

HAY-PAUNCEFOTE TREATY

Considered by the Senate While in Executive Session Yesterday.

An Amendment Providing for Policing the Canal to Be Voted On—House Passes the Oleomargarine Bill—Tax on Imitation Butter Is Greatly Increased.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The developments in the Senate, in executive session today, in connection with the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, were: An agreement on the part of the Senate to vote on the amendment, offered by the committee on foreign relations, providing for the policing of the canal, on next Thursday at 3 o'clock. An amendment was offered by Senator Teller, striking out the treaty prohibition against the fortification of the Nicaragua Canal, when constructed.

Senator Lodge did not ask to have a date fixed for a vote on the treaty itself, believing that the fate of the measure will be determined by the result of the vote on the amendment.

THE OLEO BILL.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The House today passed the Great oleomargarine bill by a vote of 196 to 92. The substitute offered by the minority of the Committee on Agriculture, which imposed additional restrictions on the sale of oleomargarine to prevent its fraudulent sale as butter and increased penalties for violations, was defeated by a vote of 113 to 178.

The bill, as passed, makes the articles known as oleomargarine, butterine, imitation butter or imitation cheese, transported into any state or

territory for consumption or sale, subject to the police power of such state or territory, but prevents any state or territory from forbidding the transportation or sale of such product when produced or sold free from coloration in imitation of butter. The bill increases the tax on oleomargarine, colored in imitation of butter, from 2 to 10 cents per pound, and decreases the tax on oleomargarine, uncolored, from 2 cents to a quarter of a cent per pound.

OPENING BIDS.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Never since the birth of the new navy has there been such a gathering of shipbuilders and metal kings, as were assembled in the office of the Secretary of the Navy today, to witness the opening of bids for the amount of naval construction, which Secretary Long denominated as the greatest industrial event this or any other country had ever seen. Involving the placing of contracts for about \$50,000,000. The bidders from the Pacific coast were the Union Iron Works and the Hudson Iron Works, of San Francisco, and Moran Brothers, Seattle, Wash. Their bids were somewhat higher than the Eastern firms, but the differential allowed to the Pacific coast firms on account of freight charges may enable them to secure one or more contracts for battleships or cruisers.

The acts of Congress limit the cost of cruisers to \$3,000,000 each, and battleships to \$4,250,000 for sheathed, and \$4,000,000 for unsheathed.

week, but inquiry revealed the fact that she is not expected to go until Sunday. Lieutenant-Commander F. H. Sherman is nominally in charge, but when the tug sails she will also have on board Lieutenant F. R. Brainard.

The Wompatuck will go first to Norfolk, then to Bermuda. She will then follow on an itinerary which will take her to Madeira, thence to Gibraltar and other Mediterranean ports, to the Suez Canal and Dead Sea across the Indian Ocean, touching at Bombay, Calcutta and Sematra.

NO BULL FIGHT.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Dec. 7.—Acting Governor Akers this evening issued an order, prohibiting the Spanish bull fight scheduled to occur next Monday, the opening day of Phoenix Cowboy and Indian carnival.

NEW GENERAL AGENT.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Dec. 7.—W. E. Conan, general agent of the Oregon Short Line at Portland, Or., was today appointed general agent of the company at Salt Lake City.

AN ENORMOUS INCREASE.

Thousands of Eastern People Go to California Winter Resorts.

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—According to Western railway officials, the flow of travel from Chicago and the East toward the California winter resorts is now breaking all records. So heavy has the traffic become that nearly all the roads have been compelled not only to put on extra coaches to the regular west-bound trains, but in instances to run additional trains to accommodate the heavy traffic. Birth accommodations for California points have been engaged as far ahead as February.

TERRITORY FOR THE CANAL.

Nicaragua and Costa Rica Willing to Lease It to the United States.

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—A special to the Record from Washington says: Nicaragua and Costa Rica have announced their willingness to grant a lease to the United States for a period of 200 years of the territory necessary for the construction of the projected Nicaragua Canal. The terms are regarded as moderate. It is understood that Nicaragua and Costa Rica will accept bonds, the value of those to be accepted by the former government to be no less than \$6,000,000 and by the latter to be no less than \$1,500,000.

IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Americans Pressing the War Against the Insurgent Forces.

MANILA, Dec. 7.—More activity is shown in the operations in Northern and Southern Luzon. The reports from the former district come in more quickly, and telegraphic interruptions are fewer.

