

THE GILBERT BANK CASE

A Number of Claims Ordered Paid, by Judge Boise

RECEIVER THIELSEN'S CLAIM WILL HAVE TO BE AMENDED AND FILED AGAIN.

Other Orders Made at Yesterday's Session of the Court—New Complaints Filed in Both Departments.

In the second department of the State Circuit Court yesterday several petitions were heard in the case of Timon Ford, executor, plaintiff, vs. A. T. Gilbert, et al., defendants, and orders made as follows:

The demurrer to the claim of Ladd & Bush was overruled and the receiver directed to pay to Ladd & Bush out of the funds he had received from the First National Bank of Portland, the sum of \$1260.92. The demurrer to the claim of L. L. Harpole was overruled and the receiver directed to pay him \$450 out of the same funds. The demurrer to the claim of Branson & Hagan was overruled, and the receiver directed to pay the petitioners the sum of \$100 out of the same funds. The demurrer to the claim of the Schaeffer Piano Manufacturing Co., was also overruled and the receiver directed to pay said company the sum of \$1090.11 out of the funds that were received from the Hanover National Bank of New York. The demurrer to the petition of H. B. Thielson, for the sum of \$54.72 expenses incurred as receiver of the property of the Gilbert Bros. as per appointment by the United States District Court for Oregon, was sustained and Thielson was granted leave to amend his petition.

The petition of P. S. Knight, for the court, to order the receiver to redeem a note executed by him for the sum of \$1000 which Gilbert Bros. placed in the First National Bank of Dallas as collateral, and then to allow Knight to have credit on the note for the amount of money which he had on deposit with Gilbert Bros., was continued until 10 o'clock a. m. today.

The claims of Harpole and Branson & Hagan were based upon drafts issued by Gilbert prior to the closing of the bank, and were drawn against the fund which he had in the First National Bank of Portland, and the court held that the drawing of those drafts and each of them was the assignment pro tanto of the funds in the First National Bank of Portland and, being an assignment of the funds, the creditors were entitled to the full amount.

The Ladd & Bush claim was based upon an absolute assignment of the balance left in the First National Bank of Portland after the payment of all the drafts drawn against the same. This assignment was dated to Ladd & Bush on April 23d, the date of the closing of the bank, but, under the Oregon laws any debtor may prefer a creditor so long as there is no fraud and, as there was an actual debt to Ladd & Bush, the court held the assignment valid.

Among other petitions which are to be heard this morning is that of Louisa and Hermann Barr, which is similar to that of Knight's, being a note held as collateral by M. P. Brown.

The taking of testimony in the case of W. H. Egan, plaintiff, vs. James Finney, defendant, a cross bill in equity to establish a dividing line between the contestants' properties, was continued in the above department of the State Circuit Court at 1 o'clock p. m. yesterday, and consumed the entire afternoon until 5 o'clock, at which time the court adjourned until today, and the argument in this case will be begun at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

J. H. Lee yesterday filed a complaint in the second department of the State Circuit Court against his wife, Margaret Lee, charging her with desertion and praying the court for a decree of divorce and for his costs and disbursements. C. L. McNary is the attorney for the plaintiff.

An action was begun in department No. 1 of the State Circuit Court yesterday, wherein the plaintiff, O. A. Beemis prays for a decree of the court against the defendant, Fred Dose, for the sum of \$700 with interest thereon at 6 per cent per annum from February 1, 1902, and for his costs and disbursements. The plaintiff alleges in his complaint that he had delivered to the defendant, on November 15, 1901, onions to the amount of and the agreed value of \$1000, \$300 of which amount was paid upon demand and the remaining \$700 was to be paid on February 1, 1902, of which interest no part had been paid, hence the suit. H. Overton is the plaintiff's attorney.

Matters in Probate.

Upon petition of L. C. Dora Mitchell the Marion county probate court yesterday ordered that the will of Margaret Howell, deceased, be withdrawn from the files of this court and that the same be presented for probate to the county court of Polk county, it being shown in the petition that the latter court had assumed jurisdiction of said estate and had appointed Joshua McDaniel as administrator.

