

THE WEEKLY OREGON STATESMAN

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—One year, in advance, \$1; Six months, in advance, 50 cents; Three months, in advance, 25 cents; *One year, on time, \$1.25.

*The Statesman has been established for nearly fifty-two years, and it has some subscribers who have received it nearly that long, and many who have read it for a generation. Some of these object to having the paper discontinued at the time of expiration of their subscriptions. For the benefit of these, and for other reasons, we have concluded to discontinue subscriptions only when notified to do so. All persons paying when subscribing, or pay-

ing in advance, will have the benefit of the dollar rate. But if they do not pay for six months, the rate will be \$1.25 a year. Hereafter we will send the paper to all responsible persons who order it, though they may not send the money, with the understanding that they are to pay \$1.25 a year, in case they let the subscription account run over six months. In order that there may be no misunderstanding, we will keep this notice standing at this place in the paper.

The enormous majority of the members of the House in favor of the Nicaragua route is sufficient guarantee of the passage of the bill by the Senate. The dispatch with which the bill was brought to final action is a splendid testimonial to the business capabilities of this branch of the National Congress. If the Senate will act as promptly and wisely as did the House in this matter, the people can be congratulated on having a legislative body so responsive to public sentiment.

The Mohammedan will no longer have to plod his way on his weary pilgrimage to Mecca. Cleveland and Chicago capitalists have formed a company and secured concessions for an electric line from Cairo, Egypt, to Mount Sinai, and thence along the coast of the Red Sea through Syria and Arabia to Mecca. A branch is to connect Damascus with the system at Mount Sinai. It is figured that the business during a single one of the annual Mohammedan pilgrimages to Mecca, whether it is the pious duty of every Mohammedan to go, will pay a handsome profit on the cost of construction, the number of pilgrims being enormous.

While Chile and Argentina are beginning to see the light through the war cloud that has hovered over them for the past few months yet the atmosphere in South America is far from clear. The trouble in Venezuela goes on without any decided advantage being gained although President Castro has reported the insurrection suppressed. Colombia still is struggling with the fall-out of a revolution incited by Castro and a rumor has been published to the effect that the President of Colombia is in the hands of the rebels as a prisoner. Paraguay, to be in fashion, is in the throes of a rebellion, and Nicaragua, in Central America, is buying ammunition and instruments of battle to make war upon her neighbors. The outlook for Latin America is anything but bright.

A FALSE REPORT.

The publishers of some spurious paper at Chicago sent out, to all the newspapers in the United States a few weeks ago, a postal card containing the following notice:

"The postoffice officials at Washington, D. C., has just ruled that a subscription to any publication, entered as second-class matter, must be discontinued, when the time for which it is paid in advance has expired."

"This is such a radical ruling and directly opposite to all law and previous rulings, that it means a complete change and revolution in the publishing business. The ruling will greatly reduce the circulation of nearly all papers and cause the withdrawal of many advertisements until a lower rate is put into effect. This vitally affects you, for it prohibits extending credit to your subscribers, and reduces your circulation and value to advertisers. Any violation of this will deprive the publisher of his pound rate."

Many thoughtless publishers were taken in by this scheme, and Congressmen and the Postmaster General were flooded with protests against the alleged ruling. The Postoffice Department has issued a bulletin showing that the report was false and that no alarm need be felt by legitimate publishers.

TO MAKE SALEM POPULAR.

A New York divine delivered a sermon a few days before New Year's, in which he set forth ten resolutions which, he said, if lived up to, would make that city the most popular in the country. As the resolutions are general in character they are applicable to Salem or any other city. Those interested in giving this city a favorable impression at home and abroad will find suggestions in the ten resolutions announced to make New York popular, and they are quoted with the hope that good to Salem may result:

"First: I will not permit myself, if possible, to speak while angry. If I must speak before I can control my anger, I will force myself to speak in a low tone of voice. And I will not make a bitter retort to another person who speaks to me in anger. If we can do that we will have a very peaceful year. If you will keep your voice low when your temper is aroused, anger will soon die in any one who is vexed with you."

