Thermometers

KEEP TAB ON THE TEMPERATURE

Have you a thermometer? If not, why not? We have a big line. See them in our west show window. Good, reliable thermometers at from 25 cents to $3.00 in price.

The $3.00 thermometer registers the extreme heat and cold of the day, as well as temperature at all times. Call and see them.

Barr's Jewelry Store

Leaders in Low Prices — 120 State Street

Balfour, Guthrie & Co.

Have secured warehouses at SALEM, MACLEAY, SWITZERLAND, SHAW, PRATUM, BROOKS, and the TURNER FLOURING MILLS, where they will conduct a general warehouse and storage business, and will pay FULL MARKET PRICE FOR ALL GRAIN.

Sacks at all These Places for Distribution

BUSINESS OFFICE—207 Commercial Street, in Turner Block, Salem, Oregon.

J. G. GRAHAM, Manager.

New Wholesale Shoe House

With complete lines of both artistic and reliable foot wear. We carry a complete line for city or country wear.

Catalogue mailed to dealers, on application or our representative will call.

Krausse & Prince, Nos. 87-89 First Street, PORTLAND, OREGON

1902 Wall Paper 1902

New designs, colorings and effects, just received. The manufacturers have surpassed all previous efforts, and our stock comes from the best of them. We yet have a few patterns from last last season's goods, which we will close out at cost. Many have taken advantage of this offer, and have nice neat walls at a small cost.

THE HOUSE FURNISHING CO.

308 Commercial St. Next Door to Postoffice.

STORES AT SALEM AND ALBANY. FACTORY AT ALBANY.

NEW RULES ARE ISSUED

FOREST RESERVE SUPERINTENDENT HAS BEEN ADVISED

Of the Manner in Which Settlers May Have the Use of Wood on the Reservation, and the Regulations Respecting This Use.

Supt. S. B. Ormsby, of the Cascade Forest Reserve, has received an amendment to the rules governing forest reserves. The new regulation quotes from the law as follows:

"The Secretary of the Interior may permit under regulations, to be prescribed by him, the use of timber and stone found upon such reservations, free of charge, by bona fide settlers, miners, residents and prospectors for minerals, for firewood, fencing, buildings, minings, prospecting, and other domestic purposes, as may be needed by such persons for such purposes; such timber to be used within the state or territory, respectively, where such reservations may be located."

The instructions to Supt. Ormsby are that corporations cannot avail themselves of this regulation, and continue:

"Before any timber or stone can be taken hereunder from the forest reserves, the person entitled thereto must first make application to the forest supervisor in charge of the reservation, or part of reservation, setting forth his residence and postoffice address, designating the location, amount and value of the timber or stone proposed to be taken, the place where and the purpose for which the said timber or stone will be used, stating, in case the application is for timber, what sawmill or other agent, if any, will be employed to do the cutting, removing, and sawing, and pledging that no more shall be cut from the reservation than he actually needs for bona fide use on his own land or claim; and that none shall be sold, disposed of, nor used on any other than his own land or claim; and guaranteeing to remove and safely dispose of all tops, brush, and refuse cutting beyand danger of fire therefrom. Upon receipt of the application, the supervisor will immediately make investigation of the facts in the case. If, in his judgment, the application be meritorious, and no injury to the forest cover will result from the removal of such timber, he will thereupon approve such application, giving the party permission to remove the timber under the supervision of a forest officer; provided, that where the stumpage value of the timber exceeds twenty dollars, permission must be obtained from the Department, and for this purpose the supervisor, in all such cases, will submit the application to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, with his recommendation thereon. In case the application be approved, the supervisor will be notified and the cutting will be allowed, under supervision, as in cases where the amount involved is less than twenty dollars. Every forest supervisor having charge and supervision of the cutting of timber under the foregoing regulations will submit quarterly reports to the Commissioner of the General Land Office for transmission to the Department, in order that the Secretary of the Interior may be advised of the quantity of timber cut and whether the privilege granted is being abused. These reports should show the names of the persons who have applied, during the quarter, for permission to cut timber free of charge, the kind of timber applied for, the quantity, the stumpage value of the same, and the purpose for which the applicant desired to use it. In cases of emergency, where needy persons require immediate relief in the form of a load of dry firewood, the supervisor has authority to grant such privilege without marking or measuring the material beyond assigning to the applicant the particular area where to cut this material; all cases of this kind to appear in the usual monthly report."