Upon presenting to the court receipts for the payment of all claims and for the distribution of the estate in accordance with an order of the court, W. R. McKay and Nicholas Gooding, executors of the estate of Hugh Cassgrove, deceased, were discharged from their trust.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Buy Always Bought

Signature of *Chas. H. H. H.*

STOLE A CLOCK—Clyde Stanley, who was arrested last Saturday evening last, upon a warrant issued by Justice of the Peace J. O'Donnell's court, charged with the larceny of a clock valued at \$1.50, was taken up for

trial before Justice O'Donnell yesterday afternoon, plead guilty to the charge and was fined \$25 in default of which he was committed to the county jail to serve a sentence of twelve days. The clock was the property of Mrs. George Wallerup, who filed the complaint, she having found the clock in the possession of one of the second-hand dealers in this city. Stanley was arraigned yesterday morning at which time he plead not guilty but upon appearing for trial during the afternoon he changed his mind and plead guilty to the charge.

All who use Atomizers in treating nasal catarrh will get the best result from Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price, including spraying tube, 75 cents. Sold by druggists or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren street, N. Y.

MEASLES. Ely Bros.—I sold two bottles of your Liquid Cream Balm to a customer, Wm. Lambertson, 315 Delachaise St., New Orleans; he has used the two bottles, giving him wonderful and most satisfactory results. Geo. W. McIlwain, Pharmacist.

INCORPORATED.—The Blue Buck-et Gold Mining Company filed articles at the state house yesterday, and will operate mines and do a general development business with headquarters in Sumpter. The company has a capital of \$150,000, and E. E. Haggber, T. G. Harrison and F. A. E. Starr are the incorporators. The Coast Investment Company also filed articles, and will deal in real estate, do a general commission and insurance business, and development work, with headquarters in Albany. The capital is \$100,000. G. D. Barton, H. C. Watson, W. G. Wood, and S. M. Garland are the incorporators of record.

NEW BOOKS ADDED

TO MASONIC LIBRARY.

A Choice List of Works by Popular Authors Recently Placed on the Shelves by the Trustees.

The trustees of the Masonic Library have recently purchased an excellent line of late works by popular authors, and placed them on the shelves of the library for the patrons' use. Among them are the following:

"Anne Searlett," by Taylor.
"Caleb Wright," by John Habberton.
"The House With the Green Shutters," by Douglas.
"J. Devlin, Boss," by Williams.
"One of My Sons," by Green.
"Selections from Walter Pater," edited by Edw. Everett Hale, Jr.
"Time and Chance," by Hubbard.
"The True Story of Capt. John Smith," by Woods.
"The Strength of the Weak," by Hotchkiss.

Having a Run on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Between the hours of eleven o'clock a. m. and closing time at night on Jan. 25th 1901, A. B. Clark, druggist, Glade Springs, Va., sold twelve bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He says: "I never handled a medicine that sold better or gave better satisfaction to my customers." This Remedy has been in general use in Virginia for many years, and the people there are well acquainted with its excellent qualities. Many of them have testified to the remarkable cures which it has effected. When you need a good, reliable medicine for a cough or cold, or attack of the grip, use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and you are certain to be more than pleased with the quick cure which it affords. For sale Dr. Stone's Drug Stores.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

The dispatches from South Africa continue to be introduced with the words, "I greatly regret."

The big rush to the gold fields of the Far North is getting ready again. The fools are not all dead yet. They never will be, for a new one is born every minute, or oftener.

When your boy sees new cars, the bicycle, and the box of toys, and the dictionary, are in the contest for new Statesman subscribers. He will see that he could have had one of the prizes, besides a little spending money.

The State Land Board is being jumped onto because it is trying to protect the actual settler and home builder in the proposed irrigation districts on the Deschutes. The intention of the law is to make homes for actual settlers, not to turn over large tracts of land to big monopolies for grazing or other exploiting purposes.

Squire Farrar would make a very good State Senator from Marion county.

No news from Willamette University for this morning. But there will be good news every day soon. The campaign for effective work for the old school is being organized, and it will go forward unceasingly.

