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FIRST SECTION—EIGHT PAGES

IN THE CAPITAL OF CHINA

The Allied Forces Are in Need of Heavy Reinforcements.

Li Hung Chang Has Again Appealed to the American Government for Interference—This Request Will Be Denied—The Imperial Palace Surrounded and Attacked by the Invading Army.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—Owing probably to the Pekin wire being cut, little news of conditions in the Chinese capital has come through this morning. What has reached London indicates that the allies are in need of reinforcements. The commander of the Italian cruiser Fieramosca telegraphed from Taku, according to the Rome correspondent of the Daily Mail, that very urgent requests were coming from Pekin on Saturday for the immediate dispatch of further troops, and that in answer to these, 400 Italian marines were sent off post haste. Serious trouble is now threatened in the neighborhood of Canton.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—The American reply to China's latest appeal for a cessation of hostilities, received today from Li Hung Chang, has not yet been made known, and it is likely that the matter will be one of the main subjects of consideration at the cabinet meeting tomorrow. But there is reason to believe that the overtures will, in effect, be rejected, on the ground that the conditions laid down in the American note of August 12th have not been complied with, and, unless complied with, the government's course must proceed without reference to China's appeal for a halt in the proceedings.

The dispatch of August 12th said specifically, that the United States was ready to enter into an agreement between the Powers and the Chinese Government, for a cessation of hostilities on the condition that the relief forces would be permitted "to enter Pekin unopposed," and "to secure the Legations therefrom under such circumstances as the commanding general might lay down. But up to the present time there is no evidence that the allied forces are unopposed at Pekin, or have received the sanction of the Imperial Government to convey the Legations to Tien Tsin without further trouble and under conditions laid down by the commanding general. On the contrary, all dispatches indicate that the allies are meeting with stubborn resistance, and there is the entire lack of compliance with the conditions laid down by the United States in its dispatch of August 12th.

Aside from the fact that the conditions of August 12th, have not been complied with by China, it is probable that this Government would desire to take sufficient time to learn what the other Powers intend doing on the same line, as all are acting in unison. Moreover, there are some unexplained features of Li Hung Chang's application, one of them being that, while he asks the allies to cease hostilities, he gives no assurance that he has power to make the Chinese army and the rebellious Boxers cease their hostilities.

The Japanese Legation has received a dispatch, stating that the Chinese troops retreated on the 15th within Imperial palace, and that they were surrounded there with the Japanese military headquarters located in the Japanese Legation. Admiral Remey also transmitted an authentic report from Pekin on the 15th, saying: "The troops are moving on the Imperial city."

Those several dispatches from different sources establish clearly that the Imperial palace and grounds were under siege. But not one of the dispatches is clear as to how late this condition of affairs existed.

Today's dispatches seem to make clear that the Emperor and Empress Dowager have made their escape from Pekin, and that about the only present service of the Imperial palace and grounds is as asylum in which the demoralized Chinese soldiers are making their last stand.

CHINESE AT BAY.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The State Department has made public the following:

Che Foo, Aug. 20.—Ragsdale reports the Chinese troops surrounded in the palace grounds. (Signed) Fowler. Ragsdale is the consul at Tien Tsin.

LI'S APPEAL.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The Chinese Government, through Li Hung Chang, has made application to the United States for the appointment of Minister Conger or some other American official with authority to open negotiations for the establishment of peace and fixing definite terms for the settlement of the present trouble.

The application came to the Chinese Minister today, and was taken by him to the State Department.

Li Hung Chang's application for the appointment of a peace commissioner expresses willingness to conduct the negotiations at a point desired by the Powers, and it is expected that this will be Pekin or Tien Tsin.

A similar application has been made by Earl Li to all of the Powers interested.

His suggestion of Minister Conger as the commissioner is based on the idea that as Minister Conger has been rescued he has now the opportunity to proceed to the point where the negotiations will be held and conduct them.

The application does not suggest any particular terms nor does it ask for

Whether meeting with trials incident to a long, tedious and dangerous journey across the plains, enduring the privation of pioneer life, or surrounded as she was thereafter, with a competence of life's comforts, the tenor of her life ran in the same channel, ever manifesting to all about her those qualities which made the good, true woman, akin to angels. She was born in Rensselaer county, New York, April 29, 1816. In early life her parents moved to Ohio and located in Erie county. On September 5, 1835, she was married to Edwin N. Cooke at Oxford, in that state. For a number of years they resided in Sandusky City, when they removed to Fremont, where they remained until their departure for Oregon in the fall of 1850. The health of Mr. Cooke being poor, they journeyed leisurely along, awaiting the approach of spring to commence the tedious journey necessary to make before reaching the far-off Western home. She was accompanied by her niece, Miss Susan E. Brewster, now Mrs. Charles P. Cooke, and by her only daughter, Fannie, who subsequently became the wife of Hon. T. McE. Patton, a native of Ohio, who was also a member of the expedition, having joined them at Council Bluffs, Iowa.

