

THE BANDITS WERE KILLED

Union Pacific Train Robbers Run to Earth by Citizens.

ONE OF THEM SHOT TO PIECES

The Other Burned to Death in a Kansas Ranch—Made a Game Fight—The Booty Destroyed

GOODLAND, Kans., Aug. 10.—The two men who held up the Union Pacific passenger train near Hugo, Colo., last Sunday, killing Mr. Fay and plundering the passengers, were killed today by the sheriff's posse at the Bartholomew ranch, three miles east of this place.

THE BATTLE

GOODLAND, Kans., Aug. 10.—The two Union Pacific robbers were located here this morning on the Bartholomew ranch. Both are dead, one being shot to pieces, and the other burned to death in the house on the Bartholomew ranch. After a fight with the posse this morning, when the first one was shot, the citizens armed themselves and went to the ranch. The man inside the house was armed with a Winchester, and a too near approach to the house drew his fire. About 4 o'clock this afternoon some men, by crawling through a cornfield, got in a shed near the house, and from this place threw two railroad fuses on top of the house, setting it on fire. It was not many minutes until the entire building was in flames, but the robbers made not a sign, and if he was not shot by a bullet from the man that were fired from the outside, he found his death in the flames.

There is no doubt about the men being the train robbers. On the body of the one shot in the morning was found a watch, two black calico masks, a lady's chain and charm, and an open envelope addressed to some illegible name at Hugo, Colo. The man in the house had a large roll of bills, but those, with the robbers' two wallets, were burned. The house on the ranch, with its contents, was valued at \$1,200 and will be paid for by the county. Two citizens, Briggs and Collins, shot in the fight in the morning, are doing well and will probably recover.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

London, Aug. 10.—It is rumored in London that President Steyn has committed suicide.

At Bed Time

I take a pleasant herb drink, the next morning I feel bright and my complexion is better. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. It is made from herbs and is prepared as easily as tea. It is called Lane's Medicine. All druggists sell it at 25c. and 50c. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. If you cannot get it, send for a free sample. Address, Orator F. Woodward, Le Roy, N. Y. 5.

A NEW OREGON RAILROAD.

WILL OPEN KLAMATH LAKE REGION TO THE WORLD.

Agreement Reached to Begin the Construction of the Line Soon—It Will Cost \$2,150,000.

ASHLAND, Or., Aug. 10.—As a result of the conferences held between the directors of the Oregon Midland Railway Company and Messrs. W. Thompson and George N. Lyman, representing the Midland Construction Company, during the past three days, an arrangement has been entered into with the representatives of the construction company to build the proposed railroad, and the contract only awaits the signatures of the officers of the company. President George T. Baldwin and Vice President Rufus S. Moore were called to Klamath Falls last evening by illness in the former's family. They will return here Monday to sign the contract, which will be ready on that date.

The engineer's estimates show that the railroad from a point on the Southern Pacific track on the north side of the Klamath river to Klamath Falls will cover a distance of 83 miles, and the cost of building it will be \$2,150,000. The road is to be bonded for the sum of \$3,000,000. The promoters of the enterprise say that work will be commenced at the construction in about one month following the signing of the contract, and that it will be finished and in running order in one year from the date of commencement of the work. There are no heavy grades and no tunnels necessary on the proposed line, and the right of way has all been practically secured.

Rufus S. Moore, vice-president of the company, is a brother of State Treasurer Chas. S. Moore, of Salem. The company was organized by prominent Klamath Falls business men.

LOCAL CLIMATE CATARRH ELY'S CREAM BALM... Nothing but a local remedy or chance cure can cure CATARRH. The specific is Ely's Cream Balm.

and the road will open the big Klamath basin, and the splendid timber wealth of the Cascades in Southern Oregon will thus be brought to the markets of the world.

A BIG FORCE.

Estimate of the Army Threatening the Chinese Empire.

Beilin, Aug. 10.—The semi-official Militair Wochenblatt this evening says:

"Altogether 230,000 men, with 500 guns, will be in China within six weeks, and altogether 117 war vessels, exclusive of twenty-one torpedo boats, are now watching the Chinese coast.

TO NOTIFY BRYAN.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—The advisory committee tonight recommended that the Populists notify Bryan of his nomination by the Sioux Falls convention at Topeka, Kansas, Aug. 23d.