The House Committee on Irrigation of Arid Lands yesterday ordered a favorable report on the bill drafted by Senators and Representatives of the Western states, with an amendment giving each state and territory the major portion of the irrigation fund derived from its public lands sales. The bill has been before the committee for some weeks, and has undergone minor changes, but the amendment added yesterday being first of real importance. As originally framed the bill created a general fund from proceeds from the sale of public lands in the arid land states, the Secretary of the Interior being given authority to expend this amount in the reclamation of the arid tracts. Chairman Tongue, of the committee, has maintained that this gives the Secretary of the Interior too wide a discretion, and that each state should retain the bulk of its own public land sales. It was an amendment, which prevailed yesterday, all the members present voting for it except Mr. Newland, of Nevada, one of the original framers of the bill. The report will be drafted by Representative Mondell, of Wyoming, and will be urged by its friends to early consideration in the House.—Washington Post, March 23.

It seems reasonable that the individual states should have the handling of the funds from irrigated lands sold within their respective borders.

IN SUPREME COURT

CASES DECIDED BY THE JUSTICES AT YESTERDAY'S SITTING.

Damage Suit from Multnomah County Reversed—An Employer Not Always Responsible for an Employee's Acts.

In the Supreme Court yesterday four cases were decided. They are: Carl O. Johnson, respondent, vs. Portland Granite & Stone Company, appellant; appeal from Multnomah county. Hon. Alfred F. Sears, Jr., judge; affirmed. Opinion by Chief Justice R. S. Bean.

This was an action to recover damages for injuries alleged to have been received by plaintiff, through the neglect of defendant. The defendant was operating a stone quarry, and plaintiff worked with one Nelson, who acted as powder man, and whose business was to load and discharge holes drilled by the men. An attempt was made one day to discharge two blasts, one of which failed to explode, when, on the following day, Nelson, and the defendant and one other man attempted to remove the tamping from the missed hole, and the drill came in contact with the charge; it exploded, injuring plaintiff. At the trial in the lower court plaintiff obtained judgment for \$7900. The appellate court holds that the duty of a master to exercise due care to provide his servant with a reasonably safe place, but when that is done, he is not responsible because it is made dangerous by the carelessness of a fellow employee. The place where plaintiff was injured was not made dangerous through fault of defendant. If negligence existed it was in plaintiff or his fellow-servant, Nelson. It is contended that Foreman Nelson was incompetent, and that defendant was guilty of negligence in retaining him after knowledge of the fact. The court holds that plaintiff, having worked with Nelson a long time without complaining of his incompetency, cannot now maintain an action for injury received through the carelessness of such fellow-servant. Defendant is not held to be negligent for not promulgating rules regarding the work under the facts stated, and judgment is reversed.

L. H. Taffe, respondent, vs. The Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, appellant; appeal from Multnomah county. Hon. Alfred F. Sears, Jr., judge; reversed. Opinion by Associate Justice C. E. Wolverton.

This suit is to recover damages in the sum of \$1500 on account of delay in transporting a carload of fresh salmon from Celilo, Or., to New York City. The shipment was delivered to the railroad company on September 17, 1898, and plaintiff alleges that the company agreed to transport it by the fastest passenger train service then operated, which would have landed it in New York City not later than September 23, but that it did not reach that point until the 27th, by reason of which plaintiff was damaged in the sum claimed. The defendant company seeks to avoid responsibility by alleging that all delays in the transportation of the car were occasioned on the roads east of Chicago, over which defendant had no control. A demurrer to this defense was sustained, and the company refused to plead further. A trial was had to one juror, who, under direction of the court, returned a verdict for \$950, and from the judgment which followed this appeal is taken. The appellate court holds that a railroad company receiving and accepting goods for transportation, is required to carry the same to the terminus of the line, and that when they are delivered to their destination, the responsibility of the original carrier ceases. In accordance with this view judgment is reversed.

C. E. Harmon, appellant, vs. Charles Decker, respondent; appeal from Josephine county. Hon. H. K. Hanna, judge; affirmed. Opinion by Associate Justice F. A. Moore.