On the arrival of the family in Oregon, they located at Salem, where they resided up to the time of their deaths.

In the pioneer days of Oregon her influence was largely felt in moulding the society in which she moved, and in turning the course of events in favor of civilization, education and morality. Although for many years a member of the Episcopal church, to her creed was nothing, religion as exemplified in a daily life of good deeds was everything. She lived not for herself but for others. In her beautiful residence in this city, surrounded by her grandchildren and their families, she patiently awaited the summons of the Master, to enter upon the well deserved reward of a life without reproach.

OLD SOLDIERS OBJECT.

POLITICS INJECTED INTO THE G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Condemned by the Majority of the Post in Philadelphia—Bryan's Presence a Stumbling Block.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 20. James Morrison, state department commander of the G. A. R., announced today that but three of the thirty-six posts in this city, with a membership of 7000, will send delegations to the National Encampment in Chicago next week. Commander Morrison stated that this act is the result of the invitation, extended to W. J. Bryan to attend the encampment. "It is customary," said Morrison, "to invite the President, but never the candidate, and the old soldiers express indignation because they object to politics being injected into the encampment. The delegation from this city will consist of about 150 men."

A TERRIFIC TORNADO.

MILWAUKEE VISITED BY DISASTROUS STORM.

Persons Thrown Down by the Force of the Wind—Everything in Its Path Wrecked.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 20.—A special from Sheboygan, Wis., says: A terrific wind storm struck this city this afternoon. Eight large buildings were completely wrecked, and 200 small houses blown down. The loss will be more than \$300,000.

PROSPECTS MUCH BETTER

The Outlook for a Good Crop of High-Grade Hops Is Better Than in Years.

Buyers Have Offered 12 Cents a Pound for New Crop—A Number of Contracts Placed Upon the Records—Reports From Eastern and English Markets.

The prospects for a good hop crop are daily growing better, and buyers are consequently more eager to purchase or make contracts for this year's output. One prominent grower of Brooks was yesterday offered 12 cents per pound by a Portland buyer, but the offer was declined. Others report offers of that amount and it is evident that good prices will prevail, if the quality of the crop is as good, as it now promises to be.

There seems at this time to be no damage threatening the crops, as lice have disappeared,—in fact, have been very scarce this year—and if the present favorable weather continues, there will be no damage to be feared, except it be from a too early picking. Alkalealers and exporters are unanimous in warning growers against picking the hops green, as that will spoil the quality, and, consequently, the sale at the highest price.

Contracting is still carried on in some portions of the country, as evidenced by the contracts placed on file in the county recorder's office yesterday twelve of these documents were recorded as follows:

S. M. Norton, of Mt. Angel, contracted to deliver to Paul Weidner, of Detroit, Michigan, to his agents, J. Wolford & Co., at Silverton, 3000 pounds of hops, at 10 cents per pound; 5 cents to be paid on September 1st, the remainder at delivery.

Joshua Bowen, of Mt. Angel, to Paul Weidner, 5000 pounds, at 10 cents, 5 cents to be advanced.

E. M. Savage and Wah Sing, of Geneva, to Angeline Lowel, of New York, 10,000 pounds, at 10 cents, 5 cents to be advanced.

Francis Keller, of Butteville, to A. Lehmann & Co., of Cincinnati, 15,000 pounds, at 10 cents, 5 cents advance.

Kirk Ross, of St. Paul, to A. Lehmann & Co., 12,000 pounds, at 10 cents, 5 cents advance.

Godfrey Dental and wife, of Aurora, to A. Lehmann & Co., 8000 pounds, at 10 cents, 5 cents advance.

August Kell and wife, of Aurora, to A. Lehmann & Co., 5000 pounds, at 10 cents, 5 cents advance.

Henry Becke and C. Becke, Sr., of Aurora, to A. Lehmann & Co., 7000 pounds, at 10 cents, 5 cents advance.

Picking will begin in First, Bros. yards about September 1st. One of these yards is on the Beak place, a few miles down the river from Salem, the other is three miles north of Independence on the old Hayden place. This firm wants about 1000 pickers for about three weeks to gather the large yield of hops in these yards. The hops are in splendid condition and of a good quality. They will pay 40 cents for picking, and this appears to be the prevailing price in the immediate neighborhood of Salem.

