THE WEEKLY OREGON STATESMAN

Issued every Tuesday and Friday by the

STATESMAN PUBLISHING COMPANY

R. J. HENDRICKS, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—One year, in advance, $1; Six months, in advance, 50 cents; Three months, in advance, 25 cents; *One year, on time, $1.25.

* The Statesman has been established for nearly fifty years, and it has some subscribers who have received it nearly that long, and many who have read it for a generation. Some of these object to having the paper discontinued at the time of expiration of their subscriptions. For the benefit of these, and for other reasons, we have concluded to discontinue subscriptions only when notified to do so. All persons paying when subscribing, or paying in advance, will have the benefit of the dollar rate But if they do not pay for six months, the rate will be $1.25 a year. Hereafter we will send the paper to all responsible persons who order it, though they may not send the money, with the understanding that they are to pay $1.25 a year, in case they let the subscription account run over six months. In order that there may be no misunderstanding, we will keep this notice standing at this place in the paper.

Mark Hanna woke up and found himself an orator.

A friend suggests that from appearances the Santa Fe telegraph strikers did not have the key to the situation.

The New York Sun, says Towne is "more intellectual than William J. Bryan." But it doesn't say that he is intellectual.—Ex.

McMinnville wants a big creamery. It should be built. And there should be many more of them and all those now running should increase their capacity.

This Yankee nation is surprising the world since it has begun to take a hand in international affairs. Its diplomats are having things their own way, as its soldiers have had.

There is oil, along the Oregon coast, as well as along the California coast, and coal, the same as along the Washington coast. This fact will be demonstrated before long and to the enormous profit of all of Oregon.

Prof. Soilman said at the Goldendale Institute that wheat is the best known feed for hogs. The farmers of the Northwest can raise wheat. They can raise more of it to the acre by paying more attention to stock-raising, leguminous plants, and diversifying.—Pacific Homestead, Salem.

The Ship Subsidy bill should be passed, because it is the best that can be secured at this time, and the United States is very much in need of an American merchant marine. The same result could be accomplished by a discriminative tariff in favor of goods carried in American bottoms, and this would be more just to all concerned. But that proposition could not now have support sufficient to make it possible of adoption.

There is no peace and little harmony with the school book business in either of the Pacific coast states. Witness an evidence of this fact as to California from the following in the San Francisco Chronicle: "A San Francisco evening paper professes to be unaware of any other objection to the state text-book system than the unsatisfactory compilations of the books. Our contemporary has not kept the run of the subject. In addition to the books being unsatisfactorily compiled they are produced at an excessive cost. In fact, the greatest source of complaint is that it helps to keep up an extravagantly conducted state institution, which, like the Harbor Commission, is maintained more for the purpose of making snug berths for politicians than for benefiting the commerce of the port of San Francisco."

A Happy Mother

Frolicking with her baby makes one of the prettiest spectacles ever seen in the home. But nothing is sadder to see than the unhappy mother, weak and nervous, striving in vain to hush the cries of her weak and nervous babe. There can be no happiness for either mother or child without health. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription "has done wonders" for many a woman, by restoring her health and opening for her the way to happy motherhood. This really wonderful medicine is not a cure-all. It is a preparation specially designed to cure diseases peculiar to women. It dries debilitating drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, cures female weakness, and removes the causes which generally make women nervous and sleepless.

There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription" and it contains no opium, cocaine or other narcotic.

Mrs. James W. Blacker, of 629 Catherine Street, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "Your medicines have done wonders for me. For years my health was very poor; I had four miscarriages, but since taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' I have much better health, and now I have a fine healthy baby."

Use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets with "Favorite Prescription" if the bowels are inactive or irregular.

The hops of the 1900 crop are about all gone, and the growers are getting ready for a larger acreage next year. While the prices have been remunerative, they should have been higher. If the dealers, who own most of the hops now, do not make the brewers pay 20 cents a pound for them, they will miss a golden opportunity and the opportunity of enforcing a wholesome lesson. This would make the early demand for the next crop a lively one.

