

# DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

### A Full State Ticket Placed in the Field Yesterday.

## TWO SALEM MEN ARE NAMED

**JUDGE B. F. BONHAM FOR THE SUPREME BENCH AND J. E. GODFREY FOR PRINTER.**

Captain Samuel White Was Re-elected as Chairman of the State Central Committee, and He Made a Plea for Funds for the Campaign, and Secured a Good Purse.

PORTLAND, Or., April 11.—The State Democratic Convention finished its labors this afternoon and adjourned. In accordance with a law passed by the last Legislature permitting the various parties to place the names of candidates for United States Senator on the official ballot, the Convention named C. E. S. Wood, of Portland, for that position.

A feature of the afternoon session was the appeal of Capt. Samuel White, chairman of the State Central Committee, for funds with which to carry on the campaign. Contributions amounting to \$2600 were pledged. The ticket as completed is as follows: Governor—Geo. E. Chamberlain, of Multnomah county. Supreme Judge—B. F. Bonham, of Marion. Secretary of State—D. W. Sears, of Polk. State Treasurer—Henry Blackman, of Morrow. Attorney General—J. H. Raley, of Multnomah. State Printer—J. E. Godfrey, of Marion. Superintendent of Public Instruction—W. A. Wann, of Lane. For United States Senator—C. E. S. Wood, of Multnomah. Congressmen, First District—J. K. Weatherford, of Albany. Congressmen, Second District—W. F. Butcher, of Baker.

**Joint Senators.** Multnomah and Clackamas—Left for Democratic caucus to fill in Multnomah. Marion and Linn—J. E. Jeffrey, of Marion. Umatilla, Union and Morrow—Walter M. Pierce. Baker, Harney and Malheur—William Smith, of Baker.

**Joint Representatives.** Multnomah and Clackamas—Left for Clackamas Democratic Central Committee. Yamhill and Tillamook—Charles Grgson. Polk and Lincoln—I. M. Simpson. Douglas and Jackson—Horace Mann. Coos and Curry—Pussell. Wasco, Crook, Klamath and Lake—A. P. Doak, Earl Sanders, L. E. Morse. Wasco, Sherman, Gilliam, Grant and Wheeler—P. G. Hanson, — Stevenson, E. P. Wier. Union and Wallowa—J. A. Burleigh. Harney and Malheur—E. H. Test. Umatilla and Morrow—W. F. Matlock. Circuit Judge, Eighth Judicial District—Thomas H. Crawford.

**State Central Committee.** The State Central Committee consists of the following members, selected by the several county delegations: Capt. Samuel White, chairman. Baker—M. Fuchs. Benton—B. F. Irvine. Clackamas—J. P. Lovett. Clatsop—W. J. Cook. Columbia—W. F. Slaughter. Coos—John Flannagan. Crook—W. A. Boots. Douglas—O. P. Coshov. Gilliam—Sam E. Van Vactor. Grant—J. C. Woodery. Harney—Sam Mothershead. Jackson—J. J. Houck. Josephine—J. O. Booth. Lane—E. R. Skipworth. Lincoln—J. S. Stewart. Linn—S. M. Garland. Malheur—W. R. King. Marion—F. W. Durbin. Morrow—Henry Blackman. Multnomah—J. C. Welch. Polk—D. W. Sears. Sherman—John Paulk. Tillamook—J. B. Delsman. Umatilla—E. D. Boyd. Union—J. D. Skuter. Wallowa—C. S. Reavis. Wasco—H. J. Myers. Washington—J. M. Wall. Yamhill—R. M. Snell.

## TO MEET HARRIMAN

**GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT MILLER TO PILOT RAILROAD MAGNATE TO OREGON.**

R. B. Miller, General Passenger and Freight Agent of the Southern Pacific Company, passed through this city yesterday morning en route to San Francisco, to meet Mr. Harriman, the great railroad magnate who controls the destiny of the Southern Pacific railroad, and J. C. Stubbs, Chief Traffic Director of the same company, who are in San Francisco and are contemplating a tour of inspection over this line. It is presumed that Mr. Miller's object in going to San Francisco is to pilot Mr. Harriman over this division.