General Funston, with Troop A of the Fourth Cavalry and a score of scouts last Thursday encountered a hundred insurgents posted on the opposite bank of the Neheko River. The Americans charged across the stream, and the enemy retreated, firing from cover. They left four dead on the field. A native who was captured reported that Fagina, deserter from the Twenty-fourth Infantry, who has been active with the Filipinos, was with a party of two cavalymen, has been wounded.

Lieutenant Morrow with fifty men from the Forty-seventh Regiment, attacked and occupied Bulacan. While returning these troops encountered Colonel Victorio, occupying an entrenched position with thirty rifles and 300 bolomen. Lieutenant Morrow's force charged and drove the enemy from their position. It is believed, with heavy loss. Preceding the fight the expedition had captured Major Flores and several of his followers.

An engagement is reported to have occurred near San Roque, in which, according to natives, fifty rebels were killed.

Several minor encounters and cap-

tures are also reported. The American casualties have been very slight.

The Island of Bohol has recently been the scene of more activity on the part of insurgents than formerly, and a company has been sent to reinforce the battalion stationed there.

FAME'S PATHWAY.

Lord Curzon, the viceroy of India, has abandoned his contemplated hunt of the five or six lions now left in the Gir forest. "There are few instances of extinction," says the Saturday Review, "more remarkable than the rapid and complete disappearance of the lion, which not long ago roamed most of India. There are probably men alive still who have seen or slain scores of them. It is not 40 years since the last lion was killed in Upper India. The arid deserts of Kathiawar were probably at all times their chief stronghold, and in those parts a doomed remnant still lingers by virtue of careful preservation. The viceroy has gracefully decided to leave them undisturbed, and thus set an example which will add years to the existence of the race."

DON'T FORGET.—Articles of practical value when you're looking for presents. Doesn't your friend need a new suit or overcoat, or a good pair of shoes? You'll make him happy if you give him something he needs for a Christmas present. The New York Racket is the place to get them cheap. d3tw2t.

PORTUGAL AND HOLLAND.

HAVE SEVERED THEIR DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS.

Ministers of the Respective Countries Have Left Their Posts and Have Started Home.

LISBON, Dec. 7.—The Minister of the Netherlands to Portugal and the Portuguese Minister at The Hague have left their respective posts. It is believed that a difference has arisen on the subject of the exequatur to the Dutch Consul at Loureco Marques, which the Portuguese Government has withdrawn.

The tension between Portugal and Holland appears to have been emphasized, perhaps not altogether intentionally, by the peculiar warmth of King Charles' toast to Queen Victoria at the banquet given yesterday evening at the Royal Palace to Vice-Admiral Sir Harry Boldsworth Rawson, and the officers of the British fleet, now in the River Tagus, and by the telegram by which the King afterwards dispatched to Victoria, thanking Her Majesty for sending the fleet, and for the friendship thus demonstrated.

"I beg to record," telegraphed the King, "my great satisfaction at the frank and loyal alliance uniting England and Portugal."

In the course of his speech when he toasted Queen Victoria, the King said among other things:

"England has often shared the efforts and glories of Portugal. Our mutual friendship and close alliance are strengthened by history and the blood shed together in causes which have always been just."

Admiral Rawson replied that the words of the King harmonized with the thoughts of the government and people of Great Britain.

HURRY ORDERS.

The Iowa and Philadelphia Will Hasten to South America.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Dec. 7.—Admiral Kautz received orders this afternoon to sail without delay to South America, and in accordance with these instructions preparations are now being hurriedly made for the Iowa and Philadelphia to leave this port tomorrow. The cause for this hurry order is not made public.

CHINESE ARE PLEASED.

With the Bearing and Action of General Chaffee's Troops.

PEKIN, Dec. 7.—Li Hung Chang has informed General Chaffee that he, and all the people of the province of Chi Li, are extremely pleased and gratified at the behavior of the American troops toward the Chinese. This is considered no light matter.

DO YOU KNOW?—That the New York Racket is Salem's cheapest one-price cash store? d3tw2t.

WILL REPORT VERBALLY.

THE HAGUE, Dec. 7.—While it is not denied that the Minister of the Netherlands at Lisbon, and the Minister of Portugal here, are temporarily leaving their posts, it is semi-officially declared that there is no question of the Ministers being recalled. It is explained that Count De Selir, the Portuguese Minister, is proceeding to Lisbon on a few days' visit to verbally explain the difficulties which have arisen in connection with the Netherlands Consul, Herr Pott, at Loureco Marques.

