

THE WEEKLY OREGON STATESMAN

Issued every Tuesday and Friday by the

STATESMAN PUBLISHING COMPANY

H. J. HENDRICKS, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—One year, in advance, \$1; Six months, in advance, 50 cents; Three months, in advance, 25 cents; \*One year, on time, \$1.25.

The Statesman has been established for nearly fifty-two years, and it has some subscribers who have received it nearly that long, and many who have read it for a generation.

ing in advance, will have the benefit of the dollar rate. But if they do not pay for six months, the rate will be \$1.25 a year.

Game Warden Harris has disgraced the state of Colorado in the eyes of the whole Nation by his repeated attempts to hinder the scientific investigation of the habits of wild animals by the eminent naturalist Ernest Seaton-Thompson.

reliefs and cannot be sent home as the law provides; vessels ready for service cannot be commissioned, and training necessities and accessories, like torpedo flotillas, are lying idle with something less than skeletonized crews.

A CHANGE IN SENTIMENT.

Bryan's paramount issue of 1900 is suffering in the house of his friends. The imperialistic tendencies of the Southern press is so apparent that the orator of the Platte must shudder at the thought of the awful calamity that must come as a result of the greed for dominion that has spread with such amazing rapidity as to even pervade the ranks of the Democratic party.

A SOUND MONEY BILL

The House Committee of Coinage, Weights and Measures has reported a bill providing for the exchangeability of gold and silver coins and urge for its passage the following reasons:

First—Because it will stop the further coinage of the legal tender silver dollars.

Second—Because it will increase the volume of circulation of coin, which is greatly needed.

Third—Because it will in time reduce the volume of legal tender silver without loss to the country.

Fourth—Because it will make every legal tender dollar in the United States the equivalent of gold, and make more sure and certain the maintenance of the gold standard as declared by the act of March 14, 1900.

MAN THE NAVY.

The New York Herald views with apprehension of danger the inadequate force in the navy and urges upon Congress immediate action to relieve the unsatisfactory conditions existing now on account of a scarcity of sailors to man our ships of war. It says:

It is an imperative and immediate duty of Congress to furnish the additional men needed for the fleet. Delays are injurious, perhaps dangerous, and a special measure must be passed to correct this evil. In the bill the department should be authorized to offer such inducements as shall in its judgment secure speedily a force of the proper strength and character.

The country does not realize the seriousness of the situation, or it would insist upon this action. Ships are underrun on all stations; men serving faithfully and uncompromisingly in distant waters have no



Perfect Health

Is within the reach of almost every woman. The weakness, nervousness and irritability from which so many women suffer is in general due to disease of the delicate womanly organism. When the disease is cured the general health is re-established.

Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It promotes regularity, cures indigestion and enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. When these diseases are cured, headache, backache, nervousness and weakness are cured also.

"I was very weak and nervous when I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' about a year ago," writes Mrs. M. E. Everett, of 10 Oxford Street, Woodstock, Ont. "I had been suffering for seven long months, and had taken medicine from a physician all the time, but it seemed to make me feel much worse. My stomach was so bad (colicky doctor told me), and my nerves were so much that I would start at the least noise. I felt irritable at all times; was not able to do any of my own housework; had to keep help all the time. How I suffered! God and myself alone know. I was greatly discouraged when I commenced taking your medicines, but the first bottle seemed to help me. I took five bottles of 'Favorite Prescription,' two of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' also two vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. I can highly recommend these medicines to all who suffer as I did. I never had better health than I now enjoy, and it is all owing to Dr. Pierce's medicines."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Advice, in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The candidate who appeals to sectional prejudice and comes as an avowed candidate of a certain section may be viewed with suspicion by the rest of the state. If he triumphs in his election, under the rule that to the victor belongs the spoils, the office will be run in the interest of that section and not for the interest of the whole state.