The new gravel platform and driveway, which has been in course of construction for the past three weeks at the Southern Pacific freight depot, in this city, under the supervision of Section Foreman F. D. Prunty, was completed yesterday and a most creditable piece of work it is. Under the new arrangement the depot doors can be approached from any point very conveniently, whereas, with the old plank platform, which was over two feet in height, the teams could only approach from either end and it sometimes proved very inconvenient and unsatisfactory, besides there was an everlasting expense of repairs. The driveway

leading to and from the depot have also been well gravelled and much improved, and Mr. Prunty says that he intends to request the officials of the company to supply him with more gravel with which to grade that section of Trade street between State and Front streets, which, if his request is granted, will be a great improvement over its present condition. Forty-five carloads of gravel were required and used in making the improvements just completed.

## EXTREME MEASURES.

Adopted by General Smith in Samar, Will Be Investigated. WASHINGTON, April 11.—Secretary Root is not now in a position to take any action with regard to the allegations of the extreme military measures on the part of General Smith, who commanded the American troops in the island of Samar, which has been made public in the Water court-martial at Manila. The Secretary said today that if General Smith had committed a breach of the rules of war in the Samar campaign, the War Department will take steps to discipline that officer.

## A BOY SUICIDES.

VANCOUVER, B. C., April 8.—The 11-year-old son of George Tamroos, of Revelstoke, B. C., committed suicide today by hanging. His parents can advance no reason for the act.

## SOUTHERN MEN ARE AROUSED

**Depew's Attack on Their Peculiar Election Methods**

## BRINGS OUT HOT RESPONSES

**BLACKBURN DEFENDS THE GOBEL LAW AND INFORMS THE NEW YORK MEMBER**

That He Is Not Informed on Kentucky Politics—The Cuban Reciprocity Bill Is Safe in the House—A Commanding General Has No Place in the American Army.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Some remarks, which Depew made yesterday concerning the proposed amendment to the Constitution providing for the election of Senators by popular vote, in the course of which he adverted to the Southern election methods, precipitated a lively debate in the Senate today. Senator Money replied tartly to some of the statements of Depew, and defended the suffrage clauses in the Mississippi constitution. Depew made a warm reply and attacked the election methods of several other Southern states. His remarks drew a sharp fire from several Senators. Blackburn warmly arraigned the New York Senator for comments on the Kentucky elections, defended what is known as the Goebel election law, and asserted that the New York Senator was not informed as to the facts of Kentucky politics. When the Chinese Exclusion bill was taken up an agreement was reached that a vote should be taken next Wednesday.

## The Bill Safe.

Washington, April 11.—The debate on the Cuban reciprocity bill was continued in the House today, the principal speeches being made by Long (Kans.), and Shafroth (Colorado). The leaders of the House who have been much worried as to the outcome of the controversy were considerably relieved today when Watson (Indiana), who is acting as the Republican whip, informed them that, after a careful canvass he was positive that when an attempt was made to overrule the chair in order to make way for an amendment to abolish the differential on refined sugar, the chair would be sustained. It is conceded that the uncertainty regarding the fate of the bill hinges on the question of overruling the chair.

## Not Constitutional.

Washington, April 11.—The report of the testimony given before the Senate Committee on Military Affairs by General Schofield, formerly Commanding General of the Army, on the bill to create a general staff, was made public today. He endorsed the bill, saying that he had long since come to the conclusion that there is no room under our Constitution for two commanders, and that the President whom the Constitution made supreme commander, must act through the Secretary of War. He added:

"The very exalted individual office, so-called, of commanding general of the army, must disappear. There is no room for it in this Government, no matter who occupies it; it is not a question of personality at all, or of the character of the individual, so far as this question is concerned. We must have what other nations on the earth have—a chief of staff, not a commanding general."

## Named by Roosevelt.

Washington, April 11.—The President today sent the following nominations to the Senate: James R. Garfield, of Ohio, United States Civil Service Commissioner; William Williams, of New York, Commissioner of Immigration.

## Democratic Committee.

Washington, April 11.—The Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee, as the result of consultations with leaders in different parts of the country, has agreed on the following executive committee to be formally announced at the next meeting, unless some hitch occurs: Ben T. Cable, of Illinois, chairman; Lewis Nixon, New York, chairman of the Finance Committee; David Overmeyer, Kansas; Thomas Taggart, Indianapolis; Richard Olney, Massachusetts; and Daniel S. Lamont, of New York.

**CASTORIA.** The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Dr. H. H. Fletcher*

# THE DISORDERS IN BRUSSELS

### Followed by Violent Scenes in the Chamber of Deputies

## TRIBUNAL OF THE PRESIDENT

**WAS STORMED BY SOCIALIST MEMBERS OF THE BODY—REPULSED BY THE USHERS.**

The Entire Country Is a Seething Mass of Discontent, and Troops Are Everywhere Attempting to Repress the Uprisings and Strikes—Centers of Agitation Bristling With Bayonets.