The last clause of the instructions—the emergency provision—is laughable in the extreme, and could only have been devised by the theoretical bureaucrat at the head of the new forestry division, who evidently looks upon the Cascade Forest Reserve as a wood-lot, every foot of it accessible from the superintendent's office in a half hour's walk. Take the case of a man living on the edge of the Cascade Reserve, near Sisters in Crook county, who, in an emergency, would need a load of firewood, in a cold snap like the present one. He would write to the superintendent, whose office is in Salem, and the answer to his letter would reach him in about twelve days, no sooner. Waiting for permission, during all that time, to cut a load of wood on the reserve, he and his family would be frozen long before the permit could come. The bureau officials evidently have no idea of the magnificent distances in the West, and the utter impossibility of people being enabled to profit by this ruling, where the forest superintendent has the oversight of a reserve 400 miles long and from 30 to 60 miles wide. But this is directly in line with the theory that Oregon sheep destroy the growth of timber, by eating the tops off the sugar pine and fir trees 300 feet high.

At Bed Time.

I take a pleasant herb drink, the next morning I feel bright and my complexion is better. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. It is made from herbs and is prepared as easily as tea. It is called Lane's Medicine. All druggists sell it at 25c. and 50c. Lane's Family Medicines moves the bowels each day. If you cannot get it, send for a free sample. Address, Orator F. Woodward, Le Roy, N. Y. 5.

A SIMPLE PROBLEM

STORY TOLD BY A WILLAMETTE UNIVERSITY GRADUATE

Who Is Now at Harvard, Illustrating the Need of More Thorough Training in the Common Branches.

A graduate from the Willamette University, now a Harvard Senior, in a private letter relates this suggestive incident:

I was out one evening recently to Prof. Emerton's. He entertained his class in Church history. A few Radcliffe girls were out. We had a very pleasant evening. The professor told an incident which occurred in a street car. A prominent business man of Boston asked him suddenly, "twenty-five is five-sevenths of what number?" He, of course, answered at once.

The business man said that that was the question he always asked boys who applied for a position. Last summer he was out yachting with two Harvard graduates, men 30 years of age. He put the question to them and they both failed. The professor then asked us the same question. A bright Radcliffe girl struggled with the problem in vain. It was given up by a graduate student in history, who always gets "A's." Two or three Divinity men went down. Dr. Carruthers, the Unitarian minister, happened in just then, and could not solve it. Prof. Emerton said very cogently: "I think that that illustrated the modern method of education. University Freshmen, while able to pass brilliant examinations in science, literature, mathematics and languages, are miserable spellers, don't know how to punctuate, are unable to solve simple problems in mental arithmetic and generally have a very shaky underpinning."

I remarked that our western educational systems were so far behind the improved methods, that we still taught those things; which the Radcliffe girl said was "a very pretty way to put it."

CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c. Druggists

Genuine stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

AN ITALIAN RELEASED FROM THE PENITENTIARY

Is Committed to the Insane Asylum by County Judge J. H. Scott—He Hung Around the State House and Was Apparently Unable to Care for Himself.

Donato Marenchia, a native of Italy, aged 39 years, was yesterday committed to the Insane Asylum from this city, upon the complaint of D. W. Gibson and the examination of Dr. W. B. Morse and County Judge John H. Scott.

Marenchia, who cannot speak enough English to make himself understood, had just completed an eight year sentence in the Penitentiary, having been sentenced to that term from Multnomah county upon conviction of assault with a deadly weapon, on April 6, 1895. He was released from the Penitentiary on Sunday morning, came down town and stopped at the Capitol building where he remained all day. In the evening City Marshal D. W. Gibson, who had been notified of his discharge and had him under surveillance, thought he acted rather strange under the circumstances, and took him to the city jail out of the cold, where he was given a bed over night.