"Second: I will neither gossip about the failings of another nor will I permit another person to speak such

gossip to me. Gossip will die with all its hateful, deadly strain of slander and broken hearts and blighted lives when it cannot find a listener."

"Third: I will respect weakness and defer to it in the street car, on the elevated train, in the store, and in the home, whether it be in man or woman."

"Fourth: I will always express gratitude for any favor or service rendered to me on the spot and at once. If prevented from doing it then I will seek an early opportunity to give utterance to it in the most gracious way within my power."

"Fifth: I will not fail to express sympathy with another's sorrow, or to give hearty utterance to my appreciation of good work by another, whether the party be friendly to me or not. No one can tell how much sunshine would come into the world if we would live up to that rule. One buttonhole bouquet offered amid life's stress of trial is worth a thousand wreaths of roses laid on a man's coffin who died discouraged and broken hearted."

"Sixth: I will not talk about my personal ailments. If my shoulder is rheumatic or I have the gout in my big toe, or my knee joint is stiff, it will be one of the subjects on which I am silent and not open to interview."

"Seventh: I will look on the bright side of the circumstances of my daily life, and will seek to carry a cheerful face and speak cheerfully and hopefully to all whom I meet."

"Eighth: I will neither eat nor drink what I know will detract from my ability to do my best work and be of the most service to myself or others."

"Ninth: I will speak and act truthfully, living by sincerity toward God and man."

"Tenth: I will strive to be always ready for the very best that can happen to me. To be ready for the worst is all very well in its way, but it is a vain much overworked. I will seek to be ready to seize the highest opportunity to do the noblest work, to rise to the loftiest place which God and my abilities permit."

UNEXPLORED CANADA.

According to the last report of the Director of the Geological Survey of Canada, one-third of the Dominion is still an unexplored region of mystery. The entire area of Canada is computed at 3,450,257 square miles, of which 1,250,000 are yet unexplored. "Exclusive of the inhospitable detached Arctic portion, 254,000 square miles is for all practical purposes entirely unknown," says the report.

A careful estimate is made of the unexplored regions. Beginning at the extreme northwest of the Dominion, the first of these areas is between the eastern boundary of Alaska, the Porcupine river, and the Arctic coast, about 9,500 square miles in extent. The next is west of the Lewes and Yukon rivers and extends to the boundary of Alaska. Until last year 32,000 square miles in this area was unexplored, but a part has since been traveled. A third area of 27,000 square miles lies between the Lewes, Pelly, and Stikine rivers. Between the Pelly and Mackenzie rivers is another large tract of 100,000 square miles, or about double the size of England. An unexplored area of 50,000 square miles is found between Great Bear lake and the Arctic coast, being nearly all to the north of the Arctic circle. Nearly as large as Portugal is another tract between Great Bear lake, the Mackenzie river, and the western part of Great Slave lake, in all 35,000 square miles. Lying between Stikine and Laird rivers to the north and the Skeena and Peace rivers to the south, is an area of 81,000 square miles. Of the 35,000 square miles southeast of Athabasca lake, little is known, except that it has been crossed by a field party en route to Fort Churchill. East of the Coppermine river and west of Bathurst inlet lies 7,500 miles of unexplored land. Eastward from this, lying between the Arctic coast and Black's river is an area of 31,000 square miles, or about equal to Ireland. Much larger than Great Britain and Ireland, and embracing 178,000 square miles, is the region bounded by Black's river, Great Slave lake, Athabasca lake, Hatcher and Reindeer lakes, Churchill river and the west coast of Hudson bay.

On the south coast of Hudson bay, between the Severn and Attawapiskat rivers, is an area of 22,000 square miles in extent, or larger than Nova Scotia, and lying between Trout lake, Lac Seul and the Albany river is another 15,000 square miles of unexplored land. The most westerly area is the greatest of all. It comprises almost the entire interior of the Labrador peninsula or

Northeast Territory. In all 239,000 square miles.

