

SENATOR DAVIS IS DEAD

Minnesota's Great Statesman Succumbs After a Long Struggle.

His Demise the Result of Blood-Poisoning and a Complication of Diseases—An Active and Honorable Career Closed.

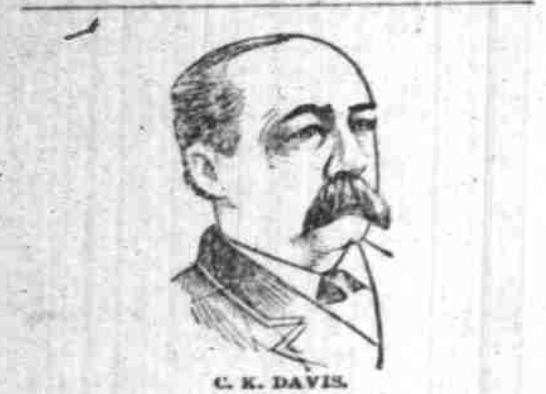
ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 27.—Senator Cushman Kellogg Davis, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, died at his home in this city tonight, at 8:10 o'clock. He had suffered greatly during the two months of his sickness, and gradually sank away, being unconscious for several hours before death, and so far as could be known, suffered no pain.

Yesterday, appreciating the approach of the end, Mrs. Davis sent for the venerable T. H. M. Villers Appleby, archdeacon of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Minnesota, and Rev. Theodore Sedgwick, rector of the Church of St. John the Evangelist. Senator Davis was for the time suf-

iciently rational to express his grateful appreciation of the clergymen's ministrations.

For more than a week it has been known that the death of Senator Davis was certain to occur within a short time. In his moments of lucidity he expressed a strong determination to recover, and within a week told a friend he was positive he would be well. Indeed, it is the general belief that the Senator's iron will is all that has kept him alive for the past week. The kidney affection, which developed during his early illness, refused to yield to treatment and resulted in his death. It was Sunday, November 4th, when the first note of alarm was sounded, and since that time his varied intervals have become less and less frequent, until the Senator was almost constantly out of his mind. He raved of his work. He would declaim in praise of the Nation's foreign policy. A sentence about the Philippines would be followed by comment upon the Monroe doctrine, or a suggestion of the impending war with Spain. But always in his diseased mind his patriotic and official duties were with him. By the Senator sat his wife who, despite the doctor's orders that she go to rest, refused to leave the bedside. Her vigil has been a long and trying one.

He began the active campaign in



C. K. DAVIS.

1831, September 25th. During a speech he suffered so greatly with his foot that he could not wear his shoe. He returned home at once, and was ordered to bed by his physician. A few days later an operation was performed, but he failed to improve, and a consultation of physicians was called. The operation on October 15th was beneficial and another on October 22d. The cause was one of blood poisoning, caused by infection, through a slight abrasion of his foot, from the dye of the black silk stocking, and the openings drew off an accumulation of pus. His condition improved steadily until November 4th, when he grew worse. On November 12th nephritis and diabetes took form. A consultation of physicians was held November 13th, confirming their previous opinion and settling the presence of kidney trouble.

Cushman Kellogg Davis was born in Henderson, Jefferson county, New York, June 16, 1838. In that year his parents moved to Waukesha, Wis., where his father farmed until 1850. After attending the common schools, young Davis spent three years in Carroll College at Waukesha, preparing himself for the University of Michigan, from which he graduated in 1857. During his boyhood he held a position as telegraph operator. After his graduation he entered the law office of Alex. W. Randall, afterwards War Governor of Wisconsin. He served for two years in the army of the Tennessee in Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas and Mississippi. When, in 1864, his broken health compelled his retirement, he was first lieutenant of Company B, Twenty-eighth Wisconsin volunteer infantry. He then resumed the practice of law, was elected to the Legislature, was United States District Attorney, Governor of Minnesota, and United States Senator from that state since 1887.

He was a member of the commission which met at Paris, September, 1898, to arrange terms of peace between the United States and Spain. His term of service in the United States would have expired March 3, 1905.

NAMING A SUCCESSOR.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 27.—Governor Lind, who is a Democrat, will have the naming of a Senator to fill the vacancy caused by Senator Davis' death, in the interval between now and the time the Legislature meets. It is understood the Governor will not name a Senator of his own political faith. The time of service would be so short that it is believed there would be practically nothing gained by the move. It is stated that Governor Lind will name former Senator W. D. Washburn to fill the vacancy. The Legislature will elect two Senators when it meets in January.

