

GOV. GEER HAS RETURNED

Splendid Outlook in Idaho for Republican Success.

HIS CAMPAIGN IN THAT STATE

Was a Pleasant One, and he Was Everywhere Treated With Courtesy—Big Republican Gains.

(From Daily Statesman, Oct. 20.) Gov. T. T. Geer is back from a week's campaigning in Idaho, where he spoke at Weiser, Cambridge, Caldwell, Boise, Glen's Ferry, Moscow and Lewiston. Large crowds greeted the Governor at these places showing an interest, that is seldom equalled, in the discussion of political questions. The marked degree of courtesy shown Oregon's Governor on all occasions and the cordial welcome extended to him by the citizens of Idaho generally, without regard to party, is a source of much satisfaction to Oregonians.

When seen at his residence last evening, the Governor, speaking of the political situation in Idaho, said: "The outlook is quite favorable for Republican success this fall, and Republicans are feeling much encouraged with the prospect. In 1896, McKinley received 6900 votes in Idaho, while Bryan got more than 10,000; this is a tremendous majority to overcome, but many changes are taking place that indicate a great change in the sentiment of the people in the past four years. One precinct, visited on the trip, in 1896 gave McKinley six votes; this year it will give him more than 100, and many others, showing a similar condition, are reported from every section of the state.

"The Silver Republicans are practically all back with their party and are working enthusiastically for the re-election of McKinley. Fusion is unsatisfactory to many of the opposition and there is a noticeable lack of enthusiasm among them. Gov. F. Steiensenberg is supposed to be supporting the ticket, but many express the belief that he devotes most of his time to 'sawing wood' and has but little interest in the outcome of the election. Judge Fairbank, who was elected Attorney General in 1896 on the Democratic ticket, to which party he has always belonged, has deserted the Bryan cause and is making a strong fight for McKinley on the stump.

"The people of Idaho are largely interested in sheep and cattle raising, and as a consequence, are prosperous. They are satisfied with existing conditions and are opposed to a change that might work an injury to their business."

As to the National outlook, the Governor said: "It is my opinion that McKinley will be elected by a larger electoral vote than in 1896. Conditions are better throughout the country and a feeling of contentment and satisfaction with present conditions prevails everywhere. Bryan's campaign is neither so strong nor so dignified as that in 1896, and he does not impress the people so favorably as his earnest appeals did at that time. He began the campaign on imperialism, and soon found it necessary to abandon that and take on militarism and an record of dissolving trusts. His party is on record as opposing National legislation on trusts, presumably for the reason that it would interfere with the rights of the states and, if, as the members of his party asserted in Congress, it is a state matter, then it is out of place in a National campaign.

"Bryan's recent assertion that if he is defeated it will be due to the corruption of voters, is a direct insult

RICHARD CROKER



The Chief of Tammany Hall, the Democratic Political Machine of New York City and State.

upon the honesty and integrity of the members of his party and is equivalent to saying that they are for sale. The intelligence of the American people can be relied upon to see the necessity of voting for McKinley."

PECULIARITIES OF CHINESE.

The Roses Have No Fragrance, and the Women Wear No Petticoats.

A reader sends the following extract from the work of George Wingrove Cooke:

"In a country where the roses have no fragrance and the women wear no petticoats; where the laborer has no Sabbath; where the roads bear no vehicles, and the ships no keels; where old men fly kites, and where the needle points south, and the sign of being puzzled is to scratch the antipodes

of your head; where the place of honor is on your left hand, and the seat of intellect is in the stomach; where to take off your hat is an insolent jesture, and to wear white is to put yourself in mourning, we ought not to be astonished to find a literature without an alphabet, and a language without a grammar; and must not be startled to find that this Chinese language is the most intricate, cumbrous, unwieldy vehicle of thought that ever obtained among any people."

BIG REPUBLICAN REGISTRATION.

New York, Oct. 14.—The totals from twenty-nine cities above the Harlem show an increase in registration of 41 per cent. for the two days of this year, compared with the first two days of 1898. This breaks the records of all campaigns; and as twenty-four of the twenty-nine cities are Republican, there is no room left for dispute as to the significance of this great registration.