This was an action by C. E. Harmon, administrator of the estate of Horace Gasquet, deceased, to recover the sum of \$2908.80, alleged to be due on an open account for merchandise and other property sold by deceased to defendant. It is averred that an item of the account dated December 31, 1899, and designated therein as a note, was for merchandise and buildings purchased by defendant from Gasquet, which, by mutual consent, was merged in the account; that no note was given, but that interest was charged by agreement, from time to time. The trial resulted in a judgment for plaintiff in the sum of \$382.14, from which defendant appeals. The court holds that plaintiff alleged facts relied upon, which being denied, the burden of establishing them rested upon him. No memorandum in any book of original entries was introduced to substantiate the point of fact referred to in testimony introduced to show why defendant was charged with \$4448.51, hence no error was committed in excluding that sum. The books of the original entry are held not good proof of indebtedness for large sums of money. No error found; judgment is affirmed.

Salem Light & Traction Company, respondent, vs. F. R. Anson, appellant; on motion to dismiss appeal; motion overruled; opinion per Curiam.

It is stated in the notice of appeal that the judgment was rendered on June 18, 1901, whereas it was actually rendered on June 8, 1901. The court holds that it was merely a clerical error, which in no way misled respondent, and the motion is therefore overruled. Minor orders were also made in the following cases:

Charles Venable and W. O. Stitt, respondents, vs. Board of Public Commissioners, of Portland; appellants; appeal from Multnomah county; rehearing denied.

Julia C. Richardson, appellant, vs. Bertrand Orth, et al., respondents; rehearing denied.

Mary A. Lazelle, et al., respondents, vs. G. R. H. Miller, appellants; rehearing denied.

Alice O. Brandt, respondent, vs. A. Park Brandt, appellant; rehearing denied.

Henry M. Wagner, respondent, vs. City of Portland, appellant; rehearing denied.

The case of Otto Johnson, respondent, vs. James F. Tomlinson, appellant;

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy. It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.

on appeal from Tillamook county, was argued and submitted by R. L. Eddy for respondent, and T. B. Handley for appellant.

STATE TAXES.—State Treasurer C. S. Moore yesterday received state taxes for the year 1901, from two counties, as follows: Coos, \$2676; Clackamas, \$10,000. The Merchants' Insurance Company also paid its 2 per cent state tax of \$281.76.

THE GLORIES OF THE FAMOUS SHASTA ROUTE.

Beautiful Mountain Scenery, and the Rich Valleys of the Pacific Coast Traversed by This Great Line.

In going over the famous "Shasta Route" of the Southern Pacific Company, the traveler ever finds something new to excite his admiration and interest. Starting at Portland, one traverses the whole length of the Willamette valley, the gem of the Northwest. Mt. Hood, Mt. Jefferson, and the Three Sisters and other snow-capped peaks are kept in sight for hours. The beautiful valleys of the Umpqua and Rogue rivers, with their orchards of peaches, apples, and other fruits are a delight in themselves. The crossing of the great mountain barrier between Oregon and California reveals the grandest mountain scenery in the United States. The wonderful turns, twistings, and doublings of the railroad bring into view a grand array of towering mountains and profound gorges into which we gaze from dizzy heights, forest clad mountain slopes stretching up to the line of perpetual snow, and the foaming mountain streams dashing fiercely down deep canyons, now and then stopping for a short rest in some quiet pool. After a day's enjoyment of old Mt. Shasta, the finest peak on the continent, we drop rapidly down the canyon of the Sacramento to the broad plains of the Sacramento valley in California, and thence through vineyards and orchards to San Francisco. For maps and descriptive literature, address:

R. B. MILLER,
G. P. & F. Co.,
Portland, Or.

LOW RATES FOR SETTLERS.

During the months of March and April the Canadian Pacific Railway and Soo Line will make the following low rates to North Pacific coast points: From St. Paul, \$25; from Chicago, \$33, and correspondingly low rates from all points in the East. This route is the pioneer line in immigration to the Pacific Coast. If you have friends in the East who are contemplating coming West and will furnish me with their names and addresses we will be pleased to have our Eastern representatives give them full information regarding the resources of Oregon and assist them in arranging for their trip.