The Government during the past year has made a great effort in the direction of exploring and developing this vast territory. It has recognized the fact that railroads are essential to the development of a new country, and liberal inducements for their construction are made by granting millions of acres of land as a bonus. The indications are that, during the next five years, at least 5,000 miles of new railroad will be completed throughout the Dominion, most of which will run through the unexplored wilderness. The mineral wealth of this unknown region is undoubtedly immense, and perhaps almost inexhaustible; while the dense forests of hard wood, now of so little value, will, when brought to the markets of the world, become a source of large profit.

FALSE CHARGES.

The State Land Board, some time ago, requested those who charge fraud and irregularities in connection with the transaction of the Board, to produce a single instance of fraud or malfeasance of any official, in any way subject to the Board's control. Though several months have passed not a clue has been given, by the persons making the charge, that would lead to the discovery of any one violating the law. If fraud has been practiced let it be known. It is the duty of every honest citizen to lend his aid to officials in the prosecution of persons guilty of crime or fraud.

The Board is composed of three men whose honesty cannot be called in question, and they ask as a favor that knowledge of any fraud, which might have escaped their attention, be pointed out to them. The fact is the charges made by a few Democratic papers were without the slightest foundation, and wholly false and concocted for political effect. If the Board makes mistakes these are proper subjects for criticism, but to trump up charges that have no foundation, even in rumor, is a violation of the rights that exist between man and man.

FOR COUNTRY ROADS.

The Review of Reviews for January has an important article on the value of burnt clay as a substitute for gravel or crushed stone used in building country roads. It says: "With no more expenditure of money and effort than is now put on the country roads, ballasting with burnt clay would produce in a dozen years a system of highways equal to any of those for which France has so long been famous. A burnt gumbo road is never muddy, for that property is lost in the burning. The surface of the road is hard and smooth. As a speedway for bicycles and automobiles it is ideal. For carriages and heavy wagons it has no superior. No vegetation can grow on it. It is practically free from dust, after the highway system has been well developed; so that mud is not brought in from the tributary roads. Moreover, the warm red highways contrast pleasingly against the green landscape at those seasons of the year when country drives are most enjoyable."

TURN THEM DOWN.

Prince David and a party of relatives of the former Queen of Hawaii are in Washington to urge President Roosevelt and Congress to award them the "crown lands" of Hawaii. The lands which the Prince and his relatives claim as belonging to the royal family comprise all of the unoccupied ground of the Hawaiian Islands and valued at millions of dollars. While they realize that Congress will not recognize their right to all the lands, the petitioners believe that they will be granted a large portion of their old domain. It is difficult to see how these people have any more right to the unoccupied land than any other natives of the islands, and it is almost certain that their mission here will be as fruitless as results as the other attempts to restore the alleged rights of the deposed Queen.

The Democratic East Oregonian has announced in prophetic tones that the next Governor will be a resident of Pendleton. As no candidate has been mentioned from that city for Governor on the Democratic ticket it virtually concedes the election of a Republican Governor since two Republican aspirants live there, which, by the way, is a splendid compliment to the present state administration. The Republican party, through its able officials, has made a record for good government and it is pleasing to note that one Democratic paper in the state recognizes this fact and concedes the continuance of the Republican party in power.

The bill introduced by Representative Lowering of Massachusetts providing for a salary of \$25,000 a year for ex-Presidents will hardly meet with public approval. Our Presidents so far have all been thrifty men and able to make a living without any such assistance as is given in the bill.

Cleveland has recovered from his recent attack of pneumonia and is preparing to go on another hunting trip in a few days. This is welcome news,

and the nation hopes that his health may remain satisfactory and that he will live to enjoy many hunting and fishing trips, of which he is so fond.