He was turned loose again yesterday morning and went straight back to the State House where he stood around without any apparent object in view until during the afternoon, and Marshal Gibson, being statisfied that he was mentally unbalanced, took him before County Judge Scott and preferred charges against him, with the above result. He was taken to the Asylum yesterday afternoon by Sheriff F. W. Durbin.

When Marenchia was released from the Penitentiary, Supt. J. D. Lee supplied him with $3, sufficient to take him to Portland, and this amount he still had in his possession, having apparently no idea as to how or where he should buy food or shelter.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A SAW MILL.—The Thomas Lumber Company of Portland, yesterday filed articles of incorporation in the Department of State. The company will do a general saw mill and lumber business near Bethany, in Multnomah county. The capital stock is fixed at $6000, with shares valued at $100 each. S. Benson, S. Farrell, and Charles Thomas are the incorporators of record.

GAME LAW VIOLATION.—State Treasurer Chas. S. Moore yesterday received a remittance of $7.50 from Klamath county, being the state's portion of a fine collected for the violation of the game laws.

A SALEM BUSINESS MAN WEDS THIS MORNING

Interesting Marriage Ceremony at Sublimity Today—Matthias Spaniol and Miss Mary A. Borkmeyer.

In the Catholic church at Sublimity, at 9 o'clock this morning, Mr. Matthias Spaniol and Miss Mary A. Borkmeyer, will be married, Rev. Father Lainck, rector of the Sublimity parish, officiating. Immediately following the ceremony the happy couple will drive to Turner, and will board the afternoon overland train for Portland, where they will spend a few days.

The bride is one of Sublimity's fairest women, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Borkmeyer, a prominent family of that place. The groom is well known in this city, having been for some time manager of the Capital Brewing Company, during which time he has made many friends among the business men of Salem, where he is highly respected for his excellent business qualifications. He formerly resided in Stayton, where he was engaged in business

The happy couple will return to Salem about February 1st, to reside here, when they will receive their many friends.

How Are Your Kidneys.

Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Drug Co., Chicago or N. Y.

SWINE PLAGUE.—Dr. D. D. Keller, Marion county's stock inspector, who recently discovered the existence of diseased hogs in the Champoeg neighborhood, pronounces it the swine plague, upon the authority of Prof. Emile F. Pernot, State Bacteriologist, of Corvallis. Dr. Keller recently sent a portion of a lung, taken from one of the affected hogs, asking for an examination, to Prof. Pernot, and he yesterday received an answer, saying that the specimen submitted showed swine plague in very visulent form, and advised a strict quarantine and a thorough disinfection of the premises where hogs, afflicted with this plague, had died. Dr. Keeler at once notified W. A. McKay, of Champoeg, in whose pens the disease has appeared, to thoroughly quarantine his place, and to disinfect his hog-pens. He believes the disease can be thoroughly crushed out.

Seven Years in Bed.

"Will wonders ever cease?" inquire the friends of Mrs. L. Pease, of Lawrence, Kan. They knew she had been unable to leave her bed in seven years on account of kidney and liver trouble, nervous prostration and general debility; but, "Three Bottles of Electric Bitters enabled me to walk," she writes, "and in three months I felt like a new person." Women suffering from Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells will find it a priceless blessing. Try it. Satisfaction guaranteed. Only 50c. DR. STONE'S drug stores

PROBATE ORDERS.—James. A. Gwinn, administrator of the estate of Norman Gwinn, deceased, having heretofore filed his final account thereon and petitioned for authority to sell the real property, the court ordered that citation be issued to the several heirs to the estate to appear on Monday, February 17, 1902, at 10 o'clook a. m., to show cause if any there be why the property should not be sold. * * * F. M. Hardcastle, administrator of the estate of Lucinda Welch, deceased, having heretofore filed his final accounts upon the estate and a hearing of same having been had, was yesterday discharged from his trust and any further liability.

An Attack of Pneumonia Warded Off.