For time tables, rates and other information, call on or address, F. H. Johnson, F. & P. A., C. P. R., No. 142 Third Street, Portland, Oregon.

GOOD MEN.

Hard to Keep Them Down.—Don't Try It.

Thoroughly selfish people may be depended upon to overreach themselves. Employers who are so narrow-minded as to think they can hold good people down by denying them recognition and proper credit usually find that such a "two by twice" policy leaves them only with the ones no one else wants.

The good ones can always find a way out. A small-minded person never wants anyone else to be larger than himself. If he cannot be large, then he feels he must, if possible, bring others down to his little measure.

However, as the whale is supposed to have remarked after the Jonah incident: "You can't keep a good man down."

You can't hold on to a good man by trying to keep him from getting proper credit. If his work is good it doesn't need to have his name attached. It will speak for itself and for him.

If his work is not good, his name might be set in plaques and not take the curse of mediocrity off of it.

Every person should be given full credit for what he does and be placed upon his mettle and responsibility.

Someone declares that responsibility and success are strong drinks and ruin more people than whisky but however that is, you can't hide the work of a good man any more than you can make a silk purse out of a sow's ear.

THE ART OF BREATHING.

It is perhaps one of the signs of the times to those alert for indications that the art of breathing has become more and more a subject of attention. Oculists, as well as physiologists, so deeply into its study in a way hardly to be

touch upon here. Physicians have cured aggravated cases of insomnia by long-drawn, regular breaths, fever-sticken patients have been quieted, stubborn forms of indigestion made to disappear, says the London Doctor. A tendency to consumption may be overcome, as some authority has within the past few years clearly demonstrated, by exercise in breathing. Scafenkes, too, may be surmounted and the victim of hypnotic influence taught to withstand the force of an energy directed against him. There is a famous physician of Munich who has written an extensive work upon the subject of breathing. He has besides formulated a system by which asthmatic patients are made to walk without losing breath and cured. At Mehan, in the Austrian Tyrol, his patients (almost every royal house of Europe is represented) are put through a certain system of breathing and walking. The mountain paths are all marked off with stakes of different colors, indicating the number of minutes in which a patient must walk the given

distance, the breathing and walking being in time together. As the cure progresses the ascents are made steeper and steeper.

Counterfeit Gold. Few persons know that gold used in color printing and on picture frames is made from a composition powder of bronze and spelter, and not from pure gold leaf, but which, however, gives the same effect. There is another article that is very much imitated, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Spurious dealers often refill the bottles, and thus give them the same appearance as the original, but unless they have our Private Stamp unbroken over the neck they are not the genuine. Refuse all such imitations. The genuine Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have an unequalled record of cures of stomach complaints lack of it, such as dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, nervousness, insomnia, and malaria, fever and ague.

TO THE OLD HOME

If you are going home—to your childhood's home—this year, remember that the NORTHERN PACIFIC leads to everybody's home.

You can go by way of St. Paul to Chicago, or St. Louis, and thence reach the entire East and South. Or, you can go to Duluth, and from there use either the rail lines, or one of the superb Lake Steamers down the lakes to Detroit, Cleveland, Erie, and Buffalo—the Pan-American City.

Start right and you will probably arrive at your destination all right, and, to start right, use the Northern Pacific, and preferably the "NORTH COAST LIMITED" train, in service after MAY 5th.

Any local agent will name rates.

A. D. CHARLTON Assistant General Passenger Agent, PORTLAND, OREGON.

Are You Up-to-Date?

IF NOT, DO YOU WANT TO BE?

IN EITHER CASE YOU SHOULD TAKE THE

Pacific Homestead

\$1.00 per year. If you have not the dollar, cut out and sign this coupon, and mail it today:

To HOMESTEAD CO., Salem, Oregon. Date..... Please send the Pacific Homestead to my address, as given below, for twelve months, for which I agree to pay \$1.00 within six months from this date.

.....

P. O.

If not paid within six months, price will be \$1.25.

