

HANNA'S PARTING SHOTS

He Proposes to Repay Bryan for Ridicule and Abuse Received in the Past.

The Republican Chairman Makes a Severe Arraignment of the Democratic Leader—The Nebraskan in Ohio Yesterday.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 31.—Senator Hanna spoke to two large audiences here today. His arraignment of Bryan was severe, and followed his declaration that he had been the butt of Bryan's ridicule and sarcasm for years, and now, before Bryan's retirement to private life, he proposed to give him a few parting shots.

BRYAN IN OHIO.
Cincinnati, O., Oct. 31.—Wm. J. Bryan made the first speech that he has made in this city, during the present campaign, tonight. The day was spent entirely in this state, and the itinerary covered the country between this city and Toledo.

AN OFFICIAL OPINION

APPLICANTS AT COUNTY EXAMINATIONS FOR CERTIFICATES

Cannot Claim Credits for Previous Work Done Before the State Board of Examiners.

(From Daily Statesman, Nov. 1.)
Prof. J. H. Ackerman, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, recently asked Attorney-General D. R. N. Blackburn for an official opinion on the following question: "In case an applicant passes a satisfactory examination before the State Board of Education in one or more branches, may the county board of examiners accept such standing in lieu of the required examination before county board of examiners? In other words, may the county board of examiners give an applicant credit for standings received from the State Board of Examiners?"

On this the Attorney-General has rendered an opinion denying the right of County Board of Examiners to accept such standings and copies of the same were yesterday sent to the several county superintendents, by Superintendent Ackerman.

The Attorney-General in his opinion says: "I have been wholly unable to find any provision in the act of 1899 (Session Laws of 1899, page 290), which can be construed as directly or indirectly conferring upon a county school superintendent the right to accept either in whole or in part the result of any examination of an applicant for a state certificate or a state diploma, when such examination is conducted by the State Board of Examiners in lieu of the examination of applicants for county certificates provided for by section 19 of said act. (Pages 218 and 219 of said Session Laws.)"

"Subdivision 5 of said section 19 prescribes the branches in which each applicant for a county certificate must be examined; and subdivision 6 of section 8 of said act (Session Laws of 1899, page 212) provides that the examination for state certificates and state diplomas shall be upon the questions prepared by the State Board of Examiners; said questions shall be based on the text-books adopted by the state, and shall cover all the branches required for a first-grade county certificate, and in addition thereto certain other branches which are particularly set out. The examination of applicants for teachers' certificates by the State Board of Education, therefore, includes all of the branches in which the applicant for a first-grade county certificate must be examined by the County Board of Examiners; and the Legislature might have provided that the result of the examination in these branches before the state board should be certified by such board to and accepted by the county board, but it did not do so.

"The statute provides that the County Board of Examiners shall issue certificates of such general form as the State Board of Education may prescribe, to all such applicants who are found upon examination to possess a good moral character, requisite scholarship and ability to teach and govern successfully; (Subdivision 7 of Sec. 19, page 219.) and 'All examinations for certificates shall be kept on file in the county superintendent's office as a part of the records thereof, for one year from the date of such examination.' (Subdivision 8 of said section, p. 221.)

"A reasonable and probably the only reasonable construction of these two provisions is that the whole examination of applicants for county certificates must be conducted by the County Board of Examiners, and the result ascertained by said board from the examination papers prepared in their presence and afterwards filed in the office of the county superintendent. This conclusion is supported and strengthened by the fact that said act authorizes and empowers the county superintendent to submit the questions prepared by the State Board of Examiners to applicants for state papers, according to such rules and regulations and at such time as may be prescribed by the State Board of Education, and immediately at the close of the examination transmit all such examination papers, unmarked, to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, who shall submit them to the State Board of Examiners for grading; (Subdivision 10 of said section 19, p. 221.) while no power is conferred upon the State Board of Education

and as a rule the crowds were no large. Bryan received a very cordial reception in Cincinnati.