"Some time ago my daughter caught a severe cold. She complained of pains in her chest and had a bad cough. I gave her Chamberlain's Cough Remedy according to directions and in two days she was well and able to go to school. I have used this remedy in my family for the past seven years and have never known it to fail," says James Prendergast, merchant, Annato Bay, Jamaica, West India Islands. The pains in the chest indicated an approaching attack of pneumonia, which in this instance was undoubtedly warded off by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It counteracts any tendency of a cold toward pneumonia. Sold at STONE'S drug stores.

HOUSEHOLD.

Boston Cream Puffs—Stir a quarter of a pound of butter into a half pint of warm water in saucepan and place it over the fire and slowly bring it to a boil, stirring it often. When it boils put in six ounces of flour, let it boil up once, and after taking it from the fire stir until cool. Separate five eggs and stir one yolk at a time. Beat the whites of the eggs to a froth and add them last. Drop the mixture in spoonfuls upon a buttered pan, leaving a space for each one to swell. Bake in a hot oven fifteen or twenty minutes. For the filling place over the fire in a double boiler one pint of milk. Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of cornstarch in a little cold milk, and add it as soon as the milk boils up in the boiler, also two beaten eggs, half a cupful of sugar, and a pinch of salt, and set away to cool. Split the puffs on one side and fill with the cream.

Ginger Snaps—To make excellent and crisp ginger snaps, place over the fire, in a saucepan, one cupful of sugar, one of New Orleans molasses and one of butter. Let them boil five minutes, and then season with ginger, allspice and cinnamon. Turn the mixture into a deep bowl, and pour into it a teaspoonful of soda dissolved in half a cupful of warm water. After the mixture has become cool, stir in gradually the flour, using just enough to make a dough that may be rolled very thin. Cut out the cakes and bake on buttered tins in a quick oven.

Brown Betty Pudding—Grease a pudding dish, put in a layer of sliced apples, sprinkle with sugar and cinnamon, then a layer of bread crumbs with a few pieces of butter over it. Repeat till your dish is full, making last layer of the bread crumbs. Cover and bake for a long time. Serve with rich cream and sugar or with any kind of sauce.

Hot Slaw—Shred the cabbage on a board, but do not chop it. Put it into a deep porcelain dish. Heat a pint of vinegar till it boils. Add two tablespoonfuls of butter, a tablespoonful of salt and a little pepper. Sprinkle two tablespoonfuls of sugar over the cabbage, pour the boiling mixture over it, cover with a plate and set in a hot oven for five minutes. Serve warm or cold.

Cookies—With one pound of sugar mix three ounces of butter and stir in, one at a time, three whole eggs; add one teaspoonful each of cinnamon and cloves, and one pound of flour. Roll the dough out thin, cut in diamond shape, place on buttered tins, put half an almond on each cake and bake in a hot oven.

Stewed Potatoes—Cut in small pieces enough cold boiled potatoes to fill a vegetable dish. Put with them a pint of milk, one-half cup of butter, salt and pepper to suit taste; thicken with one teaspoon of flour, stew five minutes and serve.

Salad Dressing—Two eggs, one tablespoonful butter, eight tablespoonfuls vinegar, one-half teaspoonful mustard. Put over hot water and stir till it creams.

Molasses Cookies—One cup molasses, one-half cup lard, one-half cup water, teaspoonful soda. Add flour enough to roll out. Roll thin and bake in a quick oven.

Molasses Cake—One cup molasses, one cup sugar, one cup sour milk, two eggs, teaspoon soda, small cup lard and butter mixed, flour to thicken.

MILLIONS ARE NOT TAXED.

Vast Landed Properties in New York That Escape the Assessors.

Illinois is not the only state in this union in which large landed properties pay no tribute for the support of the government. In New York the same conditions exist, says the Chicago Chronicle. The constitutional amendment submitted to the voters of New York state this year was designed to prohibit the passage of any laws increasing the amount of real property exempted from taxation. The present amount of property so exempt is about $80,000,000, or a seventh of the total valuation of the state, including real estate and personal property.