Homestead and Statesman, \$1.75 per year cash, or if paid within six months

HERE IS WHAT SOME OF OUR SUBSCRIBERS SAY:

Editor Homestead: Enclosed find order for \$1.25 for one year's subscription to the Homestead and the Oregon Poultry Journal. When your agent called in June I did not feel like taking your paper but he wished me to try it for three months, and said if I did not like it at the end of that time it would not cost me anything. But we like your paper very much and send order for one year's subscription from last June. Wishing success.

J. H. RELTIEA, Snohomish, Wash., Sept. 27, 1901. (Homestead and Poultry Journal is now \$1.40.)

Editor Homestead: Please find enclosed \$1 for my subscription to the Homestead. I am very much pleased with your paper. There is so much valuable information contained in it.

J. A. ROGERS, Freewater, Or., Sept. 20, 1901.

Editor Homestead: I like the Homestead very much—couldn't very well do without it. The articles written and reports from different sections or parts of the country, published every week, are no edge which is to be gotten from no other source, if intelligently applied.

Ridgefield, Wash., Aug. 19, 1901.

Editor Homestead: Enclosed find postoffice order for one dollar for one year's subscription to your valuable paper. I would be lost without it. Yours truly,

F. J. BONDISHIRE, Thatcher, Or., Nov. 11, 1901.

Editor Homestead: I am much pleased with the Homestead and Statesman; believe them equal to any papers on this coast, if not better. I remain, yours respectfully,

L. CRAVEN, Galesville, Or., Nov. 12, 1901.

Editor Homestead: Please find enclosed \$1.75 for my subscription to the Homestead and Statesman. I am much pleased with the Homestead. There is much valuable information contained in it. Wishing you success.

MRS. C. M. BIXBY, Hakey, Or., Nov. 3, 1901.

Frank Strong, of Myrtle Point, Coos county, Oregon, sends two new subscriptions to the Homestead and says: "I like the Homestead very much; could not get along without it."

A renewal from H. C. Jackson, of Shedd, Ore., has the following encouraging words added thereto: "I

like the Homestead as well as ever and would not like to be without it. Wishing you success."

J. D. Martin, of Vancouver, Washington, says he "likes the Homestead splendidly."

Wm. P. Stewart, of Snohomish, Washington, wishes the Homestead great success.

W. E. Williams, of Outlook, Washington, thinks "the Homestead is o. k."

"I like the Pacific Homestead fine and think it is the best farm paper I have taken," says G. A. Goerig, of Woodland, Or.

J. W. Keller, of Waterloo, Oregon, says: "Find enclosed \$1 for one year's subscription to the Homestead. Having recently come here from Hanford, California, have failed to get several copies of your excellent paper, and have missed them very much."

"I am well pleased with the paper," writes D. H. Farley, of Montee, Oregon, ditto G. C. Berger, of Avon, Washington.

Frank Collins, of Auburn, Washington, says: "We like your farm paper very much, better than any farm paper we have ever taken."

G. W. Templeton, of Marysville, Washington, thinks "the Pacific Homestead is o. k."

James Lander, of Tacoma, Washington, expresses himself in this way: "Would not be without your paper for ten times its price."

F. P. Lahala, of Seagers, Oregon, says: "Would not be without your paper any longer, never missed anything so much."

J. M. Fisher, of Weiser, Idaho, in renewing his subscription to the Homestead says he "is well pleased with the paper."

W. D. Patch, of Weiser, Idaho, takes several farm papers, "but likes the Homestead best of all."

Dr. A. Skipton, of Payette, Idaho, likes the Homestead very much and thinks "any one interested in farming should take it."

Charles Coyle, owning a big wheat and stock ranch two miles west of Walla Walla, says "the Pacific Homestead is the best paper on farming I ever read."

R. B. McNeal, having a beautiful farm seven miles west of Walla Walla, on Walla Walla river, is going into dairying and diversified farming. He praises the Homestead by saying "just what I need."

The paper of all papers to send to your Eastern friends, for it gives a more thorough insight than any other publication into the farming and industrial conditions of the Northwest.

LEGAL BLANKS ALL FORMS AND FINE PRINTING, AT STATESMAN JOB OFFICE, SALEM