SUPPLIES FOR CHINA.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 10.—The local branch of the United States quartermaster's office today opened bids for 10,000 tons of forage for immediate shipment to the Orient.

NAMED FOR GOVERNOR.

Waco, Tex., Aug. 10.—J. D. Sayers was today nominated for Governor by the Democrats.

MANY DEATHS.

New York, Aug. 10.—Eleven persons died here today from excessive heat.

CREAM GOES HIGHER

PRICE OF BUTTER FAT ADVANCED 4 1/2 CENTS IN FIVE DAYS.

Salem Creamery Company Is Doing a Phenomenal Business—Farmers Are Pleased.

(From Daily Statesman, Aug. 11.)

During the past five days the local creamery quotation for butter fat has advanced 4 1/2 cents. The price, now being paid by the Salem Creamery Company is as follows: Butter fat delivered at creamery, 22 1/2 cents for separator cream, 20 cents a pound for hand skimmed. When collected at the farm house by the creamery wagon, but 20 1/2 cents is paid for the former and 18 cents for the latter.

Manager Geo. D. Goodhue says he expects a further raise of from two to three cents per pound in the price of butter fat within the next ten days. There is danger, however, that if the price of butter goes too high, the importation of the Eastern product will be invited. This can be avoided by putting on the market cold storage butter, of which there are vast quantities. By this means the supply can be made adequate to the demand without necessitating the shipping to Oregon of any Eastern butter. How high the market price for butter can go before endangering the supplying of the local market with imported butter, depends entirely upon the price of Eastern butter. At the present time, the Oregon farmer is receiving nearly 4 cents per pound more for his butter fat than the Eastern farmer, so it will be seen that the price for butter fat at the Salem institutions cannot go much higher before Eastern speculators will find it profitable employment to engage in the shipment of butter to the coast and placing it on the market in competition with the Oregon product, but the surplus supply now on cold storage is adequate to meet all requirements and dispense with the necessity of depending upon Eastern butter.

The farmers are well pleased with the treatment accorded them by the creameries and are very liberally patronizing them, especially when conducted on a popular basis. Manager Goodhue, of the Salem Creamery, is abandoning the antiquated hand-skimming process and is purchasing separators, which are not only labor saving devices, but are also a means of contributing to the farmer's revenue in that the cream is more thoroughly separated. Mr. Goodhue says it will be only a few years until the hand skimming process will be abandoned entirely; in fact, he contends that the use of cream separators is essential to successful dairying.

It may not be generally known, but the Salem Creamery is the largest institution of its kind in the Willamette valley, in point of the output of the plant. It even surpasses the Linn county co-operative creamery at Albany. The company has a greater number of patrons than any other like plant in the valley. At the present time 100 farmers are contributing to this creamery, while the number of patrons has been as high as 217. The falling off in the number of customers is due to the dry season and the harvesting time, which increases the consumption of those food products on the farm. The output of the Salem plant is now 1,500 pounds of butter per week.

HAS BIG ROUNDHOUSE.

New Structure at Clinton, Iowa, the Largest in the World—Has Fifty Stalls.

Clinton, Iowa, Aug. 2.—The largest roundhouse in the world has just been finished in this city by the Northwestern Railway company. It is 400 feet in diameter, and forms a complete circle. It has fifty stalls, ten more than any other roundhouse of its kind. These stalls are matters of price in Clinton, for the structure, which will be simple in its architectural lines, is a building that inspires boastfulness. The town itself is situated in a thick, well populated part of the town, and twenty-six houses were sold and moved away to make room for it. Work on the building was begun August 14, 1898, under the direction of W. D. Walden, superintendent of bridges and buildings. Mr. Walden, who is 75 years old, pushed the work so rapidly that it was completed in nine months. When it was completed, in addition to the great roundhouse, coal chutes, offices, and all the adjoining buildings had to rise with the main structure, this time breaks the record of recent building feats. The radius of the outside wall of the roundhouse is 187 feet and 6 inches.

The radius of the inside wall is 106 feet. The clearance between the walls inside of the house is eighty-one feet and six inches. As the length of the longest engine and tender is sixty-two feet eight and a half inches, the turntable is seventy feet long, and is set on a solid rock foundation. It is operated by electricity. Water is obtained from an artesian well 1,175 feet deep. The drop pits or driving and engine truck wheels are cut out of solid rock.