According to the San Juan News, there has been quite a change of sentiment in Puerto Rico on the tariff question. The News vehemently opposed the 15 per cent. tariff, but now that a legislature is about to convene which will have authority to abrogate the tariff, the paper contends that the tariff is the easiest way of raising the revenue which Puerto Rico needs, and that internal taxation to take its place would be burdensome. In fact, the much-abused tariff seems to have been vindicated by experience.

The surface railroads of New York (Manhattan borough) have not been injured by the competition of the elevated lines. According to the reports just issued, gross earnings for the last fiscal year exhibit an increase over the previous year of $2,000,000, reaching the enormous total of $28,212,000. The number of passengers carried was over 744,000,000, a gain over the preceding year of 66,000,000. During the year expenditures for betterments and plants reached $10,827,000. This is an increase in outlay of $4,348,000 over the preceding fiscal year, and was chiefly called for by the change to electricity, which is effecting great savings, the number of employes having slightly decreased, although 1000 cars were added during the year.

INVITING BACK THE BUSINESS MEN.

The Chicago Chronicle, which frowned at Mr. Bryan in 1896 and smiled upon him in 1900, has returned to wisdom and is now exhorting the Democrats "to invite to positions of trust and authority on their county, state and Congressional committees the most sagacious and experienced business men who are available." It even bows the knee to plutocracy and confesses that if the business men are "rich so much the better."

This is a new tune. This same Chicago Chronicle, in common with all the other Bryanite organs, gave a great deal of emotion, hot language and space to reviling the Hon. Marcus Alonzo Hanna, chairman of the Republican National Committee, a sagacious, experienced and rich business man. The inconceivable turpitude, the immeasurable iniquity of Mr. Hanna roused the Bryanite journals to frenzy. They almost made a paramount issue of him. He was guilty of being rich and of being a business man; and business and riches were unpardonable sins in the eyes of the Bryanites. He was guilty of managing the Republican campaign; and what an outrage against the "producing classes" it was that a rich business man should have charge of a political campaign. Now the Democrats are looking for a Hanna of their own. They forget that the Hon. James K. Jones is somewhat of a trust magnate himself.

The Chronicle recalls with regret Democratic business men who have also been distinguished Democratic politicians; men like Hewitt, Manning and Whitney. But they belonged to a Democracy that waged no war with business and wealth. There was no conflict between their principles and the interests of the communities in which they lived. Bryanite has tabooed the business man, practically driven him out of the party in the North and made him very uncomfortable and no well-wisher to Bryanism in the South. Is he to come back? Is his party to have the benefit of his judgment, his experience and his means? A writer in the New York Sun thinks not; not till his party comes to him, repentant and reformed. Not until it shows itself as friendly to business as for four years it has shown itself hostile. Even then, business men must look doubtfully upon a party which is so acrobatic.

Democratic business men will have to find out what the Democratic party proposes to do, where it stands and how much or little the power and influence of Mr. Bryan in it are before they will undertake to work for it.

OKLAHOMA AND INDIAN TERRITORY.

A joint commission of residents of Oklahoma and Indian Territory has been appointed to consider the union of both territories in a single state for admission into the Union. Oklahoma already possesses more population and wealth than has usually been considered necessary as a foundation for statehood, and there is no legitimate objection to her admission into the Union. Indian Territory alone is not yet so well qualified. However, since the old tribal governments have been succeeded by more direct government from Washington there has been a great deal of dissatisfaction in the Territory, and a general desire for statehood has sprung up. It is felt that this desire cannot be soon gratified unless it be through a combination with Oklahoma in one state. Such a state would have an area almost identical with that of Missouri, certainly not any too large for one whose population can never be dense. This sentiment of combination is not universal in either territory. In Oklahoma it is opposed by those who fear the effort will result in delaying statehood, while in Indian Territory it is opposed by those who do not want statehood at all, or prefer to wait until it can come in due course to the territory as it now stands.

HOW FARMERS WILL BENEFIT.

Some of the interior newspapers in this state and Oregon, notably at Walla Walla and Portland, are persistent in their hostility to the pending shipping subsidy bill; apparently lacking any adequate conception of its importance to the people of this coast. They seem to think that all of its benefits will be to the sea coast cities, and that none will extend to the interior; while with an absolute ignoring of the facts, they insist that the burden of the subsidies will fall upon the interior taxpayers.

