

DEBATING THE BULL BUTTER

Strong Fight Is Made on the Oleo-margarine Bill

THE SALARY BILL FOR UNITED STATES JUDGES DISCUSSED IN THE LOWER HOUSE.

The Interstate Commerce Law to Be Amended, Giving Railway Companies the Right to Pool Rates Under the Oversight of the Commission—Cuban Reciprocity in Some Form Will Probably Result.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The debate on the oleomargarine bill continued today in the House, and the prospects are that a vote will not be reached earlier than Thursday. The opponents of the bill are making a strong fight so far as the presentation of argument is concerned. The speakers today were Tompkins (N. Y.), Robb (Mo.), Knapp (N. Y.), Bates (Pa.), Davidson (Wis.), Driscoll (N. Y.), and Hepburn (Ia.), in favor of the bill, and Cowherd (Mo.), Lanahan (Texas), Grosvenor (Ohio), and Kieberg (Texas), against the bill.

FEDERAL JUDGES.

Washington, Feb. 4.—After a brief discussion today of the Senate bill providing for a 25 per cent increase in the salaries of United States Judges, all amendments were voted down, including the one to increase salaries of the cabinet officers from \$8,000 to \$12,000 a year. During the remainder of the day's session the urgent deficiency appropriation bill was under discussion, the Philippine tariff measure being laid aside temporarily.

Hansbrough made a speech in defense of Judge Noyes, of the District Court of Alaska, and Alexander McKenzie, upon whom an attack was made in the Senate yesterday. This precipitated a long discussion of the Noyes case, and technical rather than personal. No action could be taken on the subject, but the discussion will be continued tomorrow under the latitude allowed where appropriation bills are pending.

John E. Dryden was inducted into office as the successor of the late Senator Sewall, of New Jersey.

Interstate Commerce.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Senator Eldkins, chairman of the Interstate Commerce Committee, today introduced a bill making a number of changes in the interstate commerce law, the most important of which are the following:

Giving the Interstate Commerce Commission, under certain conditions, power to fix railroad rates; regulating pooling and abolishing imprisonment as a method of punishing offenders against the law; the section of the bill concerning pooling provides that "It shall be lawful for any two or more common carriers to arrange between and among themselves, for the establishment or maintenance of rates. It also shall be lawful for such carriers to agree by contract, in writing, filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission, upon a division of their traffic or earnings or both."

Authority is given the Interstate Commerce Commission to hear complaints against the fairness of such pooling arrangements, and to make an order annulling the contract where it is found to be unjust and unlawful.

Proceedings by writ of injunction are authorized against any party disobeying the provisions of the bill, and the offending party also is made subject to a penalty of \$10,000, to be paid into the Treasury of the United States.

Cuban Reciprocity.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Representatives Eabcock and Long, Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee, called on the President today and discussed with him Cuban reciprocity. It was stated by a Republican member of the Ways and Means Committee, there was little further doubt that the committee would report some measure of Cuban reciprocity.

Plea For Peace.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Senator Hearst today presented a petition signed by a number of distinguished citizens of this country, for the suspension of hostilities in the Philippines, and asking that an opportunity be given for a discussion of the situation between the Government and Filipino leaders.

MISS ROOSEVELT INVITED

To Travel to London and Witness the Coronation of King Edward as Whitelaw Reid's Guest.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Whitelaw Reid has invited Miss Alice Roosevelt, eldest daughter of the President, to accompany him to London as his guest, when he goes to attend the coronation of King Edward.

SELECTIONS APPROVED.

Lands Chosen for Montana's School of Mines Will Be Granted.

BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 4.—A special from Helena, to the Miner, says: Governor Toole has been notified by Binger Hermann, Commissioner of the General Land Office, of the approval by the Secretary of the Interior of the lands selected for the State School of Mines and the Agricultural College. The land embraced in both tracts is over 12,000 acres.