PROBABLY FALSE.
Napoleon, O., Oct. 31.—In his speech at Wauson, Bryan said: "I have received today two circulars one being sent out to the members of the A. P. A. society, asking them to vote the Republican ticket as a protest against Catholics, and other asking Catholics to vote the Republican ticket as a protest against the A. P. A. Here you find Republicans, having failed in their appeal to the people to support the Republican principles on any broad grounds, now sending out circulars appealing to religious prejudices. I thank God that the Democratic party is a party to which the people can belong, no matter of what church they are members, no matter what their occupation."

to examine applicants for county certificates and transmit the examination papers of the County Board of Examiners, or to certify to such county board the grading in the branches prescribed for applicants for such certificates of persons examined by the State Board of Education and State Board of Examiners. The boards are separate and distinct bodies and independent of each other in the discharge of their several duties; and each has only such power and authority as are conferred expressly by statute and such addition and implied power and authority as are necessary to enable them to effectuate the purpose for which they were created and perform the duties imposed upon them; and there is no necessity for the County Board of Examiners to accept and be controlled by the grading of the State Board of Education in cases where applicants for certificates have been examined and graded by the latter, in order that the said county board may be enabled to discharge the duties imposed upon it by the statute.

"It is my opinion that the County Board of Examiners can not, in the discharge of its duty in the examination of an applicant for a county certificate, give such applicant credit for standings received from the State Board of Examiners, must rely entirely upon the examination papers prepared by the applicants at the public county examinations, and which are by law required to be filed in the office of the county superintendent as a part of the records thereof, for one year from the date of such examination."

THE INDIAN'S CASE

UPON THE PETITION FOR HABEAS CORPUS ARGUED.

Hearing Will Be Concluded Today—One Divorce Case Granted by Judge Boise.

(From Daily Statesman, Nov. 1.)
Judge R. P. Boise yesterday afternoon heard the application of Samuel Jackson, the Chilkat Indian student of the Chemawa school, for his release from the county jail. Sheriff F. W. Durbin, upon the order of Judge Boise, produced his prisoner in court, and made his answer to the petition. Deputy District Attorney John H. McNary appearing for the Sheriff, while the prisoner was represented by H. A. Johnson Jr., and S. T. Richardson. The case was argued at some length, when a recess was taken to 2 p. m. today, at which hour the hearing will be continued. Judge Boise heard one divorce case and made the following minor orders, after which he adjourned court to 9 a. m. today.

W. J. Graham, plaintiff, vs. B. A. Worden et al, defendants; to quiet title; Mark Bradley appointed to take testimony at Santa Barbara, California; continued.

Flora L. Montgomery, plaintiff, vs. John S. Montgomery, defendant; divorce; default; divorce granted.

FINAL REPORT SET FOR HEARING.

In the Estate of William Gerntholz, Deceased.
Conrad Schafer, administrator of the estate of Wm. Gerntholz, deceased, yesterday filed his final account in the probate court. The property on hand is valued at \$1083.02. Judge Scott fixed the time for hearing the report for Saturday, December 1st, at 10 a. m.

In the matter of the estate of Jas. S. Martin, deceased, the claim of S. S. Martin for \$125 came up before County Judge John H. Scott yesterday, and upon a compromise the sum of \$50 was allowed by the court. This case was recently heard in the circuit court upon an appeal from the county court, and was reversed. The decision of Judge Scott was based upon a stipulation of the parties interested.

SOCIAL PHILOSOPHY.

As a rule, there is a good mine near every poor one, to encourage the

poor.

If a doctor, or a druggist, acts as a palmer at a funeral, people are sure to spring jokes.

This is the season when a worm in an apple goes to sleep, and wakes up to find itself either elder or jelly.

When the women can't say of an

other woman that she isn't had looking, they find a lot of other things to say.

What satisfaction does a boy find in being tough? Was there ever a boy who did not feel uncomfortable after seeing his mother crying?

Very young people and very old people listen very attentively to ghost stories. People in the prime of life have other matters to interest them. —Atchison Globe.

MUCH VENISON.—A party of young men residing in the vicinity of Clymer, in the Waldo hills, consisting of John Short, Will Short, Carl Griffith, John Jones, Frank Wheeler and Mage Fish, returned Tuesday evening from a hunting trip in the mountains above Cascadia. They report having had a splendid time and much sport hunting deer. They killed ten of these animals, and will live the rest of the winter on jerked venison. One of the deer killed is said to be the largest ever seen by the hunters.

