

# SPOKE TO LABORING MEN

**M. A. Hanna Completed His Tour of the Northwestern States Last Evening.**

**Will Speak at Various Points in Illinois During this Week—Hanna Made One Hundred Speeches in Six Weeks—Bryan Reached Buffalo Last Evening.**

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 20.—Senator Hanna concluded his six day's tour of speaking at Omaha tonight, winding up his literary by making four speeches, three in South Omaha where are located the big packing houses and mills of the city, and where his audiences were for the most part composed of laboring men, and one in Omaha. Late tonight the special train left over the Burlington road for Chicago, and will arrive there tomorrow morning.

Senator Hanna will devote but little time to the business of the National headquarters next week, however, as he is booked for speeches nearly every day next week, most of them in Illinois.

The week's itinerary has included over 2200 miles of travel in the three states, Senator Hanna in that time making nearly one hundred speeches.

## HANNA'S QUICK WIT.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 20.—The speaking stand at Auburn collapsed, and Senator Hanna and every other occupant of the stand were thrown in a heap. A boy named Hughes was badly hurt. Hanna, who had been thrown flat on his back, arose and the crowd cheered wildly as he stood on a chair and waved his hat.

"We were just giving an object lesson of how we propose to treat the Democratic party," he shouted, and the crowd cheered again.

"This was a Democratic platform, I think," he said, and another wild cheer went up.

## ROOSEVELT AT BALTIMORE.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 20.—Governor Roosevelt spoke here tonight to a many people as could get within range of his voice. He addressed two meetings, one outside and the other

inside Music Hall, the largest auditorium in the city, and everything he said met with enthusiastic applause. His reference to Senator Wellington was received with mingled hisses and applause, and when he spoke of Bryan, there was much cheering and stamping of feet. Aside from this there were no interruptions, which were contrary to expectations.

## BRYAN'S TRIP.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Mr. Bryan concluded his four days' campaign tour of the state of New York with two large meetings in this city tonight. Before reaching Buffalo he had made fifteen addresses during the day. The attendance at most of the day speeches was good, and at some of them quite large. The audiences could not be said to be enthusiastic as a rule, but everywhere the Democratic party candidate was accorded the most careful attention and respectful treatment. During his state tour Bryan has made about sixty-five speeches. He left this city tonight at 12 o'clock for Huntington, W. Va., where he will begin a one-day trip across West Virginia Monday.

## AN ANTI-IMPERIALIST.

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 20.—Judson Herron, who supported Palmer and Buckner four years ago, declared himself today for Bryan. Judge Harmon was on the bench here for many years, and succeeded Secretary Olney as Attorney-General in the Cabinet of Grover Cleveland. Today, he gave out a letter in reply to a letter from Mr. Irwin, an attorney at Colorado Springs, Colo. Judge Herron says:

"While I disagree with Mr. Bryan as strongly as ever about many things, the free coinage of silver included, I intend to vote for him, because, like him and the Democratic convention, I believe those things are not so important nor so urgent as others on which I heartily agree with him."

## A FAMILY OF HYPNOTISTS.



Prof. J. M. Letsche, wife and children, of Jersey City.

## WILL VOTE FOR MCKINLEY.

### ARCHBISHOP IRELAND DENIES A RUMOR.

And Declares His Intention to Support the Republican Candidates on November 6th.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Archbishop Ireland today gave out the following personal statement, as to his attitude in the political campaign:

"It cannot, at first sight, seem more or less important for any citizen to tell the public how he intends to vote. In voting each citizen obeys his own sense of civic duty; he should simply do this, and leave others to do like-wise. However, since a certain number of newspapers have undertaken to say how I intend to vote, and in so doing have misinterpreted my intention and have not been unwilling to make political capital out of my supposed vote, I will give to the question—how I intend to vote—a categorical and unmistakable reply.

"I intend to vote for William McKinley and Theodore Roosevelt. In giving my vote to the candidates of the Republican party, I am satisfied in my own conscience that I serve the best interests of the country at home and abroad; that I contribute to the maintenance of the country's material prosperity, and of the peace and good will between the several classes of its population; that I aid the country in bringing about the safest and most honorable solution of the complex problems which confront it as a result of the late war, and in restoring for itself the exalted position which it holds at present—commercially and diplomatically—before the other Nations of the world."