The total amount of money to be expended annually under the terms of the pending bill is limited to $9,000,000, of which amount one-third will be distributed to the American-owned and American-built vessels plying in the foreign trade from the Pacific ports of the United States. Touching purely on the local advantages of such a measure, it is known by every one that there is a serious shortage in tonnage on the Pacific at present, with resulting high charters for vessels engaged in the ocean carrying trade. Every dollar added to the charter price of a vessel engaged in wheat carrying, for example, is a dollar taken out of the pockets of the men who raised the wheat which constitutes that vessel's cargo. The giving of nearly three millions of dollars in annual subsidies to vessel owners on the Pacific will stimulate the building of vessels for foreign trade on this coast. The additional tonnage which will be built under this stimulus will more than make up the present deficiency, bring down charter prices, and thus benefit every grain grower on the Pacific coast. This is a direct certain and adequate benefit which ought in itself to be sufficient to enlist in favor of the bill every individual wheat grower in the country, and every person desirous of advancing the interests of those wheat growers.

The indirect benefits to the farmers of this and adjoining states will be even greater and more lasting. The bounties to be expended annually among the shipowners of the Pacific will stimulate enormously the growth of the shipbuilding industry on this coast, giving profitable and permanent employment to thousands of skilled mechanics, receiving high wages. This expansion of shipbuilding will lead inevitably to the establishment of great steel plants on this coast, to utilize the ores and coal of Washington, thus furnishing employment to thousands more. Each of the men thus employed will be a consumer of a class of farm products more profitable to raise for a home market than wheat. The fruit growers of Yakima will profit as much or more than the wheat growers of the Palouse and the Big Bend by this enlargement of the home market.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

There will be another advantage to accrue to the farmers of the Northwest, not mentioned by our Seattle exchange. In the course of a few years there will be a surplus raised here of dairy, poultry and pork products, and of meats, flax manufactures, cured fruits and other things that will come from the development of diversified agriculture, through employing irrigation in the semi-arid districts, and the use of fertilizers and the rotation of crops in the balance of the state. The markets for these things in the trans-Pacific countries will grow rapidly; and ships will be required to transport them—not slow sailing vessels, but modern ships propelled by steam. These must be provided, and it is the duty of the federal Government to see to it that they are not wanting. This all separate and apart from the great advantages that the possession of an American merchant marine would bring to our country in case of a war between foreign powers whose citizens own a great number of ships.

The Subsidy Bill is the best thing we may have at present. Therefore it should pass.

The American people will think none the less of our military commander in China, General Chaffee, because he had the nerve to talk right out in meeting to his Teutonic highmightiness, General Waldersee. General Chaffee was probably more emphatic than the rules of military etiquette allow, but there was an occasion when something needed to be said hard, and Chaffee appears to have been the right man in the right place at precisely the right time. He did the graceful and the professional thing to apologize, but it is to be noted that the apology was not made until the "evidence was in," as the lawyers say, and not only before General Waldersee but before the world. It is safe to say that the result of the incident will be to correct abuses growing out of military license in China—and this is what Chaffee meant to do. This tiff with Waldersee, like everything else he has done, goes to show that there was exceeding good judgment in the selection of a head for the American forces in China. And it adds to the satisfaction of the American people in General Chaffee's promotion to a Major-Generalship announced within the past few days. General Chaffee is what is known in the army as a "ranker," having entered the service a private soldier and risen to his present rank through successive promotions for merit.

CONSTITUTION AND SUPREME COURT.

(From the Oregonian.)

When the people of the State of Oregon, at our last June election voted, by a very decided majority, against the constitutional amendment to add two judges to our Supreme Court, at an additional cost of something like $8000 per annum, it would seem that the matter should be dropped until such time in the future as the Legislature in its wisdom should again submit the question to the people. It looks now as though the matter will be brought before the next Legislature and an effort made to pass a law creating Commissioners to act with our present Supreme Court, and, of course, each of such Commissioners must be paid a salary. I do not think such a law would be constitutional, neither do I believe there is any justifiable reason for its passage.