NATIVES WERE ELECTED

As Governors of the Several Provinces in the Philippines.

MANILA, Feb. 4.—Returns so far received indicate the election in most cases of Natives as Governors of the provinces. Captain Harry B. Band-

holt, of the Second Infantry, defeated Major Cornelius Gardner, of the Thirtieth Infantry, the present Governor of Tayabas province.

At Balanga, the capital of Bataan, there were only eight-four voters, but eight-nine votes were cast, and another election has been ordered.

FIRE ON SHIPBOARD.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Much excitement was caused in the shipyard at Shooter's Island by a small fire in the hold of the steamship Saale. The latter, which was in the great fire at Hoboken, is being rebuilt, and lies but a short distance from Emperor William's yacht Meteor. A strong wind was blowing, and for a moment fears were entertained that the flames might spread. The well-drilled force of the shipyard were quick to act, however, and in a few moments the fire was extinguished.

THEIR HOUSE BURNED.

The American Party, Negotiating for Miss Stone's Release, Have a Narrow Escape.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The Sofia correspondent of the Times reports that during the negotiations with the brigands for the release of Miss Stone, the house in which the American party was lodged was burned, but the inmates escaped with the ransom money.

TOM L. JOHNSON'S SCHEME

Of Raising Assessments of Ohio Railroads Is Put to Sleep.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 4.—The Supreme Court today put an end to Tom L. Johnson's effort to secure a higher assessment of the railway property of Ohio. The court handed down a decision, sustaining the demurrer of the Attorney General to his petition, and dismissing the same.

JAPAN'S COMING FAIR

SPACE IS CALLED FOR BY EXHIBITORS FROM AMERICA

Demands Are So Great that Japanese Exhibitors Are Offering to Erect Their Own Buildings.

TOKIO, via Victoria, B. C., Feb. 4.—The Great National Industrial Exhibit, which the Government of Japan will hold at Osaka in 1903, is attracting much attention. Although the limit within which the applications for space must be filed has been set at June 30, 1902, the applications from the United States and Europe already aggregate more than the estimated space allotted, and private individuals have offered to put up their own buildings in order to exhibit machinery.

There is a possibility that the Crown Prince of Japan may visit the United States before long. He has long expressed a wish to travel in America and Europe, and has taken the necessary preliminary steps of communitating his desire to the Emperor.

STOCK INSPECTION.

DENVER, Feb. 4.—The Supreme Court has handed down a decision upholding the livestock inspection law passed by the Legislature of this state. The decision was rendered in the case of Ed. H. Reid, who rushed cattle into this state from Texas for the purpose of testing the law. The sentence of six months in the county jail against Reid is also affirmed. Reid was backed up by leading livestock organizations of the country, who claimed that the Federal inspection laws superseded those of a state.

DO NOT AGREE.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 4.—Dean Melklejohn, of Brown University, in his annual report dealing with college registration, differs with President Eliot, of Harvard, by attributing the increased registration of Brown's students in a measure, to athletic prominence, especially when that prominence comes through victories. President Eliot, in his recent report, said that success or failure in sports has had no influence on registration at Harvard or Yale.

GRAIN-O! GRAIN-O!

Remember that name when you want a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it. Grain-O is made of pure grain. It aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder, and the children as well as the adults can drink it with great benefit. Costs about 1/2 as much as coffee. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

CANNOT AGREE.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 4.—The mine operators and mine workers, in secret session of the joint scale committee, today disagreed upon every one of the seven propositions submitted by the miners. It has become plain that the operators will not grant the scale asked by the miners.

Semi-Weekly \$1.00 a year.

Soft Harness
You can make your harness as soft as a glove and as tough as wire by using EUREKA Harness Oil. You can keep it in life as long as it ordinarily would.

EUREKA Harness Oil
Makes a peering looking harness like new. Made of pure, heavy bodied oil, especially prepared to withstand the weather.

Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes.
Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

NINE FIREMEN WERE KILLED

Under the Falling Walls of a Burning Building

IN ST. LOUIS LAST NIGHT—THE BODIES HAVE NOT YET BEEN RECOVERED.

The Boilers of a Towboat Blew Up in Pennsylvania Waters Yesterday—Awful Results of the Mine Horror in Mexico, South of Eagle Pass, Texas—Eighty-five Dead Bodies and Thirty Men Brought Up.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 4.—At least nine firemen were killed, and as many more injured, at a fire tonight in the building occupied by the American Tent & Awning Company. The building collapsed, and although the men who were caught in the crash have not been reached, it is almost certain they have succumbed. The dead are: August Thierry, Patrick Berger, Michael Keho, Daniel Steele, Wm. Dundon, Chas. Krenning, and three pipemen, names unknown.

BOILERS BLEW UP.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 4.—Word has been received from Bradlock, that the boilers of the towboat John W. Allen blew up. Witnesses of the accident say they saw several bodies blown through the air.

Few Will Recover.

Eagle Pass, Texas, Feb. 4.—Thirty five men and eighty-five bodies have been recovered from the Honda mine. Of the thirty, few will recover, as all are badly mangled.

Three Barges Lost.

New York, Feb. 4.—There is reason to believe that three barges, coal laden from Newport News for Boston, have been lost at sea, and thirteen persons comprising the crews have perished. The barges were the Antelope, the Belle of Oregon, and the Mystic Belle.

MINERS UNDER ARREST

FIFTEEN MEN TAKEN TO BAKER CITY YESTERDAY.

Charged With Rioting at the Columbia Mine—They Induced Two Men Who Were Filling Strikers' Places to Quit Work.

BAKER CITY, Or., Feb. 4.—Sheriff Huntington went to the Columbia mine above Sumpter this morning, with a posse, and arrested fifteen miners who were concerned in the movement to expel the Taylor brothers from the camp Sunday night. The Taylors took the place of two striking engineers, and the miners obliged them to leave the camp Sunday night. The men were arrested on a charge of rioting. They will have a hearing tomorrow. The men say no threats were made or violence used to induce the Taylors to go, but admit that they were told they must go.

He Pleads Guilty.

Olympia, Wash., Feb. 4.—Today Chas. Hardt pleaded guilty to embezzling \$700 while treasurer of Tumwater, three years ago. Hardt left here before the embezzlement was discovered, and was apprehended in Colorado, ten months ago. Tumwater has been fully reimbursed by Hardt, and his sentence will be light.

"If I Could Get Rid

of this abominable cold," exclaimed the sufferer, when the agent of a spasm of coughing gave him a chance to talk. The way out of the trouble is plain. Take Allen's Lung Balm before the merciless grip of the cold has fastened upon throat and lungs. After a few doses the cough is easier and less frequent, and a complete cure is, but the question of a little time.

WOOLGROWERS MEET.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 4.—The fifth annual meeting of the Pacific Northwest Woolgrowers' Association was opened this afternoon at the Auditorium. Delegates from the six states included within the association, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Utah, Wyoming and Montana, are present, but the attendance is not so large as was anticipated. Exaggerated reports of severe cold weather kept many delegates from Oregon and Washington away from Helena, although the weather moderated last week and is mild today. Oregon, outside of Montana, has more representatives than any other state included within the association.

A BRITISH VICTORY.

Beer Commando Wiped Out With Slight Loss to England.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Lord Kitchener has sent the following message from Pretoria: "Major Leaders' force surprise De laire's commando, killing seven and capturing 131. The British casualties were slight, no British being killed."

THE RAILROAD MERGER.

Governor Van Sant Discusses It in His Message to the Legislature of Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 5.—Governor Van Sant, in his message to the Legis-

lature today said, on the railroad merger: "If the Supreme Court does not take jurisdiction, it is the intention of the Attorney General to at once bring a suit in the state courts, and every effort will be made speedily to have the case reached in the court of last resort."