## AMERICAN SHIPPING.

Lloyd's Report Shows a Great Increase in Building.

London, Oct. 20.—A quarterly return has been issued by the Lloyd's, showing that the United States, at the end of the last quarter had, next to Great Britain the largest tonnage in shipping under construction. This return is attracting much attention, and the Statist publishes a long article in which it points out that the actual and prospective developments of ship-building in America is even much greater than might be inferred from the Lloyd's report. The Statist considers that the impetus to ship-building, given by cheap materials and a large demand for tonnage, will receive a further stimulus from the marketing

of American coal abroad, which, the paper says, is one of the most remarkable economic evolutions of our time.

## CIVIL WAR GOES ON.

Colombia Is Being Devastated and Will Be Pauperized.

Panama, Colombia, Oct. 18.—The civil war goes on in Colombia. The country is being drained of all its resources, and the most pitiful poverty prevails in all directions. The interior of this naturally fertile and rich land is devastated. Colombia will, at the end of the war, be a country of paupers.

## GOEBEL LAW REPEALED.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 20.—The two houses of the Legislature this afternoon passed the non-partisan election law, agreed upon by the Legislature. Governor Beckham will sign it.

## YOUTSEY FOUND GUILTY.

JURY SO DECLARED AT THE FIRST BALLOT.

His Punishment Fixed at Life Imprisonment—Motion for Arrest of Judgment.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., Oct. 20.—The jury in the case of Henry Youstsey, on trial on the charge of being guilty in the postoffice robbery, returned a verdict of guilty this morning and fixed the penalty at life imprisonment.

When the jury was called this morning Judge Cantrell asked:

"Gentlemen, have you made a verdict?"

The foreman, R. H. McCabe, nodded his head.

"Pass up the papers to the clerk," said the judge.

The clerk passed them up and the judge read the following:

"We, the jury, find the defendant guilty and fix his punishment at confinement in the penitentiary for life."

"Gentlemen, is that your verdict?" asked the judge.

The jury was discharged.

It was learned from one of the jurymen that no ballot was taken last night. This morning the vote was unanimous that Youstsey was guilty. Then the degree of punishment was fixed.

Attorneys for the defense are preparing a motion for an arrest of judgment, which, if sustained, will postpone the sentence of Youstsey until the next term of court in February. It is likely a jury will be im-

paneled as soon as practicable to inquire into Youstsey's sanity.

The defense filed a motion for an arrest of judgment the Judge Cantrell set the time for hearing on the second day of the February term. Youstsey will not be sentenced before that time. Youstsey will be taken to the Frankfort jail tonight for safe keeping.

## VON BULOW'S APPOINTMENT

As Chancellor of the German Empire Liable to Cause Trouble.

New York, Oct. 20.—It is stated in high church circles in Washington, says a dispatch to the World, that the appointment of Count Von Bulow, to be Minister of Foreign Affairs of Germany, promises to revive controversies between the Vatican and the German Emperor.

In 1897, at the time when the German Emperor sought to assume the protectorate of Christianity in the Holy Land, and at a most critical period of negotiations with the Vatican, Count Von Bulow was accredited as the Imperial German Ambassador to Pope Leo XIII. This was a departure from the usages of the German Emperor, and the step was heralded as an evidence of complete reconciliation between the Vatican and Berlin. The Count did not hold the position more than a month. Almost coincident with the reception at the Vatican, the notice of his promotion to the Ministry of the Imperial Foreign Office was published.

Two stories explanatory of this are told. One is that Italy objected to a triple alliance taking so open an interest in the sovereignty, spiritual or temporal, of the Pope as to appoint an ambassador to him. The other story is that Count Von Bulow was indisposed in permitting his Emperor to believe that the Pope acquiesced in the German protectorate of the Holy Land. The Catholic hierarchy throughout the world will now watch with considerable interest the development of Count Von Bulow's attitude toward Pope Leo.