Originally, under our state constitution we had four judicial districts in the State of Oregon, and each of these districts elected one Justice of the Supreme Court, and the four Justices so elected performed both Supreme and Circuit Court duties.

We then had 18 counties in the state. Jackson, Josephine and Douglas constituted the first judicial district. Umpqua, Coos, Curry, Lane and Benton constituted the second judicial district. Linn, Marion, Polk, Yamhill and Washington constituted the third judicial district. Clackamas, Multnomah, Wasco, Columbia, Clatsop and Tillamook constituted the fourth judicial district. See section 11, article 17, of the Constitution of Oregon.

As the first election after Oregon was admitted into the Union, the first district elected P. P. Prim, Supreme Judge; the second district elected R. E. Stratton, Supreme Judge; the third district elected R. P. Boise, Supreme Judge; and the fourth district elected A. E. Wait, Supreme Judge.

By sections 6, 7 and 8, of article 7, of our state constitution, it will be observed that these four Judges of the Supreme Court were, in addition to holding Supreme Court, required to hold circuit courts in their respective districts twice, at least, in each year, in each county thereof. By section 21, of said article 7, each of these Judges, before entering upon the duties of his office, was required to solemnly swear or affirm "that I will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of a Judge of the Supreme and circuit courts of said state, according to the best of my ability."

For 18 years after Oregon was admitted into the Union Judges elected by the districts performed both Supreme and circuit court duties. The Legislature, in the year 1878, under section 10 of said article 7, passed a law for the election of three Justices of the Supreme Court who should not be required to perform circuit court duties, and also providing for the election of Circuit Judges in the districts.

It will be observed that section 10 provides that the Circuit Judges "shall take the same oath as the Supreme Judges."

It will also be observed that, while section 10 provides that the three Justices of the Supreme Court shall not perform circuit duties, there is no provision prohibiting Circuit Judges from performing Supreme Court duties. There is nothing in section 10 which made it mandatory upon the Legislature of 1878 to pass the law which it did at that time. Section 10 merely provides that when the population of the state shall amount to 200,000, the Legislative Assembly may provide for the election of Supreme and Circuit Judges in distinct classes.

I think it is clear from these sections of our constitution that the Legislative Assembly can restore the Circuit Judges to the state of their original authority to act as Supreme Judges as well as Circuit Judges.

If this be done then whenever our Supreme Court feels any need of assistance, it can invite one or more of the Circuit Judges to sit with the present three Justices in the discharge of Supreme Court duties.

Such a law would render Commissioners entirely unnecessary and enable the Supreme Court, when behind with its business, to catch up without putting the taxpayers to any additional expense.

TILMON FORD.

Salem, December 13.

The National Zeitung of Berlin says the United States is in an industrial and physical opposition to Europe. There is something in this point of view. We certainly are in commercial rivalry with the nations of Europe and we propose to support our rivalry with the force of our military power whenever it is necessary to do so to preserve our rights and protect our interests from physical assaults. In this we do not differ in principle from Germany, but our geographical location is different and makes certain policies of defense necessary that are not pleasing to her or any other European power.

Country Life Joys.

(Extracts from "Elizabeth and Her Garden.")

The days of cold and storm are here, when it is the fashion for dwellers in country homes to deplore their environment and load the air with wailing that they cannot spend the winter in town.

"Elizabeth, and Her Garden," is a book that will open one's eyes to some of the blessings of life. It is nothing more than a picture of a woman in love with her home, her babies, and the flowers and trees of her garden. The author, Countess Von Armin, was a daughter of Henry Beuchamp, of London, and lived in a lonely castle with her husband and children, and her actual life resembles that portrayed in her book.

She tells of the years wasted in city and seaside resorts and gives this amusing description of the way in which she was commiserated for a life in which she found nothing but pleasure:

"The other day at a dinner party the women were curious to know how I had endured the winter, cut off from everybody and snowed up for weeks.