SENATOR MORGAN CHOSEN.

RECEIVES EVERY VOTE IN THE ALABAMA LEGISLATURE.

Cast for the Venerable Democratic Statesman Yesterday—Brief Sketch of His Life.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 27.—The Alabama Legislature today balloted in separate houses for United States Senator John T. Morgan received every vote cast. The result will be finally announced in the joint session tomorrow.

John T. Morgan, Democrat, of Selma, was born at Athens, Tenn., June 20, 1824; received an academic education, chiefly in Alabama, to which state he emigrated when 9 years old, and where he has since resided; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1845, and practiced until his election to the Senate; was a Presidential elector in 1850 for the state of Alabama, and voted for Breckinridge and Lane; was a delegate in 1861 from Dallas county to the state convention which passed the ordinance of secession; joined the Confederate army in May, 1861, as a private in Company I, Cahaba Rifles, and when that company was assigned to the Fifth Alabama Regiment, under Col. Robert E. Rhodes, he was elected major, and afterwards lieutenant-colonel of that regiment; was appointed brigadier-general in 1862 and assigned to a brigade in Virginia, but resigned to join his regiment, whose colonel had been killed in battle; later in 1863 he was again appointed brigadier-general and assigned to an Alabama brigade which included his regiment; after the war he resumed the practice of his profession at Selma; was chosen a Presidential elector for the state at large in 1876 and voted for Tilden and Hendricks; was elected to the United Senate, to succeed George Goldthwaite, Democrat; took his seat March 5, 1877; was re-elected in 1882, in 1888, and again in 1894; was a member of the commission appointed to prepare a system of laws for the Hawaiian Islands. His term of service will expire March 3, 1901. His wife was a sister of the late Col. Leo Willis, and an aunt of Captain Percy Willis, of this city, now serving as captain of Company K, Forty-fifth Infantry, in the Philippines.

MOONSHINERS IN COLORADO.

DENVER, Nov. 27.—Revenue officers are engaged in investigating reports that illicit distilling is being carried on in Colorado. It is said that Denver is headquarters for a gang engaged in this traffic, and it is understood that several arrests will be made in the near future.

A DESPERATE PLOT.

Efforts Made to Blow Up a Church in Johannesburg.

KRUGER'S PLAN.

The Exiled Boer Proposes to Make His Home in America.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Samuel Pearson, formerly commissary-general of the Transvaal army, who has just arrived in this country with a number of other Boer refugees, is responsible for the statement that President Kruger

the morning service held at 11 o'clock on November 18th.

FOR GOOD ROADS.

Committee Calls on President to Urge an Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The President today received a delegation from the Good Roads Congress, which recently held a session at Chicago. The delegation was headed by William H. Moore, who presented a memorial urging the President to recommend an appropriation of \$150,000 for the construction of sample roads and diffusing of information on the plan of road making. The President expressed his interest in the purpose of the congress and said he would be glad to further the means.

POPULATION OF OREGON.

CENSUS BUREAU GIVES OUT THE OFFICIAL FIGURES.

Increase of Nearly 100,000 People Since the Census of 1890—The Figures by Counties.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The population of Oregon as officially announced today is 413,536, as against 313,767 for 1890, an increase of 99,769, or 31.7 per cent.

Following is the population of the state by counties:

Baker	15,507
Beacon	8,705
Clatsop	19,658
Clatskanie	12,765
Columbia	6,237
Cook	10,324
Crook	3,986
Curry	1,868
Douglas	14,565
Gilliam	3,201
Grant	5,946
Harney	2,596
Jackson	13,628
Josephine	7,517
Klamath	3,970
Lake	2,847
Lane	19,604
Lincoln	3,715
Linn	18,843
Malheur	4,203
Marion	27,713
Morrow	4,151
Multnomah	103,167
Polk	9,923
Sherman	3,477
Tillamook	4,471
Umatilla	18,049
Union	16,070
Wallowa	5,528
Wasco	13,177
Washington	14,467
Wheeler	2,443
Yamhill	13,420
Total	413,536

DEATH OF GENERAL SMITH.

SAN JOSE, Cal., Nov. 27.—General G. S. Smith, who was surveyor-general of Nebraska under President Hayes, and later city attorney of Omaha, died here last night of heart trouble. He came to San Jose for his health about six months ago.