## REPLACING THE HORSE.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—The horse show opened today with a full entry list and a large attendance. The display of speed and stylish horses is large and very fine, and affords no indication that man's best friend is to be driven out by the automobile.

BEAR MEAT AND BEANS.—Bear meat and beans was the sumptuous and luscious bill of fare indulged in for several days past by a party of Salemites, who were spending a short time carrying out improvements on their homestead claims in the Siletz country, and were at the Toledo hotel, Wednesday, on their return home. They were: D. C. Minto, M. E. Robertson, Mr. Dyer, W. E. Kennie, Louis Southwick, Miss Brandt, J. E. Allison, Edith Kelly, Mrs. S. C. Dyer, O. M. Southwick, J. P. Roberts, and A. G. Croisan. They were accompanied by Attorney B. F. Jones, of Toledo. While Wm. Smith alias Wild Bill, of Otter Rock was attached to the party, in the capacity of hunter, to provide them with game, and act as guide during their meanderings through the tall timber. During their hunting expeditions in which the ladies of the party participated, several deer were seen, but none killed. Three bear were also jumped, one of which fell a victim to Wild Bill's ferocious bear dogs and the muzzling aim of his trusty Winchester, and provided an abundance of choice joints and steaks of "rich" juicy meat, at a time when other provisions, excepting beans, were at a low ebb.—Newport News.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT.—Editor E. F. Bennett, of the Statyon Mail, says of the condition of his father, who was recently very ill, but is recovering as a result of treatment received at the Salem Hospital: "A great change has been effected in the condition of Father Bennett, a fact generally commented upon here. He appears upon the street without cane, when a month ago he used two and needed more. Sunday morning he felt young again and tried to preach from a local pulpit. He tells people his children carried him to the Salem Hospital and Dr. Byrd did the rest. He gives to Dr. Byrd great praise and a generous share of the credit for his recovery."

## REVIEW OF THE WEEK.

New York, Oct. 20.—The market advanced on large dealings on last Saturday's good bank statement and the further additions to reserves promised by the gold imports, increased interior movement of currency and position disbursement by the sub-treasury. A large short interest was driven to cover, helping on the advance, and outside buying was attracted by growing confidence in the business outlook. With the reduction of the short interest the taking of profits made inroads upon prices and a bear party was organized on the basis of possible further disturbances in money rates by large future requirements. The operations of the operators were strongly contested by a well-equipped bull party.

## SHAFTER REPORTS.

The Department of the Columbia Is Short.

Washington, Oct. 20.—General Shafter, in command of the Department of the Columbia, has made a report to the Adjutant-General. A portion of it is devoted to the defenses of Puget Sound and the Columbia river, showing that they are in a satisfactory condition. The report of General Shafter contains a report from General Hess, of the Third Artillery, who says that there has been an essential lack of instruments and equipments for the artillery for the department. Efforts have been made to keep the guns and material in the best condition but there has been a lack of artillerymen for this purpose, they having been drafted for duty elsewhere.

IN CIRCUIT COURT.—Judge Geo. H. Bennett held a brief session of the circuit court yesterday, when the arguments in the case of Young vs. Wagner were concluded. Judge Bennett took the case under advisement and adjourned court to November 5th, at 9 o'clock a. m.