Many of the cities in the list did not have the system of annual personal registration in 1896 and so a direct comparison can not be made with that year. The registration in 1898, however, in the state above the Harlem, was 24 per cent. below that of the previous Presidential year, so that these new figures show an excess of 17 per cent. over 1896 in Republican strongholds. This puts an end to all talk of apathy; and at Republican headquarters it has cleared the situation so that a gain of seven Congressmen and six State Senators is confidently predicted.

Every city that shows an increase was carried by Mr. McKinley in 1896. Only a few of these were carried against Col. Roosevelt in 1898. No such good results in the registration had been looked for by the most sanguine of Republicans.

A Few Pointers. The recent statistics of the number of deaths show that the large majority die with consumption. This disease may commence with an apparently harmless cough which can be cured instantly by Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, which is guaranteed to cure and relieve all cases. Price 25c. and 50c. For sale by all druggists.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT

JUDGE GEORGE H. BURNETT REVERSED THE COUNTY COURT

In the Appeal Case in the Matter of the Estate of James S. Martin, Deceased—One Trial.

(From Daily Statesman, Oct. 20.) Judge George H. Burnett, of the state circuit court for Marion county, held an all-day session in department No. 1 yesterday, disposing of considerable business.

Judge Burnett handed down a decision in the matter of the estate of Jas. S. Martin, deceased, an appeal from the county court, overruling the motion to dismiss the appeal, and decreeing that the county court be reversed and the cause be remanded to the county court for further proceedings. The case grew out of the claim of E. E. Martin against the estate of his nephew, James S. Martin, deceased, for \$150, on account of the care and other expenses of the last sickness of the deceased. The claim was presented to W. M. Kaiser, executor of the last will of the deceased, and by him adjudged just and due, and allowed. Two sisters of the deceased, heirs to the estate, filed objections to the bill, and the case came up for hearing before County Judge G. P. Terrell, who disallowed the claim. From this decision the appeal was taken with the result as indicated above. The case will now go back to the county court, and will be tried before Judge John H. Scott.

The case of C. F. Young, plaintiff, vs. A. I. Wagner, defendant, R. J. Fleming, garnishee, an appeal from the justice court, was heard on the testimony, and the argument was partially completed, when a recess was taken last evening.

The following order was also docketed by the court: Mrs. L. R. Noblett and C. F. Ziegler, plaintiffs, vs. F. W. Durbin, defendant; recover personal property; nonsuit by plaintiff.

In the Supreme Court, yesterday, a number of cases were set for hearing, as follows:

Monday, October 22nd—United States National Bank, respondent, vs. L. Ferd Floss, appellant; appeal from Multnomah county, 12 m.

Wednesday, October 24th—City of Portland, respondent, vs. August Erickson, appellant; appeal from Multnomah county, 12 m.

Thursday, October 25th—C. W. Ferguson and others, appellants, vs. J. W. Ingie, respondent; appeal from Multnomah county, 12 m.

Monday, October 29th—The City of Portland, and the Port of Portland, appellants, vs. J. B. Montgomery, respondent; appeal from Multnomah county, 12 m.

Tuesday, October 30th—Security Savings Bank, respondent, vs. Susie W. Smith, et al., appellants; and Anna E. Thompson, et al., defendants; appeal from Multnomah county, 12 m.

Wednesday, October 31st—German Savings & Loan Society, respondents, vs. J. W. and Sarah M. Kern, appellants, and Loyal E. Kern, et al., defendants; appeal from Multnomah county, 12 m.

Thursday, November 1st—W. B. Eving, appellant, vs. C. A. Rhea, respondent; appeal from Morrow county, 12 m.

The following minor order was made: Fot Ick, Lem Ling, Lem Jem and Frank Lim, appellants, vs. W. S. Mason and H. Wittenberg, respondents; appeal from Multnomah county, 12 m; dismissed upon stipulation.