THE PRESIDENT IN DANGER.

Plot to Assassinate Him Discovered by the New York Police.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The police of Hoboken, N. J., have received a letter alleging the existence of a plot to assassinate President McKinley. The writer of the letter gave the name of the alleged chief conspirator, which the police refuse to make public at this time. The letter, which is illegible, is as follows:

"Sir—Having almost thoroughly assumed myself of an anarchist plot against his excellency, McKinley, I consider it my duty to advise you of the name of one who is more than suspected of being a leader, whose name is found in the enclosed slip. He is a fugitive from justice, and a dangerous man, having been convicted several times and on the last occasion being sentenced to five years' imprisonment for an anarchistic attempt.

"My statement can be verified by appealing to the prefect of police at Paris, France. In the course of the past year he has associated with a man named Francois, the author of an anarchist attempt at Scranton, where he mortally wounded an agent of the police."

The writer of the letter, the police say, has been located and his story will be investigated.

FOR THE SOLDIERS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Miss Helen Gould, accompanied by her maid, has purchased \$2000 worth of clothing and toilet articles, which she has ordered dispatched to the distributing officer of the United States army at Manila, Philippine Islands. The goods will be presented with Helen Gould's compliments, and Christmas greetings to the New Yorkers of the troops in the Philippines.

Miss Gould personally selected every article, and in each case bought the best quality obtainable. She carefully examined the clothing in order to see, she explained, that it was of suitable weight.

FOR A FORTUNE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Accompanied by her sister-in-law, Miss Esie Tyson of Humboldt county, Cal., and J. L. Wilson, a lawyer, Mrs. John T. Martin, of Morristown, N. J., has started for Scotland to claim a vast fortune left by James Tyson, the millionaire bushman of Australia. Another resident of Morristown who is a claimant is George Tyson, who conducts a book-stall shop in Ridge avenue. James Tyson, who recently died in Australia, left a fortune estimated at \$13,000,000. For more than thirty years he had no communication with his family.

THE CHINESE QUESTION.

A FORMER RESIDENT OF THAT COUNTRY TALKS.

He Considers It as Suicidal for the United States to Withdraw from the Continent.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Leigh Hunt, formerly of Seattle, Wash., who has recently been in Korea and China for several years, will sail for the Orient tomorrow for the capital of China. He thinks nothing is to be gained by withdrawing from the continent of the powers at Peking. He said:

"It would be suicide for us to attempt to negotiate with the Chinese, because they are incapable of making a contract except such as a concert of the powers shall dictate. We must not be deceived by any friendly utterances, as not only Li Hung Chang and those who are his co-official workers are not really friendly, but they are not in favor of restoring conditions, looking to a permanent peace, and supporting the civilized nations to that end."

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Twice-a-Week Statesman \$1 a year

TO INCREASE REGULAR ARMY

War Department Bill to Be Presented to Congress

PROVIDES FOR A GRADUAL GROWTH

Present Volunteer Officers to Be Given Places in the Two Lowest Official Grades.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The War Department bill for the reorganization of the army provides for a maximum of 96,000 men and a minimum of 58,000, with thirty regiments of infantry, fifteen regiments of cavalry, and a gradual increase of artillery until, at the end of five years, there will be 58,000 men. The artillery is not to be organized into regiments, but as batteries, and organizations of heavy field artillery.

With a maximum army there are to be 150 men to each infantry company, making 1800 men to the regiment. The maximum of the cavalry troops is to be 100 men. There is no provision for a lieutenant general in the War Department bill, but under the present law the senior major general commanding would have the rank of lieutenant general.

The War Department bill does not give the same increase of major generals and brigadier generals as the Hill bill. The detailed staff provisions are a feature of the measure. It provides that hereafter vacancies in the staff, excepting the medical corps, pay corps and engineers, shall be filled by details from the line, such detailed officers being subject to line duty at any time.

The War Department bill provides that promotions shall be made from the regular army according to the present rank, down to and including the rank of captains. Officers of the present volunteer army can become officers in the regular army, but in grades of first and second lieutenants only, the vacancies in the captain's rank being filled from first lieutenants of the present regular establishment.

RIVERS AND HARBORS.

Washington, Nov. 27.—The House Committee on Rivers and Harbors to-

sted by W. W. Hall as county clerk, to Geo. G. Bingham, as compensation for the services under said contract.

