas and Augustus E. Tamiesie, all graduates of the medical department of Willamette University, Salem; E. Martin Adams, Alys A. Bixby, Walter B. Braden, Charles S. Edwards, William K. Haviland, Alfred E. King, Maud W. Kremer, Sanford Loeb, Edward A. Marshall, Ray W. Matson, Neil A. O'Leary, Elsie D. Patton, Frederick L. Smith, Alvin B. Stone, George W. Tamiesie, Ward B. Van Vechten, Floyd M. White, Nancy N. White and Sutherland F. Wistie, all graduates of the medical department of the University of Oregon.

The following physicians who graduated outside of the State passed the examination: Clarence E. Kennedy, of Indiana; Walter T. Brown, Nashville, Tenn.; Joseph A. Cottle, Chicago; Henry J. Minthorn, Newburg, Ore.; Walter W. Smith, La Grande; J. M. Coghlan, Holyoke, Mass.; Carl F. Raver, Ann Arbor, Mich.

PICNIC AT CHAMPOEG

NATIVE SONS WILL ENJOY A DAY AT THE PROVISIONAL MONUMENT.

Matthieu's Cabin No. 12, Native Sons of Oregon, will hold a picnic at Champoege, on Friday, May 23, at the site of the monument erected in honor of the fifty-two who voted on that memorable day fifty-nine years ago, for American sovereignty in the Oregon country. Everybody is invited to be present and enjoy the day. The officers of the day will be:

Hon. T. T. Geer, of Salem, president of the day; vice-presidents, R. A. Miller, of Oregon City; J. H. D. Gray, of Astoria; E. Hardesley, of Silverton; Hon. B. B. Beckman, of Portland, orator.

Addresses by E. A. Reames, of Jackson county, and J. H. Townsend, of Polk county.

THE STATE UNIVERSITY

LOSES ITS PRESIDENT—PROF. FRANK STRONG RESIGNS TO GO TO KANSAS.

Chief Justice R. S. Bean, President of the Board of Regents of the State University, last night received a telegram from President Frank Strong, of the University, tendering his resignation, to take effect at the close of the school year. President Strong's action is taken because he has been called to the Presidency of the Kansas State University, at Lawrence, Kansas, where he will have a far wider sphere of influence.

Judge Bean has called a meeting of the Board of Regents for next Saturday, to be held in Portland, where action will be had on the resignation, and steps taken to fill the vacancy.

"NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS."

The Oregon Fire Relief Association has been a success ever since it began business in January, 1895, and is now growing faster than ever before.

Its annual report of December 31, 1901, shows a net gain in amount of insurance in force of \$2,628,737, which is 50 per cent more than the net gain of any previous year. It paid 135 losses during the year, amounting to \$23,600. It is a strictly mutual institution which furnishes the best of

Fire Insurance at Cost.

For further particulars, address A. C. Chandler, secretary, McMinnville, Oregon, or if you reside in Marion county, call on or address H. A. Johnson, (agent), Salem, Oregon.

MIGHT MAKE A DIFFERENCE.

A lady was once talking to the present Archbishop of Canterbury about the dispensation of Providence, and was rather boring him. To illustrate her argument she related to him how an aunt of hers had been going to America; she had decided the date of departure and taken her passage, when at the last moment she was prevented from going. The ship eventually sank and all the passengers and crew were drowned and the lady looked upon this as a special dispensation of Providence, and inquired of the archbishop if he did not think so. "I don't know your aunt," was the reply.

ONE BETTER.

Ida—"But Belle always said Harry was 'one man in a million.' Why did she jilt him?"

May—"Oh, she found one man with a million."—Chicago News.

EVERY DAY.

One ought every day at least to hear a little song, read a poem, see a fine picture, and, if possible, speak a few reasonable words.—Goethe.

GUILT AND MISERY.

God hath yoked to guilt her pale tormentor, misery.—Bryant.

SLOTH.

Sloth never arrived at the attainment of a good washer.—Cervantes.

Legal Blanks; Statesman Job Office.

NEW TO-DAY.

The Statesman Pub. Co. has on hand several hundred copies of the OREGON CONSTITUTION. The price is 10 cents each as long as they last.

WANTED—Tallow, in exchange for soap. Capital Soap Works, near Woolen Mills, Salem.

WANTED—Eggs and country butter; pay highest market price cash. Salem Creamery Co., 225 Commercial St.

WANTED—Five good woodchoppers to cut fir, ash and oak grub; will pay \$1 per cord for cutting. Enquire of H. W. Murphy, Independence, Oregon.

SEED BARLEY—Have seed barley for sale. Call at sheriff's office or farm on Howell Prairie, F. W. Durbin, Salem, Oregon.