The ash hoist for handling the immense amount of cinders coming from so many engines is a new device in its way, and was designed by Mr. Henderson, assistant superintendent of motive power and machinery for the Northwestern company. In the old style clinker it was customary to shovel the cinders out of the pit on the level, then into a car. Later the car was run on a depressed track, so as to facilitate handling the refuse, but even this was a slow method, as it was necessary to keep engines out of the pit while the shoveling hoist it is possible for a man to stand in the pit and by the simple movement of a valve, hoist the cinders over a car that is standing on a near-by track, and by an ingenious arrangement they are dumped, the door to the ash hopper is closed, and it re-

WIZARD OF THE RACQUET



W. W. Hackett is one of the most promising of the younger generation of tennis players of this country. He has made doubles playing his forte. He and his partner, Allen, form a combination that is hard to beat—they are both Yale graduates. Last year he and Allen won the Western and New England championships in doubles and are regarded as one of the strongest pairs now playing this season. He has plenty of leisure time, being wealthy, and spends the summer going from one tournament to another. He gained a high place in the official ranking at the end of last season.

WILL BUY ENGLISH PARTRIDGES.

Marion County Rod and Gun Club Will Take Fourteen Pair of the Birds for This Section.

(From Daily Statesman, Aug. 11.) The Marion County Rod and Gun Club met at the Salem Gun Store, at 8 o'clock last evening to take steps toward securing English partridges for this part of the Willamette valley. The matter of securing these birds was discussed at length, and it was stated that Milton Smith, of Portland, has now a fund of \$300 that has been contributed for the purpose of importing these birds. The plan is, if possible, to bring to Oregon 150 pairs, at a cost of about \$4 a pair. They can be laid down in New York at \$5 a pair, but it will require an attendant to go to that city and bring them to Oregon.

After the discussion of the matter, a resolution was adopted, ordering the secretary to notify J. A. Taylor, of Portland, the deputy game warden, that money would be deposited in this city, subject to his draft, for the purchase of fourteen pair of the English partridges, to be delivered to the local club.

Dr. J. C. Griffith, E. C. Cross and one other member, also made up a purse for the purchase of four pair of the birds, to be turned loose on their farms.

The club took steps to raise the funds needed for the purchase of the birds, by levying an assessment of \$1 on each member, and the general public will be asked to subscribe to the fund, subscription lists for this purpose to be opened and left in the various business houses for the convenience of those wishing to contribute.

A committee was appointed, consisting of Dr. J. C. Griffith, E. C. Cross and T. O. Barker, to meet the United States Commission car at the Southern Pacific station in this city, to receive a shipment of grayling and brook trout to be placed in local streams.

An apple orchard in Glenwood, Ia., occupies 800 acres and contains 132,000 bearing trees.

BEECHAM'S PILLS Purify the Blood, Cure Rheumatism, Headache, Neuralgia, and all the ailments of a Bilious Complexion. 10 cents—25 cents.

A BIENNIAL REPORT

SEPT. J. H. ACKERMAN PREPARES FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

Statistics Compiled, Showing the Value of School Property in Oregon and the Number of Voters.

Prof. J. H. Ackerman is making rapid progress in tabulating the statistics contained in the annual reports of the county superintendents filed in his department in July, to be incorporated in his biennial report to the Legislature. Yesterday several more tables were completed, and are now ready for the printer. Prof. Ackerman hopes to have all of the tabular work in the hands of the printer soon and as much more of his report as he can prepare at this time.

Among the tables compiled yesterday is the one showing the school property in the state, the number of voters for school purposes in each county, and the average monthly salary paid to male and female teachers in Oregon.

The following table shows the estimated value of school houses and grounds, and the value of school furniture by counties:

Table with columns: County, School Houses, School Furniture, Total. Lists counties from Baker to Wheeler.

Total, \$2,081,432 \$325,284 39. The figures given below show the estimated value of apparatus, maps, globes, charts, etc., in each county, and the number of voters for school purposes:

Table with columns: County, Value of Apparatus, No. of Voters. Lists counties from Baker to Wheeler.