Circuit Judge R. P. Boise held in the court below that such a contract was unlawful, and sustained the injunction, from which decision the appeal was taken. Inasmuch, however, as a case almost identical with it had been decided by the Supreme Court within the past year, wherein the court held that the county court of Multnomah county had no right to enter into such a contract with one "Noble," the appellant seeks to have the case dismissed in the Supreme Court on the sole ground that the state of Oregon is not a proper party plaintiff, having no interest in the fund.

Respondent's counsel contended that the state of Oregon has an interest in seeing that county officers obey the laws passed for their government, and, furthermore, that the question as to the proper parties plaintiff is one to be raised by demurrer in the lower court and not having been so raised, a demurrer will not be granted. The bill which reads "If no objection be taken, either by demurrer or answer, the defendant shall be deemed to have waived the same, excepting only the objection to the jurisdiction of the court and the objection that the complaint does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action."

Section 67 of the Code also provides that the fact "that the plaintiff has not legal capacity to sue" is a ground of demurrer, and it seems that defendant and appellant did not so raise this question in the lower court.

Wm. M. Sauers, respondent, vs. G. W. Ingalls and J. Beechler, et al., appellants, an appeal from Multnomah county, was also argued by attorney for the appellant; respondent's attorney not appearing, on motion of appellant, he was allowed ten days to file a brief and appellant ten days to reply thereto. The case briefly stated, is about as follows:

The plaintiff, Sauers, is an attaching creditor of J. Beechler (his father-in-law) who owned a drug store and two lots in Sellwood, a suburb of Portland. On the twelfth day of July, 1894, Beechler and wife, executed to the defendant, Ingalls, a deed for all their real estate, consisting of said lots in Sellwood, and on the same day sold to said Ingalls their stock of drugs. This deed was filed and recorded July 12, 1894. On the same day Plaintiff Sauers began an action against Beechler to recover the amount of the debt due him, and attached the drug store and lots as the property of Beechler. Beechler contended in that action that Sauers was a partner in the drug store and not a creditor. Appellant Ingalls was a witness for Beechler, but the jury found against them and returned a verdict for Sauers for \$1075. Appellant Ingalls, prior to the alleged deal between them and Beechler, had been living in Arizona, and claimed to own a valuable farm near Phoenix

Places as if loth to disturb the shades and phantoms haunting the Land of Promise," writes Mrs. Lew Wallace of "Jerusalem as We See It Today," in the December Ladies' Home Journal. "Deep emotion possesses us. The Jaffa gate is the entrance from the west, a market where there is much traffic carried on in various languages, a busy scene in the remote past. We associate names that start far-reaching memories such as Alaboin, the beautiful, the beloved, wore men in soft raiment, flowing robes, baggars, lepers, Chief among the motley swarm is the unconquered Arab, stately as Saul, silent in his picturesque garments as though the sternness of the desert had passed into his soul, unmoved at sight of the foreign machine come to break his civilization. Job was such a one—Sheik of the desert, with lordly bearing as became the leader of horsemen with spears and the owner of camels, greatest of all the men of the East. Does this sound irrelevant? Wait, we are nearing the hill where David set his throne; the slow wheels turn lower, a shriek, a jerk—stop. The turbulent brabbanu calmly enters 'Mount Zion'—a rush of feeling, a thrill that can come but once, we lift our eyes to the city of our Lord, whether in the body or out of the body I cannot tell.

ACKER'S ENGLISH REMEDY will stop a cough at any time, and will cure the worst cold in twelve hours, or money refunded. 25 cents and 50 cents. Dr. Stone's Drug Stores.

WHAT WAS IT?