BRUSSELS, April 11.—The sitting of the Chamber of Deputies today was characterized by violent scenes. At the close of the sitting the Socialist deputies stormed the President's tribunal. The ushers were summoned to preserve order, and a violent scene ensued, in which blows were exchanged. During the evening there were several outbreaks in the city. The police charged the rioters, and about twenty-five persons were wounded.

Volkart, President of the Society of the Young Socialists Guard, who is charged with being responsible for the disorders here, has eluded the police and escaped from the country.

## In Chaotic State.

Brussels, April 11.—Sharp fighting between strikers and gendarmes occurred this morning at Erasquegnies, near Charleroi. Several thousand strikers attacked and stoned a body of gendarmes, who retaliated by firing their revolvers. A sharp fusillade followed, and the gendarmes were compelled to retreat. A squadron of lancers, however, galloped up and dispersed the mob.

A semblance of order was restored among the rioters in the Rue Stevens early this morning. The police, who bore the brunt of the fighting, were strongly reinforced by the gendarmes and civil guards with loaded rifles. Orders were issued to use all force necessary to drive the mob out of the Madison du Peuple. Just as the order was about to be executed the chiefs of the Socialists offered to evacuate the building quietly.

Estimates of the number wounded during the riots vary from 40 to 100, but scores of injured were carried off and hidden by friends. A large number of rioters were arrested, and are detained. The Burgomaster of Brussels and suburban municipalities have proclaimed that meetings of more than ten persons are prohibited, and that persons carrying revolvers shall be liable to six months imprisonment.

All centers of agitation are bristling with bayonets. Squads of cavalry are continually patrolling the streets and guarding the shops, which were threatened with plundering by the rioters. A manifesto, signed by the general council of the Labor Party, has been widely posted. It demands a revision of the constitution and universal suffrage.

Telegrams from the country districts indicate the widespread character of the movement, which threatens to culminate in a grand coup next week, during the reform debate in Parliament.

A thousand demonstrators caused great disturbances at the St. Nicholas last night until routed by the repeated charges of the gendarmes.

At La Louvre, 6000 men ceased to work, forcing the workers in the large industrial establishment at La Croix and Hine St. Pierre to join them. The strikers threaten to burn all factories where the workers refuse to quit. Strong detachments of cavalry are now patrolling the district, in order to protect the factories.

A telegram from Mons says work still continues in the Borange district, but a strike is threatened. Troops have been sent to the district to cope with possible rioting.

Additional regiments of cavalry, infantry and engineers arrived here this morning. A battalion is held in readiness for action at each of the barracks. All the troops are supplied with two packages of ball cartridges and two packages of so-called strike cartridges. Gendarmes and civil guards are assembling at the headquarters in large numbers, and rigorous instructions have been issued for instant repression of other outbreaks in their incipency.

Four regiments arrived at Charleroi today. Infantry has been sent to Louvain and Valvorden, and squadrons of chasseurs have been distributed in the midlands.

## A COLONIZATION COMPANY.

**Rio Grande Valley to Be Settled and Irrigated.**

EL PASO, Tex., April 8.—A Colonization Company has been organized and will settle forty thousand acres of land in the Rio Grande Valley below this city. Recent experiments have demonstrated the fact that water can be gotten from wells with pumps to irrigate lands at a small cost. The land will be sold only to bona fide settlers.

## FOR ATHLETICS.

SPOKANE, Wash., April 11.—The Inland Empire Inter-Scholastic Association was organized today by the representatives of Whitman Academy, the Cheney and Ellensburg State Normal Schools, and the high schools of Walla Walla, Lewiston, Davenport and Spokane. The object is to promote interest in athletic events.

## A RED LETTER DAY.

GRAND FORKS, B. C. April 8.—Saturday, April 12th is a red letter day in the history of Grand Forks and Republic. The occasion will be the formal opening of the Kettle Valley Railroad line.

## Blown to Atoms.

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded; for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25c at DR. STONE'S drug stores.

Brodrick was asked if Kitchener had been authorized to offer any terms of peace besides an unconditional surrender. He replied: "I am not in a position to make any statement regarding the conference between the Boers."