ALL KINDS OF DIMENSIONS—And dressed lumber constantly kept on hand. Bills filled on short notice. S. H. Kaufman's Saw Mill, 3 miles east of Brooks.

ASSAYER—WE DO A GENERAL assay business. Prices reasonable, and satisfaction guaranteed. L. M. Ormsby, 134 Court street, next to Rodgers' book bindery.

REPORT CARDS—Our school report cards are printed to fit the school register. The prices are: Twelve cards for 10 cents; twenty-five for 20 cents; one hundred for 75 cents. Statesman Publishing Co., Salem, Ore.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED farms, and city property at 8 per cent per annum; no commission. Please call on or address Eugene Breyman. Remember the place, 370 Commercial street, one door north of Statesman office.

FOR SALE—We will sell at public auction on Saturday May 10, 1902, at 1 o'clock p. m. the lot and building of the Farmers Creamery Association of Barlow, Oregon; J. S. Yoder, secretary, J. F. Yost, vice president. Terms of sale cash. For further particulars call on or address the secretary at Needy, Oregon.

PAINTING.

CARRIAGE AND BUGGY PAINTING—We do first-class work at reasonable prices. Frank Dimick, over Poble & Bishop's shop, corner Liberty and Ferry streets.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. GRACE ALBRIGHT—ESTABLISHED in practice since 1899. Graduate of American School Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo. Second floor I. O. O. F. Temple. Phone Main 2721. No knives, no drugs, no faith.

PROPOSALS FOR WOOD.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by the undersigned committee up to 12 o'clock noon Saturday, May 10, 1902, for wood to be delivered at the school buildings of School District No. 24, Marion county, Oregon, as follows:

East School—150 cords of Fir and 10 cords of Oak.

Lincoln School—65 cords of Fir and 5 cords of Oak.

Park School—75 cords of Fir and 5 cords of Oak.

North School—70 cords of Fir and 10 cords of Oak.

Central School—12 cords of Fir and 10 of Oak.

All Oak wood to be of good split body of large grub wood, cut within the past year and free from rot.

Separate bids are invited on two classes of Fir wood. First on body Fir, made from old trees, cut green within the past year and free from rot; and second, on wood made from large second growth timber. All wood to be of the best quality of its class, to be delivered before August 1, 1902, and to be subject to the inspection and approval of the undersigned committee.

Successful bidders will be required to enter into written contract with the board of directors of said district within five days after the contract is awarded, and to give security for fulfillment of the same. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

Dated at Salem, Oregon, this 19th day of April, 1902.

H. A. JOHNSON,

M. L. CHAMBERLIN,

A. O. COMPTON,

Supply committee of School district No. 24, of Marion county, Oregon.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS are made from a recipe of a noted English Physician, and have been thoroughly tested for the past 15 years in this country. Composed of pure vegetable remedies, are a safe and sure CURE for all cases of BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, NERVOUSNESS, PINK EYE, EPISCLETTIC, and Loss of Appetite. As a blood purifier they have no equal. For sale by Wholesale and Retail Druggists. Price 50 cents per package. By mail, 60 cents. From CHICHESTER REMEDY COMPANY, ST. PAUL, MINN. Name this order.

Legal Blanks; Statesman Job Office.

J. J. KRAPS

The Pacific Homestead

SALEM, OREGON

The Leading Farm Paper of the Pacific Northwest. 20-page illustrated weekly, \$1 per year. We want good agents and solicitors, and to such will pay a liberal commission. Write for terms. Advertisers should patronize the Homestead.

CIRCULATION, 8,000 WEEKLY

Special rates on long time contracts. Clubbing rate with the Twice-a-Week Statesman, if paid in advance, or within six months after giving the order, \$1.75.

Address: PACIFIC HOMESTEAD,

Office in Statesman Building.

SALEM, OR.

GOOD NEWS TO HORSE OWNERS!

A SURE CURE FOR HEAVES AND DISTEMPERS. The celebrated powder is made from a recipe of a noted Prussian Veterinary Surgeon, and have been thoroughly tested for the past 15 years in this country. Composed of pure vegetable remedies, are a safe and sure CURE for all cases of HEAVES, DISTEMPERS, PINK EYE, EPISCLETTIC, and Loss of Appetite. As a blood purifier they have no equal. For sale by Wholesale and Retail Druggists. Price 50 cents per package. By mail, 60 cents. From PRUSSIAN REMEDY COMPANY, ST. PAUL, MINN. Name this order.

PRUSSIAN REMEDY COMPANY, ST. PAUL, MINN.

PRUSSIAN REMEDY COMPANY, ST. PAUL, MINN.

PRUSSIAN REMEDY COMPANY, ST. PAUL, MINN.

PRUSSIAN REMEDY COMPANY, ST. PAUL, MINN.

PRUSSIAN REMEDY