A DEMOCRATIC THREAT.

IF COUNT DOES NOT SUIT THEM THEY WILL RIOT.

Croker Advises This to the Voters of His Party—Chairman Jones Also Approves It.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Richard Croker yesterday said: "My advice to Democratic voters the country over is to congregate about the polling places on the evening of election day, count noses and then if the election returns for Bryan don't tally with their count, to go into the polling places and throw the fellow in charge of the returns into the street."

THINKS IT RIGHT.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, speaking of Croker's suggestion that the Democratic voters congregate about the polling places the evening of Election Day, count noses and then, if the election returns for Bryan, don't tally with their count, go into the polling places and throw those fellows in charge into the street, said: "I don't see anything wrong with the suggestion."

"Senator Hill, I believe, suggested a banish but as being peculiarly appropriate to render justice to a corrupt election judge. In my opinion, the best way is for the Democrats to be at the polls when they are opened and to remain there in good strong relays until the count is completed. It should be the duty of these Democrats to watch the judges and the count, and to see to it that no fraud is committed, and if any fraud is attempted to stop it then and there."

"The Democratic party is opposed to violence, but at the same time I feel warranted in saying that the Democrats fully intend to reap the fruits of their victory."

"We have won the fight, and, by Heaven, we will not be defrauded out of our victory by the chicanery of election judges."

THE GUEST OF HONOR.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—Senator Hanna was the guest of honor last night of the first annual banquet of the British-American League, given at the Victoria Hotel. He received the plaudits of 150 Americans of British birth. When the toastmaster mentioned Senator Hanna's name the guests seated at the tables arose, on masses and sang, "He's a Jolly Good Fellow!" This was followed with three cheers and a tiger. Senator Hanna made a brief address, during which he said that he was confident that the work of the association would extend beyond the association.

GRAND TRUNK SOLD.

Port Huron, Mich., Oct. 31.—The Chicago & Grand Trunk Railroad was sold at noon today under first mortgage foreclosure proceedings, brought by the Mercantile Trust Company, of New York, in accordance with a decree of the United States District Court. General Manager Charles M. Hays and E. W. McLaughlin, of Detroit, representing the stockholders, were the only bidders, the road being sold to them for \$5,708,701. Of this amount \$5,437,000 represented the mortgages, and \$271,701 was interest.

TO PROTECT THE CUP.

New York, Oct. 31.—The syndicate which is to build the boat which will probably protect the America's cup against the Shamrock II, is composed of six representative yachtsmen, according to the Herald. They are Vice-Commodore August Belmont, of the New York Yacht Club; Cornelius Vanderbilt, Rear Commodore C. L. F. Robinson, Commodore Edward Brown, W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and Commodore Lewis C. Ledyard.

A FALSE ALARM.

Berlin, Oct. 31.—The Cologne Gazette, confirming the dispatch of the Associated Press of October 29th, authoritatively denies the stories of Gertruda's contemplated lease from Venezuela of a sailing station at the Island of Margarita, and says: "Germany does not covet any acquisition in the vicinity of the American Continent."

WILL HOLD INQUEST.

New York, Oct. 31.—Coroner Hart announced today that he will commence an inquest tomorrow into the circumstances surrounding the death of William M. Rice, the millionaire.

SAFE CRACKERS AGAIN.

Albany, Oct. 31.—An attempt was made Monday evening to blow open a safe belonging to the Southern Pacific Company at Brownsville. The outside cover of the door was blown off, but the inside remained, and the burglars were frightened away. Two strangers in town were suspected, but they were not to be found this morning. Nothing of value was stolen. Nitro-glycerine was poured into the door and a fuse was used.

STILL AT WAR.

Pretoria, Oct. 31.—The intelligence has reached here that Commandant General Botha is marching with a strong force to invade Cape Colony near Kenhardt, where it is said many irreconcilable Boers are ready to join him.