IT IS SWINE PLAGUE

Hogs at Pendleton Are Not Affected with Cholera.

PENDLETON, Or., Feb. 5.—Dr. Wm. McLean, Oregon's State Veterinarian, today officially pronounced the disease affecting hogs here, the swine plague, less virulent than hog cholera. He believes the malady will soon be stamped out.

THE SCHLEY CASE.

A Prediction that the President Will Decide Against the Admiral.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The Post tomorrow will say: "It was stated last night that the President's response to the application of Admiral Schley would be made public next Saturday. It is understood it will be adverse to Schley."

PRISONERS ESCAPE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 5.—Ten military prisoners, confined in the stockade at the Presidio, escaped last night. Their escape was made by a tunnel through the ground.

TO THE EXPOSITION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt, and the party who will accompany them to the Charleston Exposition, will leave here next Monday.

THEIR SIGHT IS SHORT

LEWISTON COMMERCIAL CLUB OPPOSE IMPROVEMENT

At the Mouth of the Columbia River, Unless the Upper River Is Also Re-membered with Substantial Appropriations by Congress.

PENDLETON, Or., Feb. 4.—The Pendleton Commercial Association this evening refused to adopt a resolution, which the Lewiston Commercial Club asked that the Association here telegraph to the Senators and Representatives in Congress, demanding that they oppose all Federal appropriations for the Columbia river unless at this time also provision be made for the Dalles-Celilo canal. The vote was unanimous upon the motion of T. C. Taylor, a member of the Association, and also President of the Oregon Senate, that the Lewiston request be returned, unaccepted.

The sentiment of the Pendleton Association is that it would be suicidal to oppose the needed improvements at the mouth of the river, in the event the Celilo appropriation is denied by the River and Harbor Committee.

A LIFE-TIMER.

Another California Footpad Sent Up for a Long Term.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 5.—Another footpad received the limit in Judge Cook's court today. John Murphy, an old offender, who was convicted yesterday of having held up and brutally beaten Henry Lawry on December 24th, was sentenced to San Quentin for life.

AN OLD CHESTNUT.

The Deceased Wife's Sister Bill Is Again Before Parliament.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The perennial "deceased wife's sister bill" reappeared in Parliament today, in form identical with that of last year. On fourteen occasions the House of Commons has affirmed the principle of the bill, which, however, has always met with insurmountable obstruction, generally from the Bishops in the upper House.

DONATES TO COOPER UNION.

Andrew Carnegie Makes an Additional Present of \$300,000.

Andrew Carnegie has within the last few days given \$300,000 to Cooper Union. This is Mr. Carnegie's second gift to the institution, the first one being of a like amount.

The income which will be derived from this gift will, with what the institution already has, enable Cooper Union to occupy nearly all its buildings. It will also admit of paying additional compensations to teachers.

AUDITING BILLS.

The Marion county commissioners court convened at 10 o'clock yesterday morning in the regular February term of court, and the entire day was devoted to auditing claims and drawing warrants in payment of the same. The court will continue in session throughout the week and a considerable amount of business remains to be transacted.

DIPLOMA GRANTED.

The State Board of Education yesterday granted a state life diploma to E. C. Terry, of Scio.

FERRY'S SEEDS
Known and sown wherever good crops are grown.
Sold everywhere.
1902 Annual FREE.
D. M. FERRY & CO.
Detroit, Mich.

WOOL GROWERS' CONVENTION

Decides on Fighting the Oleo-margarine Bill

SECRETARY BAILEY, RICHARD SCOTT AND SCOTT, BOZORTH, DELEGATES FROM OREGON

Fought the Proposition Alone, but Were Helpless—The Secretary Resigned His Seat on the Spot When Slurred by a Large Montana Sheep Grower.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 5.—A crisis was reached in the Wool Growers' Convention today, when a resolution was adopted endorsing oleomargarine, and pledging the support of the Association to assist in the defeat of the McCleary bill now before Congress. This bill provides a tax of 10 cents a pound on all oleomargarine colored in imitation of butter. The National Livestock Association, as the representative of the livestock interests of the country, cattle as well as sheep, is working for the defeat of this measure. Some time ago it was determined that the wool and sheep men should work together for the defeat of a bill requiring the marking of goods containing shoddy. Two resolutions were presented, one referring to the shoddy bill, and the other to the oleomargarine measure. Both resolutions passed.