THE REPORT DENIED.

London, Dec. 7.—There has been no diplomatic rupture between Holland and Portugal, says the correspondent of the Standard at The Hague, and the Ministers will return to the respective courts, to which they are assigned, in a few days.

A WEEK'S FAILURES.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Dun's Weekly Review of Trade will say tomorrow: The failures for the week were 287 in the United States against 221 last year, and twenty-five in Canada against thirty-five last year.

RELEASE DEMANDED.

American Minister Acts Promptly to Free an Imprisoned Engineer.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—State Department has instructed Minister Hunter at Guatemala City to demand the release of May, the American engineer, who was arrested while about to leave Guatemala.

DENNY WINS.

PORTLAND, Or., Dec. 7.—Martin Denny was given a decision tonight, in the 20-round fight with Jimmy Riley, at the Exposition building.

LINN COUNTY VALUES.

SUMMARY OF ASSESSMENT ROLL SHOWS A DECREASE.

Property Has Shrunk Since the Assessment Roll for 1899 Was Completed.

(From Daily Statesman, Dec. 8.)

County Clerk W. F. Hammer, of Linn county, yesterday filed the summary of the assessment roll of that county in the Department of State, at the Capitol. The summary shows a reduction in the total taxable property of \$42,050, as compared with that for the year 1899. Following is the summary:

191,635 acres tillable land.....	\$2,110,420
566,841 acres non-tillable.....	1,429,230
Imp. on deeded lands.....	496,915
Town lots.....	434,350
Imp. on town lots.....	507,310
Imp. on undeeded lands.....	16,005
127 miles R. R. bed.....	338,500
172 miles telegraph and telephone.....	9,455
1.5 miles Street Railway.....	18,100
Rolling stock.....	38,440
Steamboats, engines etc.....	52,880
Merchandise.....	205,400
Farm implements.....	145,880
Money.....	138,840
Notes and accounts.....	474,770
859 shares of stock.....	39,500
Household furniture etc.....	182,510
6,711 horses and mules.....	176,340
15,729 cattle.....	192,200
28,232 sheep.....	42,705
4,040 goats.....	6,115
4,550 swine.....	10,340
Gross value.....	\$7,247,375
Exemptions.....	563,325
Total taxable property.....	\$6,684,050

The summary of the roll for the year 1899 was filed in the State Department on October 27, 1899, and it is here reproduced for purposes of comparison with this year's statement: 205,645 acres tillable land, \$2,205,985 513,549 acres non-tillable, 1,365,065 Improvements, 458,865 Town lots, 448,580 Imp. on town lots, 587,750 Imp. on deeded land, 13,070 125 Railroad bed, 339,550 Railroad rolling stock, 38,515 170 miles telegraph and telephone, 9,450 Merchandise, 214,750 Farm implements etc., 146,040 Engines etc., 67,095 Money, 125,610 Notes and accounts, 541,880 703 shares of stock, 28,270 Household goods etc., 163,370 7,717 horses and mules, 173,840 15,870 cattle, 178,575 29,252 sheep, 43,895 5,190 swine, 11,435 Water ditch and street R. R., 25,805

Gross value, \$7,308,930 Exemptions, 582,830 Total taxable property, \$6,726,100

Twice a Week Statesman \$1 a year.

A RARE COLLECTION.—Miss Lila Olinger has a rare collection of over one hundred varieties of sea mosses, which she gathered while at Newport last summer. The mosses have been carefully dried and pressed and are now being mounted on cards. This will probably be the largest collection of natural sea mosses in Oregon and it is worthy of considerable trouble and expense to see it, and should not be missed. She expects to have the entire collection photographed when all are mounted.

A MARRIAGE LICENSE.—County Clerk W. W. Hall yesterday issued a marriage license to Myrtle Sturgis and John T. Beyerle, both of Marion county.

ATTENDS TO BUSINESS.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—Emperor Nicholas, according to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times, is again attending to state business.

The Latest Yarn.

A Pittsburg drummer tells this new yarn: I always carry a bottle of Kemp's Balsam in my grip. I take cold easily and a few doses of the Balsam always makes me a well man. Everywhere I go I speak a good word for Kemp. I take hold of my customers—I take old men and young men and tell them confidently what I do when I take cold. At druggists, 25c and 50c.