Henry Graham gives the following dates regarding the introduction of trees into Scotland: The lime, 1681; the silver fir, 1682; the maple and the walnut, 1689; the fabrum, 1704; the larch, 1727.

A MUTINY PUT DOWN.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 19.—The colored troops at Skagway, of the Twenty-fourth United States Infantry, were called out a few days ago to quell a mutiny on board the steamer South Portland, en route from Seattle to Cape Nome. The crew refused to go further north with the captain, against whom they made various charges. The captain had the men jailed, but did not appear to prosecute, and they were released. They returned to the wharf, and half an hour later fifty colored troops appeared, fully armed. The men were ordered on board again, but still demurred, and the soldiers were ordered to charge. The colored troops drove the seamen up the gangways at the point of the bayonet.

It is intended that the new regiment of Irish Guards shall have a band. It will be entitled to 42 musicians. The band will be located in Dublin and not in London.

BETTING ON THE ELECTION.

Four to One on McKinley Offered Without Takers.

New York, October 13.—Wall street betting odds upon McKinley are now squarely 4 to 1. A bet was made in the office of the Stock Exchange firm of Bell & Co. today at this rate. It was understood that the amount of the bet was in the thousands of dollars, but what it was could not be learned. More McKinley money was offered at the same rate. A bet was also made that McKinley will carry New York state by 100,000 plurality, without finding takers, to \$1000 to \$250 that McKinley will be elected. He also made an offer to wager \$1000 even that Bryan will not have 55,000 plurality in Greater New York. There have already been arranged in the Wall street districts bets aggregating fully \$2,000,000.

CARLISLE ON THE OUTLOOK.

Says McKinley Will Carry New York State by 65,000.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 11.—John G. Carlisle, former Democratic Secretary of the Treasury, arrived in Washington today from New York, to attend to some legal business. Mr. Carlisle told intimate friends that he was satisfied that McKinley would be elected and that he would probably receive a larger vote in the electoral college than he had four years ago.

As for New York, Mr. Carlisle said it was as sure for McKinley as was Iowa, and that he would probably carry the state by between 65,000 and 70,000. Mr. Carlisle said that even

the Democratic leaders in New York admitted that they had no confidence in carrying the state and no hope of electing Bryan.

MISJUDGED.

Mrs. Soothing—I am afraid you're going to buy a drink with that dime I gave you. Bill Bumpers—Ye didn't size me gauge, hedy. Ten cents don't buy me no drink. It jist gits me a taste.—Denver News.

DEATH REVEALED HIS WONDERFUL BEARD.

Abentown, Pa., Oct. 2.—Samuel Fries, a farmer of near Steinsville, Lehigh county, who raised a beard six feet long, died today. He seldom displayed his whiskers, which he kept concealed beneath his coat.—Philadelphia Record.

GOOD DEALER.

No matter what he says or does, there is always a disposition to suspect Li Hung Chang of dealing from the bottom and middle of the pack.—Washington Post.

WHY SHE WAS THERE.

"It rained every day while you were at that summer resort hotel? Wasn't it awfully dreary?" "Dreary? Gracious, no! There were always the meals to look forward to."—Chicago Tribune.

ASPIRATION.

I wish I was a grasshopper, With nothing else to do, But hop around from blade to blade Of grass the summer through. I'm sure that I should much enjoy The gentle exercise, And people my agility Would watch with great surprise.

I wish I was a katydid, Perched in an apple tree, Where I could sit and sing away, From care and trouble free. I'd sing all night, and sleep all day, And scrape my hind legs, too, Oh, that would be a happy life, With nothing else to do.

But I am not a grasshopper, Nor yet a katydid, And all day long I have to do As my employer's bid, Ah me! This life is full of woe, It is so singular, We can't be what we want to be, And must be what we are.

—Somerville Journal. Light (God's eldest daughter)—Fulter.