Secretary Bailey spoke strongly against the adoption of the oleomargarine resolution, as did R. Scott and Scott Bozorth, of Oregon. The resolution passed with but three votes in the negative. Delegate Bozorth asked that the president only be required to sign the resolution, saying that Secretary Bailey was Dairy Commissioner of Oregon.

Delegate Flowerree, of Montana, a large sheep grower, said if the secretary was not in sympathy with the majority of the wool men on the question, and did not want to sign the resolution, he should not hold the position. Secretary Bailey jumped to his feet and exclaimed: "Mr. President, I resign here and now."

Then he left his desk and took a seat in the body of the hall. Later, by a vote of the Convention, Mr. Bailey was persuaded to continue to act until his successor is elected tomorrow.

Ready to Vote.

Washington, Feb. 5.—An agreement was reached in the House today, whereby the oleomargarine bill will be brought to a vote after two more days of consideration, one to be devoted to general debate, and one to debate under the five-minute rule. The debate today continued in a desultory fashion without special incident.

In the Senate.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Throughout the session today the Senate had under consideration the urgent deficiency appropriation bill, and, just before adjournment, passed it substantially in the shape in which it was reported to the Senate by the committee.

During the early part of the session the cases of Judge Arthur H. Noyes, of the District Court of Alaska, and Alexander McKenzie and others, were discussed. McCumber (N. D.) delivered an elaborate speech in defense of Judge Noyes and McKenzie. Incidentally he criticized the Circuit Court of Appeals of San Francisco, for permitting itself to be influenced by prejudice and bias. He became involved in a colloquy with Tillman, who said he appeared in the novel attitude of a defender of the United States judiciary. The South Carolina Senator had intimated that he would deliver a speech on the Noyes case, but at the conclusion of McCumber's speech he contented himself practically with putting into the Congressional Record the decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals of San Francisco, in the case of contempt against Noyes and McKenzie.

In a brief speech Stewart reviewed the case, speaking strongly against Judge Noyes and his actions in Alaska.

The Noyes Case.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Attorney General Knox today gave a preliminary hearing in the case of Judge Noyes, of the United States Court for the District of Alaska, who recently was convicted of contempt by the United States Court of Appeals at San Francisco.

The Attorney General has the record of the court under consideration, and it is expected that within a week or two he will advise the President as to whether Judge Noyes has been guilty of such offenses while judge in Alaska, as to render his further service in that capacity undesirable, and, if so, whether the offenses were of so grave a character as to warrant his removal.

CURIOSITIES OF MICA.

The mica as it comes from the mines is in blocks which are theoretically short rhombic prisms, but practically are scarcely recognizable as such, having a very rough and uneven contour. They have a very perfect cleavage parallel to the base, and may be split into laminae thinner than the thinnest tissue paper, and these laminae form the familiar, transparent stove-panes and lamp chimneys. The exterior portions of these blocks are opaque, brittle, and worthless presumably from the penetration of water, for mica soon decomposes when exposed to any considerable weathering. A thick layer of plates has therefore to be removed from either face of the block before any mica of commercial size or value is reached, and the sheets split from the remainder are surrounded by a wide margin of worthless material.

But the difficulties and losses of mica mining are far from being all enumerated. Even when occurring in blocks of commercial size, it is rendered valueless or comparatively so by one or more of a series of defects, which may be classed as: color, specks, ruling ribbing, and wedge-formation. It sometimes occurs literally piled with black dots, consisting in general of black oxide of iron or garnet, and when even a few of these are present its commercial value is destroyed, because such mica when used as an insulator is peculiarly liable to puncture, the specks forming practically short circuits for the electric current. The same is true of streaks, which are sometimes turned to red rust.