The Western Brewer, in its issue of August 15th, gives extended reports of the hop markets of the world, showing conditions that are favorable to good prices for the new crop. The following excerpts are taken from the reports received by that journal from their correspondents in the trade:

"Falk, Werner & Co., hop merchants, Chicago, report, under date of August 13th, as follows: We have now received sufficient information concerning the growing crop to justify us in the assertion that this year's yield, both in this country and in Europe, will not be more than from 10 to 25 per cent short of last year's. This in itself would not be a matter of great importance, were it not for the fact that stocks of all kinds, both here and abroad, have been reduced to a much smaller minimum than ever before, and, virtually speaking, we are entering a new season, with hardly any yearlings left over in the hands of growers and dealers. This, combined with the exceedingly fine beer weather now experienced, puts quite a firm zone into the market, and while not very much business is passing, on account of small stocks and poor selection of quality, holders are quite confident as to the stability of present prices, and are not forcing their goods upon the market. The one cheerful thing about the growing crop is that it portends much better quality than the average of recent years."

"Dole Brothers Company, hop merchants of Boston, under date of August 8th, report: The midsummer traffic in hops is about the same here as it was a year ago, if anything a little better, and prices hold firm for all grades of hops, as stocks in growers' and dealers' hands are reduced to an unusually small amount, judging from the more reliable data obtainable, both at home and abroad. Reports from England and the Continent say that everything merchantable that remains of the 1899 crop is now being bought up, and the same may well be said of the light remaining supply in this country, as lots are few and far between in all hop sections, so closely has the crop been bought up. A good feature of the whole situation is that the growing crop bids fair to be of excellent quality in this country, as

the weather has been very favorable for the vine, and there is scarcely any mention of vermin from any quarter. The 1900 crop will fall short of last year's on both sides of the Atlantic, and the latest estimate is that England will produce crop of about £475,000, old duty, while in this country the reduction will be from 10 to 15 per cent under that of 1899, should nothing unforeseen occur between now and harvest time. By the time that new hops come upon the market, the boards will have been pretty well cleaned of everything else that is suitable for the brewing industry. The prices are firm, at 12c to 14c for choice qualities and 8c to 11c for medium and prime grades."

"Messrs. Rothbarth & Co., of No. 18 St. Thomas street, Borough, London, S. E., Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany, and No. 26 Whitehall street, New York, report as follows on the London and Continental hop markets, under date July 28, 1900: During the past month there has been rather more activity on our market than is usual in July, owing to the backward state of the hop gardens, and the spread of mold and blight in the earlier part of the month, but the splendid weather of the past fortnight has so improved prospects in those districts where the hops have been well cultivated that, with the hope of at least an average crop if not more, in view, trade has dropped off and the market is quieter again. Brewers, being now fairly well stocked, are content to wait results. Continental prospects are good, and trade is very quiet, as the bulk of the '99 crop has been cleared long ago."

A Mother Tells How She Saved Her Little Daughter's Life.

I am the mother of eight children and have had a great deal of experience with medicines. Last summer my little daughter had the dysentery in its worst form. We thought she would die. I tried everything I could think of, but nothing seemed to do her any good. I saw by an advertisement in our paper that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was highly recommended and sent and got a bottle at once. It proved to be one of the very best medicines we ever had in the house. It saved my little daughter's life. I am anxious for every mother to know what an excellent medicine it is. Had I known it at first it would have saved me a great deal of anxiety and my little daughter much suffering.—Yours truly, Mrs. Geo. F. Burdick, Liberty, R. I. For sale by F. G. Haas.

FOR THE G. A. R.

Chicago Makes Great Preparations for the Old Soldiers.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—Although there is much to do within the auditorium of the new Coliseum before it will be ready for the listening thousands who will be there next Sunday for the opening exercises of the National G. A. R. encampment, the work was sufficiently advanced yesterday to allow Professor Katzenberger to give his chorus the first rehearsal. That chorus will be something for the visiting Grand Army men to remember as long as they live. It will be composed of 507 women, selected from the best singers of the city, in addition to a number of soloists of note.

The election of National Commander and other officers will be held at the second business meeting of the encampment, or that of Wednesday. There is but one candidate mentioned seriously for that office, Major Lee Rousseau, of St. Louis.

Some of the Illinois delegates have talked of General John C. Black for that position, but those who say the general does not care for the honor. He might have accepted it by appointment at the death of Colonel Sexton, but he, with many others, believes that Illinois has no right to ask for the office the second time.

WILL THERE BE DAMPNESS?

Silverton Appeal: An old resident of Silverton states that for the past fifty years there has not been a year but what there was rain or a demonstration for rain between August 20th and September 10th.

ANARCHISTS HELD.