JESSIE MORRISON'S TRIAL.

THE DEFENDANT TELLS HER STORY ON THE STAND.

She Proves an Exceptionally Strong Witness and Asserts She Acted in Self-Defense.

ELDORADO, Kans., Dec. 7.—Jessie Morrison today took the stand in her own defense, and in a quiet, determined manner, told minutely of her relations with Olin Castle before his marriage. She proved an unexpectedly strong witness.

She related her story without hesitation. She denied most of the damaging testimony adduced by the prosecution. She fairly denied many of

THE PRESS COMPLAINS.

Explanation of Germany's Refusal to Receive Kruger.

BERLIN, Dec. 7.—The Berlin press continues to disapprove strongly of Emperor William's refusal to receive Mr. Kruger. Even the Berliner Tageblatt regards the loss to Germany's prestige and calls the Kaiser's refusal a "grave political mistake." The Deutsche Zeitung says: "There is no other explanation for Germany doing England this favor than political prepayments made by England."

There have been pro-Boer demonstrations in Berlin since Monday, especially at several variety theaters. At the Apollo theatre, when an actor representing Mr. Kruger appeared, the entire audience arose and shouted: "Hoch, brave Boers" and "Down with the English." There was a similar demonstration at Reichshallen.

Count von Bulow, it is said in authoritative quarters, will soon tell the Reichstag why Mr. Kruger has not been received.

CONSERVATIVES ARE WEAK.

MONTREAL, Dec. 7.—The provincial elections took place today, and as a result the Conservatives will have just seven members in the house, of the seventy-four, as they were successful in but seven of the thirty-nine counties where there were contests.

The power transmission line between Snoqualmie Falls and Seattle, Wash., has been looped to make a circuit more than 150 miles long, and power has been successfully transmitted over this great distance with the commercial apparatus at hand. While this experiment may have no immediate result in practice, it is of deep interest as showing the possibilities of electrical power transmission with modern apparatus and under present-day conditions. Every such demonstration on a practical scale is another step toward the general distribution of the power of waterfalls and other natural sources of electric energy within a considerable radius. It has often been asked if it is, today, practicable to transmit Niagara Falls power to New York city. The proposition to do so would involve no great difficulties not already conquered by electrical engineers, but such a transmission would have to compete with the already established transmission of power in the form of coal hauled from the fields of Pennsylvania and West Virginia. In the present state of the art and of the coal market it would not be expedient to attempt to furnish electrical power in New York from Niagara, but, should the ability to transmit large powers to great distances economically come with greater advance of electrical engineering, then the question may receive another answer.

SUEZ PRINCIPLES.

MUST APPLY TO THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

American Government Accused of Selfish Motives in Its Preparations for the Waterway.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The fate of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty is awaited here with more interest than anxiety. Its rejection or even an amendment in the spirit hostile to the Suez regulations will be regarded as a sign that the American Senate is bent upon ending rather than commending the Clayton-Bulwer convention and upon doing this, moreover, in an offensive way.

The British Government did not take the initiative in opening negotiations for a revision of the convention of 1850. It merely responded in a most friendly spirit to a suggestion from the State Department that the attempt be made for adapting an antiquated treaty to altered conditions in a spirit of mutual accommodation and good will. It conceded everything that was asked and merely stipulated that the Suez principles should be applied to any canal under American control. The rejection of the convention will be considered as an indication that the American Government does not know its own mind and that it does not value the concessions made in response to its own solicitations. The adoption of a fortifications amendment will be the signal for a strong agitation here against a departure from Suez practice, and the Foreign Office will have the public support if it declines to accept the treaty in a new form. It is understood in diplomatic circles here that Lord Salisbury at the outset of the negotiations expressed a willingness to settle the canal question if he could receive an assurance that the treaty would have the support of the Senate and that the various Senators of the foreign relations committee were consulted in advance whether they had committed themselves or not to the treaty.