HAVE FORMED AN ALLIANCE

GERMANY AND ENGLAND TO GUARANTEE THE INTEGRITY

Of the Chinese Empire—Terms of the Agreement—The Ports Are to Remain Open to the World.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Germany and England have formed an alliance to maintain territorial integrity of China and to keep ports open. The terms of this agreement, which was arrived at October 16th between Lord Salisbury and Count Von Hatzfeld, German ambassador to England, are officially given out as follows: "The German Government, and Her British Majesty's Government, being desirous of maintaining their interests in China, and their rights under existing treaties, have agreed to observe the following principles regarding mutual policy in China:

"Firstly. It is a matter of joint permanent international interest that the ports on the rivers and littoral of China should remain free and open to trade and to every other legitimate form of economic activity for the peoples of all countries, without distinction, and the two governments agree on their part to uphold the same for all Chinese territory, so far as they can exercise influence. "Secondly. Both governments agree that they will not on their part make use of the present complication to obtain for themselves any territorial advantage in Chinese dominion, and will direct their policy towards maintaining undiminished the territorial condition of the Chinese Empire. "Thirdly. In case of another power making use of the complications in China in order to obtain under any form whatever such territorial advantages, the two contracting parties reserve to themselves the right to come to a preliminary understanding regarding the eventual step to be taken for the protection of their own interests in China.

"Fourthly. The two governments will communicate this agreement to the other powers interested, especially Austria-Hungary, France, Italy, Japan, Russia and the United States; and invite them to accept the principles recorded in it."

AN ENGLISH CANAL.

To Be Built by a Firm of American Contractors.

London, Oct. 20.—The latest and most important project on foot in England, so the Associated Press

learns, is the construction of the canal from Southampton to London. A surmise as to the far-reaching consequences of such a step would entail is scarcely less interesting than the fact that, if it is accomplished, it is likely to be through the instrumentality of American capital. The route from Southampton to London has been carefully surveyed by competent engineers, who declare the canal is not only feasible, but that it could be built at comparatively small expense.

The whole matter has just been put in the hands of the same firm of contractors, which is handling the Charles T. Yerkes New London Railway.

LOST THEIR WAY.

Stampede in the Klondike Country Got Into Trouble.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 20.—Mining Recorder Burwash is down from the Clear Creek finds with E. B. Scroggie and says that 100 stampedeers from Dawson lost their way in the hills while crossing the divide from Dominion creek, and great suffering were experienced by a number. They were without food other than that picked up, such as berries and roots and what they could shoot for one and two weeks.

Frank Slavin, the pugilist, was among them. It is not thought that any lost their lives. Many, though, were in rags and in an emaciated condition when they reached their destination. Reports of the finds are very favorable.

HOPS IN LANE.

Eugene, Oct. 20.—The hop market is beginning to show some activity in this county, and during the past day or two several sales have been made. The prices paid have been from 11 to 15 cents per pound. One offer of 15 1/2 cents was refused today. Many of the growers are holding for better prices, which they believe will surely come. Others are willing to sell, although they are not altogether satisfied with the price.

WILL NOT RUN.

Portland, Oct. 20.—Ex-Governor Penoyer today declined the nomination for the legislature. E. J. Jeffrey was nominated to fill the vacancy.

SOLD A FARM.—The State Land Board yesterday sold the Edward Harrison farm, near Jefferson, containing 320 acres of land, and located in T. 9 S., R. 3 W., for \$3,000. Wm. Friedenber, of Ilwaco, Washington, being the purchaser. The farm was acquired through the foreclosure of a mortgage some time ago. This is the eleventh sale of this class of property made during this month.

DESIGNING AND ENGRAVING BY ALL METHODS

HIGH-GRADE WORK PROMPT EXECUTION PRICES REASONABLE.....

WRITE US IN REGARD TO YOUR WANTS



Send for samples of our special designs in lithography work for letter and bill heads, cards and envelopes.....

HALF-TONE, ZINC ETCHING MAP AND WOOD ENGRAVING PHOTOGRAPHING

Estimates Furnished

FINE JOB PRINTING

Satisfaction Guaranteed

Statesman Job Office,

266 Commercial St

Salem, Oregon