In the selection of candidates for office fitness is the first consideration. The candidate must be broad enough to appeal to the whole country for support, that he may minister his office impartially and with due regard for the interests of all. Sectional prejudice should not be a factor in determining the action of public officials.

THE CARNEGIE INSTITUTION

The Carnegie Institution will be launched in a few weeks at Washington by the organization of the board of trustees. The purpose and aim of the school, as stated by Mr. Carnegie, are as follows:

"It is proposed to found in the city of Washington, in the spirit of Washington, an institution which, with the cooperation of institutions now or hereafter established there or elsewhere, shall, in the broadest and most liberal manner encourage investigation, research and discovery; encourage the application of knowledge to the improvement of mankind; provide such buildings, laboratories, books and apparatus as may be needed; and afford instruction of an advanced character, whenever and wherever found, inside or outside of schools, properly qualified to profit thereby."

Among its aims are these:—"First—To increase the efficiency of the universities and other institutions of learning throughout the country, by utilizing and adding to the existing facilities and by aiding teachers in the various institutions for experimental and other work in these institutions as far as may be advisable."

"Second—To discover the exceptional man in every department of study, whenever and wherever found, and enable him by financial aid to make the work for which he seems especially designed his life work."

"Third—To promote original research, paying great attention thereto as being one of the chief purposes of this institution."

"Fourth—To increase facilities for higher education.—"Fifth—To enable such students as may find Washington the best point for their special studies, to avail themselves of such advantages as may be open to them in the museums, libraries, laboratories, observatory, meteorological, piscicultural and forestry schools and kindred institutions of the several departments of the government."

"Sixth—To insure the prompt publication and distribution of the results of scientific investigation, a field considered to be highly important."

A MODEL GOVERNMENT.

Rev. A. L. Hazlett, a Methodist minister of Colorado, who went to Manila to investigate the moral condition of the people of that city, returned the other day with a very flattering report of existing conditions. In an interview at San Francisco on his return he said:

"Manila is the best governed city I have ever seen," said Rev. Mr. Hazlett yesterday, "and I do not believe its equal in this respect exists in the United States today. The moral condition of the city is better than ever before in its history. Since the American occupation, arrests for drunkenness have rapidly decreased in number and for the good reason that the authorities in the right manner. It was formerly said that there were 90 saloons on the Escalita, but now not one is to be found there. The total number of saloons in the city is 109, and they are governed in a strict manner. The city generally is in a pretty good condition, and its management reflects credit upon the Americans who have its government in charge."

When the Americans went to Manila there were 3000 places selling intoxicants. There was no restriction upon the sale of liquor, and the fact that the number of arrests for drunkenness has been reduced and that only 109 saloons are open there refutes the charge of a lot of ignorant people who have asserted that drunkenness has been encouraged by the Americans.

TOM JOHNSON'S RIVAL.

Tom Johnson, who has launched a good sized boom for the Presidential nomination on the Democratic ticket by 3-cent car fares in Cleveland, is about to be out-done by Mayor Harrison of Chicago, who advocates municipal ownership of street railways, and no fares at all. The New York Sun, discussing Johnson's rival, says:

"Hug Carter Harrison, Mayor of Chicago, is a Democrat who is supposed to be a high ambitionist. Meanwhile, he is attending strictly to business in the Chicago City Hall. It is a part of his business to have his picture thrown upon the stereopticon at not too distant intervals. This week he has come out for the municipal operation of the Chicago street railways. Ownership and operation: that is his platform."

"Democrats who like Tom Johnson, are backing and sporting against the corporations. Had better keep an eye on young Carter. What are three-cent fares for no fares at all? Own the cars, run the cars; and if cars, other 'public utilities.' Democratic candidates who think they can get up earlier than the young man with the brown Fedora will have to sit up all night."