It is considered singular by diplomats here that the question of fortifying the ends of the canal should be raised. No European power which is without coaling stations and a naval base close at hand can ever menace American control of the canal, and England is the only one which is adequately supplied in the West Indies with these indispensable accessories for naval warfare. If Americans insist upon fortifying the canal it must be because they have their eyes on Port Royal and Santa Lucia and dread British interference with the waterway. Although Lord Salisbury has renounced in the new treaty the principle of dual agreement, England, having agreed in good faith, would prefer

the statements made on the stand by Olin Castle, and declared that he had tried to make Mrs. Castle jealous, and that Mrs. Castle had haunted her husband's acts in her face. On the day of the tragedy, she declared, Mrs. Castle had called her into the house as she was passing, had accused Miss Morrison of trying to separate her (Mrs. Castle) and Castle, and when Miss Morrison denied it, called her a liar. Mrs. Castle had, the witness declared emphatically, begun the fight, slashing her with a razor again and again, and compelling defendant to attack her antagonist in self-defense. In all her testimony, Mrs. Morrison was direct and positive; not once did she flinch, and only once during the cross-examination did she shed tears. The state did not succeed in making her contradict any of the telling points in her testimony.

CHINESE COMMERCE.

A Former Official of That Country Discusses the Resources.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 7.—Robert C. Hoover, chief engineer of the Department of Mines of the Chinese Government for the two years preceding the Boxer outbreak is in this city. Speaking of the commercial importance of China, he said:

"In the near future the chief factor in the Chinese trade of the Pacific coast will be coal. There is more coal in the three northern provinces of Chihli, Shan Tung and Shen King than in any other region in the world. This coal is anthracite of excellent quality, and when fairly good railway communications are established it can be sold in San Francisco at \$7 a ton."

TO HIS DEATH.

A Railroad Magnate Hurlled from a Fourth Story Window.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Henry J. Hayden, vice-president of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, jumped out of the fourth story window of his residence, tonight, and was killed. Deceased was a sufferer from nervousness and heart trouble.

Hayden was a director in many railroad companies. He was subject to attacks of shortness of breath, and it is supposed that he had been seized with one of these attacks, and had opened a window to get fresh air.

KRUGER IS WAITING.

For News from South Africa—Will Cancel His Visits.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—Kruger has abandoned all the proposed journeys to other capitals, say the Brussels correspondents of the Standard, and all further diplomatic efforts to secure arbitration. He will await at The Hague the development of events at the seat of war.

WILL TREAT PRECIOUS ORES.

A Sampling Works Established at Baker City—Strong Company Back of the Enterprise.

(From Daily Statesman, Dec. 8.)

The development of Oregon's resources continues uninterrupted, as shown by the corporations organizing in the state from day to day. Two such companies filed articles in the State Department yesterday. They are:

The Baker City Sampling Works will treat, buy and sell any and all kinds of ores or metals and will reduce and ship them; deal in real estate, and do a general development business. The company has a capital stock of \$25,000 divided into shares valued at \$100 each. Bela Kadish, J. T. Donnelly and C. A. Johns are the incorporators, and Baker City is the headquarters of the new corporation.

The Ewing Irrigation and Water Company will engage in operating water ditches, canals, flumes, etc., and distribute water for domestic and agricultural uses. The water will be taken from Willow creek, in Morrow county. The principal office will be located at the residence of W. B. Ewing on Willow creek. The company has a capital stock of \$1000, divided into shares valued at \$50 each. Wm. B. Ewing, Sarah Ewing and Coke Ewing are the incorporators of record.

We, Too.

We two make home of any place we go;

We two find joy in any kind of weather;

Or if the earth is clothed in bloom or snow,

If summer days invite, or bleak winds blow,

What matters it if we two are together?

We two, we two, we make our world, our weather.

We two make banquets of the plainest fare;

In every cup we find the thrill of pleasure;

We hide with wreaths the furrowed brow of care

And win to smiles the set lips of despair.

For our life always moves with lifting measure;

We two, we two, we make our joy, our pleasure.

We two find youth renewed with every dawn;

Each day holds something of an unknown glory.

We waste no thought on grief or pleasure gone;

Tricked out like hope, Time leads us on and on,

And thrums upon his harp new song or story.

We two, we two, we find the paths of glory.

We two make heaven here on this little earth;

We do not need to wait for realms eternal.

We know the worth of tears, know sorrow's worth,

And pain for us is always love's rebirth.

Our paths lead closely by the paths of supernals;

We two, we two, we live in love eternal.

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

"Fate has drawn us together," he cried passionately.

"Then it is not so bad," she said with a sigh of relief. "I thought you were going to say some amateur cry on artist had drawn us together."

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH

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