# AGREEING ON CHINA'S CASE

**England and Germany Have Formed a Strong Alliance**

## TO GUARANTEE THE INTEGRITY

**Of the Celestial Empire—It Is Thought That America, Japan and France Will Agree to It.**

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The agreement between Great Britain and Germany to maintain the territorial integrity of China, while it savors of independent action and would doubtless be adhered to despite the protest of any other Power, is not looked upon here as forming an obstacle to the progress of the negotiations upon the basis laid down in the last French note, or indeed upon any propositions which will not infringe upon the essential principles of the Anglo-German compact. The Associated Press is informed that Lord Salisbury's recommendations, when answering the recent notes, especially that of France, all bid fair either to be accepted in toto, or to result in such a modification that Great Britain will be assured, that the territorial integrity will be conserved, and will be able to join wholeheartedly in the negotiations which may already be said to be started in Peking. Apart from the gratification over the agreement with Germany, a much more hopeful spirit is evidenced at the foreign office at the end of this week than was shown last week over the prospect of the successful termination of the negotiations. There is no effort to conceal the fact that the new compact is practically a repetition of Secretary Hay's "open door" note to the Powers. That Lord Salisbury should have selected Germany or vice versa, to be the party of this pronouncement, is taken to be highly significant of the close relations between the two Powers in question, and may, almost, be said to constitute an alliance, which for the purposes of the immediate future, bids fair to bring Germany into even closer touch with Great Britain than she is with the other members of the triple alliance, though it can be safely asserted that Austria and Italy will readily accept the invitation to concur in the principles enunciated by the Salisbury-Hauserfeldt agreement; that the United States will follow suit is taken here as a foregone conclusion, while the British foreign office expects Japan and hopes France, will do the same. Russia, of course, is a difficult factor in the situation, but it is not believed she will stand out against the world.

## WILL BE RECALLED.

Peking, Oct. 20.—Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee said this morning that he regarded the campaign as over, and expected to be recalled personally, soon.

## MURDERED IN CHINA.

Washington, Oct. 20.—The State Department has received a dispatch from the Consul at Che Foo, under date of September 9th, transmitting an account, based on apparently trustworthy information from Chinese sources, of the massacre of missionaries in Shan Si province. Those murdered were: Miss Whitechurch, Miss Scarril, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Piggott, and son; Mr. Robinson, Miss Duvall, and two daughters of Rev. E. R. Atwater, Mr. Stokes and wife, Mr. Beynon, wife and three children; Mr. Farthing, wife and three children; Dr. Lovett, wife and one child; Mr. Whitehouse and wife, Mr. Simpson and wife, Dr. Miller Wilson and wife; Rev. W. Davis, G. E. Williams, Dr. D. H. Clapp and wife, and Misses Rowland Bird and Eusem Partridge. One hundred and forty native Christians, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Atwater and children, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Price and son, Mr. and Mrs. Langren and son Eldred.

## COMMEMORATION DAY.

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY HAS INTERESTING EXERCISES.

Secretary of State Hay Receives the Degree of Doctor of Laws from the Old School.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 20.—Commemoration day exercises of the 154th year of the founding of Princeton University were held in Alexander hall today, before a very large audience. Bishop Satterlee, of Washington, delivered the address on the "Ethics of American Civilization," in which he denied that the Government had developed imperialistic tendencies.

"The nation," he said, "has less greed for territory today than when Jefferson bought Louisiana, or Monroe, Florida, or Seward, Alaska, and far less than when the annexation of Texas brought on the Mexican war. We had no thought, whatever, of territorial aggrandizement when we went to war with Spain, and now, before we had time to realize the full meaning of passing events, certain islands, as a result of that war, have become, de facto, an actual part of the United States. We cannot go back if we would from these new responsibilities which have been thrust upon us."

"The greatest danger of all is the peril of an arrested development. Whatever has life must grow, or it must decay."

President Patton conferred upon Secretary of State Hay the degree of Doctor of Laws. Mr. Hay, in reply said:

"I accept the honor with deep appreciation, for I am allowed to interpret it as a sign of your approval

of the manner in which I and my colleagues in the Government have, under the direction of the President, conducted the foreign relations of the country for the past two years."

## THE ANARCHIST PLOT.

To Kill King Humbert Was Not of an American Origin.

New York, Oct. 20.—Supreme Court Commissioner Trimble, of New Jersey having completed his investigation, declares it to be his conviction that no anarchist plot existed in Paterson or West Hoboken for the assassination of the late King Humbert of Italy. He believes that Bresci planned the murder after going abroad. Under his official seal the Commissioner will submit to the New Jersey Supreme Court 222 pages of typewritten testimony taken from twenty witnesses, a copy of which will be forwarded to the Italian authorities by Governor Voorhees.

Edward McCabe, Paterson's manager of the Postal Telegraph Company, again refused to surrender dispatches said to have been received by anarchists from Italy. Commissioner Trimble said the Italian Government would be able to get them where they originated.