BACK FROM NOME.—K. B. Duncan,

who went to Cape Nome with the Salem gold hunters last spring, has returned, and he is well satisfied to remain as far away from the Nome beach in the future as possible. He says many of the Salem contingent are on the way home. He reports that M. E. Fozue, and Edward Grim of Portland, have formed a partnership in the practice of law and will remain during the winter. Fred H. Geer and Clyde Brandebury are prospecting. Thos. Holman and his partners have purchased a good claim and may make some money. Mr. Duncan reports the Salem boys all well, and says that smallpox appeared at Nome in light form, and that the reports reaching the states were much exaggerated.

AN INCENDIARY FIRE.—Frank Starr,

who resides at No. 224 Front street, yesterday reported that on the preceding night, some one attempted to set fire to his home. The window had been raised for purposes of ventilation, he says, and the heavy curtains were ignited, but the fire was discovered and extinguished before doing much damage. Some half-burned matches and several footprints found outside the window the following morning, confirmed his suspicions that somebody had attempted to burn him out.

HAS RETIRED.—John W. Cochran,

for the past twenty months one of the Statesman's active newspaper reporters, has resigned his position. He leaves this morning for Woods, on the Tillamook coast, where he will enjoy a well-earned vacation and rest from the arduous work of the past year and a half. Upon his return he will enter the service of Horst Bros., the hop growers and dealers, taking an active part in the management of their Oregon properties. Mr. Cochran has made an excellent record as a reporter on this paper, and the Statesman bespeaks for him the same success in his new vocation that he attended him in the past.

A NEW MAN.—G. W. Jones, who has just completed a term of four years as county school superintendent, will

hereafter be connected with the Statesman. For the present, he will work on the news force, and perform such other duties as will tend to make it still more serviceable to its growing patronage. The management of the paper bespeaks for Mr. Jones the uniform kind treatment from the Salem public which the representatives of this paper have ever had.

RUSSIA'S SECRET SERVICE.

Some Outcroppings of its Presence in This Country in Past Years.

"The Russian secret police have always been popular stock characters in sensational novels," said a man who generally knows what he is talking about, "but, of course, the average reader has his private doubts about such people really existing. That, let me inform you, is where the average reader is mistaken. During the reign of the present Czar, things have been pretty quiet in Russia; but before that time, when nihilism was rampant and refugees were coming here by the ship load, the Imperial government had a small army of spies all over the world to keep track of the movements of exiled revolutionary leaders. It was their business to ingratiate themselves with the suspects, pretend sympathy with the cause and post the officials as to any mischief that might be hatching abroad. Plenty of that exciting work has gone on right under our noses in this very city.

"A number of years ago, to cite a case in point which can't interest anybody at present, I made the acquaintance of a little Russian watch-maker who lived on Bourbon street and was a remarkably well educated and interesting fellow. We met so many well-educated foreigners, however, in all kinds of stations that I never suspected there was anything out of the commonplace in this man's history until one day, when we were taking dinner together, he suddenly burst into tears. I was astonished, and he told me much agitation that the day was the anniversary of the death of his brother and that he had been trying in vain all morning to control himself. The brother was hanged at St. Petersburg for complicity in the assassination of the Czar. Once the ice was broken, the little man made me to some extent his confidant, and I learned many curious things about the nihilist refugees. He was the son of a Russian gentleman of wealth, but like most children of the upper classes, had been taught a trade. Consequently he had watchmaking to fall back on when he was forced to fly with many other revolutionists, after the Czar was killed.

"However, to get back to the Secret Service; I have heard at that time ten or dozen nihilist refugees in New Orleans, and they used to meet regularly in a room on Canal street to talk things over. One day a new exile turned up in the person of a young man who claimed to have been run out of Moscow as a suspect. He was not a member of the order, but he professed warm sympathy for it and was accepted as a comrade by the others. I used to hear a great deal about him from the little watchmaker, who was naturally generous and unsuspecting and had been impressed by his zeal and enthusiasm. The next day I went on for four or five months. Then one night, my friend the nihilist came to me in great excitement and told me the new recruit was a Russian spy. I couldn't believe it; it sounded so melodramatic; but he showed me a letter that was compelling. It came from a reliable correspondent in Germany, and inclosed the fellow's photograph and gave his complete record. He was a secret agent of some note. Luckily he hadn't been taken into full confidence, so he had learned nothing worth telling, and while the others were debating what to do with him, he suddenly took the alarm and decamped between suns. Had he remained, he would undoubtedly have met with an accident, and I suppose I would have been an accessory before the fact. That was one case that came under my personal observation. On another occasion a Russian spy came here to locate a couple of nihilists who had been four months in St. Petersburg. He found one of them working in a shoe shop, disclosed his identity frankly and told the refugee to be perfectly tranquil. He said he was sending in fake reports to the government, simply to get expense money, and proposed that they work up a big nihilist scare and divide what they could squeeze out of the Secret Service bureau. The proposition was politely declined. I saw the fellow's papers and credentials myself; they were undoubtedly genuine.