Good Lord—
But no.
He is not good.
For if He were, I would
Have scarcely got it in the neck
As I did get it.
Oh, my brethren, when
Will I get on my feet again?
When will the people heed
The doctrine of my creed,
And feel the need?
Of what so long I've urged them
To adopt,
And have the Nation's ruin
Stopped?
Oh, brethren, can you tell
What was it hit me?
For a little spell
Methought I saw beyond,
And then,
Oh, men
Of my belief,
I didn't know a thing.
It seemed to me
As if I'd gathered to my soul
A dull and sickening thud
And dropped with it, oh something
Lured,
And all the lights went out at once.
I am not yet myself,
But I can talk.
That faculty remains,
And let me say
The G. O. Peters swatted me
With Oriental cruelty.
They must
Have organized a trust
To bust
Me as they did
For surely no land ever slid
As did that under me
From lake to gulf, from sea to sea.
They must have sicked the Octopus
On us
To chase
Us out of our abiding place;
And let the Money Demon claw
Us raw.
In East and West, in North and
South,
Although my mouth
Had reached them all,
Did you not hear the fall
Of something? What
Was it? Me? Great Scott
I hardly thought
Such ruin could be wrought.
Where are the dreams I dreamed?
Is gold still gold?
Is sweet IG to
Gone glimmering?
Are soldiers yet in rank?
Is this Republic still?
The corporations' will?
Is this broad land
Yet to expand?
And does the flag
Still fly
On high?
Is W. J.
No more to have his say?
And must he bear
The Cross of Gold,
And must he wear
The Crown of Thorns?
Oh me, oh my,
That I should still be I,
And that
At last I've learned
Exactly where I'm at,
No more will I be known;
No more the tyrant's throne
Will have a smasher;
No more will Me
And Liberty
Stand
Hand in hand;
No more will I
The Matchless Leader be;
No more, no more;
Ring the bell softly,
—William J. Lanpton, in Inter-Ocean.

AN AWFUL DISASTER

Passenger Train in the Ohio River at Beaver, Pennsylvania---Many People Killed.

BEAVER, Pa., Nov. 27.—Late tonight the Cleveland & Pittsburg Flyer went into the Ohio river at this place. Three Cleveland men, Engineer Coucheour, Fireman Allen and Express Messenger Casey, were killed. Nineteen others are said to be in the river.

day continued work upon its bill, but did nothing save compare notes on its work, with a view, later, of formulating a bill which will be generally satisfactory. Printed estimates will be received tomorrow and the work of putting the committee's conclusions on paper will begin then.

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in that territory. This farm and an alleged irrigation right, seem to constitute the consideration for the transfer to them of the lots and drug store by Beechler.

Beechler, it seems, was a voluminous letter writer, and his frequent replies to Ingalls before the deal between them are full of information that Sauers is pressing for the payment of \$900, for which the jury afterwards gave him a verdict. He gave this as one of his principal reasons for selling. The Ingalls admit this direct knowledge of the indebtedness by Beechler to Sauers. The evidence shows the appellants to be traders of more than ordinary ability. "The farm" in Arizona, it appears, turned out to be a "squatters' right" to a piece of land in that country, for which they had not paid a dollar, had no title no contract, nothing except a "squatters' right." The irrigation right was encumbered \$300, which was afterwards paid by a mortgage made by the Ingalls on the Sellwood lots. This part of the consideration (the irrigation right) was not included in the deed to Beechler. There was no conveyance or transfer of it at all.

THE FOLLOWING MINOR ORDER WAS ENTERED OF RECORD:

J. F. Theo. B. Brentano, respondent, vs. C. F. Brentano, appellant; ordered upon stipulation that the time to serve and file respondent's brief be extended to December 25th.

MOKI TEA positively cures Sick Headache, indigestion and constipation. A delightful herb drink. Removes all eruptions of the skin, producing a perfect complexion, or money refunded. 25 cents and 50 cents. Dr. Stone's drug stores.

TO PRESENT HIS CLAIM.

Would-Be Senator Maginnis, of Montana, Goes to Washington.

HELENA, Nov. 27.—Major Martin Maginnis, who was appointed United States Senator last spring by Governor Smith to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of W. A. Clark, has gone to Washington to present his claim before the Senate.

BY RAIL THROUGH THE HOLY LAND.

There is no rush in the Orient; the train moves slowly through Holy

LOCAL and CLIMATIC

Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure

CATARRH

The specific is

Ely's Cream Balm

It is quickly absorbed, gives relief at once, opens a clear passage, cleanses the nasal passages.

Always inflammation. Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Injurious drug. Regular Size, 50 cents; Family size, \$1.00 at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 66 Warren Street, New York.

STRENGTH IN WOMAN IS ADMIRABLE BY STRONG MEN.

"Strength in woman is admired by a strong man always," writes Helen Watters in Moody in the December Ladies' Home Journal. "Of course, I mean by the phrases a 'strong man' a man who has some experience of life. It occasionally happens that a very young man of real strength of character falls the victim in early life to the fascinations of a clinging, sweet, inefficient creature, as David Copperfield did to his Dora. But the older and the stronger and the wiser a man is, the more he is sure to admire the deep strength of character in woman that springs from the large and easy ability to do things well."

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