Senator Mitchell, so the telegraphic reports indicate, moved for a postponement of action on the canal bill, that passed the House a few days ago, in order to investigate the offer of the

Panama people. Mitchell knows as well as any man in America the design of this offer. Many people in Oregon believe that he is not a sincere friend of the canal, and that he will do anything to aid the transcontinental roads. The Panama route is a failure, and this fact is well known, and just why men who possess this knowledge should be postponing and delaying action is hard to understand. In view of the Senator's alleged relations with the railway companies, his actions will be naturally subjected to suspicion, and it is hoped that his course toward the canal will not justify the fears expressed of his disloyalty.

The committee of Thirty-six appointed at the Industrial Conference less than a month ago to avert strikes and settle by peaceful methods disputes between capital and labor has already demonstrated its usefulness. It has averted a strike of the garment makers of the country, numbering 40,000, who have been contending for more than a year for a reduction of their daily service from nine to eight hours. The crisis was reached last week, and the strike would doubtless be on at this time had not members of the committee interested themselves in the matter and brought about a compromise on eight and a half hours, and happily ending a contention that would have been disastrous to both employer and employee.

Mayor Low is beginning to realize, if he did not before, some of the difficulties that beset an official in his position. The Republicans who joined in the fusion party that elected Low are not satisfied with the spoils dealt out to them as a result of the victory, and the Citizens' Union is criticizing the mayor because all the leaders are not provided with immediate grafts to work upon the city. Low however, is a courageous man, and with resources to meet many difficulties, and it is quite certain that his administration will be a success.

The revolution in Paraguay seems to have been an orderly one; only a few lives lost and apparently it is at an end. The President and his friends are in prison and the new government has the support of the army and is likely to retain its hold on the administration of affairs until some one else is strong enough to "get up a revolution."

The city officials of Albany have accepted the plan of providing all hobos with work, and it has had a very good salutary effect upon the bands of hobos who have infested the town for some time past. Work is a sure cure for the tramp habit, and every town should have some kind of employment to give hobos who step within its limits.

There was a riot last week in Madrid, Spain, on account of the removal of the Governor of Savagossa. The populace accompanied the Governor to the railroad station with demonstrations of sympathy. They then broke into and set fire to a Jesuit monastery. The troops were called out and fired upon the people many of whom were wounded.

Everybody, regardless of political affiliation, rejoices at the return of Arthur P. Gorham to the Senate; not that he is such a great man, nor that his actions in the past are free from criticism, but that he takes the place of Wellington, the most despicable man ever raised to the rank of a United States Senator.

The canal bill is held up in the Senate to investigate the offer made by the owners of the Panama route. The Panama route would not be acceptable as a gift and the very men who are delaying action on the bill know this better than anyone else. This route has been a failure for fifty years and will always be worthless. There is an African in the woodpile, and it is not hard to discover him, either. The Senators who are holding up the bill have an object, and that is doubtless to defeat the construction of a canal across the Isthmus.

The active campaign has been started by the Daughters of the Confederacy in Kentucky to prevent the production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" on the stage. The book is denounced as a base libel on the South and especially on the institution of slavery. If this organization has no better object to devote its efforts toward, it would better disband and take things easy.

The withdrawal of Mr. Williamson from the race for Secretary of State leaves Mr. Dunbar without a rival for the nomination before the next Republican Convention. This is a splendid testimonial to the high esteem in which Mr. Dunbar is held as an official and an entirely deserved. He has administered the affairs of his office in a satisfactory manner, and a re-nomination and re-election is due him as a reward.

The visit of Prince Henry to America is intended to promote cordial relations between this country and Germany. The Prince will have an opportunity to get an idea of the greatness of the United States, and the German people will get a better idea of Uncle Sam by the discussion of the visit by the press

than they have had before. We will do our best to give the Prince a favorable impression of the country, and his trip will no doubt be productive of good.