## TROOPS FOR AFRICA.

VANCOUVER, B. C., April 8.—The machinery for the Canadian Militia Department was set in motion today, for the enlisting of a contingent of 2000 men for South Africa. The Department will have the contingent outfitted, equipped and ready to go on board steamer in three weeks.

## The Thrust of a Lance

is scarcely more agonizing than the recurrent pains in the abdomen which follow the eating of improper food or too free indulgence in ice-water. The immediate cause of cramps and colic is often the distention of the bowels by gas. Quick relief follows the use of Perry Davis' Painkiller. Careful housekeepers give it the place of honor in the family medicine chest.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Dr. H. H. Fletcher*

## SHOT HIS WIFE AND SUICIDED

**Awful Deed of a Smelter Employee at Anaconda**

## WHILE IN A FIT OF JEALOUSY

**SUICIDE OF A MINISTER IN WEISER AS THE RESULT OF SICKNESS.**

One of the Detroit Murders Cleared Up by the Confession of the Slayer of Carrie M. Jennette—A St. Louis Negro Hanged Thirty Minutes Before the Reprieve Came.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, April 11.—A special to the Tribune from Anaconda, Mont., says:

Fred Bauer, an employe of the Washoe Smelter, in a fit of jealousy tonight shot his wife and then put a bullet through his own brain. Bauer died. His wife has little chance of recovery.

## A Minister Suicides.

Weiser, Idaho, April 11.—L. L. Shearer, a Presbyterian minister, committed suicide by shooting this morning. He had been a sufferer from consumption for several years, and became despondent.

## Confessed the Murder.

Detroit, Mich., April 11.—Professor Joseph M. Miller today confessed that he murdered Carrie M. Jennette, one of his former pupils, last Wednesday night, with a small hatchet.

## Reprieve Too Late.

St. Louis, April 11.—Henry Fletcher, colored, was hanged at sunrise today for the murder of Louis Roth, 16 years old, August 27, 1900. At 6:45 a. m., 30 minutes after the final drop, a telegram was received by Sheriff Jos. E. Dickman from Governor Dickery, granting a respite of 15 days.

At 11 o'clock last night Circuit Attorney Folk telegraphed Governor Dickery recommending a 10 days' reprieve in order to investigate more fully the testimony that Fletcher acted in self-defense. A message from Jefferson City said that the Governor, when aroused by the messenger stuck his head out of second-story window and asked:

"What's wanted?" The messenger told him the nature of the message and he ordered it put under the door. Sheriff Dickmann concluded that this meant no interference. At 5:50 Sheriff Dickmann told the condemned boy to prepare for the march to the gallows. The next five minutes was spent in prayer. When Fletcher had finished, he turned to a deputy and placed his arms behind him.

"We'll go now," he said quietly and the rope was tied over his elbows.

The boy walked to the gallows with a steady step and when asked by the sheriff if he wished to say anything, began a speech that lasted three minutes. He declared that he fired the fatal shot, but disavowed any intention of murder. His object, he said, was merely to disarm his assailant. Fletcher concluded as follows:

"Without the desire to reflect on the men who sent me to this fate, the worst that can befall a mortal man, I want to say that not only have I been prosecuted, but relentlessly persecuted as well. This shameful end to my life, a boy's life, marks the final triumph of money over justice.

"The time is past when anything can be done. Death is very near to me, but before it lays its hand let me say a parting word. Shun evil companions, advice that is just as good for the old as the young. Had I done so there would have been no fight, no shooting, no hangman's noose."

With a sweep of his right hand he bade the crowd good-bye and turned to the sheriff. Twenty seconds later Sheriff Dickmann sprung the trap. Fletcher's neck was broken in the drop. After a formal inquest, the body was turned over to the family.

"I did my duty," said Sheriff Dickmann, after the hanging. "and I am glad it's over. The death warrant called on me to execute Fletcher between the hours of 6 in the morning and 6 in the afternoon. It was nearly 15 minutes after 6 in the morning when the drop fell."