"'Ah, the husbands', sighed an ample lady, lugubriously shaking her head, 'they shut their wives up because it suits them and don't care what their sufferings are.'

"Then the others sighed and shook their heads too, for the ample lady was a great potentate, and one began to tell how another dreadful husband had brought his young wife into the country and kept her there, concealing her beauty and accomplishments from the public in a most cruel manner, and how after spending a few years in weeping and producing progeny she had run away with somebody unspeakable—I think it was the footman, or some one of that sort.

"But I am quite happy, I began, as soon as I could put in a word.

"'Ah, a good little wife, making the best of it,' and the female potentate patted my hand but continued gloomily to shake her head.

"'You cannot possibly be happy in the winter entirely alone,' asserted another lady.

"But I am."

"'But how can you possibly be at your age? Your husband ought to bring you to town in winter.'

"But I don't want to be brought to town.

"'And not let you waste the best years of your life buried.'

"But I like being buried.

"'Such solitude is not right.'

"But I am not solitary.

"'And can come to no good,' she was getting angry.

"I enjoyed the winter immensely, I persisted. I sleighed and skated and then there were shelves and shelves full of—I was going to say books, but stopped. Reading is an occupation for men; for women it is a waste of time. And how could I tell them of the delight I felt when the sun shone on the snow or the delight of hoar-frost days. It is entirely my doing that we are down here, I proceeded, my husband only did it to please me.

"'Such a good little wife', said the potentate, 'really an excellent wife; but you must not let your husband have his own way so much, my dear, and take my advice and insist on his bringing you to town next winter.'

"I laughed on my way home and when we reached the garden and drove through the trees to the pretty old house; and when I went into the library and looked around at the familiary book shelves and could hear no sound but sounds of peace and knew that here I might dream or idle as I chose, with never a creature to disturb me, how grateful I felt to the kindly fate that has brought me here and given me a heart to understand my blessedness, and rescued me from a life like that I had just seen—a life spent with the odor of other people's dinners in one's nostrils, and the noises of wrangling servants in one's ears and parties and tattle for all amusement."

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Advice to Young Mothers.

Don't get stoop-shouldered. This serious deformity comes on in a very insidious way; it may even commence before the baby is born if the stomach is faint and nauseated and a careless habit of standing or sitting is indulged in. Sometimes it begins at the nursing of the baby, if it is a breast-fed infant; the shoulders are thrown forward in leaning over the small armful, and before full convalescence has taken place the habit is formed and grows daily in brooding over and dressing and tending the baby. For some weeks, or perhaps months, lack of strength and weariness prevent the mother's assuming the correct poise that is essential to general good health and a graceful carriage. If one is strong enough it is a good plan to set the baby's bath on the table; it will be found very convenient in all ways. Have a folded blanket or some suitable pad to place the baby on, and dress it there instead of sitting over it upon your lap. When baby can stand up to be dressed, place it either upon a chair or table and thus avoid all stooping.

If the habit is apparently fastened upon you, do not despair; if you try faithfully you can become straight again, unless you are constantly overtaxed and consequently lack ambition, until you can, if needful, sleep with your head high, lower it by degrees until you can, if needful, sleep without any pillow. Breathe deeply and hold your chin and abdomen in and your chest out a la militaire, and in time, by determined effort and persistent thought of symmetry in your mind, you will find your figure improving. Learn to carry a book on your head, fold your arms behind you when you have a moment to straighten up. Eternal vigilance will reward you. But much less effort than this will prevent your ever becoming stoop-shouldered, and this is the correct line to work on.

Twice-a-Week Statesman $1 a year.

CHEE WO
Great
Chinese Doctor

Has removed his office to 162½ Third St., Portland, Or.

Now is your chance to be cured at small cost. This great doctor makes special prices for 30 days and GUARANTEES to cure the following diseases:

Catarrh, Asthma and Lung Troubles	$10 to $ [illegible]
All Nervous Diseases	5 to 50
Neuralgia and Rheumatism	3 to 35
All Stomach and Liver diseases	5 to 30
Kidney and Bladder Troubles	5 to 40
All Men Troubles	2 to 30
All Female Troubles	2 to 45
Piles and Skin Diseases	5 to 40
Blood Poison	5 to 35
All other diseases not mentioned	1 up

Call and see him. Consultation free. Patients out of the city write for blank and circular. Enclose stamp. Address The Gee Wo Chinese Medicine Co., Portland, Oregon.