Certain bunco politicians are dealing out nominations for office at a lively rate these days, and lucky is the farmer who spends a few hours in town and escapes without having the nomination for some office thrust upon him. When one falls a victim to these cheap politicians he is told that he must return home and set up his precinct in the interest of a certain crowd in town who are out for plunder, or rather revenge for not being allowed to plunder. The whole country is being worked in this way, and nearly every man have been slated to fill all the county offices in Oregon. The nomination for sheriff, for instance, has been promised to at least a half dozen men, and others are being urged to become candidates. This is the cheapest kind of politics and won't last very long.

THE NATION'S WEALTH.

The London Daily Mail has issued a year book for 1902 in which some very interesting statistics are given relative to the position of the United States among the nations of the world.

Under the head of wealth, it places the United States at the head of the list of great nations, the figures of wealth being: United States, \$81,750,000,000; United Kingdom, \$59,050,000,000; France, \$48,450,000,000; Germany, \$40,250,000,000; and Russia, \$32,225,000,000. While the United States heads this list of countries in its wealth, it shows the smallest national indebtedness, the figures being:

United States ..... \$1,205,000,000  
Germany ..... 3,250,000,000  
United Kingdom ..... 3,250,000,000  
Russia ..... 3,555,000,000  
France ..... 3,135,000,000

The percentage of debt to wealth is given as: United States, 1.4 per cent; United Kingdom, 6.00 per cent; Germany, 8.1 per cent; Russia, 11.1 per cent; France, 12.8 per cent.

POLITICAL BOSSISM.

The Oregonian while condemning political bosses and political jobbery is lending its aid to one of the most flagrant acts of bossism yet attempted in Portland by advocating the appointment of a list of judges of election dictated by interested politicians. This is bossism in the extreme. If these are not selected a great howl is to go up from Portland's big daily, and "jobbery and corruption" is to be the battle cry that is to urge the purified Mitchell Republicans to the contest. The county court of Multnomah is composed of three honorable men, and it is to be presumed that they will discharge their duty faithfully in the appointment of men to act as judges. If they are men with any sense of dignity they will surely resent the dictates of the bosses and select men of their own choice. Under the circumstances there is no other course left the court to pursue than to turn down the judges named by the ward politicians and choose judges themselves. So the howl may be looked for at an early date.

AFTER MR. BRYAN.

The Democratic Mobile Register, while admitting that the Democratic party is dead, administers a stinging rebuke to Bryan for trying to keep it dead. It quotes the following from Mr. Bryan's recent speech:

"The Democratic party has no right to exist except it has principles to exist for, and no principle justifies the existence of a party unless it is a great principle."  
Add then says:  
"This is the fine-sounding declaration of the titular head of the Democratic party. It is very like an axiom; that is, a self-evident truth; yet if we wished to prove it, we would say that no party exists except it has good principles. It may have a name, and eloquent leaders, and make a fuss in campaigns, but if it does not elect anyone and cannot elect any one, and never has or will have a chance to impress its principles upon the legislation of the country, it does not exist. It is dead, even if it does not know it—dead until it gets some good principles. Mr. Bryan's chief purpose in life now is to stay dead. He makes strong argument against adopting principles that will win. The old, discredited principles and a defunct party are good enough for him."

OBJECTION IS FILED

TO THE COST BILL IN A SUIT IN THE CIRCUIT COURT

Recently Dismissed by Judge R. P. Boise—The State Board of Agriculture and Its Suit Against Contractor Denham's Bondsmen.

F. A. Turner, attorney for Mary A. Sweet, plaintiff, in the partition suit recently decided in department No. 2 of the Circuit Court in favor of the defendants, Alice G. Farnham, et al., and wherein the costs were taxed to the plaintiff, yesterday filed objections to the allowance of the cost bill as submitted by the attorneys for the defendants to the suit and each filed a separate answer to the plaintiff's com-



A Medicine for Old People.

Rev. Geo. Gay, Greenock, Kas., is past 83 years of age, yet he says: "I am enjoying excellent health for a man of my age, due entirely to the rejuvenating influences of Dr. Miles' Nervine. It brings sleep and rest when nothing else will, and gives strength and vitality even to one of my old age."