Rev. Dr. Doane, for many years a resident of Salem, and a pioneer preacher and teacher, is lying seriously ill at his home in Portsmouth as a result of a paralytic stroke.

Miss Stone still languishes a prisoner in the hands of a band of Bulgarian outlaws, and apparently no effort is being made to secure her release. An ignominious attempt was made some months ago to bribe the brigands to release the captive, but it failed, as such methods should. This country has lost much prestige by the indifference of officials in the matter, and American citizens will be unsafe in the Orient until some measure is taken to force the Governments to protect our citizens from outlaws.

Medical authorities have at last discovered that much of the breaking down among American residents of the Philippines is due to homesickness, and the Government is being urged to appropriate money to secure a daily news report from the United States in order to bring Americans into closer touch with affairs at home. Much of the sickness of soldiers is said to originate from this cause, and the attempt to relieve it with news from home is a commendable step to take. It is hard for any one who has not experienced life in that distant country to realize the effect that the longing for home and friends has on one's body and mind. No experience our soldiers suffered from, heat, hunger or fatigue, can in any degree be compared with the suffering endured from homesickness.

It is quite apparent in view of the determination of the President to investigate the charges of silk frauds, made by Appraiser Wakeman, that Gage's retirement from the Treasury Department is due to the trouble between the Department and Wakeman, which resulted in the removal of the latter. After the Secretary had once demanded the resignation of the Appraiser there was no choice for the President but to enforce the demand, even though he was in sympathy with the Appraiser. The President's determination to take up the matter virtually reversed the decision of the Department, and Gage's continuance in the office was impossible.

When Jack Wade was placed on trial for the murder of James B. Morrow, he appeared very cool and collected and indifferent to the fate that awaited him. Now he is very different. He has appealed to the Governor in a letter and a few days ago was making preparation to commit suicide, but delayed the deed only until he felt the last hope for his escape from the scaffold to be gone. Dalton, on the other hand, who was so nervous at the beginning, is now awaiting his fate without a murmur or sign of weakening as the day approaches for his execution. Wade is reported to have confessed to firing the fatal shot, and it is not surprising that his guilty conscience is rackings his system and exhibiting his cowardly nature.

ROOSEVELT SUSTAINS WAKEMAN.

President Roosevelt called to the White House the other day former Appraiser Wakeman, of New York, to consult with him in reference to alleged silk frauds. As a result of the conference steps were taken to prosecute the guilty parties, and a Deputy Attorney General has been appointed to take charge of the cases.

The decision of the Administration to prosecute the alleged silk frauds and the calling in of the removed Appraiser for assistance have caused considerable comment among public men.

Appraiser Wakeman had for several months tried to get at the foundation of the undervaluations. This culminated in the early part of August last, when several transfers in the Appraiser's office made an investigation successful. Invoices of Japanese silks were returned by Appraiser Wakeman to Collector Bidwell for seizure. The Collector declined to seize the merchandise, and was sustained in his position by the Solicitor of the Treasury, United States District Attorney Burnett, at New York, and finally by the Secretary of the Treasury.

The decision of the Administration to reopen these cases and prosecute the offenders practically reverses Collector Bidwell, United States District Attorney Burnett, the Solicitor of the Treasury and the Secretary of the Treasury. It also shows a determination on the part of President Roosevelt to institute sweeping reforms in the New York Custom House from top to bottom, which reforms are without question badly needed.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a running ear or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; and cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Salt's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

W. L. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 7c.

Semi-Weekly Statesman, \$1 a year.

NOTE AND COMMENT

Friendly to the United States.

Mobile Register: The Cuban vote shows a victory for the Nationalists—the party favoring the maintenance of cordial relations with the United States. An attempt is made to show that the opposition stayed away from the polls as a sign of protest. Such an opposition can be disregarded. If it represented the real opinion of Cuba it would have carried the election. Finding itself hopelessly outnumbered it retreated from the field and allowed the friends of Palma an easy victory. The outcome is one of the best signs of Cuba's ability to get upon the right road. With a conservative government established there is no reason why the Americans should not at once withdraw from the island.