New York, Aug. 20.—Maresca and Welda, the Italians suspected of being anarchy and retained by the immigration authorities, are still in the detention boat Narragansett, on Ellis Island. Commissioner Fitchell said a search of Maresca's baggage had not revealed any documents of an incriminating nature. Welda begged that the letters found in his trunk signed "Rosa" be restored to him, and his request was granted.

STILL FIGHTING.

London, Aug. 20.—The War Office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts: "Ian Hamilton captured two Krupp

guns at Oliphants Nek, August 17th. Three British were wounded. "Hamilton engaged the Boers all day August 19th at Roodekopjes and Crocodile River. There were few casualties.

"Ruddle reports that 684 Boers surrendered in the Harrismith district, August 19th."

Prevented a Tragedy.

Timely information given Mrs. Geo. Long of New Straitsville, Ohio, prevented a dread tragedy and saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her and she writes this marvelous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of Pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of the matchless merit of this grand remedy for curing all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at DR. STONE'S drug stores.

ENJOYABLE BIRTHDAY DINNER

The Seventy-Second Anniversary of the Birth of J. T. Cox, of Silverton—Many Relatives.

At a birthday dinner in honor of J. T. Cox, an old resident of Silverton and vicinity, given by his relatives and friends, on the anniversary of his 72d year—August 19, 1900—in a nice shady grove near the residence of Joshua Bowen. There were present thirty-three guests, sixty-two of this number being relatives of the recipient. Including the recipient there were three brothers and five sisters, and following this line through, fathers, mothers, uncles, aunts, nephews, nieces, grandsons and granddaughters and one great grandchild.

After a sumptuous dinner of fruits, pies, cakes, etc., (the etc. being highly polished) Mr. Cox offered the following sentiment:

"Dear Relatives and Friends: It would be more than vain in me to seek for words to convey to you my thanks for the kind reception I have enjoyed with so much appreciation here today. There are occasions when language fails to convey to others in full our sincere feelings, and this seems to me to be one of those instances. My feelings for some time past have given but little assurance that I would ever see you again, after this parting, but, whether we meet again or not, the recollection of this day will have a tendency to disperse the clouds from the gloomiest sky and let in a ray of sunlight to cheer my lonely path. The poet has said: 'Keep not the kind word till after death—speak it now, while it may cheer a sad heart.' Your kindness here today is to me that kind word spoken in season; your kind efforts in my behalf today are real to me; I appreciate them and shall feel the soothing effects as long as my memory lasts. My high appreciation of this very pleasant day calls quite forcibly to my mind the beautiful idea suggested in this short, but very expressive sentence: 'To live in hearts we leave behind—is not to die.' Hoping we may live to enjoy other days like this, I thank you."

THE EARTH SHOOK.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—A special to the Record from Vancouver, B. C., says: The steamer Cutch, which has arrived from Skagway, brought news that an earthquake, on August 10th, shook Skagway for 70 seconds, and was even more severely felt in Dawson.

All the way down the river the shock was apparent, and at several places was particularly defined. At Dawson, two small Government buildings in course of construction, were toppled over.

Arrivals from the Stewart river, half way down the Yukon to Dawson, say the mountain there was split in two. One stream was dammed up partially by fallen rock, and it turned into the newly formed canyon at the mountain. Five miles of this stream and two miles of the second tributary of the Stewart were left dry.

Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by DR. STONE, druggist.

A HOT DAY.

Abilene, Kas., Aug. 20.—This was the eleventh day of 100 degree weather, and the temperature rose to 115 with hot winds. Pastures and corn are badly burned.

Nasal Catarrh quickly yields to treatment by Ely's Cream Balm, which is agreeably aromatic. It is received through the nostrils, cleanses and heals the whole surface over which it diffuses itself. A remedy for Nasal Catarrh which is drying or exciting to the diseased membrane should not be used. Cream Balm is recognized as a specific. Price 50 cents at druggists or by mail. A cold in the head immediately disappears when Cream Balm is used. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.



MRS. E. N. COOKE.

one granddaughter, Mrs. J. D. McCully, of Joseph, Oregon.

All who were acquainted with this estimable lady well know that the best eulogy that can be written only illustrates how impossible it is to bear fitting portrayal of the genuine worth of so good and noble a woman. Grandma Cooke was ever known in her intercourse with others to be generous and unselfish in the highest degree, one of the gentlest mothers, the most patient of wives, an affectionate friend, and the kindest of neighbors.

The recent railroad extensions in Turkey have given an impetus to the watch trade.

At noon it was dark as night, and intensely hot. A few moments before 1 o'clock the storm broke, increasing in force until a tornado was blowing. Persons were thrown down and fences and signs buried hundreds of feet. The storm was two miles wide and wrecked everything in its path. All was over in 10 minutes, and that no one was killed seems almost a miracle.

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