"I am an old soldier," writes Mr. Geo. Watson, of Newton, Kan., "and I have been a great sufferer from nervousness, vertigo and spinal trouble. Have spent considerable money for medicine and doctors, but with little benefit. It was so bad my mind showed signs of weakness. I began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine, and I know it saved my life."

Dr. Miles' Nervine

Saved me from the insane asylum. Mrs. A. M. Helmer, of Pacific Springs, Mo., writes: "I was so nervous that I could scarcely control myself, could not sleep nor rest, would even forget the names of my own children at times. I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and it helped me from the first, and now I am perfectly well."

Sold by all Druggists on Guarantee. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

plaint and the cost bill contained a charge of \$10, or \$2.50 each, for the filing of these answers. The plaintiff objects to the allowance of this claim on the ground that the answer of all the parties defendant could have been made in one document and the cost bill is therefore extravagant.

W. H. Wehrung, et al., constituting the State Board of Agriculture, plaintiff, in the suit for damages against R. T. Denham, et al., defendants, pending in department No. 1 of the Circuit Court, brought for the purpose of recovering damages upon the alleged account of the failure of the defendant to fulfill a building contract, yesterday filed a motion in court seeking to strike out several paragraphs of the defendants, Talkington and Goodale's answer to the amended complaint.

The paragraphs which the plaintiffs seek to have stricken out of the defendants' answer are those in which the defendants allege that the plaintiffs paid to the defendant, Denham, less than \$23 days after the work was claimed to have been completed and before it had been approved or accepted by the supervising architect, as provided by the contract, thereby violating the contract and paying to Denham the sum of \$428.08 in excess of the amount due him for all the labor performed and materials furnished, and without the consent of Denham's sureties, Talkington and Goodale. The defendants also allege in their answer to the amended complaint, that by reason of the violation of the contract, on the part of the plaintiff, their security had been impaired to the amount of \$428.08. The plaintiffs seek to have these allegations stricken out on the ground that they were irrelevant, immaterial and redundant.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional treatment. It is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube gets inflamed, it becomes swollen, and the hearing is impaired. Hearing, when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be removed by the use of Hall's Great Discovery, hearing will be destroyed forever. It is caused by an inflamed condition of the Eustachian tube. It is caused by an inflamed condition of the Eustachian tube. It is caused by an inflamed condition of the Eustachian tube.

SURPRISE PARTY.

A pleasant surprise was enjoyed by H. P. Devoe and mother, of West Salem, last evening, when a number of ladies and gentlemen, neighbors of the family, entered their home unannounced, and treated them a farewell surprise party. Mr. Devoe and his mother being about to depart for South Haven, Michigan. The evening was very pleasantly enjoyed in parlor games, music and conversation, and later delicious refreshments were served. When the company finally broke up for the night, all expressed their pleasure at the enjoyment of the evening, but with this was mingled sorrow and regret at the thought of the early departure for the East of their host and his mother.

A TEXAS WONDER.

Hall's Great Discovery. One small bottle of Hall's Great Discovery cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame back, rheumatism and all troubles of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women, regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and will cure any case above mentioned. Dr. E. W. Hall, sole manufacturer, P. O. Box 429, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by all druggists and at DR. S. C. STONE'S drug stores, Salem, Oregon.

Read This.

Hendon, Ore., Dec. 8, 1901. Dr. E. W. Hall, St. Louis, Mo.—Dear Sir:—I have used your Texas Wonder for kidney and rheumatic troubles. Its effects are wonderful. It has no equal, and I can cheerfully recommend it. Yours truly, HALVEY HOWE.

A Fine Edition

Lake County Examiner. The Salem Statesman, leading journal of the Capital City, again showed its enterprise by issuing a fine magazine edition on New Year's Day. It is indeed a work that the publishers may well feel proud of. Long live The Statesman!