Much of this exemption is due to laws passed by successive legislatures, but a considerable part would be necessarily exempted. Thus the United States government has nearly $60,000,000 of real estate within the boundaries of New York, and of this amount $50,000,000 is within the counties making up the greater New York. There is $2,000,000 of federal government property in Buffalo and $1,200,000 is Oswego. The other cities of the state do not contribute much to this total.

The state of New York owns property to the value of $39,000,000, of which $22,000,000 worth, including the state capitol and a number of state departments, is in the city of Albany.

There is $5,000,000 of state property in greater New York and $1,900,000 in Niagara Falls, including the state park reservation in that city. There is $2,800,000 of state property in Buffalo, $1,500,000, including the reformatory, in Elmira; $1,400,000, including the state prison, in Auburn, and $1,158,000, including the state hospital for the insane, in Utica.

In addition to these items there is $20,000,000 of county property, $375,000,000 of municipal property and $85,000,000 of school property, of which $9,700,000 is in Ithaca, including Cornell university.

All these items are exempt, and in addition there is $120,000,000 of church property, $60,000,000 of property devoted to charitable uses and $2,000,000 of property purchased with pension money. In addition there is $2,700,000 of miscellaneous property, the chief item of which is in Syracuse, and comprises the Indian reservation there.

EXTRAORDINARY ENTERPRISE.

Grabenstein—"Dot veller, Swindlebaum, ish an enterprisin' cuss!"

Ikenheimer—"So?"

Grabenstein—"Yase! He is adverdisin' a greadt pargain sale to pegin at his store nexdt Monday, unless he happens to get purpt owit in der meandime; in dot event he vill open up a grand fire sale in der Cohn Building on dot date."—Puck.

H. J. Ottenheimer attended to some busines in Portland yesterday, returning last evening.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spread over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLD IN HEAD, CATARRH, ROSE COLD, HAY-FEVER, DEAFNESS, HEADACHE. 50 CTS. ELY BROS.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile OINTMENT will cure Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50c and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS MFG CO., Prop's, CLEVELAND, O.

FOR SALE BY Z. J. RIGGS.

DON'T TOBACCO SPIT and SMOKE Your Lifeaway!

You can be cured of any form of tobacco using easily, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor by taking NO-TO-BAC, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 500,000 cured. All druggists. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and advice FREE. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York. 437

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1051 MARKET ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

The Largest Anatomical Museum in the World. Weaknesses or any contracted disease positively cured by the oldest Specialist on the Coast. Est. 36 years.

DR. JORDAN—DISEASES OF MEN

SYPHILIS thoroughly eradicated from system without the use of Mercury.

Trusses fitted by an Expert. Radical cure for Rupture. A quick and radical cure for Piles, Fissure and Fistulae, by Dr. Jordan's special painless methods.

Consultation free and strictly private. Treatment personally or by letter. A Positive Cure in every case undertaken. Write for Book, PHILOSOPHY of MARRIAGE, MAILED FREE. (A valuable book for men.) Call or write

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DIED.

JOHNSON—At the Salem Hospital, Salem, Oregon, Sunday, January 26, 1902, at 11:45 o'clock p. m., Miss Belle Johnson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Johnson, of Macleay, aged 47 years, of heart failure.

The funeral services will be held at the Evangelical church, at the corner of Chemeketa and Seventeenth streets, at 2 o'clock p. m. today, Rev. N. Shupp officiating, and burial will be had at the Lee Mission cemetery.

S. C. STONE, M. D

Proprietor of

STONE'S DRUG STORES

SALEM, OREGON.

The stores (two in number), are located at No. 235 and 333 Commercial street, and are well stocked with a complete line of drugs and medicines, toilet articles, perfumery, brushes, etc., etc., etc.

DR. STONE

Has had some 25 years' experience in the practice of medicine and now makes no charge for consultation, examination or prescription.

He does a cash business. He neither buys on time nor sells on time. Ledgers, journals, day-books, bookkeepers, bill collectors, and all the modern paraphernalia of credit drug stores, are unknown in his business, hence a full stock and correct prices.

TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS OF THE WORLD'S MARKETS

Received by the Statesman Daily from Bolton De Ruyter & Co., of Portland —Fluctuations in the Exchanges of Europe and America.