"The expense of maintaining such a service must have been enormous, and since New Orleans was so closely watched, one can imagine the elaborate espionage that was no doubt maintained in some of the northern cities which have large Russian colonies. There were very few traitors among the nihilists themselves, and during my acquaintance with the local group I knew of but one instance of that kind. It had a most dramatic denouement. A man who had betrayed several of his comrades in Russia came to this country for safety, and, if I remember rightly, first settled in Mobile. His presence was known to the brotherhood, which simply ignored him, and, as a matter of fact, he was in no danger whatever, but the villain was tormented by the fear of retribution and the idea finally developed into an absolute mania. He left Mobile and went from one place to another, occasionally appealing to the police for protection and finally landed at Galveston. I heard of the case through the newspapers and asked my friend confidentially whether the man was really apt to be unquiet. 'Not in the least,' he replied, 'we can't afford to get into

Pain Conquered; Health Restored by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

(LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM, NO. 92,607) "I feel it my duty to write and thank you for what your Vegetable Compound has done for me. It is the only medicine I have found that has done me any good. Before taking your medicine, I was all run down, tired all the time, no appetite, pains in my back and bearing down pains and a great sufferer during menstruation. After taking two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I felt like a new woman. I am now on my fourth bottle and all my pains have left me. I feel better than I have felt for three years and would recommend your Compound to every suffering woman. I hope this letter will help others to find a cure for their troubles."—MRS. DELLA REMICKER, RENNSSELAE, IND.

The serious ills of women develop from neglect of early symptoms. Every pain and ache has a cause, and the warning they give should not be disregarded.

Mrs. Pinkham understands these troubles better than any local physician and will give every woman free advice who is puzzled about her health. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass. Don't put off writing until health is completely broken down. Write at the first indication of trouble.

trouble over him and, besides, we feel safe in leaving him to his conscience. As events proved, they were quite right. The badgered, phantom-haunted wretch crept into the corner of a vacant lot and shot himself through the heart. So you see there is a good deal of unsuspected drama and tragedy beneath the prosaic surface of everyday life, and if we know only a fraction of what is going on all around us I dare say we would lose our taste for the

FASTEST JAP IN THE WORLD



K. Tsuruta is the name of the champion pedaler of the land of the Chrysanthemums. The Japanese recently have taken to cycling with great enthusiasm, and tracks have been built in several of the larger cities under the supervision of foreigners. The Japanese racers prefer American bicycles to all others, the one ridden by the champion being a well known American make.

theatre and the novel. I speak somewhat freely of these experiences because my little friend the watchmaker has been dead those half a dozen years poor fellow, and I doubt whether a single one of his old companions in misfortune is still living in New Orleans.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

AMERICAN ICE-CREAM FREEZERS.

Ice-cream freezers of American manufacture are sold all over the world, wherever ice, either natural or artificial, is used. The ice cream eaten in Calcutta or in Melbourne, or in any other city or country, European included, would be more than likely to have been made in an American freezer.

RAILWAY MAIL CARS.

A modern railway mail car, equipped with the latest contrivances, such as vestibules, automatic couplers, air brakes, etc., costs between \$5,000 and \$6,000. The government pays for the use of railway mail cars at the rate of \$40 a year for a fifty-foot car per track mile, and \$50 per year per track mile for a sixty-foot car.

First Rabbit—That town boy has been around here nearly a week and never tried to kill us.  
Second Rabbit—Yes; he seems to be devoid of all human attributes.—Indianapolis Press.

Russian law allows a man to marry only four times, and he must marry before 80 or not at all.

HEALTH AND VITALITY DR. MOFF'S... MANHOOD RESTORED... FOR SALE BY A. L. DRUGGISTS.