More Trouble for Teddy.

Mobile Register: More trouble for Teddy! More and worse of it! Harder to get out of, too, for there's a woman at the bottom of it. It is an affair concerning precedence that occurred at Wednesday's reception. The President sat, Lady Pauncefoot, and all her retinue, down to the junior secretary, walk ahead of Baron von Holleben, the German Ambassador—a horrible thing to do, so it is said. The lady's lord was ill and could not come. The President treated the lady as if she were the lord; and diplomatic circles are struck stiff. Imagine the feelings of His Majesty William, the German Emperor, who on that very same day was saying pretty things about the impulsive Theodore! We shall be lucky if we escape without having war made upon us.

Astoria Astir.

Astoria News: Astoria is now astir. She is on the point of a great industrial development. The public spirit displayed by the Taylor Land Company in donating three valuable sites for saw mills and factories marks a new era in this city. If Astorians shall follow up the small subsidy necessary to put two saw mills and one great sash and door factory in operation here, Astoria's future will have been secured. The sash and door factory will employ 75 heads of families. The Astoria saw mill is as large as the Astoria Mill Company, the monthly pay roll of which is about \$4500, and the men employed are fifty or more. The new mill to be established on the same railroad switch by Whipple and associates at Smith Point will be greater than any other mill in Astoria. It is backed by men who have immense timber holdings in this peninsula and who are deeply interested in making Astoria the lumber supply center of the West. These three enterprises, assured, will make Astoria free from the fetters that certain industries, and have thrown around her. They will make a market for our timber lands. They will by return cargoes insure a common point on grain exports.

Cottage Grove Nugget: The New Year edition of the Oregon Statesman, fifty-six pages, printed on fine glass book paper, and elegantly illustrated with half-tone pictures of all the state and county buildings, many of the large business houses and manufacturing establishments, its leading and most prominent men, and containing a wonderful store of information about Salem and Marion county, reached our table yesterday. It is an edition for the Statesman to be proud of, and the commonwealth of Salem and Marion county should feel a pride in supplying the means of finance to so able a journal. The Nugget congratulates the Statesman.

Junction City Times: The Salem Statesman issued a very handsome and artistic New Year edition. It not only illustrates Salem and the various state institutions, but other cities and towns throughout the valley. It is bound in pamphlet form and from an artistic standpoint is the finest edition yet received.

Eugene Register: One of the best New Year publications issued in Oregon this year was by the Statesman. It is neat and artistic and a valuable edition to send away to prospective home seekers.

Toledo Leader: The Salem Statesman issues a splendid holiday number. We have seen no better—as far as it goes.

For Their Ultimate Good.

St. Louis Republic: There is something pathetic in the sentiment against a change of nationality now being so strongly voiced by the people of the Danish West Indies, soon to become American citizens through the sale of their islands by Denmark to the United States.

The ties of blood-kinship and of hereditary love for the mother-country impel the West Indian Danes in protest thus strongly against the impending transfer.

These are purely sentimental considerations, but sentimental considerations are more potent in controlling humanity than practical folk are willing to concede. They are especially strong with a people so simple and primitive-souled as are the Danes, the blonde children of the human family of today.

In the end, however, these loyal islanders will find that the sale of their country to the United States was for their infinite good. They will come under a form of government certain to bring out the best that is in them by stimulating their initiative and encouraging individual ambition. Their material condition will be vastly improved. The natural resources of the islands will be properly developed. Their commerce and industries will benefit tremendously.

Some day, indeed, homesick and resentful as are the West Indian Danes just now, they will probably express in national thanksgiving their gratitude for the transaction which made them Americans.

Not a Question of Locality.