## PREMATURE EXPLOSION.

New York, Oct. 20.—Angelo Gonzalo was injured in a remarkable way by a premature explosion at Bedford Park a few days ago. When operated upon at the Harlem Hospital, Dr. Muller, the house surgeon, found in the orbit of the left eye, which was removed, sixteen small stones, one of which was a quarter of an inch long. The left cheek bone was also removed and several pieces of stones from the man's face and neck. One piece was half an inch wide. One piece narrowly missed cutting the jugular vein. Gonzalo's condition is serious.

On the 10th of December, 1897, Rev. S. A. Donahoe, pastor M. E. Church, South, Pt. Pleasant, W. Va., contracted a severe cold which was attended from the beginning by violent coughing. He says: "After resorting to a number of so-called 'specifics,' usually kept in the house, to no purpose, I purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which acted like a charm. I most cheerfully recommend it to the public." For sale by F. G. Haas, druggist, Salem, Oregon.

## RAINY DAYS.

Do you not think one of the nice guitars, mandolins or binjos would be a nice thing to have in the coming rainy days? Geo. C. Will has a very nice and large assortment of them.

## A FOURFOLD CELEBRATION.

Colonel Girard of Neuchâtel, Switzerland, on one and the same day celebrated his eightieth birthday, his golden wedding, the silver wedding of his daughter, and the marriage of a granddaughter.

Up to a short time ago the patterns on linoleum were printed. By means of a new machine the various colors are inlaid, so that the patterns cannot wear off.

FASHIONS FOR THE LITTLE PEOPLE.

Pretty and serviceable shirt waists for the girl at school are made of cashmere, either in plain colors or of bright colors, with polka dots or different stripes in white or black.

The regular shirt waist sleeve, with cuff, is best for these blouses. Little linen turn-overs are not only pretty and becoming, but they save the neck ribbons.

Charming fabrics in shades of red are shown for children's dresses. Delicate coats for small girls are of cadet-blue broadcloth, trimmed with black braid and brass buttons, and lined with scarlet silk.

The wee folks are to wear ermine again this winter; it is essentially a baby's fur.

Paume velvet is a conspicuous feature in the construction of smart hats for the little people.

Girls' school suits are made of sateen, with little reefer coats and plain skirts. The coats have fly fronts and are bordered all around with three rows of soutache braid and finished with machine stitching.

Golf jackets, even for little tots, are much in vogue. One in white cloth, with a collar and cuffs of red silk, is very picturesque for a dark-eyed little maid. Others, in red cloth, have double caps of red velvet.

Pretty dancing frocks for young girls are made of a soft white silk net, with a very open mesh. The skirts are plaited and finished around the hem with three tucks, sewn with fillosette silk. A sash of soft, white satin ribbon, draped wide around the waist, and a narrow bertha of tiny white roses and pink buds complete a simple, but charming gown, which is made over satin or white taffeta silk.

Velvet ribbon in rows is still a stylish and effective trimming, especially for waists.

The skirts of children's frocks are not much trimmed this fall.

Simplicity is a leading characteristic of the Russian modes, and they are in consequence particularly adapted for juvenile use.

Plaids will be much worn by children.

## A THACKERAY STORY.

When Thackeray went down to Reading once to lecture at its literary institute, he was received by the secretary and one of the committee in the ante-room. Thackeray's manner was inclined to be haughty; but at length, catching sight of a portrait on the wall, he remarked, "Hail! So you have there a portrait of my old friend, Gustavus Adolphus!" At the moment the caretaker was crossing the room with wine and biscuits, but, hearing Thackeray's remark, he stopped suddenly, and said in a tone of superior knowledge, "No, sir! you are mistaken. That is the King of Sweden."

At this a thaw set in, and Thackeray, related with a smile, how the moment he emerged from the railway station, he had told a hackney coachman to drive him to the nearest hotel. The driver closed the door care-

moniously, mounted his box, and they started. In half a minute the cab was at a standstill, and Thackeray saw the cabman at the door, bowing to him to come out. He did so without a word, and found that he was at the portico of the station hotel, which he had failed to see was not a dozen yards distant. But he handed the man a shilling, and was entering the hotel rather pleased with his own sagacity, when he was amazed to see the cabman taking off his coat and offering to "fight him for the other sixpence." It appeared that on that day a resolution of the Reading town council had come into operation, empowering hackney coachmen to charge 18 pence for any distance within the township. Ah! was its first fruits! The cabman got his money and Thackeray a good story to tell.—London Household Words.