GEORGE GOULD IS APPOINTED

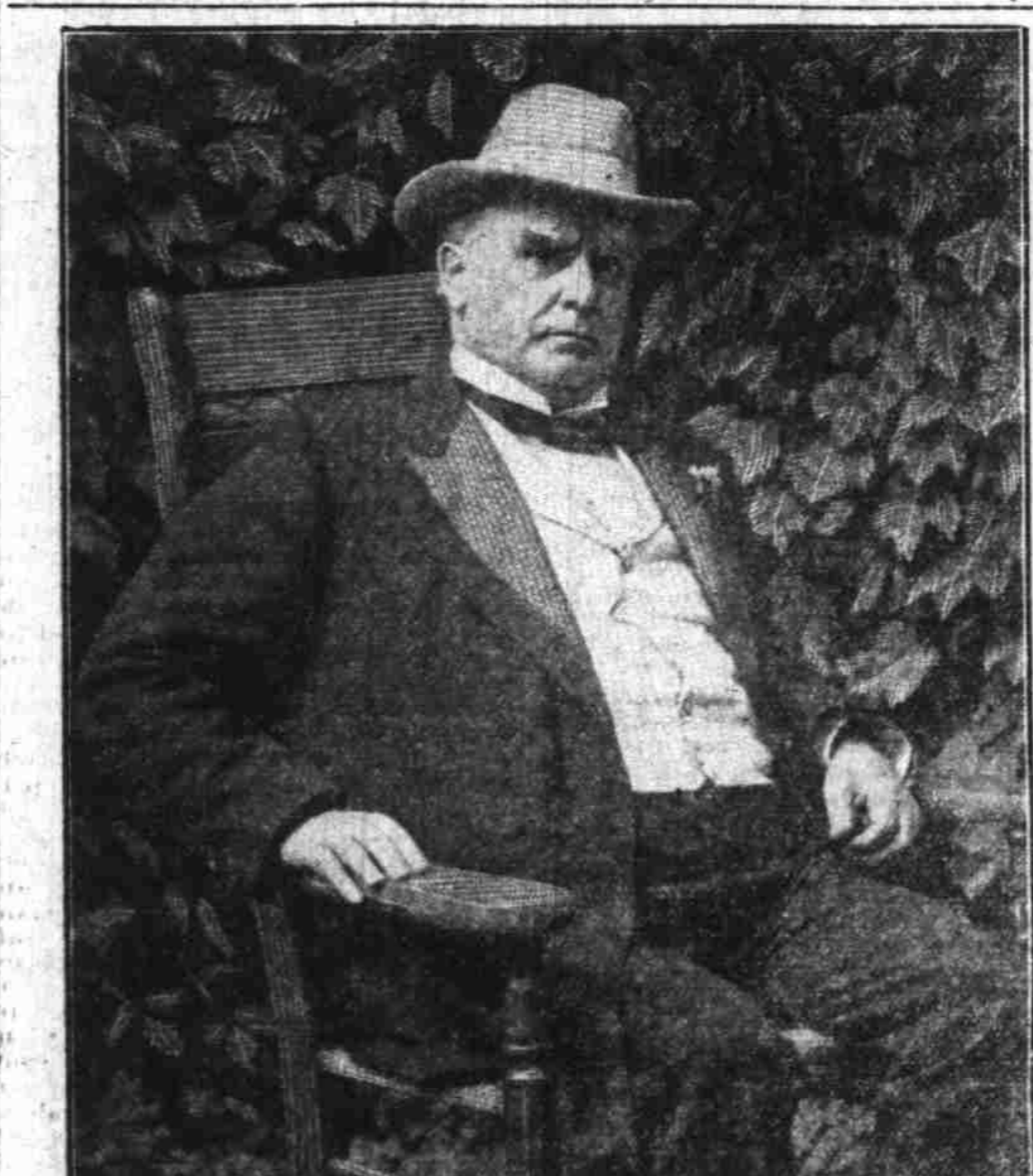
As Trustee for the Estate of the Countess Castellane

TO PROTECT HER PROPERTY

The American Railroad Magnate Steps in and Checks the Career of His Sister's Husband.