Logan & Bryan's Chicago grain letter and latest market quotations to Bolton de Duyter & Co., of Portland, sent by telegraph from Chicago, at the close of the market yesterday afternoon, says:

Wheat—Liverpool 1 lower, Paris unchanged. The visible increase was 100,000 against decrease of 405,000 last year, and is now 59,300,000 against 60,700,000. Market was active and while weak early later in the day being subjected to less selling pressure recovered. There has been quite a free covering by local shorts, and the oversold condition was eliminated. As reported the export business of the day is of only moderate dimensions. Clearances large. The only change in the situation is that wheat has had a break of nearly 8 cents a bushel and after so severe liquidation, the selling pressure ought for the time being be less. On this theory a reaction ought to be due.

Corn—Liverpool one penny lower. Visible decrease was 120,000 against increase of 2,300,00 and is now 11,490,000. There was quite a little selling pressure early, since when the market has ruled firm. Argentine advices on the growing crop are unfavorable. Kansas City reports the blockade raised and good cash business in corn on decline. While corn is still high the break has been a severe one, and much general liquidation taken place. There is no improvement in cash demand here so far. Market has, however, relieved itself of much scattered pressure and a reaction seems due.

Oats—There was quite a panicky feeling on market early under scattered liquidation and interest in the absence of support broke badly. Market was supported later, however, by some long interests who is supposed to own large line of May oats. It is purely a speculative situation, and very little of improved demand is so far reported. Visible supply decreased 79,000 against an increase of 614,000, and is now 4,100,000 against 10,100,000.

Provisions—Market weak, 15 to 20 lower. Hog receipts 69,000 against 59,000 last year, and the quality continues to improve. There was further liquidation of scattered holdings and an extremely weak market followed. Cash demand slow.

Chicago Markets

These quotations are furnished by Bolton de Ruyter & Co., 8-9 Chamber of Commerce, Portland, members Chicago Board of Trade:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	78¼	78½	77	77¼
July	78⅞	78⅞	76⅞	77⅛
Corn—				
May	61⅝	62¼	60⅞	60⅞
July	61¼	61⅞	60⅝	60⅝
Oats—				
May	41	41¼	39¼	42¼
July	39¼	39¼	38⅝	37⅝
Pork—				
Jan	16 17	16 10	15 70	15 80
May	16 22	16 32	15 80	15 92
Lard—				
Jan	9 45	9 50	9 30	9 40
May	9 56	9 60	9 40	9 47
Ribs—				
Jan	8 45	8 50	8 35	8 40
May	8 50	8 55	8 45	8 50

THE MARKETS.

PORTLAND, Or., Jan. 27.—Wheat—Walla Walla 62; Valley 62½; Bluestem 64c.

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 27.—Wheat—Bluestem 64; Club 62.

San Francisco, Jan. 27.—Wheat—Cash $1.07½.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Wheat—May, opening 78⅛@⅝; closing 77⅝. Barley 59@62½. Flax $1.66⅝; Northwestern $1.70½.

STEINER'S MARKET.

Eggs—18 cents cash.
Hens—7 to 8 cents.
Spring chickens—7 to 8 cents.

MARKET REPORTS.

The local market quotations yesterday were as follows:

Wheat—52 cents.

Oats—95c white; 90 gray; per cental.

Hay—Cheat, $7@$7.50; clover, $6 to $7; timothy, $9 to 10; wheat, $7.

Flour—70 and 85 cents per sack; $2.60 to $3.20 per barrel.

Mill Feed—Bran, $17.50; shorts, $18.50.

Butter—15c to 20c per lb. (buying); Creamery 25c.

Eggs—18 cents cash.

Poultry—Chickens, 7 to 8 cts.; broilers 7 to 8 cents.

Pork—Gross, 4¾ cents.

Beef—Steers, 3¼c; cows, 2½c; good heifers, 3c.

Mutton—Sheep, 2½@2¾c.

Veal—6½c, dressed.

Potatoes—40c to 45c per bushel.

Wool—11c to 13c.