## POWER DISTRIBUTION AND FATUOUS LEGISLATION.

The prosperity of any country is so closely bound up with the possession of cheap power that the country will win in the race that first grapples with the problem of power provision in some communal form. A glance at the power consumers today shows the water-supply station busy pumping all day with a small night load, the electric-light station busy at night with no-day load, blast furnaces throwing away millions of horse power all the year, trainways absorbing power twenty hours a day from coal burned in boiler furnaces. Were it possible to supply only the foregoing from a common fund the economy of fuel would be enormous. The existing system of power generation and use is the system of anarchy, wasteful, unscientific and uncommercial. It has hitherto been almost wholly imperative because of man's ignorance. But the advent of electrical transmission renders possible such an economy, as pointed out above and a parliamentary committee says so. This economy will interfere with the desire of a few municipalities to supply power themselves by means of coal carried from a distance and burned under little knots of scattered boilers at extravagant rates and turned into power by wasteful little engines. It cannot be other than a subject for regret that such narrow and parochial legislation should obscure the prospects of future. W. H. Routh, in The Engineering Magazine for October.

## THE FOOLISH BOY.

Under the spreading apple tree  
The boy with freckles stands;  
A hungry little lad is he  
With scratches on his hands,  
Above him I can apple that  
His appetite demands.

The apple's young and small and green,  
A deadly thing to take,  
The agile boy climbs up the tree  
And gives the limb a shake. . . .  
The howling that you hear is from  
A child with stomach ache.

Man is but of few days, and full  
Of trouble here below;  
He starts with colic and he keeps  
On adding to his woe  
Green apples and Welsh rabbits and  
That sort of things, you know.  
—Chicago Times-Herald.

**CASTORIA.**  
Beware the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

A MATTER OF COURTESY.  
He—Well, there's one thing you never hear of a man wishing he was a woman.  
She—Of course, not. It might be his fate to marry some horrid man.—Boston Transcript.

**PILES.** Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It is a sure cure, always allaying the itching at once, acting as a gentle, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and \$1.00. DR. WILLIAMS' MANUFACTURING CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.  
For sale by all druggists.

**VISIT DR. JORDAN'S GREAT MUSEUM OF ANATOMY**  
1051 MARKET ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.  
The Largest Anatomical Museum in the World. Workbooks or any contracted disease positively cured by the latest scientific method on the Coast. Last 25 years.  
DR. JORDAN—DISEASES OF MEN  
Anatomical and thoroughly graduated from system without the use of surgery. Treatises given by an expert. Medical and surgical cases for Piles, Hemorrhoids and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and \$1.00. DR. JORDAN & CO., 1051 Market St., S. F.

**Market Reports**  
The local market quotations yesterday were as follows:

Wheat—50 cents at the Salem Flouring Mills Co.'s office.  
Oats—31 cents (buying).  
Hay—Cheap, buying, \$7 to \$7.50; clover, \$5 to \$6, timothy, \$9 to \$10.  
Flour—75 and 80 cents per sack; \$2.80 to \$3 per bbl.  
Mill feed—Bran, \$16 to \$20, shorts \$17.50.  
Butter—20 cents (buying).  
Eggs—25 cents.  
Poultry—Chickens 6c per lb, market dull.  
Pork—Fat, 4% to 4%, gross; 6 net.  
Peef—Steers, 4%; cows, 3%; good heifer, 3%.  
Mutton—Sheep, 3c on foot; sheared 2 1/2 to 3c.  
Veal—6 and 7c dressed.  
Potatoes—25c, buying.  
Wool—14 to 15 cents, market weak.  
Mohair—25 cents.

**HARNESS WHIPS, ROBES**  
California Oak-tanned Leather used. Harness Oil, etc.  
F. E. SHAFER  
23 State Street, Salem, Oregon