PARIS, Oct. 31.—The civil tribunal has appointed George J. Gould trustee for the Countess of Castellane, his sister. According to the pleadings in the case, her husband, Count Boni de Castellane, spent 23,000,000 francs in four years, whereas his income from his wife's fortune is only 3,000,000 francs.

The action was the result of a suit brought by Mr. Gould against his sister. The court granted his request, and appointed him trustee. The proceedings were conducted in secret session, only the bare decision being announced. The Castellanes are now staying in



PRESIDENT WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

the country together. Maitre Bonnet, when applying for trusteeship, informed the president of the court that the expenses had been too lavish and that it was necessary for some one of experience and authority to manage her affairs.

The income of the countess, he said was 3,000,000 francs. Since her marriage 15,000,000 francs had been expended, and the debts amounted now to 22,000,000 francs. The Gould family had met in consultation, and unanimously decided to authorize Mr. Gould to make the present application. The debts, Maitre Bonnet says, were the following: 372,000 francs in connection with the Charity Bazaar building, and the hotel in the Rue Malakoff, etc.; 67,520 francs on mortgages, payable from 1900 to 1909; 4,203,155 francs on bills, money loaned; 9,100,000 francs owing to curio dealers.

CHANGES IN CONGRESS.

New York, Oct. 31.—The announcement of the population of the United States made by the Census Bureau, says a Washington special to the Times, has started speculation about the effect on the apportionment for members of Congress.

The increases and decreases in state representation depend on the feeling of a Congress which is yet to be elected. It is quite certain, however, that several states will lose. One of them is Nebraska, which gained only 39,000 population. Another is Maine, which has gained only 39,000. Nevada shows a falling off in population, but Nevada is safe, for she has only one Congressman now and cannot have less.

The greatest gainer under the conservative estimate of the increase of 200,000 to each representative will be Pennsylvania, which will gain three Congressmen, bringing her number up to 31. New York would gain two, reaching a total of 38. Kentucky, Maryland, South Carolina and Virginia would each lose a Congressman, which would be offset by the gain of two in Texas. Maine and Vermont would each lose a Congressman, though Massachusetts would gain one. Illinois would gain one making her representation 24. Of the other great middle states, Indiana, Ohio and Minnesota would each lose one, while Michigan, Iowa and Wisconsin would neither gain nor lose. Nebraska would lose one and New Jersey would gain one. This would be the only changes.

There is hardly any doubt that the new apportionment will not be made on any basis less than 200,000.

DIED AT SEA.

San Francisco, Oct. 31.—The names of the men who died on the transport Meade during the voyage from Ma-

nilla to this port are as follows: James Thompson, private, Forty-seventh Infantry; Harry Henderson, private, Twenty-eighth Infantry; Fred Treager, private, Thirty-ninth Infantry; Joseph Lillylate, ex-soldier; Chas. H. Tomlinson private, Thirty-ninth Infantry; Dennis Keller, private, Twenty-first Infantry; Willard Stoner, private, Thirty-ninth Infantry; Louis A. Huff, private, Thirtieth Infantry. The bodies of eleven soldiers who died in Manila were also brought home on the Meade.

TWENTY-SIX LIVES

Lost in the Recent Fire and Explosion in New York.

New York, Oct. 31.—A revision made tonight of those persons missing and thought to have perished in the explosion and fire at Tarrant & Company's drug store, shows twenty-six unaccounted for.

What was supposed to be parts of bodies taken from the ruins last night, turned out, on examination at the morgue, to be blackened pieces of melted gun Arabic. Again today another mass was found which the workmen first thought to be human flesh, but is now thought to be melted rubber. Not a single body has yet been found in the ruins.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 31.—Eight distinct earthquake shocks were felt in Jacksonville today. No serious damage resulted.

HAVE UNITED.

Edinburgh, Oct. 31.—The formal union of the Free and the United Presbyterian churches, decided upon

announcement of its policy regarding impartial trade, and the integrity of the Chinese empire, and had the gratification of learning that all the powers held similar views. Since that time the most gratifying harmony has existed among all the nations concerned as to the end to be pursued, and there has been little divergence of opinion as to the details of the course to be followed.