The Dallas Mountaineer: Several of our contemporaries are contending for a Governor from Eastern Oregon. Their contention is in a manner commendable, but we fail to see why a Governor from this section is an absolute necessity, or why he would be able or willing to do more for the inland Empire than one from any other part of the state. The best legislation ever enacted for Eastern Oregon—the bill

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes. The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood. If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work. Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-worked in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries. It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail. Home of Swamp-Root, tree, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

authorizing the construction of the portage road at Cascade Locks—was enacted while a Portland man was Governor. It matters little from what section the Governor comes so that he is an honest, patriotic, public-spirited citizen.

Geer Will Be Renominated.

Malthus Gazette: From present indications Eastern Oregon will again have to be content without a prominent candidate on the next Republican state ticket. The only gentleman from this part of the state who have announced their intention to be candidates before the next state convention are Judge Lowell and W. J. Furman, both of Pendleton, who have both announced their candidacy for Governor. It is unfortunate for Eastern Oregon that these gentlemen, both from the same town, should announce themselves both for the same office, as about the only purpose the candidacy of each will serve will be to kill off the other. And, unless the unforeseen happens, Governor Geer will be renominated without any very serious opposition. Eastern Oregon is certainly entitled to some recognition, and if the "cow counties" could unite on Williamson of Primeville for secretary of state, or Young of Baker county for attorney general, we would be almost sure of success. And there is no good reason why Eastern Oregon should not ask for and receive all of these places on the ticket, as we have about two thirds the area and one-third the population of the entire state.

A Pertinent Question.

Union Republican: Some of the Democratic papers are saying Eastern Oregon demands the governorship and are urging the Republicans to nominate an Eastern Oregon man and turn down Governor Geer. While it is true this part of the state has not received just recognition in the past, yet why are the Democrats insisting that the Republicans go after the governorship, and that alone? Is there some other reason? Isn't it possible that in such an act of the Republicans they see their only show of electing a Democrat from Western Oregon Governor?

Nagging at a Nation.

New York Tribune: Nagging at Germany continues. It is an ignominious practice, but it must be supposed to afford some morbid enjoyment to those who indulge in it. Human tastes are varied. There are those who love to bully and to oppress the weak, and others, who exult in making unpleasant or obnoxious gestures at the strong, the latter trusting to their own indignation and to their ability to give them immunity from punishment. There are also those who, through restlessness or thoughtlessness on something more discreditable, find pleasure in nagging, not at individuals, which would be bad form, but at nations, for which occupation each holds himself to be a chartered libertine. For a nation cannot bring suit for slander, and if the Government takes any notice of an attack, is not that distinction for the attacker? And what can be more indicative of the most vigilant patriotism than to be perpetually branding, porcupine-wise, against some foreign power?

Significant Religious Statistics.

Church Economist: A strong and painful light is thrown on current conditions by the analysis of church accretions in the Presbyterian church during the year ending March 31, 1921, by the accomplished stated clerk of the General Assembly, the Rev. D. W. H. Roberts. He shows that of the 7,514 churches carried in the denominational roll, 2,141 went through the entire year without a solitary addition to their membership by confession of faith. Almost if not quite as appalling is the fact that of the remaining 5,373 churches, 2,599, or almost one-half, reported five or less additions each. The 2,599 embrace the large body of ordinary and typical churches, outside of favorable conditions and of leadership quality. Of the 2,776 churches reporting five or more, 1,471 received ten or less, leaving only 1,305 that reported over ten accessions during the whole year. No one could claim that this is a healthy condition.

An Historic Town Obliterated.

Norfolk Landmark: Remarkable evidence of the need for a Jamestown Tercentenary Anniversary is furnished by the ignorance of most Americans with regard to the status of Jamestown itself. This cradle of the Nation, as all Virginians know, is no longer inhabited by any person except those who keep guard over the ruins there. Jamestown is nothing but a name and a remnant. If it were not for the care which the Society for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities preserves the old walls and other relics, not a trace of the famous town, we dare say, would be left.