Some otherwise excellent mica is found to be ruled or cut, as it were, with a series of perfectly straight lines, parallel to one side of the crystal, so that on being split the mica falls immediately into strips. Or again, instead of being striped or ruled, the mica is often deeply ribbed or corrugated parallel to the adjacent edges of the crystal, so as to give the appearance of the letter A (or rather V), whence it is termed "A-mica." As the ribbed portion has to be cut away in the sheet, such mica is unprofitable, unless the blocks be large. Wedge-mica is that in which the block is thicker at one end than the other, the laminae partaking in the unevenness. Such blocks are wholly worthless except as scrap.—Engineering Magazine.

DYSPEPSIA

"For six years I was a victim of dyspepsia in its worst form. I could eat nothing but milk toast, and at times my stomach would not retain and digest even that. Last March I began taking CASCARETS and since then I have steadily improved, until I am as well as I ever was in my life."
DAVID H. MURPHY, Newark, O.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, No Good, Never Sickens, Weakens, or Causes Ho, No. 200,000.
... CURE CONSTIPATION ...
Selling Everywhere, Chicago, Montreal, New York, 311
NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

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TWO PLACES FILLED.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The President sent the following nominations to the Senate today: Register of the Land Office at Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, John F. Vost; Receiver of Public Moneys at Coeur d'Alene, Chas. D. Warner.

WOULD BENEFIT CUBA

RESOLUTION INTRODUCED OFFERING ISLAND STATEHOOD.

It Also Authorizes Reciprocity and a Reduction of Twenty-five Per Cent of the Duty on the Present Crop of Sugar in the New Republic.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Representative Newlands, of Nevada, of the Ways and Means Committee, today introduced a joint resolution inviting the Republic of Cuba to become a part of the United States, first as a territory, and then as a state of the Union, to be called the state of Cuba; and also authorizing a 25 per cent reduction of duty on the present crop of the Cuban sugar in consideration of Cuba's granting preferential rates to the United States.

A Contest Decided.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The House Election Committee No. 1 today decided the contested election case of McKenzie Moss, against Representative Rhea, Democrat, of Kentucky, for the seat of the Third Kentucky District, in favor of the contestant, recommending the unseating of Rhea. The vote was on party lines.

Spokane's Postmaster.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The Senate today confirmed M. T. Hartson, as postmaster at Spokane.

Keep Your Bowels Strong.

Constipation or diarrhea when your bowels are out of order. Cascarets Candy Cathartic will make them act naturally. Genuine tablets stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. All druggists, 10c.

JUST THREE MORE WEEKS

Of our 20 per cent discount sale on men's, youths' and children's clothing, at the New York Racket. We have a fine line of young men's suits at prices from \$2.75 to \$9.50 with 20 per cent off on all sizes. Don't fail to call and see our stock. March 1st closes the discount sale. Good knee pants suits at \$1.50 to \$5, all at the 20 per cent discount.

The Excitement Not Over.

The rush at the drug store still continues and daily scores of people call for a bottle of Kemp's Balm for the Throat and Lungs for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis and consumption. Kemp's Balm, the standard family remedy, is sold on a guarantee and never fails to give entire satisfaction. Price 25c. and 50c.

From all accounts there is a herd of hogs in Marion county affected with swine plague. A section of a hog's lung was received at the college Friday with a request that the bacteriological department diagnose the case. The specimen came from a veterinarian at Salem, who said that on the farm from which it came 100 hogs had died. In the investigation at the college the disease was certainly located as swine plague. The malady is highly infectious and there is no remedy for an animal once attacked with it. The sample is the third of the sort received at the station, the others having come from Eastern Oregon.—(Corvallis Times.