"It is therefore, with much satisfaction, that the President directs me to inform you of the full sympathy of this Government with those of Her Britannic Majesty and the German Emperor in the principles set forth in the clauses of the agreement above cited."

LIPTON EASY WITH THEM.

WOULD NOT SQUEEZE SHORTS IN THE MARKET.

Though He Had It in His Power to Force the Price Up to a Dizzy Height.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—As a result of his deal here in pork, Sir Thomas Lipton is believed to have made \$350,000. There were only 35,000 barrels of pork that could be delivered and the Englishman owned them all, as well as twice that number bought from those who did not have a barrel to deliver when the time came.

Numerous private settlements are said to have been made, so that while the bear speculators in pork have received some painful injuries, the wounds have not been mortal. A private settlement of 1000 barrels was made near the end of the session. Lipton's representative allowing a belated "short" to take that amount at \$18 per barrel, assuring the buyer that at the close the price would be \$20. That he knew whereof he spoke, was made plain to everyone later, for, as the closing bell sounded, Samuel Wolf was shouting bids at \$20.

WOULD NOT SQUEEZE.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—The culmination of the October pork corner, controlled by Sir Thomas Lipton, came today when pork for delivery this month advanced \$3, rising on less than a dozen trades from \$17, yesterday's closing price, to \$20 at the close today. The buying was by shorts who had held off until the last moment. It was said that Sir Thomas could have made the price \$100 as well as \$20, but he declared he had no intention of "squeezing" anybody. That the October deal did not furnish greater excitement today was due, it is said, to the fact that many shorts threatened with being swept off the board, were previously allowed to fix up their deals with Lipton privately.

A CONFERENCE HELD.

Jobbers of East and West Meet With the Railroads.

St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 31.—The jobbing interests of the Middle West are vitally concerned in the conference, which was held today in St. Paul, between the traffic officials of the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern, and the representatives of the Chicago and St. Louis. The conditions governing the transcontinental traffic were discussed, reviewing the questions of the East against the remote West, which two attempts of the Interstate Commerce Commission have failed to settle. The jobbers want the "present unreasonable difference between the carload and less than carload class, and the commodity rates, removed," and a reasonable difference established. They are not satisfied with the traffic of the Northern lines. The question will be bitterly contested when again brought before the Interstate Commerce Commission, and if the latter board takes a hand in the fray, the effect may be felt by the entire jobbing interests of the East, Middle West and the Pacific Coast.

The Middle West is urging concessions that will permit it to go into the territory now protected for the Pacific Coast jobbers.

THE ARROW LAUNCHED.

Fastest Vessel in the World May Go to South America.

New York, Oct. 31.—Chas. R. Flint's "Arrow," under contract to be the fastest ship ever designed, was today launched at Myers' shipyard at Hackensack, N. Y. She has been built under a guarantee, by her designer, of forty-two miles an hour, and it is expected that under pressure she will be able to make fifty. It has been generally given out that she was constructed as a yacht for Flint's personal use, but rumors have been persistent that she was built under contract with one of the South American Governments, for service as a torpedo boat.

SAIL FOR CHINA.

Durban, Natal, Oct. 31.—The Gordon Highlanders and the Devonshire regiment have been ordered to be ready to sail for China in a few days.

PUNISHING BOXERS.

Efforts of Ministers to Fix Penalties—Conger's Wish.

New York, Oct. 31.—The Ministers and Chinese Envoys, says a Herald special, are trying to settle the punishment of the Boxer leaders, and it is learned that Mr. Conger is especially desirous to have Prince Tuan executed. It was stated last night by a high official that the President will be satisfied should Prince Tuan be degraded. Germany wants him beheaded.

No steps have yet been taken to estimate the indemnity China should pay the United States. The War Department is preparing to collect information as to the cost of the expedition to China. Representatives of the religious denominations whose missionaries were killed and injured and missions destroyed are conferring with Messrs. Conger and Rockhill, and private citizens whose property was destroyed, have submitted claims to the State Department, but they have all been notified that such action is premature.

Nature ever yields reward to him who seeks and loves her best.—Barry Cornwall.