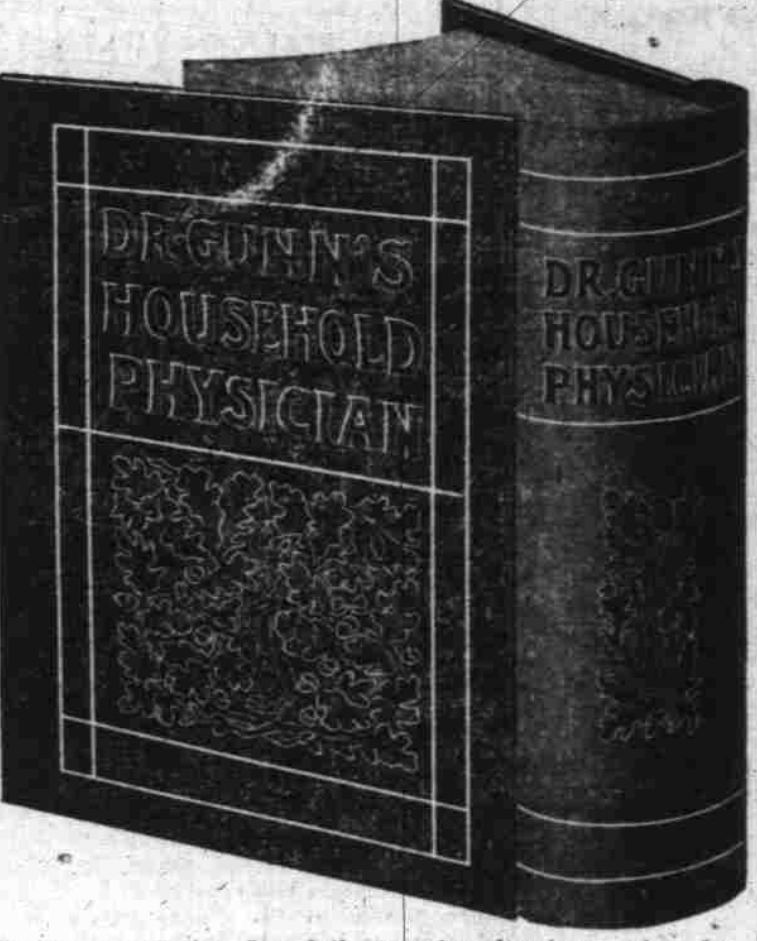
The answer of Mr. Folk's telegram to the Governor came to the Four Courts at 2:30 in the morning, in the form of a dispatch from the Western

# A Great Offer

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## GOOD NEWS TO HORSE OWNERS!

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Union office at Jefferson City. I opened the telegram, thinking it might contain a reprieve. Instead it said that the Governor had come to a window and when told the nature of the message had directed it to be placed under the door and had shut the window without sending an answer. I supposed that ended the matter, and left no hope. Mr. Folk, whom one of the newspaper men called over the phone, thought the same, and so did the prisoner. "I don't hold myself to blame. The Governor is the one who had the authority, and he is responsible for the whole incident." Deputy Sheriff Charles Bilhartz, who received and opened the telegram containing the reprieve from the Governor, says that the message was received 20 minutes after it had been filed in Jefferson City. It came to the Western Union office, on Eighth street, and was delivered by a messenger who had run the entire distance to the Four Courts.

**YOUR FACE—HOW TO WASH IT.**  
The matter of washing the face appears very simple, but it is the exception rather than the rule when it is properly done. Look at a piece of furniture and note the amount of dust and dirt it will collect in a few hours, and one may realize the quantity the face has to receive. It not only gathers up the minute particles of all kinds that float about the house, but that, too, which is outside. There is an old tradition that if one would preserve a delicate complexion water should not touch the face, the skin to be cleaned by rubbing it with a piece of flannel,

which must suffice if the face were kept in a glass case. The face needs hot water applied liberally to it with the hands, and generally the use of pure, non-irritating soap will not come amiss. Wash cloths are often an abomination, as they are too seldom free from impurities, and the same statement is true of sponges. They are left imperfectly cleaned from the soap that has been used, and are dried at the washstand, when after every day use they should be washed, boiled and hung in the air. I have often seen faces with muddy skins, dotted with blackheads and pimples because impurities from wash cloths and sponges had been rubbed into the skin to its infection, says Harper's Bazar. If the face is oily and filled with fine blackheads, the latter can be removed by rubbing them with a soft cloth dipped in alcohol or in equal parts of cologne water. The latter will cleanse the face better than anything else, acting upon the skin as a gentle stimulant. The contact of the fingers with the face seems to have a vivifying effect. It is easy while thus dashing the water in the face to massage it and bring the blood to the surface.

**TOBACCO SEED.**  
Tobacco seeds are extremely small, and an ounce of them contains from 300,000 to 400,000 seeds. A large percentage of these, however, will not sprout. Some of them are not fertile, and others have a very hard coating—too resistant to moisture. Legal Blanks at the Statesman office.