CITATION.

Be it remembered that at a regular term of the county court of the State of Oregon for Marion county, sitting in probate, held at the county court house in the city of Salem, Oregon, on the 28th day of November, 1900, there being present: Hon. John H. Scott, Judge; W. W. Hall, Clerk; F. W. Durbin, Sheriff.

The following proceedings were had, to-wit:

In the matter of the estate of E. M. Waite, deceased:

It appearing to the court that the allegations set forth in the within petition are true:

Wherefore it is ordered, adjudged and decreed that citation issue to the next of kin and to all persons interested in said estate to appear in this court on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1900 showing cause if any there be why a license should not be granted empowering said guardian to sell said real premises to-wit:

Lots 54 and 55 in Hampton Park in Marion county, Oregon.

Such citation shall be served by publishing the same for thre successive weeks in the weekly Oregon Statesman, a newspaper of general circulation published in Marion county, Oregon.

Done this 28th day of November, 1900.

JOHN H. SCOTT,
County Judge.

State of Oregon, County of Marion —ss.

I, W. W. Hall, county clerk for Marion county, Oregon, and ex officio clerk of the county court for said county and state do hereby certify that the foregoing transcript of order has been by me compared with the original thereof and that it is a true and correct copy of said original order and of the whole thereof as the same appears of record in my office and custody.

Witness my hand and seal of said court, this 30th day of November, 1900.

W. W. HALL,
Clerk.

12:4-4tw.

Binger showed poor business in deciding against the "working people" of Warner Valley. Is this the way to get the Senatorship, to throw down the only alleged friend one has, the "working people"? He may be a better politician after he shall have resurveyed his decision.—Oregonian.

It is Binger's business to work the working people. He has heretofore done it by his famous double-handshake and his voluminous letter writing. When it comes to anything more substantial, why this is out of his line.

"The most progressive Oregon cities are outside the corporate limits," says the Oregonian. This is quite complimentary to the people of North and South Salem, and East and West Salem, and Highland addition, to say nothing of Capital Park, Sunnyside and Simpson's addition, including also Depot addition, Myers' addition, Nob Hill, Asylum Avenue, and several other suburban localities.

IMPROVING OPPORTUNITY.

My small nephew was ready to start on a long promised week's visit to his grandfather in the country. There was an exasperating delay in then appearance of the carriage to take us to the station. The young man worked off his impatience in various annoying ways for half an hour, then suddenly he was seen to kneel beside a chair in the corner and bury his face in his hands. After a few minutes his mother said:

"Well, Kenneth, what are you doing?"

"Just getting my prayers said up for while I'm going to be out at grandpa's. There's nothing to do here, and I spect to be pretty busy while I'm there."—Harper's Magazine.

THE BEST PRESCRIPTION FOR MALARIA.

Chills and Biliousness is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price 50 cents.

Botany Teacher—What is the stigma? Keturah, you may answer.

Frightened Little Girl—The stigma is the name of the college society my brother belongs to.—Chicago Tribune.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by all druggists.

VISIT DR. JORDAN'S GREAT
MUSEUM OF ANATOMY
1051 MARKET ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

The Largest Anatomical Museum in the World. Weakness or any contracted disease positively cured by the oldest Specialist on the Coast. Est. 30 years.

DR. JORDAN—DISEASES OF MEN

SYPHILIS thoroughly eradicated from system without the use of Mercury.

Trusses fitted by an Expert. Shoes and cures for Deformes. A quick and radical cure for Piles, Fistula and Fissures, by Dr. Jordan's special painless methods.

Consultation free and strictly private. Treatment personally or by letter. A Positive Cure in every case undertaken. Write for Book, PHILOSOPHY of MARRIAGE, MAILED FREE. (A valuable book for men.) Call or write

DR. JORDAN & CO., 1051 Market St., S. F.